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THE BERKELEY MANUSCRIPTS

Lives of the Berkeleys

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THE BERKELEY MANUSCRIPTS

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Lives of the Berkeleys

LORDS OF THE
HONOUR, CASTLE AND MANOR OF BERKELEY

In the County of Gloucester

FROM 1066 TO 1618

WITH A DESCRIPTION OF THE

HUNDRED OF BERKELEY AND OF ITS INHABITANTS

BY JOHN SMYTH, OF NIBLEY

VOL. II

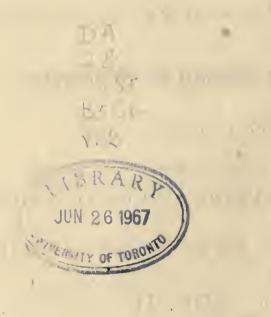
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FOR THE BRISTOL AND GLOUCESTERSHIRE ARCH MOLOGICAL SOCIETY

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FOR THE SUBSCRIBERS

MDCCCLXXXIII



PREFACE TO VOLUME II

The fecond volume of the feries of the Berkeley Manuscripts will be found to be not less valuable than the first, indeed it is of more comprehensive and wider interest. James Lord Berkeley, in the 2nd Henry vj., married Isabel eldest daughter of Thomas Mowbray in Duke of. Norfolk of that house, his second daughter Margaret having become the wife of Sir Robert Howard Knt. Upon her marriage Isabel brought to her husband several manors in Warwickshire, and upon the failure of issue of John Mowbray the fourth Duke of Norfolk and Earl of Nottingham and Marshall (17th Edw. IV.) the heirs of the aforesaid Isabel and Margaret inherited the vast estates of the Mowbray family in divers counties, the faid Isabel bringing, Smyth says, "the greatest masse of land to this family of any lady that was before her.". These lands confifted of many manors in each of the feveral counties of York, Lincoln, Effex, Buckingham, Bedford, Warwick, Huntingdon, Salop, Leicester, Derby, Hertford, Cambridge, Suffex, Middlefex, and Surrey, together with divers manors in the Marches of Wales, and feveral Hundreds and Baronies both in England and Ireland. The acquisition of which of necessity very largely increased the topographical range of this work.

This great alliance, however, through the jealoufy and inordinate ambition of William Lord Berkeley, the eldest fon and successor of the Lord James by the marriage above mentioned, very nearly brought ruin upon this ancient and noble house. We know of no parallel in ancient or modern history to the lavish and extravagant alienations of this lord.

In 1483 the King conferred upon Sir John Howard, fon of Sir Robert by Margaret the younger Mowbray co-heir, the Dukedom of Norfolk and the Earldom of Nortingham and Marshalship of England,

at the fame time creating his fon Thomas Earl of Surrey, both of whom were flain at Bofworth fighting for the White Rofe, and were thereupon attainted. The honour granted to his cousin fired the anger and ambition of Lord Berkeley, and determined him to obtain, at whatever cost, a fimilar rank, or if not fo high, at least the next in degree. This depended upon the King's favour, to obtain which he was prepared to make any facrifice, however great. For fubstantial considerations, one of which was that the King should discharge him and James, Maurice and Thomas, his brothers, of £34,000, payable by them and James their late father to the Earl of Shrewsbury and Margaret his wife and John late Viscount Lisle their son, he had received from Edward IV. the rank of Viscount Berkeley, and was made a Privy Counsellor; but, in the words of Smyth, "having in his ambitious opinion too much land and too little honour," in 1483 he induced Richard III. to create him Earl of Nottingham. "This Earledom fatisfying not; for to climb higher" he agreed to convey to the King thirty-five manors, to hold to the faid King and the heirs of his body, but fortunately in default of fuch iffue the remainder was limited to himfelf and his heirs. "Howbeit," Smyth fays, "this profuse scattering at a clap hurt him not; for this estate tayle in the king determined the 22nd August following by the kings death at Bofworth field." "Soe prudent," Smyth fays, "was this Earles cariage between those adverse princes (Richard III. and the Earl of Richmond) ayding the one wth men and the other with money, neither of both with his perfon, That hee preferved the favor of both, at least lost neither of them," and Henry vij foon afterwards created him Earl Marshal and Great Marshal of England, and it would feem plain that he was indebted to the good offices of Sir William Stanley the Lord Chamberlain in obtaining these honours, for at this time he granted to the said Sir William his purparty in fome twenty manors, two castles, and divers lands in Shropshire and the Marches of Wales. Still grasping at higher honours, and without the inducement as in the first instance of the substantial release of a bond due by his family for a large sum of money, in 1487 he "affayleth" (fayth Smyth) the king for the Marquifate of Berkeley, and covenanted to convey by good affurance to himfelf and the heirs

heirs of his body the Castle and Manor of Berkeley and divers other manors, and, in default of fuch iffue, remainder to the faid king and the heirs male of his body, and in default of fuch iffue remainder to his own right heirs. Whereupon in the following year he was created Marquis Berkeley to him and his heirs male, a limitation apparently not of much value, for he had not, and was not likely to have, iffue. But this was not all, for, for their good offices with the king, he estated the Earl of Derby and other courtiers in all other his lands except a few manors which he fettled upon his wife for the term of her life as dower, with remainder to the king under the fame limitations as above. Maurice, his brother and heir apparent, who is believed to have justly remonstrated with the Marquis, perhaps with fome natural intemperance, at the wanton and reckless manner in which, to gratify a felfish, overweening, personal ambition, he was bringing ruin upon an ancient and honourable house, had given him great offence, fo that upon his death no lands whatever devolved upon his heirs. Nor in his will does the Marquis name his brother Maurice, or either of Maurice's three fons, or the four fons of his younger brother Thomas, nor did he leave sufficient personalty for the payment of his debts, which nevertheless Maurice, for the credit of the family, took upon himself to discharge. Through the obliging courtefy of the Rev. R. H. O'fflaherty, vicar of Capel, Surrey, I am' enabled to lay before the reader the text of this extraordinary testament, received fince the volume has been made up, or it would have been introduced into the body of the work.

Cest'ın dni Will'i Marchionis Barkeley & Comitis Potingh'ın

In ori nom'i Amen the vth day of the mointh of ffebruary the yere of our Lord God M¹cccclxxxxi. And the vijth yere of the Reigne of King Henry the viith I Willyam Markes of Berkeley erle marchall and Notingham and grete marchall of Englond being of goode and hole mynde Loving and preyfing be vnto my Savio make and ordeyne this my pnt testament and Last will in man and forme ensuying that is to sey furst and principally I bequeith and recomend my soule to all mighty God my seid Maker and Savio And to the blessid virgyn our Lady seint Mary and to all the holy company of hevin And my body to be buried in the church of strives Augustin in London And I bequeith to the mother church of our Lady of Worcestyr

Worcestyr Co Itm I bequeith to the Vicar of the pissh church of Barkeley for my tithes negligently forgoton and widrawn In discharge of my soule xls Itm I will that myn executours Vndrewreten do by vestimentis and ornamentis to the valure of xx marc' to be occupied in the feid fryre Augustines at the auter of Seint Rooke as longe at [sic] they endure. Also I will that my seid executors ordeyn ij freres ppetually to fing in the White freres in ffletestrete In the subbarbes of London at the auter of Seint Gascon there to pray for my soule my Lord my fathers soule my moders foule my wife foule And the foules of my fonne fyr Thomas Barkeley for euvrmore Alfo I will that my feid executours ordeyne an other ffryre ppetually to fing in the grey ffryres at Gloucestyr foreuyrmore to pray for my soule and the foules aforeseid Itm I bequeith to the bilding of the seid Grey ffrires xx111 Also I will that my feid executours purchese. Londes and tenements to the valure of xmarc' verely ou' all charges And therw make and founde A ppetuall chauntry at the aulter of our Lady of Pite in Epworth in the Counte of Lincoln to pray for the foules aforeseid foreuymore Itm I will that my seid executors purchesse Londes and tenements to the yerely valure of xxij marc' And therwt to founde and ordeyne ij ppetuall preeft? at Longbrigge oon of them dayly to fing in the chapell of the Trinite there And that other dayly to fing in the chapell of the church of Berkeley Where as my feid lord my fader and my feid fonne lieth buryed to pray for the foules aforeseid for euyrmore Or else I will that the xxij marc' of Rent in fframpton be disposed to the pforming of the same Also I will that my feid executo's spend and dispose in bilding of an house at Longbrigge asoreseid for ij pestys to Inhabit [fic] to dwell in C marc' of money Alfo I will that my feid executors do by veftimentis and ornaments to the feid chapell of Longbrigge to the valure of xl marc' Also I will that my feid executors do purchesse a pdon from the court of Rome as Large as it may be had at Longbrig aforefeid from evenfong to evenfong in the fest of the Trinite for the playne Remission to them that wilbe confessid and contrite And ther then to fey iij pat'nosters and iij Aves for my foules [fic] and the foules aforeseid Itm I bequeith to John Wyting xli to be payd win x yere after my deceefe Itm to Richard Butteler. x" Itm I bequeith to John Skyll xx marc' to be paid in x yeres next after my deceefe. Itm I bequeith to Margarete Babbam x⁶ 1tm to Elifebeth Kelton C's Itm to Symonet Stoute v marc' Itm to Elianore Gough x marc' Itm to Margery Brugh'v marc' Itm I bequeith to Elifabeth Berkeley xx marc' Itm [sic] to be paid to hir winkx yere after my deceese Itm I bequeith to Margery Berkeley x marc' Itm to Agnes Mounceney v marc' Itm I bequeith to Richard Berkeley xls. Itm to humfrey Stauerton xls Ite I bequeith to Richard Style xxvjs viijd Itm I bequeith to Thomas Herne xxvjs viijd Item to fyr Willyam ffayreway

ffayreway xls Itm to ffrere John Wikes xxs Itm to Robert Alinfon thelder xls Itm to Robert Alynfon the yonger xx's Itm to Nicholas Mody xl's All these to be payd to the plones abovefeid win x yeres after my deceefe Itm I will that my feid executours after my deceefe fatisfie & Recompense all trespass and wronge by me doon and not recompensed afore my deceese in discharge of my soule suche as shalbe. shewid and provided [fic] before them win x yeris next after my deceefe And that to be proclaimed in euerie place where I have had most resort unto in tymes past to thentent my detts and the feid wrong is may be truely content and fatisfied after every true and refonable mannes defire Alfo I will that all my aray plate stuffe of household and of the chapell after my deceefe be deuided in ij partes that is to fay the oon halfe therof to my welebeloved wiff Anne to hir owne vse wout any Lett fraude or delay And the other halfe therof to be disposed and distributed in pformyng and fulfillyng of this my Last will and testament And I will that myn executours have take and pceyne all the iffues pfits and revenues comyng and growing of my Lordshippis and · · Maners of Wing Segrave in Penne And Marlow in the counte of Berks for the terme of xv yeris next after my deceese And after that if it fortune me to dye wtout iffue of my body Then I will that the feid Lordshippis and Maners Remayne to Thomas Erle of Derby And to the heires males of his body Lawfully begotonaccording to endentures betwene me and the feid Erle therof made And for Lake of fuch iffue I will that the feid Lordshippis and Maners Remayne to Anne my wyfe for terme of hir Lyfe and after hir deceele the Remaynder therof to John [fic] Berkley and to his heires males of hyr [fic] body Lawfully begoton And for Lacke of fuch iffue the Remayndre therof to my Right heyres foreuyrmore. Alfo I will that myn executos have take and pceyne all the iffue pfites and revenues of the maners of Seleby and Mountforell and of the hundreth of Goscote wt thappitennes in the Counte of Leycest' now being in feoffees Handes from the tyme of my deceese vnto the tyme that my debts and Legacies be content and payd and this my Last Will Truely executed and pformed Alfo I will that if Elifabeth Duchesse of Norss' deceefe be fore that my detts and legacies be paid and my Will pformed Than my feid executours have take and perceyne all the iffues profites and revenues of the Maners of Thurleston in the counte of Warwik . the mail of Sehame in the Counte. of Leicester the maners of Alcambury Weston in the Count of huntingd the Maners of Bretby Lynton, Cotton Repingdon Restlaston and Assheburne in the Counte of Derby And of the Maners of ffuntyndon and Thorney wt thapprtenness in the Counte of Suffex from the deceefe of the feid Ducheffe unto the tyme that my feid dettis and Legacies be paid and content And this my Last Will truely executyd and pformed And also I will that the same Dame Anne my Wyse after my will pformed

have the feid Maners of Thurlaston Segrave Alcumbury Weston Bretby Lynton Cotton Repingdon Rostelaston and Assheborne wt thapprtenncis for terme of his Lyfe Alfo I will that if I the feid Markes dye w'out iffue of my body comyng Than after my feid Will pformed I will that the feid Anne my wyfe have the feid maner of Seleby for terme of hir lyfe Itm I will and bequeath to my feid wyfe all my tenementis in London and in Chelchehith in the Counte of Midd'x to have to hir that is to fey the tenementis in London to hir in fee fimple and at Chelchithe for terme of his [sic] Lyfe The Remayndre therof to John Wytyng abovefeid in fee fimple And that my feid Wyffe shall paye for the tenementis in London to the fryrers Augustines cc. marc' for ij freres there ppetually to fing and pray for the foules aforeseid for evmore Alfo I will that fir Thomas ffitz Willyam Knyght Roberd Rede feriaunt of the Lawe and Garter King of Armes be truely content and paid of ther fees for terme of ther lyfe acording to the Graunts to them made And I bequeath to Thomas frere Late Prior of the White ffryres in fletestrete and to his felowe for to fing for my foule xx marc' Alfo I bequeith to the feid ffreres euery vere x marc' in to the tyme the fundation be made Itm I bequeith to Watkyn taylor xxs And of this my pnt testament and Last Will endentid I mak and ordeyne myn executo's that is to fey my feid wyfe the Reuerent fader in God Edmunde Bisshope of Rochestr maist' Richard sfitz James and Richard Withir And I make and orderne Ouerseers of the same my Last Will The moost famous and cristen prince and my mooft finguler goode and gracious Lord King Henry the vijth Thomas Erle of Derby aforeseid and John Whiting And I bequeith to euerich of my feyd executo's for ther Labo's in that ptic to be had xxli And to eu'rey of myn ovicers xi in money In wittenesse wherof to this my ont testament and last will I haue fette my feale of myn Armes The day and yere abouefeid Item I bequeith to Thomas Armerer xxvj^s viij^d Itm to Thomas Creyford xx^s to Thomas Ticle Cooke xxs to John Goodyf xls to John Doland xxs. Probatum fuit suprascriptum testamentu. coram etc' apud Lamhith septio die mensis Aprilis Anno dni Millimo cccco nonagesimo secundo juramento Edwardi Konyngisby et Dñe Anne Relicte eiusdem Ac approbat' etc' Et comissa suit admissratio omniu bonorum etc' dicte dne Anne de bene etc' Ac de pleno Inuentario etc' cit' festu Penthecost Alijs executor' resutam etc'

Maurice Berkeley was as extraordinary a man as his brother, but of a totally different character. The former was intenfely felfish, unforgiving, and greedy of personal rank, rash and unprincipled in seeking it, and regardless of the honour of his family or of his own; the latter was prudent,

prudent, cautious, laborious, and perfevering, not in the purfuit of hisown advantage but for the benefit of his fuccessors, in the endeavour to raife again the grand structure of his ancient house from the ruin into which it had been cast down by his brother's folly. Seeing himself and his heirs, in all human probability, for ever deprived by his brother's act, within a period of lefs than feven years, of the inheritance of every of his ancestral manors, and especially of the possession of Berkeley Castle by the tenure of which the Barony was at that time confidered to be held, he did not, as many would have done, fet himfelf down and fubmit to the inevitable. He at once commenced a careful examination of his brother the Marquis's deeds of fales, and finding therein many flaws of title, with great legal acumen and patient perseverance, beginning with the King himfelf, he fucceeded in recovering in the short space of another feven years, out of broken and controverted titles, upwards of fifty manors besides other lands and possessions, of which he died seized, and the whole descended to his fon Maurice, his able assistant in his legal struggles; for, throughout, he acted as his own lawyer in all the courts. Smyth gives a pathetic account of him as "with a milk-white head in his irkfome old age of 70 years, in winter terms and frosty seasons, with a buckram bagg stuffed with law cases, in early mornings and late evenings walking with his eldest fon between the four Inns of Court and Westminster Hall, following his law fuits in his own old perfon, not for himfelf, but for his. posterity, to regaine part of those possessions wich a vast brother had profufely confumed,"

As an evidence that the Barony of Berkeley was at this date deemed to be held by tenure, Maurice Berkeley, though he still claimed to be Lord Berkeley, and the title was generally conceded to him, it was rudely rejected by Sir Robert Poyntz, whom Henry vij had appointed as Steward of the Manor and Hundred of Berkeley. That it was confidered a Barony by tenure is also shewn by the fact that Maurice Berkeley was never summoned to Parliament, and that when his son Maurice, in the 14 Henry viij (1522) had summons by reason that the Castle and Manor of Berkeley was then vested in the Crown he had not

the precedency of his ancestors but was affigned the lowest place as the youngest baron. Moreover this Barony, if a new creation should have become extinct on the death of Maurice Lord Berkeley in 1523, s.p., and his fon Thomas would not have had any claim whatever to fummons, nevertheless in the very next Parliament, viz., that summoned to meet at Westminster o Aug. 21 Henry viij, Thomas Berkeley was summoned. under the style of "Thomas Berkeley de Berkeley Chevalier," (though Smyth does not appear to have noted this fummons,) and was given precifely the same precedence as that assigned to his son Henry after he, on the death of Edw. vj, fucceeded to the Castle and honour of Berkeley. We shall abstain from entering further into the vexed question of the Baronial tenure of Berkeley. It will fuffice to refer the reader to Smyth's disquisition thereon (Vol. II. p. 50,) and to mention that the claims of William Fitzharding Berkeley in 1829, and that of his brother Admiral. Sir Maurice Frederick Fitzharding Berkeley, G.C.B., in 1838, to be fummoned to Parliament as being feized of the Castle and honour of Berkeley, were rejected by the House of Lords, the sormer in 1831 being created Baron Segrave, the former titles having become extinct, and ten years later; the latter Baron Fitzharding in 1841.

This Volume, like the former, will be found to contain many particulars of great interest illustrative of the manners and customs, which are now extinct and forgotten, of the period which it covers, and vivid pictures of the habits and usages of the great baronial families.

The third Volume of the feries, containing the "History of the Hundred of Berkeley," will be fent to press immediately. Its contents will be no less valuable and useful than those of its predecessors. Though these to some extent will be of a more local character, there will be much of wide general interest relating to the tenures of lands and manorial customs, to say nothing of the valuable pedigrees with which the Volume abounds.

The life of Thomas lord Berkeley the fourth of that name stiled in writings, Thomas de Berkelee chivaler, And Thomas dõis de Berkeley dõis de Berkeley. And dõis Thomas dõis de Berkeley. And dõis Thomas de Berkeley dõis de Berkeley. And Thomas Berkeley miles dõis de Berkeley. And dõis Thomas Berkeley miles dõis de Berkeley. And dõis Thomas Berkeley et de insula. And in strench le honorable seignior mounsieur Thomas de Berkeley sõir de Berkeley And nobilis vir Thomas Berkeley dõis de Berkeley.

And may bee called Thomas the magnificent.

Contemporary with Edward the third, Richard the fecond Henry the 4th and Henry the fifth, from . 1368 . till . 1417. The life of this lord I deliver to his posterity under these fifteene titles . viz!

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1.—Dis birth and course of youth fol: [448]
2.—Dis husbandries and hospitality fol: [452]
3.—Dis forraigne imployments fol: [454]
4.—Dis recreations and delights fol: [459]
5.—Dis purchases and fales fol: [460]
6.—Dis lawe suites fol: [464]
7.—Dis almes and devotions fol: [466]
8.—Dis rewards to fervants fol: [468]
9.—Dis miscellaines fol: [471]
10.—Dis wise fol: [476]
11.—Dis issue fol: [477]
12.—Dis seales of Armes fol: [483]
13.—Dis death and place of buriall fol: [484]
14.—The lands whereof hee died seized fol: [485]
15.—The Application and use of his life fol: [486]
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448

His birth and course of pouth.

Escæt. in turre London. 42. E. 3. post mortem Mauric : de Berkeley. he birth of this lord was at Berkeley Castle in the vigill of the Epiphany the fifth of January called the twelvth Eve in the 26th of Edward the third. Anno. 1352. And now at the death of his father aged fifteen years five months and three days.

carta in castro de Berkeley. battle of Poytiers twelve years before) and the minority of this Thomas his heire, may feem to have quickned the treaty of this Thomas his mariage, to prevent thereby the wardship of his body by a speedy mariage of his son, if his own growing sicknes so constrained whereupon at Berkeley on wednesday next after the feast of the holy Trinity in the 41th of Edward the third (a year before hee dyed) It was agreed between him on the one part And Gerrard Warren lord de Lise of ye other part, That Thomas de Berkelee his eldest son should marry Margaret daughter of the said Gerrard: And that with her hee should pay to the lord Maurice one thousand and one hundred markes, whereof 400th at the mariage, And 700th at sower days in three years following, And that after the mariage solemnized the lord Maurice should allow them two hundred marks by the yeare for their maintenance, And one hundred marks presently: And that the said Margaret by reason of her tender age (then about seaven) should for sower years remaine with her father, And this Thomas de Berkeley with his father.

original: 50: E: 3. rot. 40. in sccio

claus: 47 E. 3. m. 28. dorfo.

fin. 24. E. 3. m. 5.

And it will bee to the illustration of divers passages following, to declare in this place That this Gerrardus Warren dns de Insula usually called Warrinus de Insula, by Margaret his wife one of the heirs of S. Wistm Pipard had iffue only one son called Gerrard who shortly after dyed without iffue, And that the said Margaret now to bee maryed to this Thomas de Berkeley was the daughter of the said Gerrard de Insula son of Warren de Insula and of Alice Tyes his wife daughter and heire of Henry lord Tyes and of Margaret his wife son of Henry lord Tyes who died the first of king Edward the second. Two antient Baronies now to bee grafted into the third of Acritector.

But

1 Query: pounds as after stated? [ED.]

3

But the ficknes of the lord Maurice Berkeley increasing, notwithstanding the former agreement of fower years stay: they were by his request maryed at the 449 faid lord Lisle his house at Wengrave in Buckinghamshire in November next following And being himself unable to travell to his sons marriage, fent with his son to attend him three of his houshold knights. St Richard de Acton, St John Tracy and S! Nicholas de Berkeley, and 23. of his houshold Esquiers (all named in his houshold Accompt;) The knights were futed in their liveries of fine cloth of ray furred with miniver, And the Efquires in their liveries of courfer ray and lefs coftly furre: And the young bridegroom himself was in scarlet and fattin and a silver girdle And the lord Maurice himselfe that kept home, infirmed in body, in honor notwithstanding of the mariage, made himself a sute de panno deaurato, which I thinke I may English, cloth of gold; And at the day of the solemnization of the marriage, S! Richard de Acton gave the minstrels fourty shillings: Out of this houshold Accompt I can pick no more of this mariage.

Comp: garderob: 41. É. 3. in castro de Berkeley.

The bridegroome and his knights returne to Berkeley. The lord Maurice dies Rot. fin. 42. E. the 8th of June following. The lands of Thomas his fon (now lord) becomes the kings in ward for two parts, hee then of the age of fifteen years and upwards as aforesaid, the first wardship that ever had happened in the line of Berkeley; To his father in lawe Warren de Infula, the king the first of October following grants the custody of two parts of the young lords lands till full age for the rent of 400! by the yeare.

The infants mother the lady Elizabeth bringeth her writ of dower which to her Rec: in seacio: 16. is affigned in Cowley, Upton St Leonards and Awre, as before hath been touched, and as after more fully is declared.

R. 2. Rot. 21. et 42. E. 3. ibm.

The guardian having husbanded his fon in lawes estate to the advancment thereof without detriment, The ward, this lord, attaineth to full age the fifth of January in the 47th of Edward the third Anno. 1373, fueth his livery for his lands differended unto him in the Counties of Somerfet, Glouc: Wilts, Effex and the City of Bristoll, And accordingly enters upon the Estate discended unto him from his father: of new stocketh his demesses, And falleth upon the old courses of father and grandfathers husbandries, that in this place need no repetition; And forthwith passeth to the warrs of ffrance as after followeth in his forraigne imployments, being knighted at this time.

claus: 48. E. 3.

Rot. franc: 48. E. 3 m: 8.

At the time of this lords marriage and for eight or ten years after this lords wife had a brother living called Gerrard after his fathers name maryed | to Anne 450. daughter

claus: 47. E. 3. m. 28. dorfo. daughter of Mounsieur Michael de la Pole, but dying without issue about the begining of Richard the second, the wholl lands of the two baronies of Liste and Tyes discended upon this lords wife and this lord her husband, which fell the more entirely through the death of her mother who died in 49th of the same kinge.

comp. de Slimbridge 6. R. 2.

carta in castro de Berkeley. If the lord Thomas bringeth his wife the lady Margaret to Berkeley about the fifth of Richard the fecond, whom her faid father accompanyeth; And in fewe months declareth his affection foe entirely to him, her, and the place, That the thirtieth of November in the fifth of Richard the fecond in a french deed Indented between them, they publish their mutuall agreements That hee the lord Lisle shall at his pleasure come, goe and dwell in his Castle at Berkeley at all hours, shall have free hunting in all his son in lawes chaces, parks, warrens, and in his free fishings, And that in all voyages of warre they two travell togeather, And his said son in lawe bee unto him an unseparable companion, And that hee and the issue that hee shall beget upon the body of his daughter, will alwayes use and beare the Armes of him the said lord Lisle, when time, after his death shall come.

comp: Recept. in castro de Berkeley.

And accordingly the Armes of the faid lord Lise and Tyes were by this lord Thomas set up quartered in divers places within his Castle of Berkeley, whereof those in the windows in the great Chamber and at the head of the hall stayres before the Chapple doore do there yet remaine. Anno. 1624.

cartæ in castro de Berkeley. And to fit the closer to the humor of the good old lord, this witty fon in lawe maketh his daughter a Joynture of all the lands of his inheritance which were then held by the lady Elizabeth his mother, and the lady Katharine his grandfathers widow, in dower or Joynture from either of their husbands; which two ladies left their lands and lives, the one in the ninth the other in the thirteenth of the said king Richard, as is before expressed, the better thereby to catch that great estate of his father in lawes, which now comes tumbling upon him.

Escaet. 6. R. 2.

10. 41.

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fin. 6. R. 2. m: 6.

fin: 15. R. 2. pars.

1. m: 6.

claus: 18. R. 2.

m. 17.

cart: 6. H. 4.

m: 1.

ffor the good old lord de Infula the 28th of June next after these sweet and sociable agreements, in the fixth of Richard the second, | dyeth: And by offices the same year sound and returned his said daughter is sound to bee his sole daughter and heire, and to inherit these manors & lands, which then and shortly after by the death of Jone and Margaret two wives who held part of them in dower and Joynture, sell all in hand to this lord.viz!

The manor of Wengrave in the County of Bucks.

The manor of Killingbury
The manor of Stowe

In the County of Northton

The

The manor of Chilton foliot)
The manor of Nethercote	In the County of Wilter
The manor of Draycote	In the County of Wiltefs.
The manor of Horewell	}
The manor of Kinge)
The manor of Hordwell	
The manor of Colcot	In the Country of Pouls
The manor of Ordeston	In the County of Berks
The manor of Buden	
The manor of Collicote	d
The manor of Shirborne)
The manor of Noke	In the County of Oxon.
The manor of Fretwell	J
The manor of Aylwerton)
The manor of Trewarnake	In the County of Cornwall
The manor Penfans	}
The manor of Charleton)
The manor of Tetcote	
The manor of Clonton	In the County of Devon
The manor of Norbony	
The manor of Langdon	

And divers Advowfons of Churches, and many faire farmes, lands and Tenements in ffullam, ffavelore, Uplamborne, Leverton, Bockhampton and other places, As the faid offices and many deeds Accompts and the great Chartulary in the Castle of Berkeley do shewe: shee then of the age of . 22 . years, whereby the possessions of the two baronies of Lisle and Tyes came to the Berkeleyan family, which by this mariage doubled the estate thereof.

cartæ et compi in castro de Berkeley.

His husbandries and hospitality.

All those years of Edward the thirds raigne, after this lord Thomas came to full age, and untill the 8th of Richard the second or neere thereabouts, hee pursued the presidents of his Ancestors husbandries as hath been said; Then began the times to alter, and hee with them (much occationed by the insurrection of Wat Tyler and generally of all the Comons in the land,) And then instead of manureing his demesses in each manor with his own servants, oxen, kine, sheep, swine, poultry and the like, under the oversight of the Reeves of the manors, who were (as still they are) each year chosen at the halimot Court of the manor holden about Michaelmas,

Comp: divers manors.

Stow et How in vitæ. R. 2. et mult. al:

and

and were bound to the fame and collection of the lords rents without fallary, by the tenure of their Copihold meffuages and lands for which the Reeve was yearly chosen,) This lord began to joyst and tack in other mens cattle into his pasture grounds by the week, month and quarter; And to fell his meadow grounds by the acre; And fo between wind and water (as it were) continued part in tillage, and part let out and joysted as aforesaid for the rest of that kings raigne 31nd after, in the time of Henry the fourth let out by the year still more and more by the acre as hee found chapmen and price to his likeing: And fo left his estate in the fifth of Henry the fifth when hee dyed, But in the next age that fucceeded, his nephewe and heire male the lord James who fucceeded in these manors, (as did all other great lords of manors almost throughout the wholl kingdome,) in the times of Henry the fixth and Edward the fourth and after, yea to this prefent day, hee and they let out their manor houses and demesne lands, sometimes at racked improved rents according to the estimate of the time, And sometimes at 453 fmaller rents, taking a fyne or incombe | of their tenants as they agreed, which is the generall course and husbandry for farr the most part, to this very day. And (to conclude with the voucher of my felse,) it is that course whereunto after much toyling and turmoylinge with the plough, fervants and husbandry, I am now fallen into, Hopinge that the litle remainder of my life, shall thereby have more profit, and Country quiet, then the foure and irksomenes of toile and hind fervants would hitherto permit mee to tast of: And let me conclude in him that is the true period of all I write or fay, And without whom I had neither written nor brought to birth any thing that is herein spoken, as being my principale movens and the causa caufans fine qua non, George now lord Berkeley, And the rather because henceforth I meddle no more in these relations with this title of Husbandry: when hee shall attaine to one and twenty years, enjoy his lady, and they a family answerable to their births and dignities, and fettled themselves to live at Berkeley Castle, or elce where in the County of Gloucester, as all his noble and worthy Ancestors hitherto have done, (his degenerating grandfather in part excepted,) hee will have no better course then to advance his demesne lands to an improved rent payable quarterly, (as that Country fashon is,) And rather to supply his provissions for wheat, oates, & Straw, by the Tithes of fome appropriate parfonage not farr from his abode, or by refervacion upon fuch leafes monthly or quarterly to be brought in, than to keep much tillage in his own hands, (the natures of hind fervants, bayleys of husbandryes and other incidents confidered;) And no more (at most) of other grounds, then may fupply his provissions of beefe and muttons: But for the plough, none gaineth thereby but hee that layeth his eye or hand daily upon it; And as Clownes get it, Clowns

Clowns againe fpend it: Contrary arguments (for the state of that Country) are drawn, but out of the region of S. Thomas Moores Vtopia.

As for the days works which his Copihold tenants at each feafon of the year according to the nature of husbandry, did to him in each of his manors, in helping to drefs, till and manure his demesne lands, after a proportionable rate for a yard land, half yard land, and farrundell, they also were turned into money and made as pcell of the old Copihold rents, In which condition they continue to this day now undiftinguishable; As also were his rent hens, eggs, and mast money.

Comp. de Slimbridge et Hurst in castro de Berkeley 9. R. 2. et divers:

And (to the praise of this lords husbandry) for soe much as hee kept in hand, none was more profitably husbanded by any of his Ancestors | fervants, which soe frugally was accompted for, As in the time of Henry the fifth (when his estate was at the highest, and hee in old age) they accompted not only for the broken wooll, but for the taggs and locks arisinge at the belting of his sheep in the folds.

454 comp : de Slimbridge et Hurst 2. 3. et 4. H. 5. in castro predict.

ffor the provission of his own table, this lord had yearly divers oxen fatted at Simondfall cum avenis in garbis with oates in the straw, which manner of feeding I have not formerly observed in the dayes of any of his Ancestors, neither do I well conceive the reason thereof: Hee having so rich and sweet feeding grounds for grafs and hay in places more neare unto his castle where his abode then was; And henceforth I bid (in effect) farwell to this harmlesse trade and title of Husbandry which hath on its fide above all trades, better warranty, a fairer name, a more virgin fame and all feniority.

comp: deSimondsall temp. R. 2. in castro de Berkeley.

· Dis forren imployments.

In the 48th year of the raigne of Edward the third in the 22th of his age hee franc: 48. E. 3. went to the warres in ffrance in comitiva Edmundi de mortuo mari Comitis Marchie, At what time went also with him many of the principall gentlemen his neighbours.

And being returned from those warrs, this lord and Hugh Earle Stafford are authorized to array all men at Armes in the County of Gloucester between fixteen and threefcore, And to erect Becons (beknes) to give tokens by fire from these hills, of the enemies landings &c.

franc: 49. E. 3.

In the first and second years of Richard the second, this lord was imployed both by fea and land in the warrs that then were hott both against ffrance and Spaine.

Rot. franc. 2. R. 2. m. 18. Comp. de Ham. r. 2. R. 2.

¹ To belt is to shear the buttocks and tails of the sheep.

Rot. franc. 4. R. 2. m: 14. 15. et 16.

In the 4th of Richard the fecond, this lord was fent into Brittaine against the French with a regiment of men at Armes and Archers, whom his third brother St. John Berkeley accompanies: And upon the 30th of March the king commands all his officers to provide lodging, victualls, and carriage, for them and their Armes: And for the good success of this Army | (over which the Earle of Buckingham the kings unckle, after Duke of Gloucester, went generall,) were publicke prayers commanded to bee made, for that (faith the record) the French making shew of peace under colour of treaties, with great subtilty had deceived the king.

455 eodē dorfo.

claus: 8. R. 2. dorfo. pat: 8. R. 2. p. 2. in dorfo: July in the 8th year of his raigne, this lord went with the king against the Scots, after hee had all the former part of that year been travelled in mustering and Arming of soldiers, to withstand the invasion of the ffrench, intending a destruction of the kingdome, as the records are.

comp: de Slimbridge 9. R. 2. How: et at: froisard: In the 9th year of Richard the fecond, this lord Thomas with a great troup of his fervants and tenants went with the king into Scotland, who, faith the histories of those times, ledd an Army, than which there hath not been feene a fairer, stronger or greater, which harroweth over that Country, And soe returned.

comp: de Slimbridge et al: 10.
R. 2. in castr de
Berkeley.
How: et al.

The next year the king cometh to Berkeley Castle, whom this lord royally entertained, As by the Accompts of the Reeves of his manors in that hundred may bee collected, from whence hee drew a great part of his provissions what time the wholl kingdome was in preparation to withstand the invasion of the French, then ready to have invaded the land; if wind had served for his transportation between the first of August and the last of November.

Rot. franc: 16. R. 2. m: 10. bis.

In the 16th year of the kings raigne, this lord went beyond feas into ffrance and other Countryes, And upon his departure in September had the kings licence to take ship at Dover, Orwell, or Leistoft, as hee should choose with fifteen servants and so many horses and their Armes, and with one thousand markes in money in exchange for his and their expences beyond seas: This was no martiall expedition, but occasioned as it may seeme upon greese conceived by the death of his wise, or to avoid the danger of Court stormes, which then began to bluster with an hollow wind.

Hollinges: fo:498. 504. 505. et al. Whilst King Richard the fecond in the last of his raigne was in Ireland revenginge the murder of Roger Mortimer Earle of March and Ulster, comitted by

the

the Irish, Henry Duke of Lancaster returneth from his banishment into England, (whom this lord Thomas too much favoured,) And shortly after his arrivall cometh to Berkeley, in the church whereof and in the Caftle of Berkeley upon the funday after S! James's day was held that famous affembly betweene the Duke and Edmond of Langly Duke of Yorke the kings unckle, Earle also of Cambridge, This lord Thomas and many other the great peeres of the Land, which shortly after cost kinge | Richard his Crowne, which was fet upon the head of the faid Duke of 456 Lancaster: In which affembly how the affections and Counsell of this lord Thomas fwayed, his prefent imployments declared, for within a fewe days after, hee made himself a spetiall witnes at fflint Castle of king Richards promise to renounce the Crowne; And on Michaelmas day following testified the same in the Tower of London before king Richard, who then there fubscribed the same to bee true: And the morrow after when by the three estates of the land affembled in parliament, A Bishop, An Abbot, an Earle, a Baron, a Judge, and a knight, were out of that reprefentative body chofen, to take, publish and pronounce the kings actuall resignacon of his Crown and kingdome, and accordingly to depose him, This lord Thomas was the Baron in that waighty and dangerous imployment, having till that time infeparably accompanyed the Duke of Lancaster in pursuit of King Richard fince his departure from Berkeley.

Anno. 1399. 23. R. 2.

Walfingham. fo: 359.

The 31th of July in the third year of Henry the fourth the king fends to this lord to meet him at Hereford, the 27th of August next, thence to goe with him against his malitious enemies Owen Glendourdy whom with his complices hee purpofeth utterly to overthrow.

claus: 3. H. 4. pars 2. in dorso.

In July in the 4th year of Henry the fourth, the king ordained this lord one of Rot. voiag. a. 1. the guardians for fafe keeping the Marches of Wales against the incursions of Owen Glendourdy and other rebells: And commanded the Sherifes of fix Counties to bee attendant to him as need should require.

ad. 11. H. 4. m. 13. 14. pat. 5. H. 4. ps. 1. m. 8.

The 22th of March in the fifth year of his raigne, the kinge made this lord Thomas Admirall of his fleet of ships from the mouth of Thames west and southward, with power also over his subjects in the Counties of Devon, Cornwall, Somerfet, and Dorfet, who are to bee attendant on his directions: And himfelfe to bee at Sandwich by the ninth of Aprill following. And a litle before was hee chosen and sworn one of the kings privy Counsell in open parliament, where I conceive also hee was chosen Admirall.

claus: 5. H. 4. ps. 1. m. 1. eodē pars. 2.

Rot. parliam. 5. H. 4. m. 12.

And

carta in castro de Berkeley.

And by Indenture dated the first of May in this fifth of Henry ye fourth It was agreed between the king and this lord, That for fafe guard of the Realme hee should for one quarter of the year have with him upon the sea, 300 men of Armes 457 whereof five to bee Bañets himfelfe | accompted, eleaven knights, 285. Efquires, which should bee of his own retinue: And to have further in his voyage. 600. Archers, and feaven shipps feaven barges and feaven ballingers double manned with mariners; And with these to bee at Southampton the 12th of that month: And the king to have the fourth part of all gaine got at fea from the enemies, And this lord and his company the other three parts. But if any great cheiftaine was taken, hee to remaine to the king, yet to bee recompenfed reasonably for him; And further that this lord should continue on the fea with his company till Michaelmas, if the king gives him a monthes warning before the three months bee out; Howbeit hee kept the fea till December following, And the 24th of that month the king comands him to goe to Plymouth where hee then was with some of his ships, to Burdeaux 5. 6. et. 7. for fome fervice there to bee attempted: And for the better furnishing of this voyage, fold his manor of great Wenden in Effex.

claus: 5. H. 4. pars. 1. m: 29. eodē: dorso. m. 4.

comp. rec: 5. H. 4. in castro de Berk.

Rot. voiag. a. 1. ad 11. H. 4. m: 18. 19 in arce London.

In the fame 5th year of Henry the fourth upon the tumults raifed by Owen Glendour and his partakers in Wales, this lord was fent thither with a great power for the appealing thereof, which for that time hee did, wherein hee fpent the later part of the yeare; what time the king made him keeper of his Castle of Brecknock, And then also gave him a Comission to take up six barges in the Counties of Bristoll, Somerset and Glouc., and so many mariners as should suffice for them to goe to fea with them at the kings wages, with all diligence, which hee did.

Walfingh: Hollingsh: fol:531.

The ffrench were enemies to the English, And the more to endamage the king of England in the 6th of his raigne came with a Navy of one hundred and forty tall ships to ayd Owen Glendour then also in Arms against the king, and his most How, fol. 333 dangerous enemy: These, this lord and Henry Pay a Captaine under him, valliantly fet upon neere Millford haven, where they intended to have landed, And after longe fight burned fifteen of their ships, and tooke 14. others stuffed with men, munition, and victualls, And foe returned with honor and profit.

Walfingham

And at another time this lord and Pay, and Thomas Swynburne (one of his domestick knights) tooke fourteene other French shipps as they failed towards Wales to the fouccor of the faid Owen Glendour, wherein the Senefchall of ffrance and divers Captaines of note were taken prifoners.

And

And in the fixth year the 28th of October the king writes to his Collectors of claus. 6. H. 4. the Tenth of the Clergy granted at the last parliament in the province | of Canterbury in the Arch deaconryes of Exon, Totton, and Barnstable, declaring that whereas the lord Berkeley his Admirall hath lent him one thousand pounds towards his warres by fea, That they do repay him out of the first moneys of the subsidy of those Counties of Devon, Cornwall, and Dorset, And for default thereof out of the faid Tenth of the Clergy, And it should bee allowed them upon their accompt.

m: 23. 458

And the 15th of July in the faid 6th year, the king authorizeth this lord alone to muster and Arme all the able men in the Counties of Glouc, Bristoll, and Somerfet, to withstand the in-cursions of the Welsh. And willeth him if need should so require whilft hee should bee in his service in the North, That then hee make Willim Beauchamp lord of Abergavenny his Leivtenant in South Wales to execute his directions.

Pat: 6. H. 4. m. 15. in dorfo.

And in the 7th year of Henry the fourth, hee was the generall commander and Ingeneer in the Timber works used in the Welsh warrs, for the seige and debellation of the Castle of Lampadervar in Wales, held by the kings enemies.

Rot. voiag. a. 1. ad. 11. H. 4. m. 9. et. 28.

In March in the third of Henry the fifth this lord was required with his fon in lawe the Earle of Warwicke to muster and trayne men in the Counties of Glouc: Somerfet and Bristoll; And in June following by a fecond comand, to defend with them the borders of Wales, and to resist the welsh, wherein that somer was spent.

pat: 3: H. 5. pars.

eode pars. 2. dorfo.

Of this lord, Michaell Drayton in his description of the battle of Agencourt fought against the wholl power of the ffrench in the year. 1415. in two stanzaes hath thus:

> Berkeley and Burnell two brave English lords, fflesht with ffrench bloud and in their valors pride, Above their Armed heads, brandishing their swords As they tryumphing through the Army ride, Finding what prizes fortune her affords To every Soldier, and most wiftly eyde A gallant prisoner by his Arminge, fee, Of the great Bourbon family to bee. | And from the foldier they this prisoner take, Of which the ffrench lord feemeth wondrous faine,

Lewis Duke of Bourbon taken prisoner by a mean foldier and after stab'd by him.

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Thereby

Thereby his fafety more fecure to make,
Which when the foldier finds his hopes in vaine,
Soe rich a booty forced to forfake,
To put himfelf and prifoner out of paine
Hee on the fodaine stabs him, and doth sweare
Would th'have his ransome, they should take it there.

His recreations and delights.

comp. temp. R. 2.
manor de Slimbridge, Ham,
Cowley et divers.
al. in castro de
Berkeley.
Comp. de Hurst
6. R. 2. in castro
prdict.

Of all his Ancestors this lord was the most magnificent stately and sumptuous, and more given to the sports of the field, (if more may bee,) then any of his fore-stathers; As may be collected, from his yearly charges in keeping of hounds and gray hounds for the chace of the hare, deere, fox, and badger, which hee not only did at his own mansion houses, but at most of his granges and farm houses: where at Hurst those hounds of that place in the 6th of Richard the second eate him eighteen quarters of Barley and Oates. And of his several kinds of hawks for the feild and river. Hee also would to the threshing of the cock, pucke with hens, blindfold, and the like; Hee also kept his severall stables of great horses at Berkeley and Wotton, And at Berkeley hee kept great store of tame Pheasants, As by the wheat allowed for their feeding and wages of their keeper appeareth.

comp. 12. R. 2. in cast.prdict. de Slimbridge et al :

comp: de Berkeley
12. 13. R. 2. et al.
ibm.

And also at Berkeley his barge house at the Castle bridge soote, and his barge for his delight and recreations, as well upon the haven as the river of Seavern, in which were his sea furnitures in a sumptuous manner.

comp. de Berkeley 9 et. 10. R. 2. ibm.

the much inlarged the ditch of Berkeley Castle, by taking a part of the Church yard, which hee recompenced with an yearly rent of . 6. 8d to the prishioners for amends, out of three tenements in Berkeley, and for the buying and maintaining of a litle fans bell, whereby the garden that was formerly in that place was destroyed; And this hee did with better successe then Maurice the first that committed the like act.

460 cartæ. 12. H. 4. in castro de Berkeley. And others also inlarged divers of his parks, As Newparke, Over, and others, increasing therewith his games of deere; And by buying in the freeholds of Robert Hurd and others made the Worthy, (called the Worthy or Castle park,) first a parke; In the further end whereof, called the Twichen, next Newport, was the Capitall messuage or Scite of the manor of Alkington, where the Courts of that manor were ever kept, still discernable by the mott that compassed that house; In the sloore or payement

pavement whereof are still, (though divers of late years have been cut down and fold,) many faire great Elmes growing.

His purchases and sales of lands.

The care which this lord Thomas had to inlarge his estate, (notwithstanding his costly delights and pleasures,) seemes litle inferior to the carefullest of his Ancestors; which added the more honor to his memory, in that hee had noe issue male of his body to inherit him, as after appeareth.

In the 49th of Edward the third, (affoone as hee had fued livery,) hee purchased divers messuages lands and Tenements in Slimbridge prish of Ralph Wallies, which at this day are the greatest part of the manor of Sages.

claus: 49: E: 3: pars: 2: Efcaet: 5: H: 5: post mort. Tho: dni: Berkeley.

In the 4th of Richard the fecond, this lord purchased of one St. John Roch one knights see and one acre of land in Cricklade in Wiltshire, & the Advowson of that Church. Whereupon take this note, That an entire knights see consisteth of sower hides of land, one hide of sower yard land, one yard land of sower farrundells. And one farrundell of ten acres; A proportion throughout this barony, in all the old grants made by this lords sower first Ancestors, of lands by them enseossed in the hundred of Berkeley and elcewhere; As in my register booke of the lord Berkeleys tenures by knights service I have touched; which booke if God grant health I intend hereafter to reviewe.

Cartæ in castro de Berk.

In the seaventeenth of Richard the second, this lord purchased of Walter lord fitz wauter the Advowson of Saint Andrews church by Baynards Castle in London.

magn: chart : fol. 239. in castro de Berkel.

In the 18th of that king, hee purchased one sayre to bee holden at his Towne of Berkeley, in the vigill and day of the invention of the holy crosse, called hollirood day, in May, with all liberties and free customs to such a saire appertaininge, dated the 16th of sebruary; which soe continueth to this day. Anno. 1624. And seems to have been wanting thitherunto: And the reason in part may seeme to have been because in times so stirring as former ages had been, the lords of that Burrowe Towne would not draw such concourse of people to their Castle gates, wherunder so great danger and so easy a surprize might by their opposites have been practized.

461 Rot. cart. 18. 19. R. 2. m: 13.

In the 22th of Richard the fecond hee purchased of S. Thomas Arthur knight divers messuages and Tenements in Weston in Gordano in the County of Somerset, inlarging thereby his antient manor of Portbury.

carta in castro de Berkeley. carta in castro de Berkeley. The fame year hee purchased of Thomas Norton, an antient message called Whelpsplace, and divers other lands in Wraxell in the said County whereby hee further inlarged his said manor of Portbury.

cartæ in castro de Berkeley.

The same year hee purchased of Almaricus de Sancto Amando, the manors of Southerny and Cerniwike in the County of Glouc!

cart: 2. H. 4. ps. 2. m: 1.

pat: 1. H. 5. pars. 1. m: 11.

The 24th of August in the second of Henry the sourth hee purchased of the king free warren in his manors of Walton, Weston Portshead and Charelton in the County of Somerset, which also in the first of Henry the fifth were by that king confirmed unto him: As also then was the grant of free warren made to his Ancestor Maurice the second in the 8th of Edward the first, As in his life is expressed.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

See before fol. [324]

In the 12th of Henry the fourth hee purchased divers lands and tenements at Wixtowe near the woods end of Hill; and two groves there called cat grove and hanginge grove, for the inlarging of Newparke, part whereof his grandsather the lord Thomas the third, before in the 33th of Edward the third, got in.

fin. in banco Term Michis. 12. H. 4. The same year hee purchased of Robert Stanshawe and Isable his wife a messuage and sixteen acres of land in Bradley near Wotton under edge.

carta in castro de Berkeley. In the 13th of Henry the fourth hee purchased the manor of Wike in Wiltshire of Sr William Esturmy knight.

carta in castr. de Berk: finis. 13. H. 4. in banco. The same year hee purchased a messuage and divers lands in Horton and Yate of Robert Stanshawe and Isable his wife aforesaid.

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carta in castro
de Berk:
claus: 13. H. 4. m.
17. et. 18. dorso.

Give fame year hee purchased the Advowson of the Church of Porteshead in Gordon, and goreacre, of Reginald Hall in the County of Som! now the inheritance of the mayor and Cominalty of Bristoll; And also at the same time the Advowson of Walton in the said County.

finis in banc:
13. H. 4. moft
antiently called
acholt.
See fol.

In the fame year hee purchased the Advowson or soundacon of the Abby of Kingswood, otherwise called the Abby of Myrysord by Wotton under edge, of the Cistertian order, of Richard Chedder and Elizabeth his wife, daughter and heir of Robert Cantelo, son of Robert and Maud his wife, sister and heir of S. Nicholas

Berkeley lord of Dursley; (In which Nicholas failed that antient Saxon name of Berkeley of Dursley,) as formerly hath been faid in the life of Robert the first.

In the 14th year of the faid king hee purchased of John More and Margery his wife, daughter and heire of Reginald Walleis, a messuage and carucate of land, and divers other lands, wood, and cheife rents, in Wike, Berkeley, Hame, and Alkington.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the first year of Henry the fifth this lord purchased of Julian Banister the moytie of the manor of Nethercote in Wiltshire for her life, And the see thereof of Trevilines and Alet.

carta in castro de Berk: magn: chart: fo. 229.

Tything of Tetcote in Devonshire.

carta in castro de Berk:

The same year hee obtained a confirmation from the king of free warren throughout all Berkeley hernesse, and in Portbury in the County of Somerset.

fin: r H. 5. ps. 2. m. 10.

In the fecond of Henry the fifth hee purchased of John Ap-Adam and Margaret his wife, the manor and lordshipp of Sherncote in Wiltshire.

carta in castro de Berk. magn : chart. fo. 399.

In the third of Henry the fifth hee purchased by fine the manor of Tykenham in the County of Somerset, of S! Thomas fitz Nicholl knight, a discendant from the lord Robert the first, as formerly I have written in his life.

finis in banco. 3. H. 5.

And to ease my pen, If this family cast an eye into the severall Inquisitions sound after the death of this lord in the fifth of Henry | the fifth, and into the Inquisition in the 17th of Henry the 6th And into a quæ plura the second year after, all found after the death of Richard Beauchamp Earle of Warwicke who had married this lords only daughter and heire, they shall find nigh sowerscore other purchases made by this lord of houses and lands in the City of Glouc: Berkeley, Wotton, Awre, Arlingham, and other places in the County of Gloucester; And in Portbury, Bedminster and other places in the County of Somerset; And in Chicklade and other places in the County of Wilts; none of web are formerly mentioned; (of all which the faid lord made a feossment to Walter Poole on midsomer day before hee dyed, not declaring to what use;) And if this samily will looke further into a heap of little deeds themselves remaining in Berkeley Castle, and into certaine rolls or abstracts of many other deeds in Berkeley Castle also, (whose originalls are perished,) they shall find above five hundred other small purchases more, by this

Escaet. 5. H. 5. post mort. đcti Thom: 463

Eschaet: 17. 18. H. 6. in arce London.

Carta in castro de Berkeley

lord

lord and by his father and grandfather, (some of lesse then an acre,) of free hold lands that lay intermingled with their demesnes and the Copiholds of their tenants, none of which are formerly quoted by mee; which gave this lord, (as they did them,) the means to inclose the Worthy or Castle parke, and to make a parke of it, as this lord first did, And to reduce many other faire inclosures into severalty; And no one endeavour was greater with this lord and them, those two precedent Ancestors, then to buy out as many of such freeholds as would bee fold, the maine obstacles to their inclosures improvements and convercions, and to the beauty and inriching of their barony.

But infleed of this title of purchases, I shall in the lives of those lords that follow, have sales of manors, without rebuyings; And insteed of husbandry I shall have swarmes of law suites without gaine or recoverings, And the like a cleane contrary way, as after solloweth.

claus: 5. H. 4. pars. 1. dorfo: m. 4. 5. 6.

And for the fales of this lord Thomas, hee fold only, (for ought I find,) the manor of great Wenden in Effex, in the fifth of king Henry the 4th to Withm Loveny; which was done to furnish himself to sea, then made lord Admirall, the king wanting money to set out his sleet, which this lord in part thus supplyed; And the rather because hee was cast into that office by the appointment of the parliament, as already is touched.

464

His suites in lawe.

Trim. 16. R. 2. rot. 21 in sceio cum rem thesaur. Baronia In the 16th year of Richard the fecond, hee was questioned in the Exchequer for a Releefe for those manors and lands which the lady Katharine his grandfathers fecond wise held of his inheritance in the Counties of Gloucester and Somerset, (there named,) estimated to a third part of his lordshipp of Berkeley, shee dead then seaven years past; And which were holden of the king in Capite by sive knights sees, saith the record; In avoydance of which demand, hee pleadeth that no releese was due, for that hee was in ward to king Edward the third after the death of his sather, as swell for the revercon of those manors and lands held by the said Katharine, as for his other manors and lands discended upon him in possession, whereof the said king by his then Escheator was answered the profits; As of the Castle and Town of Berkeley with the members thereof, as Hame, Alkington, Appleridge, Hinton, Slimbridge, with the Advowson thereof, Cowley, Upton St Leonards, and two parts of the hundred of Berkeley; And further set out That to the lady Elizabeth his mother, was then assigned for her dower after his fathers death, the manors

of Cowley, Upton S! Leonards, and Awre, as the third part of two parts of his fathers lands: And further averreth that Warren de Infula (his wives father,) had the profits of the faid two parts of his fathers lands, by the kings grant made to him the first of October in the 42th of Edward the third, during his minority; And from his fathers death till that grant, the kinge himfelf by his faid Escheator was answered the profits, as in his Accompt appeareth: which longe proces was continued upon the roll, till the 11th of Henry the fourth, And then was this lord overruled to pay . 61 155 for a releefe for those manors, which the faid lady Katharine Baronia held in dower, as the tenth part of the barony of Berkeley.

The fame year arose another Exchequer buisines more full of trouble, about 16. R. 2. the hospitall of S! Katharines in this lords manor of Bedminster, whereof his Ancestor Robert the second was founder as in his life appears; wherein the maine question was, whether the faid hospitall, and the Chantry founded in the Chapple there were one and the fame or not; which was by Jury found foe to bee, And fo avoided the charge | of the record; which tooke begininge from an injurious In- 465 quisicon found before the Escheator of that County of Somerset.

In the ninth of Richard the fecond, the faid Lady Katharine his grandfathers fin: 9. R. 2. m. 4. fecond wife being then dead, this lord fued livery for fuch lands as shee held for her life of his inheritance in the Counties of Gloucester and Somerset, And for twenty shillings hath his homage respited.

In the 13th of Richard the fecond, the lady Elizabeth his mother dying, this claus: 13. R. 2. lord entred upon the lands which shee held in Joynture and dower, As the manors of Cowley, Upton St Leonards and Awre, with Etlowe and Blakeney and the hundred of Bledislowe, and one messuage and yard land in Saintly, And the manor of Hurst, and twenty and two marks rent in fframpton, And—1211. 125 rent in Came; And upon great Wenden in Effex, and upon two parts of the manor of Portbury, And three meffuages and two yard land and one dove house in Porteshned, Criston and Uphill, with the Advowson of Brene, And ten pounds rent out of the lands of the lord Zuch in Bridgwater, And upon the Isle of Stepholmes, in the County of Somerfet; And a meffuage and threefcore acres and ten shillings rent in Chicklade in Wiltshire.

pars. 1. m: 26.

In the 11th of Henry the fourth, this lord Thomas brought his Affize of Rec: exemp: in: novell disseisin against Withm Test and two others of Frampton upon Seaverne for

fix hundred acres of land in Slimbridge, wherein upon a Tryall before Judge Hulls at Gloucester Affizes hee recovered his seisin, and five pounds for damages: This vide fol: was of Slimbridge Warth, which his heir male the lord James in the fifteenth of Henry the Sixth exemplified, when further fuite was about that warth.

466

Dis Almes and devotions.

Bulla papal: fub figillo plumbeo in castro de Berkeley.

Done Vrban the fixth in the fecond year of his popedome, the 9th of July in the fourth of Richard the fecond. Anno: 1380, by his Epifcopall bull gave leave to this lord Thomas and to the lady Margaret his wife to chufe for their confessor such a fit and discreet priest as they pleased, to heare their confessions, give them absolution of their fins, and to enjoyne them wholfome penance, unles it bee in those cases, wherein the Apostolike sea is first to bee consulted with: Assuring all men that infringe this his holines grant, that they incurre the indignation of Allmighty God and of the bleffed Apostles Peter and Paul.

And the fame day and year by his other bull, granted to this lord Thomas and Margaret his wife to have a portable altar, whereat either by their own priest or any other they might fay masse and other divine service in their own presence.

And the fame day and year by his third bull granted that the Confessor which either of them the lord Thomas and Margaret should choose, should have from the Apostolike authority by vertue thereof, full power to give them full remission of all their fins, for which they were contrite in hart and which they had confessed with their mouthes once only in the instant of their deaths, they then persisting in sincerity of faith, and in the unity of the holy Roman Church, and in the obediance and devotion of his holines or of his fucceffors canonically entringe into that chaire: yet foe that what their confessor should enjoyne them, bee by them performed if they live, or by their heir if they dye; And foe that for this grace obtained they bee not made more prone, (which God forbid,) to unlawfull things, which, if upon confidence of this remiffion of their fins, they doe the rather comit, That then as to those sins the foresaid remission shall not extend.

And hereupon I may by a pardonable digression say, That at this time the Schifme in the papacy continued, Clement the feaventh was now also pope and held his fee at Avignion in France; And was, (as many histories in those and these times report,) generally acknowledged for lawfull pope by the ffrench, Spaniards and 467 English; Howbeit it | feemeth the perticuler affection of this lord and his wife went after Vrban, or els graces were of him obtained at an easier price than of Clement.

chosen pope in the year—1378. A Neopolitan, Arch-bishop of Bari and no Cardinall, created pope at the pursuite of the Romans, hee being absent: That hee was a cunninge, seditious, and revengefull man, not seeking the peace of Christendome, as his duty required, but striving to revenge the injuries which his Cardinalls and Jone Queen of Cicely had done unto him; which was the cause of the 26th schisme: And haveing caused five Cardinalls to bee drowned hee dyed, having held his See eleaven years six months and five days, And that hee celebrated the third Jubile.

It feems this lord Thomas relyed much on this grace from pope Vrban, for I find not any one act of devotion which hee performed to any monastery Chantry or order of religion, nor ought elfe which was done for his wives foule after her death, As by all their Ancestors had been accustomed for their predecessors, untill I come to this lords will made the fecond of ffebruary in the year. 1415. in the third year of Henry the 5th which was one year fower months and eleaven days before hee dyed. And thereby hee gave to the mother church of Worcester fourty shillings, To the church of Berkeley fourty shillings and one greene pair of vestments with all their furniture; And to the Church of Wotton five pound, And to the Church of Slimbridge fourty shillings, And to the Church of Cowley fourty shillings, And to the Church where his body should bee buried his best pair of vestments with all their furniture, and twenty pound in money, and one gilt croffe with all the relikes inclosed in the same, with all his best gilt cruetts, And also one white paire of vestments with all their furniture, And also the best pair of his black Vestments, and his best missale with a good Chalice; And to the Chapple within Berkeley Castle one pair of satten vestments, one missale, two Chalices and one pair of cruets; And to the fifters of Mary Magdalens hospitall by Bristoll, one platter with a glosse, and the legends of Saints in English, one paire of vestments one Chalice and five pound in money. And to the Church of Kingswood his best collar of the kings livery, his paire of gilt vestments wrought with white Angells; And to the Church of Portbury one pair of vestm^{ts}, one pfalter, one porter, and sourty shillings. And to every of his houshold chaplens ten markes to pray for his foule one year after his death; And all his goods whatfoever not by his will disposed hee appointed should by his Executors bee distributed for the health of his foule and of the foule of the lady Margaret his wife; And to a knight to goe to the holy land when any goinge should bee, one hundred pound, which sum was heretofore devised by his Ancestors, faith the will.

vlt. voluntas in cur. prerogat. Cantuar.

468

His rewards to servants.

magn: chart. fo. 217. in castro de Berkel: This lord Thomas in the 7th of king Richard the fecond gave to Walter Dyar for his life, an Anuity of fourty shillings by the year out of Charelton in Wiltshire in recompence of his service.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the 13th of the faid [King] hee gave to Thomas Rig, all his lands and Tenements in Chicklade for his life, in recompence of his fervice.

carta in castro prdict. In the twentieth of the faid king hee granted to Willim Cauleigh one of his Efquires, for his life, in recompence for his fervice, a messuage mill and lands in Woodford, and a messuage in Church lane in Berkeley.

carta in castro de Berkeley: In the 21th of the faid kinge hee gave to John Banbury his manor of Upton S! Leonards by Glouc: for his life, in recompence of his fervice, whereof the old rent then was ten markes.

carta in castro prdica. The same year hee gave to John Harsfeild a messuage and divers lands and Tenements in Bradley and Wike Dangerseild for his life in recompence of his service.

469 carta in castr: prdict.

In the 22th of the faid king, hee gave to John Dyar for his own life and of his wife and daughter, a meffuage in Berkeley and divers lands in Hame and Alkington.

carta in castro de Berkeley The fame year hee gave to John Copiner for his life in recompence of his fervice, divers lands and Tenements in Durfley.

carta in castro de Berkeley. In the first year of king Henry the fourth, this lord gave to John Winter and to Elizabeth his wife in recompence of his service, divers houses in Berkeley, and divers lands in Hame and in Came, And in the tenth of the said king did the like for Alice his second wife.

carta in castro de Berkeley. The fame first year of Henry the sourth hee gave to Thomas Browne and Isable his wife, a messuage and yard land in Clapton in Hame for their lives in recompence of his service: And in the tenth of the said king did the like for Mawd his second wife. And the 13th yeare rewarded him as bountifully and made him keeper of Whitelisse park.

carta in castro de Berkeley. The same first year of Henry the fourth, hee gave to Phillip Waterton and Cicely his wife for their lives in recompence of their services, all the lands and tene-

ments

ments within the lordship of Berkeley which late were of Robert Poyntz. And in the first year of king Henry the fifth, gave to them and the heirs which hee should beget on her body, eight severall Tenements and divers lands in Berkeley, Hame, Hinton and Alkington, Rendringe unto him and his heires the rents and services of old due and accustomed; which entayle yet continueth, And whereof I shall speak after in the issue of Thomas Berkeley son of the said James the first of that name.

In the same first of Henry the fourth, this lord gave to Robert Herblinge and Alice his wife for their lives in recompence of his service, five houses in Wotton, and divers lands in his manor of Wotton Forren.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the third of the fame king hee gave to John Chinham for his life and Jone his wife, in recompense of his fervice, a messuage and divers lands, in Chepinge lane in Wotton.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the 11th of Henry the fourth hee gave to Willim More and Edith his wife, in recompence of his fervice, two houses and fix shops in Glouc: for their lives.

carta in castr. prdict

About the same time hee gave his litle manor of Wike neere Rodlyes weare by Arlingham, to Richard Ecton and Alice his wife for their lives without rent, who longe enjoyed the same.

Comp: ballivi de Wotton libtat. 12. et. 14. H. 6.

And about the fame time hee gave Bayes place in Horwood to Nicholas comp. prdict. Alderly for his life.

In the first year of Henry the fifth, this lord gave to Robert Shottesbroke one of his Esquires in recompence of his service, for his life sourteen pounds by the year out of his manor of Ordeston in Barkshire.

magn: charta. fo: 279.

In the fecond year of the fame kinge, hee gave to Nicholas Alderly for his life in recompence of his fervice, all his lands in Horton & Yate called Bayes.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the same year hee gave to Phillip Chamberlen for his life in recompence of his service, a messuage in Wotton, and divers lands in Wotton sforren.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the 5th year of the faid king (three months before his death) hee gave to John Plomer and Jone his wife for their lives in recompence of her fervice, a house in Wotton, with liberty to buy and fell tollsree within the said Burrow.

carta in castro de Berkeley. In cur: prerogat. Caîit. Berkeleys Inne at Baynards Castle in London.

To every gentleman in his house by his faid will hee gave-1005.

co every yeoman and groome, (valettus et garcio) in his house by his faid will, hee gave forty shillings.

To every of his fower Executors (being fower of his fervants) hee gave twenty pounds.

What more I have not observed.

471 Pis miscellaines or various passages not aptly to bee reduced under the former titles.

fo: [401]
Bale in cent. 7.
nº 18.
Hollingshed

as also to his father and grandfather, I have formerly written; who concludinge one other of his translations of Bartholomeus de proprietatibus rerum, which hee dedicated to this lord Thomas, in the end thereof hath thus: Endles grace, blisse and thankinge to our lord God alweldinge, these translations ended at Berkeley the fixth day of February the year of our lord 1398. the year of king Richard the second after the conquest of England the 22th The year of my lords age St. Thomas lord of Berkeley that made mee to make this translation, the 47th

Of the learned labours of John Trevifa vicar of Berkeley Chaplen to this lord,

Trevisa. mañ čm. Geor. dno Berk:

Reg: Wigorn.

In Trevifa dyed the 13th year of king Henry the fourth, whom John Bone-John fucceeded in that vicarage, whom this lord made one of his Executors; And proved a false preist to the heir male of his faid lord as after I shall touch.

pat. 11: R. 2. ps. 1. m: 16.

In the 11th of Richard the fecond, this lord and his cozen S! John Berkeley of Beverston with others, were indited before the Justices of the forrest of Dean, for unlawfull killing of some of the kings deere there, for which they now obtained their pardons.

Amongst the wills of the dead, I find that in the 8th year of king Richard the fecond, one Margery Legat of Wotton widowe gave to this lord for a legacy, a braffe morter and an Iron peftle; And to the lady Margaret his wife a ringe of fine gold, And to Elizabeth their daughter an other gold ringe, And to the lady Katharine de Berkeley an other gold ringe, making this lord Supervisor of her faid will.

in the tenth of Richard the fecond, the kings purveior came to purvey in the manor of Wotton, hee gave him fecretly—3^s 4^d and his man. 4^d to fpeak a good word to his mafter, (faith the Accompt,) And for their freindship bestowed more on them in wine—12^d

comp. de Wotton 10. R. 2. in castr de Berkeley.

In the Twentieth of Richard the fecond, Ivo fitz Waryn knight made this lord his Atturney to govern for him his manor of fframpton upon Seaverne.

472 carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the third of Henry the fourth the king awarded his spetial Comission to this lord Thomas to punish divers mallefactors in the County of Glouc.

pat. 3: H. 4. pars. 2. dorfo:

In the fourth of that king this lord bought of Henry Talbot 24 Scottish prisoners, taken by him upon the land by the seafide, in way of warre, as the kings enemies.

comp. recept. in castro de Berkeley.

In the fixth of Henry the fourth this lord obtained of the kinge to have a market each Wednefday and three fairs each year in his wives manor of Penfans in Cornwall.

cart: 6. et. 7. H.4.

That whereas hee had by his fres patents in the 8th of his raign granted for ten years, liberty to the Marchants of Jenoa with their carracks to bring into England any their wares and there to fell them, And to carry out into fflanders and other parts cloth and wooll from England paying the customs due and doinge noe damage; That hee is given to understand That divers of this lords men and fervants in a shipp of his failing towards Burdeaux, have violently set upon one of the carraks called the St Mary and St Bridget loaden with wines and other marchandize to the valewe of Ten thousand pounds, as shee was failing towards London. And have carryed that shipp to Millsord haven, and taken away their wines and other marchandize, And therefore requires this lord either presently to cause restitution to bee made, or himself to come and answer the same before his privy Counsell forthwith.

The sequell whereof was, That the servants of this lord, St John Greyndore and others of Bristoll did the wronge, who made restitution for part, but went away with a great part of the rest of the Jenoa goods.

claus: 11. H. 4. m. 34. et in dorfo.

In the 8th of Henry the fourth, this lord was one of those lords, who by his feal of Armes in parliament that year confirmed the Crown to | that king and entayled the fuccession upon his issue, to the utter abolition of the house of Yorke.

Rot. parliam. 8. H. 4. pat: 8. H. 4. ps. 1. m. 4. 473

Dhen

hee

When for the good fervice of the husband this lord rewarded both husband and wife with an estate for their lives in such lands as hee bestowed upon them, as almost still hee did; hee ever restrained by a provisoe in his deed, the second marriage of the wife, without his confent, if shee survived her husband; which out of a double respect was a prudent course in him.

Pat: 49. E. 3. ps. 1. in dorso.

The tenth of October in the 49th of Edward the third, a Comission was awarded to this lord to enquire of divers conventicles in the County of Glouc: tending to the disturbance of the government and peace of the Realme, requiring him as hee loved the king and his hon! and would avoid his greevous indignation, that hee would carefully looke into and punish the same.

Pat. 51. E. 3. dorfo.

And in the one and fiftieth of that king was a comission awarded to this lord and others to muster and Arme all able men in the said County to withstand the intended invasion of the ffrench.

Pat: 5. R. 2. pars. 1. in dorfo. Pat: 6. R. 2: pars. 2. m: 13.

In the fifth of Richard the fecond were three feverall Comiffions directed to this lord and others to represse those mischeevous persons, who in hostile manner had taken and put to death the Arch-bishop of Canterbury, lord Chancellor, and others, without any fault by them committed; In which service this lord was imployed into divers other Countyes.

Rot. fin: 6. R. 2. m: 15.

In the fixth year of the faid king, hee granted to this lord Thomas the custody of the manor of Lye neer Deerhurst which was the land of John son of Willim de Rodborrowe and then in the kings hands.

fin: 8. R. 2. m. 16.

The 16th of December and 19th of January in the 8th of Richard the fecond, the king comitted to this lord the government of the wholl County of Glouc. in a more ample and different manner then I have elfwhere observed: At this time the wholl kingdome seemes in Armes to withstand the French and Scotts.

claus: 12. R. 2. m: 16.

The 13th of ffebruary in the 12th of Richard the fecond, this lord was commanded to proclaime the keeping of the kings peace at Wittenden and other places adjoyning according to the Statute of Northton, for | not doing whereof, process went out against him for that omission and contempt: But upon his oath taken in Chancery That hee received not the Comission nor heard thereof, the process by the kings command doth cease: Howbeit this soe awaked him That within one month after

hee fent divers both preists and laymen to the comon Goale of Gloucester; As their fupplicavits for their bayles, body for body, do declare.

In the 16th of Richard the fecond, one Ruyale and Otho late Clark of the fin. 16. R. 2. m. 3. peace certified falfly into the Chancery a record concerning this lord Thomas and the king, supposed to bee before Judge Cassey and his fellow Justices of the peace; for which unjust fact, (in times fo dangerous,) this lord complaines; And upon hearing thereof Ruyale is fined one hundred markes, and Otho five markes, which either of them doe pay; And foe obtaine their pardons, the one this year the other in the eighteenth.

pat: 18. R. 2. pars. 1. m: 26.

This lord Thomas was one of those that were on Michaelmas day fent to Richard the fecond then in the Tower of London from the parliament then in being to mind him of his promife made to the Arch-bishop of Canterbury and the Earl of Northumberland for renouncing the Crowne, which hee now did, and fubscribed it, and gave therein his oath alfo.

Rot. parliament. 1. H. 4. nº 10.

And after at the fame parliament, this lord was the only procurator for the Barons to declare to king Richard his deprivation by parliament; And how none of the great estates of the Realme nor Comons would for time forwards beare him faith, or doe to him obeifance as to their kinge.

Rot. predict.

And in the name of Richard the fecond, did renounce from him his kingdome to that parliament; whereupon king Henry the fourth did claime it by title from king Henry the third, And foe by that parliament was chosen kinge.

Rot. predict.

And was one of those spetiall lords in that parliament who gave advice and confent That Richard the king should bee fafely kept, and in fecret place where noe concourse should bee to him, nor any of his frends or acquaintance admitted to him, And to bee continually guarded by fure and fufficient perfons.

Rot. prædict. nº 74.

And in the first of Henry the fourth the king directed his Comission | to this lord to muster Arme and trayne all able men within the County of Glouc: The like the king did in the fourth year of his raigne.

Pat. 1. H. 4. pars: 5. dorfo.

Pat. 4. H. 4. ps. 2. dorfo.

And in the third of that kings raigne this lord was one of those eleaven lords chosen out of the wholl state to secure the payment of forty thousand nobles, being franc: 3. H. 4-

m:7.

the

the mariage portion of Blanch the kings daughter, maryed to Lewis Earle palatine and of the Rene, and Duke of Bavaria, fon of Rupert king of the Romaines, allways Augustus.

Rot. parl: 5. H. 4. m: 12.

At the parliament holden the fifth of Henry the fourth, It is recited That for the good government of the Realme and remedy of many complaints, greevances and mischeifes, shewed to the king in that parliament, The king at the reverence of God, and at the great instance and spetiall request to him oftentimes made in this parliament by the Comons of his Realme, Hath for the ease and comfort of all his Realme ordained fix Bishops, one Duke, two Earles, fower Barons, and eight others to bee of his grand and continuall Counsell: The first of all the sower Barons is this lord: which being concluded upon in parliament by both houses, was to him a 1. m: 18. fingular honor, and an affured testimony to his posterity, That this their Ancestor was an able and wife man, being at this time about the age of fifty yeares. And now also was this lord chosen Admirall by this parliament as before is written.

claus: 5. H. 4. pars. 1. m: 2. pat. 5. H. 4: pars.

pat: 7. H. 4. pars. I. m: I. pat. 11. H. 4. pars. 2. m: 13.

And in the 7th of Henry the fourth was this lord spetially imployed in the Counties of Glouc and Hereford to borrowe moneys for the king and to give fecurities for repayment; And in the 11th of Henry the 4th was imployed in the like borrowinge of money in the Counties of Warrwicke, Worcester, Gloucester, and Bristoll, to bee repaid out of ye fifteenth granted unto the kinge at the last parliament then before.

Rot. parliament. in eisdem annis.

If find this lord prefent in person at most parliaments holden beetween his full age and death: And at the parliaments holden in the first, fourth, fixth, seaventh, ninth, eleaventh, and thirteenth of Henry the fourth, was a tryer of the petitions; And foe in the first, second, third and sourth of Henry the fifth.

apanifold others were the imployments of this lord Thomas Afwell in Comissions of feverall natures, as in the extraordinary affaires of State, Church and Comon wealth, besides his constant travell in the ordinary Comissions of the peace, 476 from full age till death; fome of | which extraordinaries in divers Counties and corporate Cities the records hereunder vouched will guide fuch of his posterity unto as defire to bee fatisfied in the particularityes of that kind, none of which are formerly mentioned, viz! Rot parliament. 5. E. 3. / 2. R. 2. pars. 1. in dorso / 3. R. 2. pars. 2. in dorfo. / claus: 8. R. 2. m. 14. / pat: 8. R. 2. pars. 2. in dorfo: et eodē bis dorfo. / pat. 9. R. 2. pars. 1. in dorfo ter. / et eode postea. / pat. 21. R. 2. pars. 3.

m. 23.

m. 23. dorfo. / pat. 22. R. 2. pars. 3. m. 9. in dorfo / pat. 1. H. 4. pars. 7. dors / Rot. parliament. 2. H. 4. / pat. 2. H. 4. pars 3. m. 7. dorfo / pat. 3. H. 4. pars. 2. in dorfo ter: / claus. 5. H. 4. pars. 1. m. 4. dorfo: / Rot. parliament. 7. H. 4. pars. 2: m: 15. et at / pat. 7. H. 4. pars. 2. m. 33. / pat. 8. H. 4. pars. 1. dorfo / pat. 13. H. 4. pars. 2. in dorfo: / pat. 1. H. 5. pars 1. dorfo. / pat. 22. R. 2. pars. 3. m: 9. dorfo. Besides divers others which with a dry foot I passed by.

Dig wife.

Whose daughter the lady Margaret wife to this lord was, And when, where fol: [448, 451] and at what age maryed, what portion in money & land shee brought to her husband, when first shee came to Berkeley with other circumstances, is before in the first title of this lords life declared.

The course of her life went with her husbands in often removes from one of their houses to another, which then, (contrary to the proverbe that the rolling stone gathers noe moffe,) was held the greater honor. As at Berkeley, Wotton, Portbury, London, Syde and at ffulham, and fome other houses of her inheritance. It seemes fhee was a very mild and devout lady but nothing active in her family.

In the prime of her age shee brought her husband a daughter called Elizabeth of whom much hereafter is to bee fpoken; And for any thinge I have observed, never conceived more, before or after, yet lived shee and her husband in a most fweet and contented fociety; Dercin much refe m blinge the lady Elizabeth Spenfer, 477 maryed to Geo: lord Hunfdon, (of whom after,) who having brought her hufband not longe after mariage, Elizabeth, (mother of the now lord George Berkeley,) held it fufficient honor and frutefullnes to have been the mother of a child foe peerleffe.

This lady Margaret died at Wotton under edge, the twentieth of March about the fifteenth year of Richard the fecond, then about thirty years of age; having been maryed at feaven; And lyeth buried in the parish Church of Wotton under a faire Tombe by the fide of her husband, whither her bones were translated as after followeth: The greefe of whose death soe fastened upon the affections of her lord 2. m: 10. bis. and husband, That hee never after affected mariage, although hee was at her death but thirty eight years of age, and of an able constitution, and then without issue male to uphold his name and barony: whereat I have not only mufed, but at the caufe why, in fewe monthes after her death, hee betooke himselfe to a forraigne pilgrimage As in the title of his forraigne imployments is already written.

Newl: ped. in cast: de Berkeley. Escaet. post mort. Gerard Warren đni Lisle. 6. R. 2. Rot. franc: 16. R.

Dis issue.

Escaet. 5. H. 5. post mort. Tho: đni Berkel:

Magn: chart. fol: 240. in castro de Berkeley.

Elizabeth was this lords onely daughter and heir of the age of twenty fix and upwards, at the time of his death. In September in the 16th of Richard the fecond this lord entred into covenants wth Thomas Beauchamp Earle of Warrwike concerning a mariage to bee had between Richard his fon and heir, and his faid daughter shee then under the age of seaven yeares, That their mariage should bee assoone as conveniently it may; That her Joynture should bee three hundred markes by the year, after the death of the faid Earle and of Margaret his wife; That hee the faid lord Berkeley would grant the manors of Kiflingbury Draycote and certaine others 478 to the faid Richard and Elizabeth for their lives, and fower | hundred markes more to them by the yeare of those lands which were the inheritance of Margaret late wife of him the faid lord Thomas; To hold to them after his death; And that hee would pay fower hundred pound in money for the mariage portion of his faid daughter; for performance of which agreements, either of them became bound to other in two thousand pounds.

Escaet. 17. H. 6. post mort. Riči Beauchamp. vlt. voluntas Riči Beauchamp. 18.H. 6. in prerog: Cant:

liber Gloveri ats Somerfet Herald. vetus manuscript. et divers : al.

The faid Elizabeth by her husband, (who after his fathers death was Earle of Warwike, and Regent of France,) had iffue onely three daughters, Margaret, Ellenor, and Elizabeth; And dyed the 28th day of December in the first of Henry the fixth, then about the age of one and thirty years, and lyeth buried at the faid monastery of Kingswood, whereof shee was hereditary foundres, by her fathers purchase of the patronage as afore is mentioned, with this Epitaph upon a goodly Tombe of marble nowe demolished set up by her husbands Executors according to the direction of his will. Hic jacet dna Elizabetha nuper comitissa et prima vxor Riĉi de bello campo nuper Comitis Warwici ac filia et hæres Thomæ nuper dni de Berkeley et de Lise. Quod quidem dominium de Lise idem Thomas tenet per legem Angliæ post mortem Margaretæ nuper vxoris suæ, matris predictæ Elizabethæ: qui quidem Ricus et Elizabetha habuerunt exitum inter fe Margaretam Elianoram et Elizabetham, quæ vero Elizabetha comitissa obiit vicesimo octavo die Decembris Anno domini. 1422. Cuius animæ propicietur deus Amen.

And her husband, afterwards marying, (and haveing other issue wherewith I meddle not,) dyed the last of Aprill. 1439 in the 17th of Henry the sixth; Between whom and their faid three daughters and their iffues, and James the heire male of this lord Thomas were the greatest sutes in lawe and of longest continuance that were in those times or fince, As after will bee declared.

The faid Margaret was the fecond wife of John Talbot the first Earle of Shroefbury of that name, by whom shee had iffue John Talbot created viscount Lisle, And dyed the 14th of June in the 7th of Edward the fourth, And lyeth buried in Jhesus Survey of London Chapple | in S! Paules Church in London, with this Epitaph; Here before the 479 image of Ihefu lyeth the worl and right noble lady Margaret Countes of Shrewfbury, late wife of the true and victorious knight and redoubtable warriour John Talbot Earle of Shrewesbury, which worshipfull man dyed in Gwyen for the right of this land: Shee was the first daughter and one of the heires of the right famous renowned knight Richard Beauchamp late Earle of Warwike, (which dyed in Roan,) and of dame Elizabeth his wife, the which Elizabeth was daughter and heire to Thomas late lord Berkeley on his fide, and on her mothers fide lady Lifle and Tyes, which Countes passed from this world the 14th of June. 1468, on whose soule Ihefu have mercy, Amen,

Escaet. 21. H. 6. post mort: Tho: Chedder.

The faid John Talbot viscount Lisle by Jone his wife, one of the two daughters and coheires of S. Thomas Chedder, had iffue Thomas Talbot vifcount Lifle, who maryed Margaret daughter of Wiffm Harbert Earle of Penbroke, and was flayne by Willm lord Berkeley the 20th of March in the Tenth year of Edward the fourth, without iffue; Elizabeth, and Margaret; which Margaret was maryed to Sr George Veer knight and dyed without iffue in the 14th of Edward ye fourth.

Escaet: 7. E. 4. post mort. Johæ vxoris Johis Talbot.

pat. roll: 15. E. 4. pars. 1. m. 5.

The faid Elizabeth fifter and heire of Thomas Talbot viscount Liste, was maryed to S! Edward Gray, who in the fifteenth of Edward the fourth was created lord Lisle, in right of his wife; shee dyed in the third of Henry the seaventh, And hee fower years after, leaving iffue by her John, Margaret, Anne, and Elizabeth.

Rot. cart. 15. E. 4. in vlt. dat. 14. marcij. Inq. fub figillo in Castro de Berkeley.

The faid S! John Gray fon of S! Edward was vifcount Life; And by Myriell his wife daughter of Thomas Howard Earle of Surrey, lord Treaforer of England, had iffue Elizabeth onely, born after his death the twentieth of March in the twentieth of Henry the feaventh; And after being very younge was maryed to Henry Courtney Earle of Devon, And dyed without iffue about the ninth of Henry the 8th And the faid Myriell was after marryed to S! Thomas Knevet.

Escaet. 20. 21. H. 7. post mort. Johis Gray vic: lisse in div's Com: pat: 18. H. 7. pars. 2.

Carta in castro de Berkeley.

Margaret the eldest fister was maryed to Edward Stafford Earle of Wiltshire, And dyed without iffue. Anne the fecond fifter was maryed to John Willoughby of Wollaton, And dyed without iffue; | @lizabeth the third and youngest lister of 480 John Gray vifcount Lifle, was first maried to Edmond Dudley, who was beheadded

lord

in the first of Henry the eighth, And after to Arthur Plantagenet base son to Edward the sourth; shee dyed the 33th of Henry the 8th leaving issue John Dudley, who by severall patents was created viscount Lisle Earle of Warwike, and Duke of Northumberland.

The faid John Dudley, fon of the faid Elizabeth and Edmond, was duke of Northumberland; And by Anne his wife daughter of S. Edward Guilford left iffue, (of whom only I need to write,) Ambrose, Robert, Katharine and Mary; And was beheadded in Anno. 1553. in the first year of Queen Mary for treason: Of whom see more in the life of Henry lord Berkeley the first of that name.

Ambrose Dudley was in the 4th year of the raigne of Queene Elizabeth created Earle of Warwike, and maryed for his third wife Anne daughter of Francis Ruffell Earle of Bedford, (of whom I need to write onely,) And dyed in the 32th of Elizabeth without iffue by any wife; As also did the said Anne in the first of king James.

Robert Dudley was created Earle of Leicester in the 6th of Elizabeth, and marryed Lettice daughter of St Francis Knolles, And dyed in the thirtieth of Elizabeth without lawfull issue; And Lettice is yet livinge. 1628. The Tombe of whose only son, interred at Warwicke, hath thus; pre resteth the body of the noble Impe Robert of Dudley, Baron of Denbigh, son of Robert Earle of Leicester, nephewe and heire unto Ambrose Earle of Warwicke, brethren, both sons of the mighty prince John late Duke of Northumberland, that was Cozen and heire to St John Gray viscount Lisle, cozen and heire to St Thomas Talbot viscount Lisle, nephewe and heire to the lady Margaret Countess of Shrewsbury eldest daughter and coheire of the noble Earle of Warwicke St Richard Beauchamp, here interred, a child of great parentage, but of greater hope and towardliness, taken from this transitory unto everlasting life in his tender age, at Wansteed in Essex on funday the 19th of July. 1584. the 26th year of the happy raigne of the most vertuous and godly princesse Elizabeth And in this place layd up amongst his noble Ancestors.

And about the tombe of Ambrose Earle of Warwicke, elder brother of the faid Robert Earle of Leicester, is thus. Common Dudley Esq., one of the privy counsell to king Henry the seaventh, maryed Elizabeth sister and sole heire of John Gray viscount Lisle, discended as heir of the eldest daughter and co-heire of Richard Beauchamp Earle of Warwike, and Elizabeth his wife, daughter and heir of the

lord Berkeley and heir of the faid lord Lisle and Tyes, And had John Duke of Northumberland &c.

Hatharine was maried to Henry Hastings Earle of Huntington by whom shee had no iffue.

Mary was maried to S! Henry Sidney president of Wales, And had S! Phillip Sidney knight, and S! Robert and others.

5ir Phillip Sidney had iffue Elizabeth, and dyed in the 28th yeare of Queene Elizabeth in the low Country warrs; And the faid Elizabeth his daughter and heir was maryed to Roger Manors Earle of Rutland and dyed without iffue.

Sir Robert Sidney, brother of St Phillip, was created lord Sidney, viscount Liste, and Earle of Leicester; And by Barbara his wife daughter and heire of John Gamage Efq! had Willim Sidney knight, who dyed unmaryed in . Anno . 1612 . in the tenth of king James: Robert Sidney after his father Earle of Leicester, and others, Anno. 1627. of whom much is to bee written in the life of Henry lord See fol: [775] Berkeley the first of that name.

2. Ellenor the fecond daughter of Elizabeth Counteffe of Warrwike fole daughter of this lord Thomas, was first maryed to Thomas lord Roos of Hamelake, And after to Edmond Beaufort Duke of Somerfet, by both whom shee had iffue; And dyed alsoe in the 7th of Edward the fourth. By her first husband she had iffue Thomas lord Roos, and Margaret marryed to Thomas A-Burrough of whom is iffue; The faid Thomas lord Roos dyed in the life of his mother, leaving iffue Edmond and Ellenor; Edmond was an Ideot, and dyed without iffue; And Ellenor his fifter & heir was maryed to S. Robert Manors, who had iffue between them Geo: Manors lord Roos, who had iffue Thomas Manors created Earle of Rutland in the 17th of Henry the 8th to him and the heires males of his body, And dyed in the 35th of Henry the eighth, leaving iffue Henry Manors lord Roos Earle of Rutland, who dyed in the fifth of Elizabeth, leaving iffue Edwd | lord Roos and Earle 482 of Rutland, and John Manors: Edward dyed in the 29th of Elizabeth, haveing iffue onely Elizabeth maryed to Willim Cicell nowe Earle of Exeter, fon of Thomas late Earle of Exeter: which Willim and Elizabeth had iffue Willim lord Roos who deceased in Anno. 1618. without issue, who maried the daughter of St Thomas Lake, whereon arose that famous Starchamber sute, heard by king James then fitting in Court.

John Manors, brother and heire male of the faid Edward, was after his death Earle of Rutland, And by Elizabeth his wife daughter of ffrancis Charelton had iffue Roger Manors Earle of Rutland, who maryed Elizabeth daughter of St Phillip Sidney aforefaid; And John dyed in . Anno . 1587. But of the faid Roger Manors Earle of Rutland and of the faid Elizabeth his wife is noe iffue, as aforefaid.

Inquis. in Canc. 21 H. 8. in Com. The forefaid Ellenor by Edmond Beaufort Duke of Somerset her second husband, (slaine at S. Albans. 1455,) had issue Henry Beaufort Duke of Somerset eldest son; beheaded in Anno. 1463. sather to Charles lord Harbert, of whom are the Earles of Worcester: And Edmond duke of Somset, second son, who dyed without issue; Ellenor whose second husband was S. Robert Spenser knight, (of whose issue in this place I will only write,) and sower other daughters, called Margaret, Elizabeth, Jone, and Anne, of whom is much honourable issue.

The faid Ellenor and S' Robert Spenfer had iffue, Margaret maryed to Thomas Carey Efq! And Katharine maryed to Henry the fifth Earle of Northumberland, of whom is discended the Earle that now is . 1624.

The faid Thomas Carey and Margaret had iffue John Carey and Wiltm; which Wiltm maryed Mary fecond daughter and co-heire of Thomas Bullein Earle of Wiltshire and Ormond, and of Elizabeth his wife daughter of Thomas Howard Duke of Norfolk; and had iffue Henry Carey and Katharine maryed to S! Francis Knolles, of whom is iffue.

The faid Henry Carey, (created lord Hunsdon,) by Anne his wife daughter of S. Thomas Morgan knight, had iffue George Carey lord Hunsdon, Henry Carey, John, William, Edmond, Robert, Katharine marryed to Charles lord Howard, Earle of Nottingham and Admirall, Philadelph. and Margaret.

- of S! John Spenfer knight, had iffue Elizabeth maried to S! Thomas Berkeley knight, father of George now lord Berkeley, and of Theophila wife of S! Robert Coke knight Anno. 1624. the noble dedicatees of these collections; of whom more is hereafter written in the life of Henry lord Berkeley the first of that name.
 - 3. The forefaid Elizabeth third daughter of Elizabeth Countesse of Warwicke, fole daughter of this Thomas lord Berkeley, was maryed to George Nevill lord Latimer,

Latimer, a younger fon of Ralph Nevill Earle of Westmorland by his fecond wife; which George dyed in the ninth of Edward the fourth; And the faid Elizabeth his wife the Twentieth of Edward the fourth; And had iffue Henry Nevill lord Latimer, id est Latimer, who dyed also in the ninth of Edward the fourth. And was father of Richard Nevill lord Latimer who dyed in the twentieth of Henry the 7th 2nd was father of John Nevill lord Latimer, and Wiftm, (from which Wiftm is iffue male at this day;) The faid John Nevill lord Latimer dyed in the 34th of Henry the 8th leaving iffue John Nevill lord Latimer, who dyed in the 19th of Elizabeth, leaving iffue fower daughters and co-heires. viz! Katharine maryed to Henry Earle of Northumberland, Dorothy maryed to St Thomas Cicell late Earle of Exeter, Lucy marryed to S! William Cornwallis, And Elizabeth maryed to S! John Danvers knight, And after to S! Edmond Carey aforefaid. Of whose multiplyed posterityes flourishing at this day, to write in particular would enoble some pages in this place; which I here omit, As onely pointing at the honorable posterity of this lord Thomas, now livinge Anno. 1628. which the labours of most heralds do performe.

His Seales of Armes.

- 1. The Seales of Armes which this lord used were different: At first when hee attained full age, hee fealed with the Cheveron and ten croffes, about two Inches diameter, without supporters or crest, circumscribed sigillum Thomæ de Berkelee.
- 2. In the middle part of his life, hee fealed with the Cheveron and ten croffes 484 fupported by two mairmaides without crest, sircumscribed sigillum Thomæ ani de Berkeley, in bredth as aforefaid.
- 3. In the later part of his life hee fealed with the Cheveron and ten croffes cornerwife, with the mairmaides for fupporters, and the helmet for creft, The circumscription and bredth as last aforesaid. See the representations.







Dis

his death and place of buriall.

Newl: ped. in castro de Berkeley. Escaet. post mort. Tho: dni Berkeley 5. H. 5. et bis sub magno sigillo in castro de Berkeley Anno. 1417. the glasse of this lord Thomas runneth out, at Wotton Vnder edge, hee then of the age of 64. yeares six monthes and eight days, whereof hee had sate lord. 49. yeares one month and. 5. dayes; And lived a widdower the last twenty six years thereof or neer thereabouts; And lyeth buryed in the parish Church of Wotton vnder edge with the translated bones of the lady Margaret his wife resting by him, under a saire Tombe there.

Nos quos certus amor primis conjunxit ab annis Iunxit idem tumulus, junxit idemque polus. In youth our parents joyn'd our hands, our felves our harts, This Tombe our bodyes hath, th'heavens our better parts.

Vlt. volunt. in Cur. prerog: Cant. anno 5. H. 5. To his onely daughter the Countes of Warwicke by his will, this lord gave his best pair of morninge mattens, and one boll and twenty pound in it. And to his nephewe and heire male James Berkeley hee gave his best bed, and his great boll of Jett, And twenty compleat Armors and twenty lances, which will was proved the tenth day after his death.

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His lands whereof hee dped seized.

Escaet: 5. H. 5. post mort. Thomæ dni: Berkeley.

Inquis: sub magno figillo in castro de Berkeley: brothers fon, were all this lords lands divided; to Elizabeth discended all the mannors and lands which came by the lady Margaret her mother, before mentioned in the life of this lord; And also all the manors and lands whereof this lord her father died seized in see simple or in see tayle general, whether of his own purchase, or which came to him by discent, in the Countyes of Gloucester, Somerset, Buckingham, Wilts, Northton, Devon, Cornwall, Oxon, and Berks; and in the Cities of London and Bristoll, and some other places, which were about thirty manors, besides Advowsons of Churches, Abbathies, Chantryes, hundreds, knights fees, and many lands, tenements, fishings, and liberties, not being parcell of any manors; As by divers Inquisitions sound after his death in most of the said Counties appeareth; shee then of the age of twenty six yeares and upwards.

Efcaet: 5. H. 5. post mort. Tho: dni Berkeley:

And to the faid James, (then of the age of twenty three years and upwards,) difcended the Castle and Barony of Berkeley; And the manors of Berkeley, Hame, Appleridge, Alkington, Hinton, Slimbridge, Came, Cowley, Wotton-Burrow, Wotton fforren,

fforren, Simondfall, and Vpton S! Leonards, and the hundred of Berkeley in the county of Glouc: by force of the fine leavyed in the faid 23th of Edward the third, to the heires males, and by the affurances as is before declared; And the manor of Portbury and Porteshned, and the hundred of Portbury in the County of Somerset, by force of the like fine leavyed to the heires males, by the faid lord Thomas in the 26th of the same kinge: And also the manor of Hurst and two and twenty markes rent in fframpton upon Seaverne, by force of a conveyance thereof made in the fixteenth of Edward the third, As formerly in his life and of Maurice his fon is declared.

dated 26. Septem^r apud Beverston.

The fame James had alsoe at this time of his unckles death, or shortly thereupon, from his own father and mother and younger brother, the manors of Ragelon, Talgarth, Tore, Edishall, Straddewy, and divers others in Wales, Daglingworth in the County of Gloucester, And also by other mixt means | the manors of Sages, litle Marshfeild, and Arlingham, in the faid County of Gloucester, as after followeth in his life.

Doe that an honorable and opulent revenue still remained to the male line for fupport of the honor thereof, notwithstanding the great and rich possessions caryed from it by the faid Elizabeth cozen germane of the faid James.

The application and use of his life.

I. This lord Thomas to the fmart of his double posterity (nephewe and daughter, The use. line masculine and femynine) greatly erred, either by too longe a deliberacon or by an inconftancy in his refolution, as a man feeming over-combated in himfelf, betweene name and nature, whether to leave his barony lands and name to his heire male his brothers fon, or to the frute of his own body, his onely daughter the Countes of Warwicke, then wife to the first Earle of the land: The ill effect wherof, the lives of the two next lords at large bewailes: whereby it might have been reproached and fully faid to him, as the prophet Elijah faid to the children of Ifraell before Ahab their kinge, **Dowe** longe halt ye ebetween two opinions, If the lord bee God 1. Kings. chap. 18. follow him, But if Baall bee hee then followe him. The counsell of Isaiah the prophet to king Ezekiah was good, because fent from God, put thine house in order for thou shalt dye and not live, which this lord Thomas neglecting, hee hath thereby damnifyed his posterity more then one hundred thousand pounds, And insteed of 2. 3. fetlinge a perpetuity of good to his posterity, which a constant Testament would have done, By | omission thereof hee cast both his heires male and semale on their 487 knees, as the fequell alonge the lives that follow will make too manifest.

Rot. parliam. 23:

vers: 21.

2: Kings. ch. 20. 38. Ifaiah. vers. 1.

2. The F 2

- 2. The fairest mold that this lords posterity can cast this error in, is to say, That this their Ancestor beinge a deep wise man, (as the double uses hee made of both the opposite houses of Yorke and Lancaster in advancement of his own ends, if nothing els there were, declares,) Hee would on the one fide ferve himfelfe with the Court favour of his fon in lawe, one of the most powerfull and best favored subjects of his time, loaden with honors and offices of state, And on the other side, simul et femel, in the fame feafons make harvest of the person of his said nephewe and heire male, by a double fale of his mariage, first to St John St John, and after to St Humphry Stafford, not sticking in those agreements to declare his faid nephewe to bee heir to all his inheritance intailed. And yet turning to the other shoulder declares to others about him his purpose to bee, That his daughter should inherite the wholl lumpe of his lands, as in the next life is deposed: Not more certainly declareing by any overt act, who should bee his heire, or lord Berkeley after him. then Queene Elizabeth did her fucceffor, to keep thereby all competitors and parties in hope, fear, and love, and foe make use of all: But this altum sapere with this lord almost marred all.
- 3. And againe, That by not declareing his heire, both parties had care, if not to ferve yet not to discontent him; And againe prevented envy and practice in the one of them towards the other, and preserved his own reputation and authority with both, And kept all dependance of servants and others upon himselfe.
- 4. Againe let this lords posterity take into considercon how this their Ancestor counselled and aided the fall and deposition, (I will not say death,) of king Richard the second his Soveraigne lord, for the love hee bare to Henry the sourth, and the advancement of his own ends; And how that disloyalty and doublenes seemes to bee punished by the searcher of all secrets, as well in his bereast of iffue male of his body, As in the blouddy and irksome controverses of more then sower generations, that sell into his samily through his waveringe and ill settlement of his estate, and other judgments of God.

A short Corollary.

488 To fumme up all that hitherto from Hardinge hath been faid: It is to bee acknowledged that this antient family of the lords of Berkeley was in the dayes of this lord Thomas, and in him, (who in statelynes and magnificence peramounted all his Ancestors,) in the highest exaltation that it had before reached unto, and inriched with the amplest possessions for support of the honor thereof, with a likely outwardness

outwardness foe to have continued, which also this lords opinion of himself seems to bee futable unto: who after the manner of Princes in his tres and writings would joyne the pronoune plurall to his name in the fingular number, And write, nos not, ego. Thomas Berkeley dñs de Berkeley, Wee Thomas Berkeley lord of Berkeley; And daĩ. in manerio nostro de Portbury, Dated in our manor of Portbury; And the like, which none of his Ancestors had soe prompoully before used to doe.

And it is an eminent enfigne of the greatnes and pious merits of this family, That one no more travelled than my felfe, should have feen above one hundred churches and oratories in the Counties of Gloucester and Somerset, and in the Cities of Gloucester, Bristoll, and Bath, (besides as many more in other Counties and places, as mine acquaintances have faithfully related to mee,) having their coates of Armes and Eschucheons, yea some their pictures, set up in their windows and walls, in and before this lords dayes, and their croffes formees, in their true bearings, to bee as the fimbriæ, edges or philacteries in the skirts and borders of many of them, not yet in these devastating times, demolished.

And my old age, (now in my great climaterique year of 63,) would think the knowledge rare for any Antiquary now living in this Kingdome, to shew mee any other race of the English Nobility foe to have continued unattainted for twenty fucceffive generations in a male line, And to have foe eminently excelled in Armes and Almes, as this Berkeleyan family hitherto had done: But now cleaves this noble house in funder, rending her possessions into fundry parts, by the | default of 489 this overwife lord Thomas, And lyes pressed under blouddy brauls and lawe sutes . of . 192 . years agitation, between the faid heire male, and heire generall, two cozen germans and their iffues, before they came to peace; 21nd as old S. Thomas Harris a ferjeant at lawe in the time of king James once merrily faid to a Sollicitor of the then lord Berkeleys, had with their longe walkings beaten fmooth the pavements betweene Temple barre, and Westminster hall, To leave a memoriall whereof, invited my essayes to these collections.

And henceforth in the lives that follow, it is a kind of misfortune to my labors, That with the life of this lord Thomas ended all that regularity which for many ages had been observed in th'estate and houshold affaires of these lords, in the Accompts of their Receivors, keepers of the wardrobe, Steward of houfhold, Clark of the kitchen, Reeves & Bayleys of manors and hundreds, and the like accomptants, which were by their Auditors with fingular care and exactnes, yearly cast up, and and preferved ingroffed in parchment, As the marginalls hitherto have witneffed, which henceforth are neglected: And, vbi nullus est ordo, ibi est consusio; All for want of order, is sound out of order, and come to wast; And it is a true observation in all great families, That where noe government or order is observed, there consumption followes, if not of all, yet of too great a part of that great mans estate.

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The Life of Iames the First

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The Life of James lord Berkeley fon of James, called James the first, stiled in writings Jacobus de Berkeley chivaleir. And Jacobus de Berkeley dns de Berkeley, And Jacobus Berkeley de Berkeley miles And Jacobus dns de Berkeley miles. And Jacobus de Berkeley miles dns de Berkeley miles. And Jacobus de Berkeley miles dns de Berkeley. And nobilis vir dominus Jacobus Berkeley miles dominus de Berkeley.

Anno. 6. H. 6.

And was tritavus to George now lord Berkeley, the fixth lineall discendent from this lord James.

And may bee called James the Just.

Contemporarap with Henry the fifth, Henry the fixth and Edward the fourth from . 1417. till . 1463.

Whose troubled life I present to his posterity under these thirteen titles. viz!

- 1.—Dig birth and education . fol: [492]
- 2.—Dis futes in lawe. fol: [493, 512]
- 3.—A discourse of the barony of Berkeley and of the precedency thereof. sol: [502]
- 4.—Dis rewards to fervants. fol: [535]
- 5.—Dis mifcellaniæ or various passages . fol : [536]
- 6.—Dig wives . fol : [538]
- 7.—**Dis** iffue . fol: [541]
- 8.—Berkeley of Worcestershire . fol : [546]
- 9.—Berkelen of Herefordshire. fol: [545]
- 10.—Dig feales of Armes. fol: [553]
- 11.—Dig death and place of buriall. fol: [554]
- 12.—Dis lands whereof hee dyed feized . fol: [555]
- 13.—The application and use of his life. fol: [556]

His

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His birth and education.

his lord James fon and heire of that S. James Berkeley whom formerly I have distinguished by the name of James the welshman, was born at Ragelan in Monmouthshire, where his father then dwelt upon his wifes inheritance, under whom hee was fomwhat too indulgently brought up till the death of his father, when shortly after upon the remariage of his mother to Willim Thomas a gentleman of that nation, his unckle the lord Thomas the fourth of that name, (whose life is last related,) then a widdower, and without iffue male, and not intending, (as the fequell declared,) to marry againe, fent for this James and his younger brother Maurice, about the 8th year of king Henry the fourth; where with him at Berkeley Castle, and at Wotton and other his removeing houses, this James and his brother Maurice continued, being generally reputed as heires males and inheritable to the barony of Berkeley by virtue of their great grandfathers entaile; And the 19th of Aprill in the eleaventh yeare of the faid king Henry the fourth It was by Articles mutually fealed between the faid lord Thomas, and S' John S! John knight, agreed, That the faid lords two nephews and heires male James and Maurice, (the one then fixteene years of age, and the other fourteen,) should marry the two daughters of the faid S! John S! John, wherein they are declared to bee the heires males of their faid unckle, and inheritable to all the lands intayled, if their faid unckle should dye without iffue male of his body; And each of them gave to the other fecurity of . 600 penalty to perform the agreements; 10 high agreement (if it tooke effect) was foone diffolved by the death of this James's wife; for the faid Thomas by like articles fower years and three monthes after, bearing date the 25th of July in the fecond year of king Henry the 5th agreeth with S! Humphry Stafford knight, for a mariage to bee had between his faid nephewe James, and the daughter of the faid St Humphry; whose portion was agreed to bee fix hundred markes; And herein also his faid uncle declares this James to bee his heir male to the inheritance intail'd. And this mariage also tooke effect, as under the title of the 493 wives of this lord James more largely doth appeare: But whether the faid lord Thomas really intended, as his agreements purported, that his faid nephews should foe inherite him, I determine not, because proofe by oath was made after his death to the contrary.

carta in castro de Berk:

carta in castro de Berk:

Dis

His suites in lawe.

This lord James at the decease of his faid unckle the lord Thomas was neer about twenty three years old, and at the house of the said S! Humphry Stafford in Dorfetshire, whose daughter not longe before hee had maryed according to the forefaid later articles, whose christian name, (neither of the daughter of St John St John,) I could never find in any writing or record. The Earle of Warwicke and the lady Elizabeth his wife were either at Wotton or at Berkeley Castle at the st lords death, whereby they had the advantage to enter upon the faid manor house and Caftle, and to possesse themselves of all the evidences of the said lord Thomas, whereof forthwith they caufed abstracts in many longe rolls of paper of each manor to bee made of all fuch deeds as they tooke not away, most of which rolls at this time are in the faid Castle, regained by Willm lord Berkeley son of this lord James in the tenth year of king Edward the fourth; when having flaine the lord Thomas viscount Lisle great grandchild of the faid Countes Elizabeth, hee forthwith enforced and plundred the faid manor house of Wotton, whereof much is after written in the life of the faid lord Wiffm. And to the faid Earle and his wife, as to the more noble and potent party, did all the Executors and greatest fervants of the family of the faid lord Thomas prefent their fervices and adhere.

And the provident Earle to make the possession of the said Castle and of the entayled manors, (which hee then also got,) the more legall and faire unto him, or at least soe to seeme, Hee the 21th of July, (the 8th day after the lord Thomas's death,) obtained of king Henry the fifth a grant of the custody of all the faid lords lands and Castle, as longe as they should bee in the kings hands, under such a valew as should bee mentioned in the offices to bee found, by the manucaption of Thomas 494. Berkeley Clarke become the Earles Receivor; which rent the. 12th of June in the next year was remitted to the Earle; And by force of the faid grant in the fame year and in the two next, the faid Earle received the rents, and kept Courts in all the faid manors entayled to the heires males, as the rolls thereof in the names of himself and of the lady Elizabeth his wife, without any relation to the kings grant, doe shewe: whereby it appeareth that the Earle and his wife pretended right to the Barony of Berkeley and to all the manors and lands thereto belonging; which alfoe the answer of the lady Margaret their eldest daughter and co-heire made in Chan- Respon: in Canc: cery, (mentioned at large in the life of this lords fon,) sheweth to bee true.

pat. 6. H. 5. m: 29.

Court rolls. 5.6.7: H. 5. in castr. de Berk:

6. E. 4.

This lord James on the other part, the fifteenth of July, (which was the fecond day after his unckles death whereby their posting on both sides appeareth,) sueth-

And

m: 28.

billa in Canc: in turre London.

> 1. pars breviū regis. 5. H. 5.

Eschaet. 5. H. 5. post mort. Tho: de Berkeley.

495 Rot. fin. 5. H. 5. m. 1. ct 12. Inter present. et dies dat. in Trin. rec: 4. H. 6. rot. 2. Hillar. 4. H. 6. rot. 2. Hillar. 5. H. 6. rot. 30. Orig: 2. H.6. rot. 30. Trin. 14. H. 6. rot. 6. ct liti: retior Hillar 5. H. 6. cum rem thesaur: comp. Escaet. 5. H. 5. in bag. Hillar: 5. H. 6. rot 30. m. fca. Fines: 5. H. 5. in turre m: 1. et. 14. Orig: in scaĉio. 5. H. 5. rot. 30.

Rot. fin: 5. H. 5. out of Chancery a writ of diem clit extremum directed to the Escheator of the County of Glouc, to enquire of what manors and lands and of what estate his faid unckle dyed feized, and who was inheritable thereunto, (I fpeak not of other the like writs into fowerteen other Counties fued out by the faid Earle,) whereupon twelve of the most worshipfull gentlemen and of the best liveliode within the County of Glouc, (they are the words of an old record,) were impanelled at Glouc the munday before Michaelmas day then next following, And fworne to prefent according to the tenure of the faid writ; what time through the opposition then arising upon the evidence, the jury was adjourned to a further day: But the Earle having, (as it feemeth,) tasted the purpose of the Jury to find against him, procureth the 22th of October following, a fecond writ out of the faid Court, in the nature of a fuperfedeas, to countermaund the former; This lord James laboreth to have the Jury proceed, and an Inquifition to bee found, And obtaineth a third writ out of the faid Court commanding the Escheator to appear in that Court in person; when all the Judges of both benches are fent for by the lord Chancellor, by whose advice an other writ dated the fifth of Novem! is awarded, whereby the former countermandment is recalled, and the Escheator commanded to proceed upon his first writ of diem clit extrem; And foe the Jury at length give up their verdit, And found this lord James heire male to his faid unckle Thomas, And that hee was to inherite the faid Castle of Berkeley and the twelve manors of Berkeley, Hame, Appleridge, Alkington, Hinton, Hurst, Wotton, Simondfall, Came, Cowley, Slimbridge, and Upton St Leonards, with Advowsons of the Churches of Wotton and Slimbridge and the hundred of Berkeley, and twenty two marks | rent in Frampton upon Seaverne in the County of Glouc., by vertue of the faid fine leavyed by the lord Thomas the third in the 23d year of king Edward the third, and by other affurances by him made, as formerly in his life hath been declared; And that the fame were holden of the king in capite by two knights fees and an half; But to all other manors and lands of the faid lord Thomas, (Portbury in Somerfetshire excepted,) they find the faid Elizabeth wife to the faid Earle of Warwicke to bee heire: Accordingly shee and her husband, the fifteenth of December following, sue their livery for the fame manors and lands, And for five markes paid to the king have their homage respited; And in the fifth of Henry the fixth the said Earle paid his Releefe according, fetting over the Releefe of the intayled lands upon this lord James, in perticular names, accordingly to the faid Inquisicon; And likewise the lord James the first of the same December for the faid Castle and manors intailed doth his fealty; And for ten markes paid into the Hanaper hath his homage respited.

And because this family is now rent afunder, And this Inquisition after the death of the last lord Thomas, the very wedge, (as it were,) that cleaveth it between the two brothers children, the heir male and the heir generall, I will here prefent this family with the words of an old writing of that time, which age and bad keeping have made almost illegible, in these words. It'm after deces of Thomas late lord Berkeley, unckle to James that now claymeth, upon a diem clausit extremū take before one Robert Glbt, Efchetor of the Shire of Glouc., which was a suffitient learned man, & a fadde, And in his precept to the Shreve of the faid County which returned twelve the worthiest Squires of the faid shire at Glouc., And the having grete deliberación of divers dayes by the space of nyne weeks, And both parties and their Counfells being prefent, That is to fay, Richard Earle of Warr and Elizabeth his wife daughter to the faid Thomas, and her counfell on the one party, and the faid James and his counfell on that other pty, And all matters shewed to them at that time, as is now, They found the Taill of the faid James of the faid lordshipp and manors, and would not in noe wife allowe the matteirs on the faid Erle is perte; whereby it appereth evidently, That though that were an enquest of office, yet fin it was don openly and by gode Courts of lawe, And the perties being in travers thereof having knowledge and being thereat, and hadden their refonable challenges to the polles by the which all fuch perfons were avoyded and put out by the discretion of the faid Escheter, And by the which it was founden, | that the faid 496 James had right according to his evidence shewed to them, notwithstanding the great might of the faid Earle And that hee and his wife that time were in possession in the Castle of Berkeley, And in all the wholl lordship, having in ward all the evidences thereof with them; upon which office the faid James had livery of record.

duo veter: manufcr: in castro de Berkeley.

It'm after the faid livery was awarded to the faid James upon the faid office, the faid Richard Earle and Elizabeth his wife kept the faid Castle lordship and manors with strength divers years, unto the time of our Soveraigne lord king Harry the fifth father to our foveraigne lord that nowe is, upon a remonstrance of the right of this lord James, being greatly displeased with the said Earle, comaunded him to voyd the possession thereof; And then after decese of our faid Soveraigne lord, the faid Richard Earle entred agen in the faid manors of Wotton and others, And laid about the faid Castle of Berkeley grete multitude of people in maner of warre; In which time were many perfons hurt and maymed, and fome flayne, for which cause, by mediation and labor of the worshipfull in God Phillip late Bishop of Wircestr, the faid parties were put in ordinance of the faid Bishop and St John Iuyn Justice, which to pefe the matter for a tyme, ordained to the faid Earle the manors of Wotton,

Cowley,

Cowley, and Simondfall, for the terme of his life by expres words in writing, not fpecifying as by the courtefy of England as it appeareth; And to the faid James all the remnant comprifed within his fine, to him and to his heires males of his body according to his title: Thus the two old writings of that time.

This lord James laboureth also to fue his livery and to pay his Barons releefe, and to have these his lands, (according to the ceremony of the lawe,) out of the kings hands, which through the savor of the time, and the overgreatness of the Earle, (not fattisfied with the Inquisicon,) hee could not procure.

497 An untrue oath certainly. Sebroke late Steward of [the] houshold to the faid lord Thomas, is by procurement of the faid Earle brought before the Mayor of Southton, and there deposeth That the faid lord his late master, in Christmas time in the fourth of that king, (the last before his death,) | beinge in his withdrawing chamber in his manor of Wotton, shewed to him, (amongst many other writings,) one old deed of entails of the castle and lordshipp of Berkeley with all the members thereof, made in the time of Robert fitz Harding, which hee then saw and read over; upon his reading whereof his said lord very hastely snatched the same from him, sayinge hee well remembred the contents of that writing.

cartæ in castro. de Berkeley. comp. de Slimbr: 4. H. 5. pro. rec: in castro de Berkeley.

And about the fame time John Bone-John vicar of Berkeley, (fucceffor to learned Trevifa,) and one of the faid Lord Thomas Executors, and till his death his Receiver, before the Mayor of Briftoll made oath That the faid lord Thomas about the time of his paffage towards the parts of Britayne, to conduct from thence the Queene of England into England, or about the time that hee was created lord Admirall by king Henry the fourth, enfeoffed him and others of the Castle lordship and hundred of Berkeley and of all his lands within the County of Glouc., and of the manor and hundred of Portbury and of the third part of the manor of Portishned, and of the manors of Walton and Bedminstre, with the hundreds of Bedminstre and Hareclive, To hold to them in fee without any Condicon, And that the Deed was executed by livery and seisin, & by Atturneament of the Tenants, And that Courts accordingly were holden in the feosses names.

chres: 6. H. 5. pars. 1.

wholl Barony, That the fifteenth of June in the fixth of Henry the fifth, hee procured of the king a confirmation of the first charters of King John of the manor and barony of Berkeley and of all Berkeley hernesse.

ffrom the time that this lord James did his fealty in the Exchequer, and was thereby and by the respiting of his homage accepted the kings tenant in cheife for his Barony, hee for two years togeather continued the possession of his said Castle of Berkeley and of most of his faid entailed manors: After which time the faid Earle, incouraged as well by the former Affidavits and other of like kind, as by the affiftance of all the greatest fervants to his late father in lawe, (as after I shall touch,) came with great force and befeiged the faid Castle, wherein the said James then was: Howbeit upon the refort thither of Phillip Morgan then Bishop of Worcester, (in whose | dioces it then was,) and of divers others of great worship, they ceafed that great ryot, and caufed the faid Earle to leave the Seige and to depart: Thus faith that record.

vetus manuscr: in castro de Berkeley.

bill. in Canc. 6.

21 no yet in that mean time, the first of Aprill in the seaventh of Henry the fifth, this Earle of Warwicke had a privy feal from the Custos of England, not to bee fued or impleaded by this lord James or any other.

Rot. franc. 7. H. 5. m: 11.

This lord not finding in himselfe sufficient strength to wrastle with soe potent an adversary, And confidering that all the old and principall fervants of his unckle had turned their intelligences against him, And that hee was deprived of his antient evidences, wifely winneth with his purfe the affiftance of Humphry Duke carta in caftro of Gloucester the kings brother; And privately at London the first of November in the 8th of Henry the fifth, (about one year after the faid Seige,) becometh bound to Tyrrell and Sherington, (men whom the Duke much trufted,) in ten thousand markes, to pay them one thousand markes within one year and an half after hee should have fued livery of his Castle and lordship of Berkeley and have the quiet possession thereof, (from whence it seems the faid Earle had lately ejected him,) And to grant to the faid Duke the revercon in ffee Simple of all his lands in Wales and elfe where to the valewe of four hundred markes by the year, which were the inheritance of his mother; favinge only to himfelfe an estate therein for his own life after the fame should bee recovered: But if by means of the faid Duke hee the faid James could not get livery of his faid Castle and lordshipp of Berkeley out of the kings hands, Then the faid bond of ten thousand markes to bee void.

de Berkeley.

Bp this close compact this lord James who before was as a weak hopp, havinge now got a strong pole fastly to wind about, grew up and bore the fruite of his own defires; And within few months after in Michaelmas Terme in the ninth of the faid king, upon a petition to the king feconded by the Said Duke of Glouc., had

Rec. in scacio cum rem. thes. 9. H. 5. term Mich. rot. 1. lib: retiors. 9. H. 5. cm rem thesaur.

Comp. Escaet: 2. H. 6. in baga de pertic: in scacio

licence to fue his livery of the faid Castle and lordshipp of Berkeley, And payeth, as the Releefe of a Baron and peere of the Realme, one hundred markes according to the Statute of magna charta for his inheritance foe intailed, and found by Inqui-499 ficon fower years past as aforesaid; which saith this record are holden per fervicium Baronia vnius baroniæ integræ, by the service of an intire barony, And for better proofe of the tenure foe to bee, voucheth that excellent record in the fame office in the fourth of Edward the third, formerly mentioned in the life of his great grandfather, Thomas lord Berkeley the third of that name. And herewith also agreeth the Escheators cum rem: thes: Accompt of this County in the fecond year of Henry the fixth.

pat: 9. H. 5. ps. 1.

Rot. parliam. 9. H. 5. in dorso.

> claus: 9. H. 5. dorfo.

pat. roll. 9. H. 5. pars. 1. in dorfo. pat: 10. H.5. dorfo.

And then also the second of September is this lord first brought into the Comission of the peace in this County of Glouc., and first of all other therein named. And the king the twentieth of the next month fent his writ to this lord to bee at the parliament the first of December following, as hee then did to other peeres of the Realme: And being in the faid fomons of parliament named the last of all other Barons, it may bee conjectured That his writ was fealed and fent by it felf after hee had paid his Releefe in the Terme before, for in other fomons of parliament hee is named. with the first, or first of all. 21 nd by his being in the said Comission of the peace the faid fecond of September the fame ninth yeare named the first Comissioner of all the fowerteen therein, And this being feaven weeks before the fomons of parliament, And hee placed before the Judges, It may give affurance That hee was taken for a Baron from his unckles death, though not called to the parliament till after.

Rot.recogn.tenen. manerijdeCowley. 9. H. 5.

19 in dorso.

And now at whitfontide this yeare did the Tenants of the manor of Cowley, and fuch others as had flood out or were drawn against this lord, (now become their landlord,) Atturne and recognize their tenures and fervices, and pay to him their rents; And this was the influence of the forefaid private Articles with the Duke of Gloucester, at this time protector of the Realme, That in this fort foe changed the feafon of the times and the benefit of the lawes in them; And as a further addition claus: 1. H. 6. m: of honor to that private bargaine, (as it may feeme,) this lord James was also about this time knighted, for the 17th of November in the first year of Henry the fixth, I find the Bishop of London, Chancellor of the dutchy of Normandy, to deliver up that feale to the young king at Windfor in the presence of the said duke of Glouc., Richard Earle of Warwicke, and this lord James, by the name of Jacobus de 500 Berkeley chivaler, when, no doubt | they were met at Court about their arbitrement; for the tenth of September before, the faid Earle of Warrwicke and this

lord

lord James, (by the name of Jacobus dñs Berkeley without miles or chivaler,) had claus: 1. H. 6. m. mutually entred into feverall recognizances of ten thousand markes the peece each to other to stand to the arbitrement of Phillip Bishop of Worcester, Judge Iuyn and others, concerning all articles wanting any declaration, contained in two Indentures late made betweene the faid Earle and lord Berkeley; Provided allways that the Arbitrators meddle not with any fecurity of any manors in the faid Indentures contained, or of the manors of Wotton, Portbury, Cerney, and Cernecote; And also doe stand to their award for all sutes and debates touching their fervants heretofore moved or depending, (excepting those that arose between their fervants at Hamersmyth by London, and of the blows then given, which they have submitted to the Duke of Gloucester;) Soe that the award bee made before Christmas day next.

Many were the bickerings of the faide Earle and lord James and of their fervants wherefoever they met: And oftener were the inrodes incursions and depredations which each of them made upon each others tenants, as after will more perticularly appeare.

As for the Indentures mentioned in the Condicon of the faid recognizances, I could never have the hap to receive that light which their perufall would have given, to the ground of the troubles which fell out upon the faid Earles death.

apon the faid referance nothing feemes to have been done, for that the Twentieth of May following they entred into new recognizances of ten thousand markes apeece either to other, to performe the award of the bishops of London and Worcester and of three others, or of any three of them, or of any other three fit persons, by the faid Earle and lord Berkeley to bee named, Soe that the award bee made before midfomer day next.

claus: r. H. 6. m. 2. in dorfo.

Pothing being done upon that fecond reference, A third was to the fame parties, for performance whereof the faid Earle and lord Berkeley became bound mutually each to other in the fum of ten thousand | pounds apeece, Soe that the 501 award were made before all Sts day then next, whereupon though noe award was made, yet upon another reference, an award was in part made the 24th of November ex vetufto codice in the third year of king Henry the fixth composing part of the differences between the faid Earle of Warrwicke et reverendum dominum Jacobum dominum de Berkeley, by the faid Phillip Bishop of Worcester and John Iuyn, through the great and unwearied

claus: 2. H. 6. m: 18. in dorso.

manuscr: cmWillo Oldisworth Ar: de medio templo. fo. carta in castro de Berkeley.

502

unwearied labor of the lord Henry Bishop of Winchester, wherein also the said Arbitrators promifed their further award before Michaelmas day next after, which was performed on the fixth of October in the sourth year of king Henry the sixth, by the said Phillip Morgan bishop of Worcester and John Iuyn cheise Justice of the kings bench, whereby the manors of Wotton, Simondsall, and Cowley, and divers lands, tenements, and rents in sframpton upon Seavern, Cromall, Acton, Kingscote, Michelhampton in the County of Glouc., and the hundreds of Hareclive and Portbury and the manor of Porteshned, Limeridge wood, Weston in Gordan, and certaine lands in Uphill and Criston in the County of Somerset, were awarded to the said Earle for his life, And the manors of Came, Hinton, and Slimbridge, and all lands tenements and hereditaments in those manors in the County of Gloucester, were (amongst others) awarded to the said Lord James and the heires males of his body.

And thus was peace fetled for the Joynt lives of the faid Earle and this lord James, which held for thirteen yeares, till the Earle dyed, both of them then newly marryed to their fecond wives, as in fit places shall bee delivered: what the Earle gained I know not, but this peace I am affured cost the lord James soe deere, having no personall estate from any of his Ancestors, and none of the portion of his first wife, that hee became much indebted; a continuall borrower, and often of small sums, and some of those upon pawnes, yea of Church vestments and Altar-goods; And recovered not himself in estate, (through the worser troubles that fell upon him after the death of the said Earle,) whilst hee lived, Soe that he lived and dyed in a farr meaner port and condition than any of his Ancestors from the dayes of Harding the Dane.

Of the Barony of Berkeley and of the precedency thereof.

Patinge now the advantage of a place most proper for that purpose, I will deliver mine opinion of the place and precedency of George now lord Berkeley amongst his sellow Barons, in the assembly of parliament or other honorable meetings; which is the discharge of the promises I made in the life of Robert the first, when I treated of the first grant of this Barony of Berkeley made to the said Robert and his heirs, makeing the question to bee, (as made it is,) whether the lord George shall take his precedency from the said Robert the first, made a Baron by king Henry the second in the first of his raigne, Or from the death of the said lord Thomas the sourch that dyed in the fifth year of King Henry the fifth, Anno. 1417, leavinge issue Elizabeth his onely daughter and heire, maryed to Richard Beauchamp

Earle

Earle of Warwicke, as often formerly hath been declared; Or from the call by writ of king Henry the eighth in the fourteenth year of his raigne, made to Maurice the fixth, As after followeth in his life.

fol: [634]

In the life of the faid lord Robert the first, I have mentioned three forts of fol:[37] Baron, 1th by tenure . 2th by writ, and 3th by patent or creation; And how the faid lord George is a Baron by tenure, And not called originally by writ nor by any patent creation, which is a truth past all question upon the records hitherto mentioned in the life of each lord untill the death of the faid lord Thomas the fourth. And that this lord James tooke not his place of precedency from the time of his unckles death, neither was called anew by any writ, but that hee was, upon the inherency of the dignity to the honor and splendor of the Castle and manor of Berkeley, fetled at this his first parliament in the ninth of king Henry the fifth, within a few weeks after his livery fued, (what time the faid Elizabeth was livinge,) upon the cushion of his old Ancestors, is also as certaine.

It will bee denyed at the first chop, That at the parliament in the 9th | yeare 503 of Henry the fifth when this lord James was first called thereto, That the faid Elizabeth was then livinge; And urged will this family bee to prove it; for foe (as I have heard) more then twenty years past was this lord Abergavenny put to doe, when hee vouched this president in proofe of his affertion, before Robert Deverox Earle of Effex then Earle Marshall.

first therefore to prove her death is her Epitaph before mentioned, which fol: [478] declareth That shee dyed the 28th of December in the first year of Henry the sixth. Anno. 1422. as are the collections of Heralds in their traditionary bookes, and divers old manuscripts; which is much confirmed by the will of her husband, proved in the prerogative Court of Canterbury feaventeen years after. And there is one Court roll amongst the evidences of the lord George Berkeley, holden in the ninth year of Henry the fifth after the fomons of the faid parliament, stiled Curia Rici de bello campo et Elizabethæ vxoris ejus &c: And at a reference to Judges in ferjeants Inne hall, in the times of controverfy between Henry lord Berkeley and Robert Sidney. now Earle of Leicester, in October Anno quinto Jacobi Regis, his Counsell, (himself then prefent,) shewed forth an Accompt of a manor proving her livinge in the first of Henry the fixth, And no doubt but with his lordship and S! ffulke Grevill lord of Warwicke Castle are many others of like kind.

Rot. Curiæ in castr. de Berkeley.

Amongst

Trim: 4: H: 6. rot. 2. ex parte rem. thefaur: inter presentacoes et dies dat:

Amongst the prefentations in Trinity Terme in the 4th of Henry the fixth in the Exchequer, it doth appear that the Sheriffs of Gloucester and other Counties had in Michmas Terme in the first and fecond of Henry the sixth returned her dead: And these kind of Records and the writs of Hillary Terme in the first of Henry the fixth, in divers Counties where shee had lands of inheritance, (formerly mentioned,) do make the time of her death certaine after that parliament of the ninth of Henry the fifth was ended.

fol: [37]

I have also said in the life of the lord Robert the first, That a Baron by tenure is hee that holdeth any honor Castle or manor as the head of his barony in capite per baroniam which is grand Serjeanty: Now if the Castle honor or manor soe holden in Baronage, (as most assuredly this of Berkeley is,) bee alyened without the 504 kings licence or confent it is forfeited to the kinge; | And fuch dignity or estate is no longer to continue and bee borne, but to bee refumed and extinguished in the Crown from whence it was derived, As in ye case of Willim de Bruse in the time of Edward the first, who aliened part of his barony of Brember without licence.

Coke: 2: part: 80. b.

> And it is a generall received orthodox opinion amongst all heralds and Antiquaries, That till the time of king Richard the first or of king John his brother and heire, each man to whom the Crown gave lands to hold by knights fervice in Capite, was thereby made a Baron and peere of the Realme, & had voice in parliament; And that all those mentioned in the red booke in the Exchequer, (formerly vouched by mee,) whereof this Robert the fon of Harding was one, to have accordingly certifyed their tenures to king Henry the fecond, father of the faid king Richard and king John, about the 14th of his raigne, where the Barons of that time: But after Barons had a more spetiall creation by patent, and lastly by writ.

> - But to draw a little nearer to the point I aime at; If the alyenation bee by licence, it is either made for continuance of his barony honor and lands, in his own name bloud and iffue male, (as this of Thomas the third in the fourteenth of Edward the third was,) or els the same alienation is made for money or other recompence, or otherwife to a meer stranger; And hereof ensueth this second conclusion or affertion, viz! That if fuch alienacon bee made for the continuance of the barony in his name and bloud or iffue male, (as many besides the said lord Thomas Berkeley have in all ages made the like,) Then have fuch iffues male togeather with the Barony bee it Castle manor or honor soe holden, held alsoe and lawfully enjoye'd the name stile, title, and dignity of a Baron with their Ancestors place of precedency;

And thereof the heires generall or next heires female have been utterly excluded and debarred. And for the proofe of this conclusion or affertion manifold presidents may bee produced, whereof some have happened almost in every age for . 300. years space, namely soe longe in effect as there have beene observacions thereof; of which kinds take these ten here ensuing . viz!

- 1. It appeares by Inquisition after the death of William de fferrarijs lord | of 505 Groby in Leicestershire, That Margaret lady of Groby gave to William fferrars her fecond son and to the heirs of his body the manor of Groby &c, by vertue whereof the said William fferrars and his heires were ever after Barons of Groby.
- 2. Robert Walleron Baron of Killpeck dyed in the first of Edward the first without heires of his body, And Robert Walleron son of William brother of the said Robert was his next heire; yet notwithstanding the said Robert dying gave to Allen Plogenet son of Alice his sister the Castle lordship and manor of Killpecke with appurtenants, To hold to the said Allen and the heires of his body, as appeareth by the said inquisicon; by vertue of which entaile, the said Allen was Baron of Killpecke and someoned amongst other barons to the parliaments, And dyed in the 27th of Edward the first.
- 3. It appeareth by divers Inquisitions in the time of Edward the third, That John Handlowe in right of Mawd his wife, was feazed of the manor of Holgate, Acton Burnell, and others, for terme of her life, The remainder to Nicholas Handlowe ats Burnell fon of the faid Mawd and John, by a fyne in the kings Court leavyed, And that John Lovell was next heire of the faid Mawd, and her first born fon by her first husband; And afterwards the faid Nicholas was somened amongst other lords to parliament by reason of the fyne aforesaid, And not the faid John Lovell who was next heire to Mawd.
- 4. Thomas de Beauchamp th'elder Earle of Warwicke, by a fyne leavyed in the 18th of Edward the third, entailed the Castle and manor of Warwicke with other possessions to himself for terme of his life, The remainder thereof to Guy his eldest fon and to the heires males of his body; And for want of such heires males, The remainder to Thomas Beauchamp brother of the said Guy and to the heires males of his body &c: Afterwards the said Guy dyed without heires males of his body, leaving two daughters and heires livinge: Afterwards the said Earle dyed, And the said Thomas the son entred into the Castle and manor aforesaid with the other possessions.

- poffessions, And was Earle of Warwicke by reason of the Entayle aforesaid, notsob withstanding that Katharine daughter | of Guy and next heire to Thomas th'elder
 the Conuzor, was living thirty yeares after his death: And this later Thomas was
 father of our Richard Beauchamp, and the man that articled the mariage with
 Thomas lord Berkeley the sourth, as before in his life is declared.
 - 5. Richard Earle of Arundle, by a fine leavyed in the first of Edwd the third, entailed the Castle, Town and manor of Arundle with other lands, to himself and his heires males begotten on the body of Ellenor his wise; by vertue of which entaile John lord Maltravers was Earle of Arundle after the death of Thomas the Earle, who dyed without issue in the third of Henry the fifth; Although the sisters of the said Earle Thomas possessed divers manors and honors, of the which the said Thomas dyed seized in see simple.
 - 6. **John** de Vere Earle of Oxford feized in his demesne as of sfee taile to him and his heires males of his body issuinge, of the honor and County of Oxford, with divers other lands, dyed in the 18th of Henry the 8th without heires males of his body, And his three sisters were his next heires generall; But John de Vere his next heire male was Earle of Oxford by reason of the faid entaile, And none of the three sisters obtained the dignity.
 - 7. **William** lord Paget of Beaudesert was seized in his demesse as of see of the Baronies of Langden and Hawood, and of and in the manors of Beaudesert Langden &c: And being soe feized, by fine in the fifth of Queen Mary, entailed the baronies and manors aforesaid to him and the heires males of his body issuing, And afterwards in the fifth year of Queen Elizabeth dyed, leaving Henry his son next heire male; which Henry entred into the said baronies and lands, and dyed thereof seized in the 11th of Elizabeth, leaving Elizabeth his only daughter and heire; After whose death Thomas Paget brother and heire male of the said Henry entred into the Baronies and manors aforesaid, and was somoned to the parliament by vertue of the said sine.
- 8. **Robert** lord Ogle entred into the Barony of Bothall and Ogle wth divers other manors and lands in the County of Northumberland, by | conveyance, which was to himfelf for terme of his life, the remainder to the heires males of his body begotten; And hee tooke to his first wife Dorothy Withrington, by whom hee had iffue Robert Ogle his eldest fon, and Margaret his daughter maryed to Gregory

¹ Conuzor—from Fr. Connoifant, knowing or understanding: as, "if the son be conusant and agree to the seossement, &c."—Co. Litt., 159.—[Ed.]

Ogle of Chippington; And the faid Robert the father, after the death of the faid Dorothy his wife, tooke to his fecond wife Jone Ratcliffe, by whom hee had iffue Cutbert his fecond fon, and after dyed: After whose death Robert the fon was lord Ogle, from whom the fame discended to Cutbert, being brother of the half bloud, by vertue of the faid entaile, and not to the faid Margery nor unto her heires being of the wholl bloud unto the faid Robert the fon.

- 9. Thomas de la Ware dyed feized in his demesne as of sfee taile to himself and to the heires of his body iffuing, by reason of a fine leavyed in the time of his Ancestors, of the Barony de la Ware, with divers other lands in divers Counties, and dyed in the fifth of Henry the fixth without heires of his body; And Reginald West knight of the half bloud, was nephew and heire by reason of the Entaile aforefaid, and was fomoned to the parliament by the name of Reginald lord de la Ware knight, Although John Griffith was heire generall of the aforefaid Thomas de la Ware being of the wholl bloud, as appeareth by the genealogy enfuing . viz! John de la Ware fon of Roger had issue John de la Ware, and Katharine maryed to Nicholas Latimer; The faid John fon of John had Roger de la Ware, who by Elizabeth his wife daughter of Adam lord Wells had issue John de la Ware, who dyed without iffue, and Thomas de la Ware who also dyed without iffue; The said Roger de la Ware, by Elizabeth his fecond wife daughter of the lord Mowbray, had iffue Jone maryed to S! Thomas West knight, who had iffue S! Reginald West, lord de la Ware by the said Entaile: The said Katharine, wife of Nicholas Latimer, had issue Katharine maryed to [Thomas 1] Griffith who had issue John Griffith heire generall to the lord de la Ware.
- 10. And quid obstat, what lets, That I may not paralell the foresaid Thomas lord Berkeley and this lord James his nephewe with thefe former prefidents, And made their cafe thus.

Thomas lord Berkeley, grandfather of the faid Thomas, was feized in his demesne as of ffee of the Castle manor and barony of Berkeley &c: And by him a 508 fyne was leavyed in the kings Court by licence in the 23th of Edward the third of the faid Castle manor &c: To him for terme of his life, The Remainder to Maurice his fon and to the heires males of his body coming, with other Remainders over; The which Maurice had iffue Thomas lord Berkeley and James Berkeley, knight; which James dyed in the life of his brother leaving this James his fon and heire livinge. Afterwards the faid Thomas lord Berkeley dyed in the fifth of Henry the fifth.

fifth, leaving Elizabeth his onely daughter and heir maryed to Richard Beauchamp Earle of Warwicke: After whose death James his nephewe on his brothers fide entred into the faid Castle, manor, lands and remainder aforesaid, by vertue of the faid entaile, And was fomoned to the parliament as Baron of Berkeley in the ninth yeare of Henry the fifth affoone as his livery was fued, Although Elizabeth was then living, and dyed not till the first of Henry the fixth as before is declared.

And if all these noble families mentioned in these foresaid nine presidents have

Rot: claus: in ijsdem annis in turre in dorso

eõdem

claus: 9. E. 4. dorfo.

had their places of precedence according to the places of their Ancestors, (whereto more may bee added,) why not then this lord James, And confequently the lord George Berkeley that now is, as his heire male, Anno. 1620. And that this lord James fo tooke his place in that parliament in the nynth of Henry the fifth, and in the fomons of parliaments in the 4th 7th 10th 11th 12th 13th 15th 18th 20th 23th 25th 27th 28th 29th and 38th yeares of Henry the fixth, And in the first and second of Edward the fourth, appeareth by the Rolls of fomons thereof, in all which hee was placed the first Baron of all. And if noe just order were therein observed, yet it feemes strange that it should still so fall out by chance: But if order of place were observed, then certainly it was for his true place of precedence, and not for the honor of his age, (then under forty,) nor for any office of state, for hee had none. And as the fathers place stood in these rolls of somons to parliament, soe was his son the lord Willim ranked after him all the residue of Edward the fourth his time, till hee was created vifcount Berkeley: Neither is any thing (for ought I know) to the contrary, fave whilft Thomas de la Ware Clark was lord de la Ware in the times of [Rich. II., Hen. IV., Hen. V., and of Henry the fixth, who for the honor of his preifthood was ranked before others.

509 And if question should arise hereafter between the said lord George Berkeley and the lord de la Ware, (both at this time in their minorities,) for precedency of place, As I have heard it is likely to doe, in that the lord Berkeley thinketh his Ancestor was unevenly in the time of Queene Elizabeth placed next above his grandfather: mee thinks the place and honor of precedence should belonge of right to the faid lord Berkeley, whether wee confider their places from their first Ancestors, or whether but from the discents of their Ancestors severall Entailes; Sith this of the lord Berkeley was cast upon his Ancestor this lord James in the fifth of Henry the fifth; And that of his upon S! Reignold West but in the fifth of Henry the fixth, ten years after; and hee also but of the halfe bloud, as is before declared; And the fine of the Lord Berkeley in the xxiiith of Edward the third to

the heires males was, (as I take it,) before the entayle that advanced the faid Sir Reignold West to the Barony of de la Ware.

And fomewhat the better to informe the younger yeares of the lord George Berkeley, I will comend to his confideration the case of the late lord de la Ware, and the resolution it received, not unfit for this place and question, mentioned by S: Edward Coke in the IIth part of his reports, which was thus.

Thomas lord de la Ware, in the third of Edward the fixth, being in fome difpleasure with Willim West his nephewe and heire, who was father to Thomas late wares case. lord de la Ware, procured an act of parliament by the which the faid Willim West was during his naturall life cleerly difabled to claime demand or have any manner of right, title, or interest, by difcent, remainder or otherwise, in or to the manors lands Tenements or hereditaments, title or dignity of Thomas lord de la Ware his uncle. Afterwards the faid Thomas de la Ware dyed, and the faid Willim West was in the time of Queene Mary attaynted of treafon by verdit, And afterwards pardoned by Queene Mary, And afterwards by parliament in the time of Queene Elizabeth restored; And after in the eighth yeare of her raigne was created lord de la Ware by patent, and had place in parliament according to his creation by patent, for that by the faid act of parliament in the third of Edward the | fixth hee was excluded to 510 challenge the former antient Barony, And after hee dyed: whether the now lord de la Ware should take his place according to the antient barony by writ, or according to his fathers creation by patent, was the question: The opinion of her Maties Atturney generall and Sollicitor was, That the acceptance of the new creation by the faid Willim West, could not extinguish the antient dignity in him at the time of his creation; but the dignity was at that time by the act of parliament in the third of Edward the fixth in abeyance, fuspense, or consideracon of law, and hee thereby utterly difabled to have the fame duringe his life only. Soe as other acceptance could not extinguish that dignity which hee then had, nor could not exclude his heire, who was disabled by the said Act of the third of Edward the fixth to claime the antient Barony: web opinion of theirs was feen and allowed by the refolution of the cheife Justice of England and lord cheife Baron, and foe fignifyed to the lord Keeper.

But note by the reasons made for the faid resolution; That if the said Willim West had been Baron and intituled or in possession of the antient dignity when hee accepted the faid creation, the lawe perchance might have been otherwise, but that remaineth

fo: 1. sur. de la

Coke. reports ps. 7 fol :

remaineth as yet unrefolved: Nevertheless the rule is Eodem modo quo quid constituitur, dissolvitur; But by a grant which is but a matter of fact, a man cannot transfer his title of honor. Whereupon at the faid parliament in the 39th of Elizabeth the lord de la Ware in his parliament robes, was by the lord Zouch, fupplying the place of the lord Willoughby within age at that time, And Henry lord Berkeley also in his robes, brought into the house, and placed in his place next after the lord Berkeley, (faid the booke,) but therein is the question. Thus S! Edward Coke.

Coke. ps. 11. fo. 1. privil: of parliam! fol: 30.

> And further That in all the aforementioned fommons to parliaments, the lord de la Ware is almost the last in place in those Rolls: And also I have observed, That from the first somons of parliaments that is of record in rotul: clausax in the Tower, vizt from the 49th of Henry the third to the foresaid fifth of Henry the fifth, the writs directed to the lord Berkeleys are almost allways entred in those Rolls 5II before | the writs to the lord de la Ware, whereof I have observed the most parliamentary yeares.

> > And for calling Maurice the fixth to the dignity of lord Berkeley, conferred

fol: [654]

upon him by Henry the eighth before mentioned, the fame was but perfonall; at what time the barony of Berkeley, by reason of the entaile of Willm lord Berkeley in the third of Henry the feaventh made to that kinge, and the heires males of his body, as followeth in the next life, was in abeyance suspence or consideration of the lawe, as before is refolved in the case of the lord de la Ware; Neither was the faid Maurice, nor Maurice his father brother and heire of the faid William, either Barons in effe or in possession of the antient dignity, when that honor was by king Henry the 8th conferred upon him: Neither could the acceptance or continuance of the dignity by Thomas his brother, or by Thomas fon of the faid Thomas, bee any barre or hindrance to his fon Henry, when through want of iffue male of the body fee after fol: [727] of king Henry the feaventh, the faid Henry entred upon his Ancestors dignity Barony honor and manor of Berkeley in the first year of Queene Mary, both as right heire to the faid lord Wiffm the Conuzor, (the last remainder man in the faid fyne,) And also by discent of the antient dignity from the first lord, which could not bee extinguished; And whereto the faid lord Henry seemes the rather remitted by his minority, being at the death of King Edward the fixth but nineteen years old, as after followeth in his life: And foe I conclude That the now lord George, notwithstanding all objections to the contrary, ought to have his honor and precedency from the first year of Henry the second, And before the lord de la Ware: And

now I returne to the former troublesome title of this lords suites in lawe.

Of this lords lawe suites.

king Henry the fixth, Anno. 1439. And the 6th day of September following, an Inquifition after his death is taken at Gloucester, finding that hee dyed seized as Tenant by the curtesy of England after the death of Elizabeth his wise, (amongst other lands,) of the manors of Hinton, Came, Cowley, Wotton, and Symondsall, with the Advowson of the Church of Wotton, And that the reverson thereof in see taile belonged to Margaret, Ellenor and Elizabeth his daughters, as heires to the said Elizabeth his late wise, by force of an entaile made in the time of kinge Henry the third, by Maurice then lord Berkeley, to himself and Isable his wise and to the heires of theire two bodies, the remainder to the right heires of the said Maurice; And accordingly the said Inquisition deduceth down the discent of that entaile to the said Countes Elizabeth and her three daughters, Avoiding the sine to the heires males in the 23th of Edward the third, (often before mentioned,) by a remitter in Maurice son of the lord Thomas the Conuzor.

And further finding, That as Tenant by the curtefy of England the faid Earle Richard likewife dyed feized of the manor of Slimbridge with the Advowson thereof, the revercon in ffee taile after his decease to his faid three daughters belonginge, by force of a guist in franke mariage made by Roger Berkeley lord of Dursley, longe after the coronation of king Richard the first, to Maurice Berkeley and Alice his wife daughter of the said Roger; And in like manner deduceth down the discent in taile to the said three coheires, And avoyd thereby the fine to the heirs males by a Remitter in Maurice aforesaid.

Against this Inquisition or office and these old rusty Entailes therein sound, (which begat more trobles and expence then is credible,) it may seem this lord James had roughly resisted; for the second of July before, the greatness of his adversaries had caused him to bee committed to the Tower, from whence the 14th of that month hee was bro! | before the king into the Chancery, and there entred into a recognizance of one thousand pounds to appear against there personally, tres Miches after, and soe from day to day till hee should bee dismissed, and surther to abide the order of that Court: Whereupon I gather hee was then released out of the Tower, for the 28th of September following hee was some of the tryers of petitions: the second surther to abide the order of November, where hee was one of the tryers of petitions: the second surther to abide the second surther to abide the order of that Court: Whereupon I gather hee was some of the tryers of petitions: the second surther to abide the second surther to abide the order of that Court: Whereupon I gather hee was some of the tryers of petitions: the second surther to abide the order of that Court: Whereupon I gather hee was some of the tryers of petitions: the second surther to abide the order of that Court: the second surther to abide the order of that Court: Whereupon I gather hee was some of the tryers of petitions: the second surther to abide the order of that Court surther to abide the order of that Court: Whereupon I gather hee was some of the tryers of petitions: the second surther that the second surther the second surther that th

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Efcaet: 18. H. 6. in turre.

Rec: fub magno figillo.

fin: 17. H. 6. m: 4. fin: 19. H. 6. m. 11.

claus. roll. 17. H. 6. m: 5. eodē. m: 5. in dorfo.

Rot. parliam. 18. H. 6. claus: 18. H. 6. dorfo. franc: 30. H. 6. m: 6. 12. et ult.

chamber

Vafcon: 31. H. 6. m. 2. 5. 7. authority in his Country, when in the 29th and 30th yeares of this king they oppressed him and his sons, as after solloweth; At what time his adversaries had the greatest authorities and offices of honor and power the Crowne could give, And indeed were themselves the upholders of the kings regality and Crowne.

Escaet. 19. H. 6. post mort. Rici Beauchamp. fixth, was also another Inquisition after the said Earles death, by vertue of a quæ plura, sound at Cirencester, which intituled the said three coheires partly as heires in see Simple, and partly as heires in generall taile, to a great quantity of land within every of the aforesaid manors, and of the other manors of this lord James, more then was comprehended in the former Inquistion of the 17th of king Henry the sixth; which apparently declareth how all the deeds and evidence of the lord Berkeley had been under the canvasing and most narrow view of the said Earle and his Counsell, which Inquistions not only remaine in the Tower of London, but their transcripts also in the Exchequer, and in the bags of the Escheators Accompts there to this day: whereto I may add the two offices sound in one yeare in the same County of the like quality in the 7th of king Edward the sourth, the one after the death of the said lady Margaret, the other after the death of her sister the lady Ellenor.

Efcaet. 17. H. 6. in turre.
Orig: in fc*čio.`17.
H. 6. Rot. 23.
Portbury
fines. 17. H. 6.
m. 3.

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A like Office was also, the foresaid 17th of king Henry the sixth, sound after the said Earles death, in the County of Somerset; whereby his said daughters and coheires were intituled to the manor of Portbury and other lands there: Howbeit the said lord James had, the 18th of July before, obtained the custody of them from the king from the death of the said Earle till the feast of all Saints after, according to the Statute of the eighth of king Henry the sixth.

Hillar: 18. H. 6. rot. 2. in scacio cum rem. regis. directly carryed,) this lord James found himself much wronged; but being over-pressed with the greatness of the three Co-heires and theire powerfull husbands, and with the extraordinary favour which they had with that weake kinge, and espetially with Queene Margaret who ruled and over ruled all affairs, could not avoid them: yet for three years or thereabouts after the returne of those Inquisitions hee kept the possession of the manors of Cowley, Wotton, and Symondsall, (as always hee did of Came and Hinton,) but thereupon sprunge up such contentions, suites, quarrelings, bloudsheds and other mischeises, as are irksome in their very remembrance, continuing sive or six years togeather. A small tast whereos, take[n] out of a Star-

fub sigillo in castro de Berkeley. chamber order made on Satturday the 12th of September in the 23th of king Henry the fixth, then fitting at Westminster, the kings Counsell, the Chancellor, Treasorer, privy feale, the Duke of Suffolk, and the cheife Justice; where, the parties themfelves all appearinge, It was agreed That all diffresses taken between them and their tenants should bee delivered by a writ of replegiare, And not to be eloyned into forren shires; And that both the said parties should thenceforth bee of peaceable bearing for themselves their tenants and fervants, not attempting any thinge to the breach of the peace; And thereupon the faid James had licence to depart into his Country, with this comaundment, That hee should againe appeare in Hillary Terme following in his own person; for which and for observing of this order hee became bound in two thousand pounds, And the Earle of Shroesbury husband to the faid Margaret in the like fum, by his Counfell: And hee that fearcheth into the books of that Courts orders from the times of these first offices till the end of that kings raigne, shall find matter of riot, force, violence, and fraud, enough to blot more paper then I intend in the wholl life of this lord: And shall also find Willim this lords eldest son, the 11th of May in the 24th of Henry the fixth, comanded under the great feale of England upon his allegiance to appeare forthwith before the kings Counsell to answere his misdemeanors in these buisinesses.

bria regis: 24. H. 6. pars. 1. in turre.

Of these stirrings take also a little further tast out of the Court of Common pleas in the 18th of king Henry the sixth, which shews how David | Wodburne with divers others of his sellow servants, by direction of their master John Talbot viscount ter Lisle, (son and heire of the said Margaret,) cominge to Wotton, served this lord James with a subpena for his appearance in the Chancery: Insteed of obeying the proces, this lord James not only beat the parties, but will hee nill hee, inforced the said David to eat the subpena, wax and parchment; for which severall actions were forthwith brought against this lord James and his men, by the said lord Liste and

Mich: term. 18. H. 6. rot. 126. 421. et 567. 515 Trin: and Easter termes: 18. H. 6. rot: 279. et. 180.

Of these stirrings also in these times, take a further tast out of the Court of Chancery, wherein William lord Berkeley shewes, That after the said Earle of Warwicks death, this lord sent sower of his servants and tooke a quiet possession of the manors of Wotton, Simondsall and Cowley, which hee continued by three years and more, untill the said Margaret Countess of Shroesbury by great subtilty and might entred againe upon him, whereupon was made great dispoile, robbery, murder, and many other inconveniences and heynous mischeises, to the importable

Billa dni Berkeley in Cancellar.

hurt

his man David.

¹ Eloine, (from the Fr. Efloigner) fignifies to remove—to fend a great way off.—[Ed.]

hurt of the faid lord James and the lady his wife, and in effect to their utter destruction and of their children: Thus the bill.

fran: 18. H. 6. m: 9. Mich: pasch: Trin. 38. H. 6. in scacio Mich: 3. E. 4. rot. 51. in scacio: Pasch: 4. E. 4. rot. 9. in scacio cm rem. thes:

And the same year, the said three Coheires and theire husbands arraigned an Assize of novell disseizin against this lord and the lady Isable his wife, and Willim Berkeley knight their son and heire, for the soresaid manors of Came, Slimbridge and Hinton.

And contrarily this lord James arraigned his Affize of novell diffeifin also against the said three Co-heires and theire husbands for the said manors of Wotton under edge and Cowley.

claus: 19. H. 6. m: 20. in dorso. These fuites and many others, the 18th of ffebruary in this 19th yeare, brought a reference to Hody cheife Justice of the kings bench, Newton cheife Justice of the Comon-pleas, and ffray cheife Baron, arbitrators indifferently chosen by all the faid parties to decide the controversies that were amongst them, for any the lands that were Thomas late lord Berkeleys in the Counties of Gloucester and Somerset, Soe that their award were made before midsomer day then next; And to stand to their award each party became bound to other in severall recognizances of 5000 markes the peece.

516 eodem in dorso m. 6.

And when noe end was by that day made by the faid Arbitrators, All the faid parties renewed their reference to them againe in like maner as before And each became bound to other in the like fums the 12th of July after, foe yt theire award were made before Octabis Michis then following: Neither came any end from this reference, But the 24th of October following John lord Talbot husband of the faid lady Margaret obtained from the king a protection from all fuites for a year then followinge.

Rot. franc: 20. H. 6. m. 24.

Rot. parliament. 20. H. 6. m. 11. Merchy (as it feemes) this lord James finding himself bound up from the comon liberty of a subject and peere, tooke such exception, That the lord Talbot in January sollowing petitioned to the parliament then in being, to have from the parliament a protection allowed to him, and a stay of all suites, duringe his absence in France in the kings service, which hee obtained for a yeare; But with this provisoe That if either hee or Margaret his wife, Edmond Earle of Dorset or the lady Allienor his wife, or Geo: Nevill lord Latimer and Elizabeth his wife, or any of them,

them, or any in their names or by their commandment, enter into any lands or Tenements whereof James lord of Berkeley, and Willim Berkeley knight fon of the faid James, or either of them are feized or were feized the first day of this present parliament, Then in that case the protection specifyed in the said petition to bee disallowable in any action sued upon the lands or Tenements upon which entry is thus made: Provided also, That if the said three Coheires or their husbands or any of them or their heires, sue any action against this lord James or Willim his son or their heires, or against any of the said lands or Tenements of the which the said lord James or Willim is or was seized the first day of this present parliament, within the said yeare, Then the said protection to bee void and of no force in lawe.

The 19th of ffebruary in the faid twentieth yeare of king Henry the fixth, near about the time of the former stirrings in parliament, A like new reference was by all the faid parties to Fortescue cheise Justice of the kings bench, and to Newton and ffray aforesaid, Soe that their award was made before palmsunday then followinge; And like recognizances of . 5000. marks each party gave to other to perform the same.

In which times the faid John lord Talbot was by L'res patents dated the twentieth of May in the Twentieth of king Henry the fixth created Earle of Shroesbury; And sower years after was loaden with new honors in England, France, and Ireland; And Edmond Earle of Dorset was created Marques Dorset in the 21th of Henry the fixth, And Duke of Somerset in the 26th of Henry the fixth; And was great grandchild of king Edward the third: And John Talbot son of the said Earle of Shroesbury by the said lady Margaret his second wise, was made lord Lisle, by reason of the tenure of the manor of Kingston Lisle in the County of Berks.

After all these quarrellings and outrages from the 17th to the 26th of Henry the sixth, between the said three Co-heires and their husbands of the one part, And this lord James on the other part, the sisth of Aprill that year An award was made between them at Cirencester by the lord Ferrars, lord Beauchamp, Judge Fortescue, Judge Yelverton and others Arbitrators; wherein they recite the sormer award made by the Bishop of Worcester and Judge Iuyn in the sourth of Henry the sixth; And now award to the said three co-heires the manors of Wotton, Simondsall and Cowley in see simple: And all the other lands and Tenements which in the 4th of Henry the sixth were by the then Arbitrators awarded to the said Earle of Warwicke.

claus: 20. H. 6. in dorfo: m: 14.

cart. ab anno. 1. víque 21. H. 6. m: 11. 20 nº 14. 517 pat: 8. E. 4. pars. pat. 24. H. 6. pars. 2. m : 16. et 26. H. 6. pars. 1. m: 6. Camden in Ireland 76. D. et. 8o. C. cart: 21. 22. 23. et 24. H. 6. m. 26. nº.46 et membr.44. cart. ab anno. 25 víque 27. H. 6: nº. 9. m. 7. carta in castro de Berkeley. petitio in Canc. 15. E. 4. pars. 1. pro Wenlocke.

wicke, except the twenty two marks rent in fframpton upon Seavern and ten pound rent in Slimbridge, (now called Sages manor;) And to the faid James and the heires males of his body they awarded the manors of Came, Hinton, Slimbridge, Hurst, Portbury, and all the other lands then in controversy in those places; And that each party should make to other such further assurance thereof as the state of two Judges, ffortescue and Yelverton, should devise.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

The faid Judges fifteen months after, in July in the 27th yeare of Henry the fixth, did for further affurance mutually to bee made each party to other, further award; That all the faid parties should labour instantly to the parliament then in being, That an act might bee had for ratifying their former award; But if the same could not bee procured, Then either party to make to other such | security and discontinuances, for to take away all entryes by either party, as they the said Arbitrators hereafter should surther devise.

Against this award this lord James much opposed, neither would by any meanes at any time bee drawn to give assent thereto during his life, much less to labor for the parliaments ratification thereof, as was by the Arbitrators directed.

On the other part as great violence was used to enforce him to the performance of that award as law or greatness could cast upon him; which storms to avoid, hee was enforced to keep home and to man his Castle with some strength, for his defence and preservacion: And his sons being also imbroiled in many troubles, kept close with their father: And the good lady Isable his wise was by meere necessity inforced to travell to London, And to become the sollicitor of her husbands law causes; from whence let us hear what that vertuous lady did and howe her husbands causes proceeded, by a tre of her own hand remaining in Berkeley Castle in these words.

To my right worshipfull and reverend lord and husband bec this lee delivered.

Aight worshipfull and reverend lord and husband, I commend mee to you with all my whole hart, desyring alwayes to heare of your good wellfare, the which God maintayne and increase ever to your worship. And it please you to heare how I fare, S: Squall and Squall; Thomas Roger and Jacket have asked surety of peace of mee, for their intent was to bringe mee into the Tower, But I trust in God to morrow That I shall goe in bayle unto the next Terme, and soe to goe home And then

then to come againe; And Sur I trust to God and you will not treat with them, but keep your own in the most manlyest wife, yee shall have the land for ones and end: Bee well ware of Venables of Alderley, of Thom Mull and your false Counsell; keep well your place, The Earle of Shroefbury lyeth right nye you, and shapeth all the wyles that hee can to diftruffe you and yours, for hee will not meddle with you openly noe manner of wife, but it bee with great falfdome that hee can bring about to beguile you, or els that hee caufed that yee have fo fewe peopull about you, then will hee fet on you, for hee faith hee will never come to the king againe | till hee 519 have done you an ill turne; Sur your matter speedeth and doth right well, save my daughter costeth great good; At the reverence of God fend money or els I must lay my horfe to pledge and come home on my feet: keep well all about you till I come home, and trete not without mee, And then all thinge shall bee well with the grace of the Almighty God, who have you in his keeping: written at London the wednefday next after whitfunday.

Your wife the lady of Berkeley

This lord James hereupon borroweth twenty two markes of M. Nicholas Pointz, whereof to repay twelve marks on midfomer day following, and the other ten markes on Michaelmas day after followinge; for affurance whereof hee pawned to him one guilt maffe booke, a chalice of Silver weighing eighteen ounces, A chefipull with stolys and fanons of red fattin, three aubes, three amices, one white Autercloth with croffes of black filk therein, with one valence fringed fewed thereto, of red cloth of gold, one cloth of red palle to hange afore an aulter of the fame, an other cloth of the fame for a reredote, and two ridles of red tartryn.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Hereby this family feeth the true fidelity of mariage in a just husband to a correspondent wife, who would rather seeme to disfurnish God of the ornaments of his worship, then leave her necessitous estate unsupplyed.

And because this lady directeth her tre to her worshipfull lord, and wisheth increase to his worship, I will by a short digression comend to my reader the great honor and estimation of the word Worship, somewhat before, at, and somewhat after those dayes, and how sublime the acceptation thereof then was.

of the word Worship.

1. In this time of Henry the fixth, bills and petitions in Chancery were directed unto my right worshipfull and gratious my lord of Canterbury, chancellor of England.

pat: 23. H. 6. pars. 2. m : 16.

2. When

claus: 8. H. 5. m: 10. in dorso.

2. When king Henry the fifth out of France, advertized the Duke his brother Custos of the Realme in his absence, the Arch-Bishops, Bishops and lords of his Counsell, of the peace hee had made with ffrance, and of his mariage with the daughter of France, hee directed his tres, To the worshipfull and right worshipfull.

520 Rot. parliament. 31. H. 6. 3. The Earle of Devon having been acquited of the treafon whereof he was accused, complained at the next parliament in the 31th of Henry the sixth That salfe accusation did right night touch his worship, honesty, and truth.

Rot.indic. 1. H. 4. in turre.

4. In the first of Henry the fourth It was adjudged in parliament That for their offences the Dukes of Aumarle and Exeter, the Marques Dorset, and the Earle of Gloucester, should loose their names and the worship thereof.

Rot. parliament. 5. H. 4. m: 16.

5. Henry Percy Earle of Northumberland in excuse of the crime objected, did by his petition pray the kinge to have in remembrance his coming into his worshipfull presence to Yorke, of his own free will.

Rot. parlia: 7. H. 4. pars. 2. 6. In the feaventh of Henry the fourth, S^r Henry Boyton was authorized to treat with the worshipfull prince, Robert the king of Scotland and his Counfell.

Rot. parliament. 27. H. 6. articl: 18. 7. In the twentyseaventh of Henry the fixth, it is ordered in parliament, That William Earle of Arundle shall have his place as worshipfully as any of his Ancestors Earles of Arundell.

claus: 4. H. 6. dorfo.

8. In the fourth of Henry the fixth the Earle of Huntingdon, touching the payment of his ranfom, fweares by the truth of our lady and our worship, and in word of true knight, That &c.

Caxton. fol: 316.

9. I John Trevifa, vicary of Berkeley, at the request of the right worshipfull lord Thomas lord of Berkeley, have translated Polichronicon out of latin into English, &c. Anno: 1357, in the thirtyfirst of Edward the third.

Caxton fol: 317.

10. In the thirty fixth yeare of Edward the third Anno: 1361. came into England the three kings of France, Cipres and Scotland which were worshipfully received.—These ten from more then one hundred the like, in these times observed by mee, suffice in this digression.

521 bill in Canc. 6. E. 4.

1119 0

Nowe what followeth within three monthes after this ladies fre, read out of a bill in Chancery exhibited by Wiffm lord Berkeley, fon of this lord James, against

the

the faid Margaret Countess of Shroesbury; wherein hee sets forth, That the sixth of September in the faid thirtieth year of Henry ye fixth, The faid Countess and her husband being then unjustly feized of the manors of Wotton, Symondfall, Cowley, the warth, newleyes, and Sages lond, by their fubtile and damnable imaginations, labored, intreated and hired one Rice Tewe, being then fervant to the lord James, to deceive and utterly to destroy him the faid lord James and his fower sons, Willm, James, Maurice, and Thomas, then being in the Castle of Berkeley with the said lord James their father: which faid Rice, having the keeping of the keys of the faid Castle, early in a morning let in the lord Lisle, son to the said Earle and Countefs, with great numbers of people warlike arrayed, And there tooke the faid lord James and his faid fower fons in their beds, and there kept them in prison in great dures by the space of eleaven weekes, by the commandment of the faid Countess; they by all that time knowing noe suerty nor certainty of their lives, but ever awaiting the hour of their cruell death: And there the faid Countesse compelled and coharted them to enfeale certaine Indentures of Covenants against all right and conscience, And after enforced them by might to reherse the matter contained within the faid unlawfull Indentures, to fuch perfons as were affigned by the faid Countesse, to their great forrow and heaviness: And the fourth day of November then next following in the faid thirtieth yeare of Henry the fixth, the faid Countesse made the faid lord James and his faid fower sons to bee brought to the gray fryars at Bristoll, with great multitude of people warlike arrayed, with force, And there brought to them the Maior and Constable of the Staple, And there by Dures, compelled them to bee bound in divers feverall obligations and recognizances of the Statute of the Staple in twelve thousand two hundred and sowerscore pounds to the faid Earle and Counteffe; At which time they did as they were compelled, for foe much as they durst none other doe, for dread to bee murdered by the faid Earle and Countesse and their fellowshipp: And after that they were carryed by the faid Earle and Countesse and their faid riotous fellowship unto the faid Castle of Berkeley, and there kept still in ward, unto the time that | the said 522 Earle and Countesse, at that time being in soe great favour with the Kinge, purchased an oier determiner, granted before certaine of the kings Justices and Comissioners at Circester; At which time the faid lord James and his faid sons were brought thither by force, And there by Dures compelled to answer to actions of trespas brought against them, and to plead such pleas before the said Judges and Comissioners as the faid Earle and Countesse and their Counsell advised and ministered

I Coarted—compelled, forced. "Dyues by dethe was strayteley Coartid of his lyf to make a sodeyne translacion."—MS. Land, 416, f. 101. See Bayley, Ashmole's Theat. Chem. Brit. p. 276, Halliwell. [ED.]

unto them: And also the said Earle and Countesse compelled them there to make and enseale severall releases of all their right and title that they had or might have in the said manors, and all other actions, and to knowledge them to bee inrolled of record, which they did for sear of their death: Soe the bill.

Answer in Canc: 6. E. 4.

Potte heare what answer the faid Countesse in her own words likewise maketh: That Thomas lord Berkeley grandfather to her the faid Countess was seized of the faid manors of Wotton, Simondfall, and Cowley, (amongst others,) of a generall estate tailed to him and the heires of his body cominge, and of such estate of the faid manors dyed feized; After whose decease the same manors discended to Elizabeth his daughter and heire, who entred, and tooke to husband Richard Earle of Warwicke, and by him had iffue her the faid Counteffe and her Copertioners; And that after the death of the faid Elizabeth, The faid Earle of Warwick held him in as Tenant by the curtefy of England, And dyed thereof foe feized; After whose death the Earle of Shroesbury and shee his wife and her copertioners, as daughters and heires to the faid Elizabeth, into the fame manors entred, and thereof was feized by force of the fd. Entayle, unto the time that Willim Berkeley by the affent, commandment, agreement, and will of the fd lord James his father, (which at that time kept within the Castle of Berkeley a great number of right riotous, unlawfull, and evill disposed people, aswell in felonies, as ryots, affrayes, and other misgovernances, and unruly demeanings amongst the kings leidge people,) and there assembled to them a great multitude of fuch mifgoverned people arrayed in manner of warre, 523 the faid Earle of Shroesbury (late lord and husband | to the faid Countesse) then being in Normandy upon the fafeguard of the dutchy of Normandy, ryotously came to the faid manor of Wotton, and entred into the fame, And the gates and doores of the faid manor they brake, and all to hewe and cutt the great and principall timber of the roofes and galleryes, and other nefefaryes fawed and cut in two, The walls, vautes, quines of doors and windows they razed and tere a down, The ferments of iron in the windows, hingyngs for doares and windows, gutters and condutes of lead, aswell upon the houses as under the earth, they brake and beare 'away; And the faid manor of Wotton in all that they could defaced and destroyed, infomuch that the reparations thereof cost the said Earle Countesse John viscount Lisle and their fervants then there being, to the valewe of fower thousand markes, dispoiled, robbed and beare away; And upon the which ryot and robbery the faid Earle of Shroesbury fued an oier and determiner; And at a Session holden at Glouc: by force of the faid over and determiner, the faid James lord Berkeley, Willim his fon and other were indited; But the faid James, Willim and the other, allwayes allwayes intendinge the continuance of their mischeevous rule and governance, continually enforced them and kept them within the faid Castle of Berkeley, which is a stronge and mighty place, Soe that the Sherife nor none other officer of the Shire of Glouc., might not in any wife execute any precepts against them: And right oftentimes they iffued out of the faid Castle, and beat robbed and dispoiled many of the kings leidges of that Country, And when they or any of them had done fuch a mischeevous deed, they allwayes resorted into the said Castle, and there were received, defended, and kept, and all that they might rob and pill brought into the fame: whereupon the people of the faid Country came to the faid Vifcount Lise, then being one of the Justices of the peace in that County, and in great number full piteously and lamentably complained to the faid viscount of the heinous and mischeevous governances aforesaid, beseeching him to put himself in devoire for their remedy releefe and fuccour in this behalf; And the faid vifcount, intending to reforme that abhominable misgovernance, bade the people enquire and espye fecretly when any of those theeves and robbers or any of their maintainers were about | ryot and robbery, and hee would affay to take them, and bringe to an 524 answer after the kings lawes: And on a night the same Willim Berkeley sent twenty of that fame mischeevous men to a Tenants house of the said Earle of Shroesburyes called Richard Andrewes, which was a blind man, dwelling from the faid Castle ten miles, to rob the faid Richard Andrews, whereof the faid vifcount had warning that fuch a fellowship were issued out of the faid Castle; And hee tooke a company with him and rode into the Country to affay if hee might meet them; And of the Country that had been evill treated before by the same Willm and his felyship followed them, till they had befet the faid blind mans house, And as hee went homewards againe, hee fortuned to meet some of the faid viscounts servis, and told them how it was, And then the faid viscounts fervants fent the fame man to their master to tell him thereof; And they rode straite in all that they could or might thither as the theeves, were, to rescue the blind man if they might, And yet ere they came thither, the Theeves had gotten the house and all the people that were therein, and had upturned every place of the house: And for cause they found but litle good in fubstance, they tooke a brand iron and set it on the fire till it was glowing hott, And then they tooke the blind man and would have fet him upon it, for hee would bee a knowe of noe more good, And through that dread that they foe put him in, hee told them where his good was, and limetted them a place under earth in the fame house, wherein they had in money coined as the same blind man did swear and avowe before them, two hundred and fowerfcore pounds: And even as they were departing out of the faid house, the faid viscounts fervants set upon them, and

with

with right great and fore fight tooke divers of them, amongst the web, the foresaid Rice Tewe was one; And the faid Rice in favation of his life offered to them that had taken him to get them into the faid Castle, soe that they might take the residue of the faid riotous misgoverned and endited people; And streight they rode to the faid Castle, And wa they come to the Castle gate Rice called upon the watch, And anon the faid watch went to the faid lord James who had the keys in his own keeping, And hee them delivered to one Thomas ffleshewer then being | yeoman of his chamber, who came and opened the wicket gate of the Castle, And the servants of the vifcount Lise entred to take the faid misgoverned men, And tooke the place without any hurt or mifdoing to any perfon; And faithfully, otherwife then thus was never the faid Rice hired entreated or defired by the faid Earle Counteffe nor none other person for them, nor had noe keeping of the keys of the said Castle: And further faith, that after thee came into the faid Castle of Berkeley where shee found the faid James and his faid fower fons, they nor none of them neither were imprisoned nor induressed nor coarted to make seale declare plead nor confesse, the Indentures obligations pleas releases before rehersed, nor noe parcell thereof; but were fuffered to bee in the faid Castle at their large, And had their learned Counsell and all other their frends and fervants continually repairing and attending upon them at their pleafures: And then they confidering amongst them the great ryots offences and trespasses in breaking dispoiling and robbing of the said manor of Wotton, and other divers abhominable deeds which they had done to the faid Earle Counteffe, vifct, and others, whereof of part they were indited, and confidering also the great and huge costs which they diversly put the said Earle and Countes too through their mifguiding, and also the great punition which they understood they had deferved after the due course of the lawe, likely upon them to enfue and fall, by the advice of their faid learned Counfell and of their own frends, freely offered to the faid Earle and Counteffe, the faid lands and Tenements called the warth, newleyes, and Sagislond, To have to them and their heires for evermore, And made thereof as good estates as could bee devised by the Counsell of both parties, and more liveries accordinge, and one thousand pounds in money; wherefore furetie was made before the Major and Constable of bristoll aforesaid, in recompence of the ryot beating down and defaceing the manor of Wotton aforefaid, and dispoiling and bearing away their goods aforesaid: And to the faid viscount, they offered two hundred pounds for the stealing and bearing away of his goods there, which drewe in value better then feaven hundred markes; for the payment 526 of which fums they made feverall obligations | before the faid Maior and Constable of the Staple of Briftoll; And over that the faid lord James and his faid fons, by the

the advice of their faid learned Counfell and frends, offered to the faid Earle and Countesse to remit, release and extinct to the said Earle and Countesse and her Copertioners and their heires, all fuch title interest and clayme as they had, might, or pretended to have in the faid manors of Wotton, Simondfall and Cowley, and to make it fure to the faid Earle Countesse and her copertioners, as the faid Earle and Counteffe counfell should devise, And made there oath in forme asoresaid; for the performing wherof the faid lord James and his faid fower fons bound themselves their heires and executors to the fame Earle and Counteffe in the fume of ten thousand pounds: And all these things aforesaid were offered by the said lord James and his fons, they having with them their frends and their learned Counfell, without any Dures conftraint coartion or quarrell by the faid Earle and Counteffe, or of any person on theire behalfe, other then is as aforesaid. Thus the answere.

Davinge heard the complaint and defence of both parties, who indeed in their own cases are partiall, Take the truth from him that partakes with neither party; Thus,

This lord James and his fower fons with him, are in the night time the fixth of September in the thirtieth of king Henry the fixth, by the falshood of Rice, furprised in their Castle: And forthwith a Comission of Oyer and terminer is sued forth of the Chancery directed to Judge Bingham, Willm Lucy, and others: The first session whereupon, is at Campden in the remotest part of Gloucestershire, five and thirty miles from Berkeley, upon the fourth day of October following, w." the faid three lady Copertners and their husbands put in their declaration against this lord James and his fower fons, Willm, James, Maurice, and Thomas, grounded upon the Statute of the fifth of Richard the fecond, for forceibly entringe into their manors of Wotton, Simondfall, and Cowley; And prayed proces of Attachment to bring the Def" to answer at Cirencester against the ninth of December following.

At this time this lord James and his faid fower fons, (being prisoners | in the power of as angry a lady as I have observed in all my readings,) were between the Bancus reg. 30. H. faid two Sessions enforced to seale twelve severall deeds, dated on the 8th 12th 20th and . 26th days of October; whereof One was a lease for two years to the said three lady Coperceners and their husbands of the Castle of Berkeley; Saving therein habitacon and houfroome for themselves and fix servants; Others were deeds of Covenants to make fure to the faid Coperceners their faid three manors, And that neither this lord James nor his fons should fue, implead, vex, greeve, nor trouble,

6. rot. 40. 41.

the

carta in castro de de Berkeley.

the faid ladies nor their husbands by the law nor otherwife, nor none of their fervants, adherents, nor Counfellers, but should bee their true cozens, faithfull men, and servants; with an obligation of ten thousand pounds to perform the same; Others were releases of all their rights and interests in the said three manors of Wotton, Simondsall, and Cowley, with generall warranties, and of all actions and appeals, made to them and to eighteen of their servants and kinsinen: One other deed was in the nature of a bond of seaven hundred markes for payment of two hundred markes to the said viscount Lisle, in recompence and satisfaction of divers trespasses and wrongs done to him by the said Wistm Berkeley, in riotously taking away his goods out of the manor house of Wotton, to the valewe of seaven hundred markes: And one other was a feossment of the manor of Sages the Warth and Newleyes to the said lady Margaret and her heires, in part of recompence for horrid great trespasses and wrongs done to her husband by them and their riotous people, in takinge away the value of two thousand pounds of the said Earles goods out of Wotton; And a releese of the said manor and lands accordingly.

And, the 4th of November following, were by an Armed band of men carryed to the gray ffryars to Briftoll, whither John Stanley, then Maior, was fent for; And there before him conftrained to acknowledge three Statutes, whereof one of ten thousand pounds, defeizanced by an Indenture between the parties, That if this lord James and his said sower sons should performe all feossments and grants, and should keep all covenants and promises made between the said parties, Then the same to bee void.

carta in castro de Berkeley. The fecond Statute was of two thousand pound to the said viscount Lisse. And the third Statute was by the said Wishm and James his brother alone, of two hundred pounds absolute without any deseizances; which done, Then were this lord & his sons hurried back to Berk, with the same rout y' caryed y' to Bristoll.

210 Into on the ninth of December followinge, this lord James and his fower fons were againe carried from Berkeley to Cirencester, the day and place for the second sittings upon the said Comission, where in their own persons, (not by Atturny,) they plead, not the generall issue, but their title at large as heir male under the said syne of the 23th yeare of king Edward the third: Apon which day also cometh in the barre, replication, reioynder and surreioynder; whereupon issue being joyned A venire sacias is the same day awarded to the Sherife to returne a Jury against the next morninge: The Jury are returned from many the remote parts of the County,

And

And fomoned, (as may feeme,) and appeare, And the fame morning try the iffue; the find the entayle made in the time of Henry the third to Maurice lord Berkeley the fecond of that name and to Isable his wife and to the heires of their two bodies, according as was laid down in the Inquisicon of the 18th of king Henry the sixth, after the death of Richard Beauchamp Earle of Warwicke: And affesse damages to one hundred pounds, and costs of sute to twenty pound, which the plts forthwith remit to the said lord James and his sons, two of whom at this time were under eighteen years of age.

Esch: post mort. marchion Berkeley. 8: H. 7.

Judge Bingham lived twenty eight years after these irregular proceedings, yet never could certify this record thus taken, in all his life time: But the same was certified by his widow upon a writ of certiorare to her directed in the sourch of king Henry the seaventh, as the record it self sheweth: whereby may bee gathered that hee held the shuflinge sowle, howsoever the dealing might seems saire before him.

Esch: in Com. Wilts 20. E. 4. post mort. Bingham. fine roll: 20. E. 4. m: 14.

This lord James is not yet foe freed but another Inquiry upon the like Comission is at Glouc, where this lady and wife following her husbands buisiness as Sollicitor, found worfe fuccesse, as a petition by her fon Wishm exhibited to king Edward the fourth in the fourth of his raigne shall declare in his own words. viz That the Earle of Shroefbury and lord Lifle beinge of Counfell and fingular favor with king Henry the fixth, by that support and favor the Countesse his wife came to Glouc., And there caused an Inquiry by her own men, and strangers, upon the over and terminer, and there against all right and conscience, his said lady and mother tooke and imprisoned in the Castle of Glouc.; And by the said support and favor her there kept, Soe that by lawfull processe nor otherwise shee might not bee delivered, till shee was dead in the most piteous wife that ever was lady of her birth, being discended of your high bloud: And further that the night of the faid enquiry, the fervant of one Lacon murthered his faid mafter, who longe time had been greatly cherished of him, who being for that murther taken and adjudged to death, confessed hee was tempted to murder his master for his untrue dealing in the said enquest: And that the said Countesse stood soe high in that kings savor, yt shee feared nothing to doe, were it never foe unlawfull; And how shee tooke the lord James his father, himfelfe, and his brethren, and carryed them to Cicestre, And they were plainly told by the faid Countesse, that if they would not in each thing do as they were required, they should plainly dye: whereupon to their great heaviness they did whatfoever they would, how prejuditiall fo ever to their inheritance and contrary to all right and conscience: And setteth out surther, how shee the said Countesse

Bill in Canc: 4. E. 4.

Shee was great, great grandchild of Tho: Brotherton fon to king Ed: ye 1st 529

Counteffe put the people of the County to fine and ransome at the utterance of their goods, And they that might not bere, shee caused them by the members to bee hanged: And that shee afterwards caused James and Thomas his brethren to goe beyond seas with her husband, where James was slaine, and Thomas taken prisoner and put to synance to him importable: And that afterwards the said Countesse for two years kept the said lord James his father out of his Castle of Berkeley, and all the tenancyes and lordshipps thereto belonging utterly wasted.

Thus hee:

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Countesse drew from this lord James and his sons one other Indenture, whereby it was of newe agreed, That if this lord James and his said sons would sue a writ of Attaynt of the said verdit given at Cirencester in an Inquiry between the said parties, And the same Attaint pursue with effect without nonsute or discontynuance, And plead not, nor evidence challenge, nor any other matter, but such as shall bee devised by the said Earle, the lord Lisle, and their Counsell, ne nothing doe ne labor, ne procure to bee done ne labored, but by their said advise, That then the said Earle, nor lord Lisle his son, will take noe benefit ne advantage against the said lord James nor his said sons by way of sorfei ture of the bond of ten thousand pounds dated the 8th of October last which they had of them, but thereof, every of them to be discharged and pardoned.

Rec: 31. H. 6. fuper extent

flatut.

And proces is fued out against all their persons also, whereby now was left to this lord James and his faid fons, in the short dispatch of the more to quicken this lord James and his faid fons, in the short dispatch of the short the short of the short

pasch: 3r. H. 6. in banc: regis. rot. et in salacijs ibm.

Camden in Shropshire pag: 598. E. Whereupon the attaint goeth forward, And upon a tryall the Jury find, That the former Jury at Cirencester had made a good and lawfull verdit in all that they had said: Howbeit by reason of the death of the said Earle, and lord viscount Liste, and of James son of this lord James, no Judgment was after entred upon the said verdit: And this Earle is that noble soldier of whom the strench made the proverbe, The Talbot comes, And wee called our English Achilles; And was buryed at

Whitchurch

Whitchurch with this Epitaph, orate pro anima prænobilis domini D. Johis Talbot quondam Comitis Salopiæ, marifchalli franciæ, qui obijt in bello apud Burdeux. 7. Julij 1453. Anno. 31. H. 6. And was created the first Earle of Shroesbury of his name of Talbot in the one and twentieth of King Henry the fixth; As his eldeft fon by the faid lady Margaret his fecond wife, was in the 23th of Henry the fixth, viscount Lisle, as hath been said.

Inq : capt. apud Wenlok in Com. Salop. obijt. 20.

To deliver the exceptions which upon the later tryalls in the time of Queen Elizabeth were by the lord Berkeleys Counfell, (when time and diligence had ripened their knowledge,) taken to the foresaid Inquisition of the 18th of Henry the fixth, after the death of the faid Earle of Warwicke; And to the faid award of the 27th of Henry the fixth; And to the faid action upon the statute of the fifth of Richard the fecond; And to the faid attaint thereupon brought in the 31th of Henry the fixth; And to the forefaid twelve deeds made and acknowledged as aforefaid; 531 would alone require like leaves to this lords life; for these were the principall pillars and suporters of the adversaries title, and the places of retreat to which they ever fled and trufted; wherein I had the honor to Collect ye breviats for Counfell, which now fleep in peace amongst the other evidence of the now lord George at Berkeley Castle; which upon reading hereof, hee may perhaps bee moved to awake and read, when this hand of mine weth thus feemeth to glory in the remembrance of its own labors, is turned into dust.

Doubtles the inrodes and spoiles that each party and their sollowers made each upon others lands and tenants, as the lord Lifle into Berkeley, Hame, Alkington, Hurst, and other manors of this lord James's: And the lord James and his sons into Wotton, Paynefwike, Whaddon, Moreton, and other manors of the faid Earle and Countesse and lord Lisle their fon, in the same County, produced the ill effects and destructions of a petty warr: wherein the burrowe Town of Berkeley, for her part, fawe the burning and proftration of many of her antient houses, as her old rent which till that time was—22! by the year and upwards, and by those devastations brought down to eleaven pounds and under, where it sticketh to this day, without recovery of her antient luftre or greatnefs.

Comp: ministror temp: H. 5. H. 6.

These unjust incursions and depredations thus reciprocally retorted each upon other, made both parties fly to the king for pardons, the easier to wind out from the justice of the lawes: Of which fort this lord James for his part, had one the tenth of July in the fifteenth of Henry ye fixth; And an other the third of July in the

Rot. pdon: 15. H. 6. m: 12. pat.. 28. H. 6. ps. 1. Rot pdon. 24. H. 6. m. 41. claus: ibnı.

24th of

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Rot. pdon. 30. H.
6. m. 25. et. 32.
pat. 30. H. 6.
pars. 1. m. 14.
Rot. pdon: 36.
H. 6. m. 27.
Rot. pdon: 36.
H. 6. m. 27.
Rot. pdon: 1. E. 4.
m. 41. et at.

24th of Henry the fixth; And an other the 22th of November in the 28th of Henry the fixth; And an other the twentieth of July in the 30th of Henry the fixth; And an other the 20th of November in the fame thirtieth years; And the like at the fame time to Willm, James, Maurice, and Thomas the fower fons of this lord; And an other the first of November in the 34th of Henry the fixth; And an other the tenth of January in the 36th of Henry the fixth, and to Jone his wife; And an other the fixth of February in the first of Edward the fourth; And some others.

32 And the lady Isable his wife had her pardon also, dated the 29th of May in the thirtieth of Henry the sixth, not longe before shee was murdered at Glouc., as hath been said.

pat: 30. H. 6. pars. 2. m: 15. 22. And the faid Earle of Shroefbury and Counteffe his wife, and lord Liste their fon, had as many pardons or more, which sufficiently shew the ill humors wherewith either party abounded; And besides also the sisteenth of July in the thirtieth of Henry the sixth, the said Earle wrought with the king to take them for their persons, lands, tenements, goods and chattles in his protection, And to free him the said Earle and his sons from all mens actions and sutes espetially duringe their absence in France.

Term: Michis. 27. H. 6. rot. 25. in fcacio cum rem thefaur. In the 27th of Henry the fixth, this lord James, by the putting on of his adversaries, was called into the Exchequer to answer the meane rates of the manors of Slimbridge, Hinton, Came, Cowley, Wotton and Simondfall, from the last of Aprill in the 17th of Henry the fixth, (on which day the Earle of Warwicke dyed,) untill the finding of his office the year after; in which record, the severall titles of the said Earles heires are laid down against the lord James, as in the said office they are sound.

This lord James in discharge thereof, doth not plead his title as heire male to his uncle by force of his grandsathers entayle, as hee might well have done, though with a longer plea and more charge; but taketh a course more speedy and of less cost, espetially against the king himself, And pleadeth his Maties pardon to him granted the third of July in the 24th of his raigne, as afore is mentioned, And so avoided the charge:

This record, I remember, was at a tryall in the Comon pleas in ye 39th of Queen Elizabeth strongly urged by the Counsell of Anne Countesse of Warwicke, widow.

widow, then demaundant, in a writ of pertition against Henry lord Berkeley, tenant for the third part of the faid manors of Slimbridge, Came and Hinton, as being, (in their opinion,) unanswerable; for that this lord James had himself therein waved and departed from his own title of heire male, confessing thereby as was inferred, the right of the title to bee on the other fide in the heire generall: whereto, as the allegation of the record was fodaine, (for it was then unknown to the Counfell of the lord Berkeley,) old Serjeant Harris, of Counfell with the lord Berkeley, | gave 533 this fodaine answer; If the lord James had done otherwise, hee had done foolishly: for who will refuse the benefit of Gods bleffings and the kings pardons; And having two ways to discharge himself, hee tooke the best cheap and speediest course, espetially against the kinge; which blunt and present answer seemed to sattisfy the Court.

And upon a fecond putting on of his adversaries in the same Court, of another fute in the like nature for the meane profits of the manor of Portbury and other lands in the County of Somerfet, whereto an untrue Inquificon had entitled the Coheires, found by them in the 18th of Henry the fixth, as is afore rehearfed. This lord James out of the fame reasons pleaded an other of the kings pardons granted to him the 22th of Novem! the same yeare.

Michas: 28: H. 6. rot. 23. in scačio.

The Earle of Shroesbury being (with his son the lord viscount Liste) slaine in France as is before declared, The time of his widdows mourning for the loffe of fuch an husband and fon, gave to this lord James and his two fons Willim and Maurice, left at home with him, fome reasonable time of breathing, yet not free from as great forrow, for that James his fecond fon was flaine with the faid Earle in France, and Thomas his youngest son at the same time taken prisoner by the French in that overthrowe; which also on the part of this lord James and his family was the more redoubled through the unnaturall difcord that at this time ranckled between the faid lord and his eldest fon Sr Willm, which also seemes the more to fester by the jealousyes infused by a stepmother the lady Jone, whom this lord James had not longe before maryed, by beating upon ye weake pulse of her hufbands old age: which intestine diffention had not a little advanced the affaires of the adverse parties for divers of ye late years.

Dowbeit the twentieth of August in the 38th of the faid king Henry the fixth, the father and fon came to an agreement under their feverall feals of Armes, upon these ten capitulations: first that the said Sr William should not henceforth greeve

carta in castro de Berkeley.

vex nor trouble the faid lord James his father, nor any of his fervants Counfellors or tenants of any of his Lodps manors in Gloucestershire, by lawe nor otherwise: 2. That hee should not support nor favor noe persons that his said father shall put out 534 of his | fervice: That the faid Willim shall keep the peace against his faid lord father and his fervants duringe his life, but provided that neither his fathers nor his fervants should give no occation of provocation to the faid Willm or his fervants: 4. That the faid Willim should bee at large in all matters against Thomas Mill and 5. John Poyntz, except the faid James own matters: That the faid Willm shall not come into the lordship of Berkeley, (for hee now dwelt at Portbury,) with more persons then ten by day or night duringe the life of this lord his father without his 6. leave: That hee and they fo coming shall come peaceably, and fend word to his father of their coming half a day before hand, but not to stay at any their comeings 7. above feaven dayes: That the faid Willim shall not alven, nor feosiment make of 8. the manor of Portbury nor of any part thereof: That if the faid lord James fue any o. person by lawe, the said Wiffm shall bee with him in such sute lawfully: That for the observance of these Covenants the said Willm shall enter into a Statute at Bristoll of one thousand pound to his said father, And then hee will amit and 10. receive him as his fon and heire to his favor and good faderhood: And Lastly that none of those feaventeen fervants of the faid Willm, (mentioned in the schedule to this Indenture annexed,) shall at no time come within the manors of the faid lord James in Gloucestershire, but as strangers to baite and goe their way: 2110 the like in effect, both Covenants and Statute from this lord James with his faid fon Willim, mutatis mutandis, whereby they purged the foure leaven of one the others family:

carta in castro de Berkeley dat. 15. Maij. 33. H. 6.

carta in castro de Berkeley dat. 5 Maij. 18. H. 6.

His rewards to servants.

which difagreements between this old lord and his faid fon feems also to have drawn ill nourishment from a disobedient lease which this Willm, three years before against

his fathers mind, had made of his manor of Portbury to James Earle of Wiltshire

and of Ormond for twelve years, contrary to Williams promife as it feemeth; when his faid father in the 18th of that king Henry the fixth, had for his better mainten-

ance, granted the same for his life; To the demissinge or sale whereof, this good old

lord was the more averse, because it was the first land his Ancestors had ever pur-

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chased in England.

Por lord from Harding the Dane had more use for men, and wise men, then this lord James, from his first age of discretion to the houre of his sunerall, and consequently more use for bounty to tye such men to his affaires: Howbeit, whether it was his shallow purse, never halfe sull, or whether the memory of his liberalityes have perished with time, I have only observed these viz!

In the third of Henry the fixth hee gave to Richard Venables one of his Efquiers, an Anuity of ten marks yearly out of his manor of Hurst for his life; And also let to him the Scite of the said manor called Hurst Farm at fixteen marks rent, which is the old rent to this day. 1624.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the feaventh of that king, hee and the lady Ifable his wife gave to Nicholas Stanshawe, for the life of the faid lady, the manor of fflekenhoe in the County of Warwicke, rent free, which this lord held in her right.

Esch: rr. H. 6. post mort. Johis. Mowbray.

In the 11th of the faid king, hee gave to Elizabeth Ithell for her life, an Anuity of fourty shillings by the year, for the paines shee had taken in nursing of William his eldest son, and an house in Berkeley rent free.

carta in castro de Berkeley. comp: rec: r8. H. 6. in castr: de Berk:

In the 19th of the faid king, hee gave to John Grevill, one of his Efq.s, for his life, an Anuity of—4 by the year, out of his manor of Alkington, and two pasture grounds called cowmoor and hurdham in the faid manor, of like value.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the twentieth of that king, hee gave to John Phillip als Morgan, for his life, an Anuity of twenty nobles by the year, whereof three pounds out of his manor of Appleridge, And—3¹¹ 6⁵ 8^d out of Clapton, And—6⁵ 8^d out of Hame.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the same 20th year, hee gave to John Dunstable for his life, an anuity of fourty shillinges by the year, out of the warth and new leyes in Slimbridge.

carta in castro de Berk:

In the fame year hee gave to John With for his life, an Anuity of fourty | fhillings by the year, out of the faid warth and new leyes.

carta in castr : de Berkeley.

In the 21th of the faid king, hee gave to John Biford, for his life, an Anuity of forty shillings by the Yeare, out of the said warth and new leyes.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the 23th of that king, hee gave to William May for his life, an Anuity of forty shillings by the yeare, out of culver seild in Alkington.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

The fame yeare hee gave to Gilbert Johnson for his life, an Anuity of forty shillings by the year out of the faid seild.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the 33th of the faid king Henry the fixth, hee gave to George Pullen, one of his Esquires, for his life, an Anuity of sourty shillings by the yeare.

comp. de Portbury : in castro de Berkeley. 36. H. 6. carta in castro de Berkeley. In the 34th of the faid king, hee gave to Sr Walter Deverox for his life, in consideration of his service, an Anuity of twenty markes by the year out of his manor of Hinton.

Comp:de Berkeley 37. H. 6. in castro de Berkeley. In the 37th of the faid king, hee gave to Thomas Holt Steward of his house, for his life, an Anuity of fourty shillings by the year, out of the new Inne in Berkeley. To know more I have not attained.

His miscellania or various passages not properly reduceable under any the former titles.

This lord James of all his forepast Ancestors from Harding the Dane, and of all his posterity to George lord Berkeley that now is, in minority, stands single in his generations from wearing Armes in any martiall voyage, abrode or at home.

Polichron: fo. 313.

Caxton. cap: 248. fo: 335.

claus: 1. H. 6. m: 19. in dorso. In the 4th of Henry the fixth, the Duke of Bedford, Regent of ffrance and uncle to the kinge, returned into England; And on whitfunday at Leicester dubbed the king knight; And forthwith after, the king dubbed knth many Dukes, Earles, and lords, Amongst whom, this lord James was one, as those historyes say; After which time hee always assumed into his stile, the title of knight; Howbeit I have already truly shewed him to bee written, Jacobus de Berkeley chivalier, three yeares before this time.

537 carta in castro de Berkeley. In the 7th of Henry the fixth, this lord James borrowed nine hundred marks of John Merbury of Hereford Efq; for repayment whereof hee mortgaged to him his manors of Portbury in the County of Somerfet, and of Alkington in the County of Glouc., And besides gave his Statute acknowledged at Bristoll for repayment of the said money.

Rot. parl: 11. H.6. m: 17. pat: 12. H. 6. ps. 2. m: 29. This lord James was at the parliament holden in the 11th of Henry the fixth, fworn with other lords not to keep or harbour any ryotous or notorious diforderly persons, nor to maintaine the quarrells of others, nor to conceive any displeasure against any Judge for doing his office and justice &c.

claus: 18. H. 6. dorfo.

Che 30th of August in the 18th of Henry the sixth, the king sent to this lord his Comission in the nature of a patent of Leivtenancy, requiring him to make proclamation in the County of Glouc., for the peace of the Country to bee preserved, And to prevent all conventicles, unlawfully assembled, And to carry a watchfull eye to prevent

prevent ryotous congregations and affemblyes; And if fuch appear to arife, to destroy them forthwith, least greater evill ensue.

In the 34th of king Henry the fixth, this lord James by his conge de lere, gave leave to the fifters and covent of Nuns of S! Magdalens by Briftoll, to choose them another prioresse insteed of Jone Waleis their late prioresse, lately dead: And what more I have to fay of prefentations and matters of this kind made by this lord or his Ancestors to Abbyes, Nunryes, pryoryes, Chantryes, or the like religious places, of any of their foundations, I doe referr this pious family to the life of their fol: [699] Ancestor the lord Thomas the fixth of that name, where they shall read their losse in honor and profit, by that difmall and black Statute of the diffolution of monafterves in the 31th of Henry the 8th and of others in his raigne.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

For the extraordinary Comiffions, besides those annual of the peace, wherein this lord was often imployed in divers Counties, As in raifing of money by lones for the king, takinge of musters, Arming of Soldiers, appealing of tumults and infurrections, and the like, thefe following records will direct to the principall of thofe I have observed, none of which are before mentioned; As: pat: 4. H. 6. pars. 2. m. 8. / pat. 6: H. 6. pars. 2. m: 16. / pat. 7. H. 6. pars. 1. dorfo. / pat. 8. | H. 6. 538 pars. 2. m. 3. / fin. 12. H: 6. m: 13. / fines. 14. H. 6, m. 20. / pat. 14. H. 6. m. 1. dorfo. / pat: 17. H. 6. pars. 1. m. 12. / fines. 18. H. 6. m. 12. 17. / pat: 20 H. 6. pars. 3. m. 22. et. pars. 2. m. 40. in dorfo. / fines. 28 H. 6. m. 6. / pat. 1. E. 4. pars. 3. in dorso.

Dis wives.

This lord had three wives (if not fower) a good or ill hap that had not formerly befallen any of his Ancestors from Harding the Dane.

The first was the daughter of S! Humphry Stafford of Dorset- carta in castro shire, whom by the direction of his uncle the lord Thomas, hee maryed in the third yeare of king Henry the fifth, with the portion of fix hundred marks, purfed by his faid uncle; Shee dyed very young without iffue; Howbeit an old breviat written about the 17th of Henry the 6th hath these words; Itm, Thomas late lord Berkeley aiell1 to my lady Dorfet and her Coperceners, and uncle to James now lord of Berkeley, in his life, tooke the faid James for his heire of all the manors comprized within

de Berkeley.

vetus manuscr: in castro de Berk:

¹ Forefather—" To gyve from youre heires that youre aiels you lefte." Piers Plowman, p. 314. Halliwell.

within the faid fyne, And fold his mariage twyes for a thousand markes, and another time for one thousand two hundred markes: whereby it may bee gathered, That this lord James had a former wife to this.

Mowbray, Duke of Norfolke, Earle Marshall and of Nottingham, (who was banished the Realme by king Richard the second, in which banishment hee dyed at Venice the 27th of Decemt in the first year of king Henry the fourth,) and of Elizabeth his wife eldest sister and one of the Coheires of Thomas sitz Alen Earle of Arundle and Surrey.

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comp: rec: de
Mowbray 2. H. 6.
in castr. Berk:
hillar: fin: 24. H.
6. in sc²cio.

This lady Isable was first maryed to Henry fferrars, son and heire to William fferrars lord of Groby, in the second yeare of king Henry the 5th, by whom shee had iffue Elizabeth, maryed to St Edward Gray lord fferrars and Groby, who had iffue between them St John Gray slaine at ye battle of St Albons in the 33th of Henry the sixth, whose widowe the lady Elizabeth was after maryed to king Edward the sourth: And Edward Gray their second son, who in right of Elizabeth his wife sister and heire of Thomas Talbot viscount Lisle, was in the first of Richard the third, created viscount Lisle, of whose issue between them, I have formerly written in the life of Thomas lord Berkeley the sourth of that name.

fol: [479]

finis levat. apud Víke. 3. H. 6. de manerio de Ragelond. And fecondly the faid Isable was maryed to this lord James Berkeley in the fecond year of Henry the fixth, And continued his wife twenty nine yeares ere shee dyed, By whom shee had iffue fower fons and three daughters, as after followeth.

Esch: 11. H. 6. post mort. Johis Mowbray et 31. H. 6. post mort. dict. Isable in arce London.

Mith her this lord James had in mariage the manors of Afpley, Alfpath and fflekenho in the County of Warwicke, And some other lands in Essex, and in other Counties, which her brother John Duke of Norfolke in the 4th of Henry the fifth conveyed to her, what time shee was wife to the said sferrars: powheit shee brought further the greatest masse of land to this samily of any lady that was before her, as after will bee declared in the life of the lord Withm her eldest son.

fol: [518] Efch: in Com: Effex 31. H. 6. post mort. dict. Isabellæ. Shee was a lady of great vertue, entirely lovinge her husband, and the children shee had by him; And in their distresses the principal stay and sollower of their sutes and buisinesses; whereof noe other testimony needeth then her tre from London to her husband formerly mentioned, and the manner and means of her death at Glouces, the satterday before Michmas day in the 31th of Henry the sixth, Anno.

Anno. 1452. under the rigorous hand of that mercilesse lady Margaret Countesse of Shroesbury, as before is touched out of the complaints of her son Willim to king Edward the sourch and to his Chancellor against the said Margaret; And whose bloud, hee and her other sons after revenged in the death of her grandchild and heir; And lyeth buried in the Chancell of the Church of the sfryars mynors als gray sfryars at Glouc, which place her grandchild the lord Maurice | Berkeley in honor of her memory in the 21th of king Henry the 8th afterwards repaired.

Rot. fin. 31. H. 6. m. vlt.

Newland: pedigr.

volunt. Mauricij Berkeley. 15. H. 8. 540

Catalouge of honor fol: 880.

Vincent fol: 346.

Esch: 36. H. 6. post mort. Edi Gray. hillar: rec: in scacio 15. E. 4. rot: 311. Pasch: 16. E. 4. rot. 410. in banco coi.

fol: [539]

good.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Couching this lady Ifable, Mr Mills in his catalogue of honor hath a four fold error; first in telling us That shee was first maryed to this lord James And after to Henry fferrars last lord fferrars of Groby; whereas shee was first the wife of the faid Henry and after of this lord James, as formerly is delivered: Secondly in faying that by this lord James shee had iffue Willm and Maurich: whereas they had iffue between them fower fons and three daughters, as after followeth, but none of them called by you name of Maurich; neither doth the lord Berkeley that now is, Anno. 1620. or the lord Henry that was when Mills wrote. Anno. 1557. difcend from any of that name; which I would have made the printers error, but that I find it not in the errata of his booke directed to bee reformed: Thirdly by makeing this Ifable younger then her fifter Margaret, whereas shee was the elder, and maryed longe before her fifter; Howbeit its true, That the iffue of the younger fifter was advanced in honor before th' elders, which was the fole ground not only of Mills conjecture, but of Vincents and fome other late writers also: Lastly, in writing, That this Ifables husband was the last lord fferrars of Groby of that stock; whereas Henry fferrars her husband was fon and heir of Willm lord fferrars, And dyed in the life of his father, as formerly is faid.

The last wife of this lord was Jone sister to John the second Earle of Shroef-bury, whom hee maryed in the end of the 35th year of king Henry the sixth, and daughter of the often mentioned John Talbot Earle of Shroesbury slaine in France sive yeares before: A litle before which mariage, on the 25th of July in the said 35th of Henry the sixth, it was agreed between John then Earle of Shroesbury and this lord James, That hee should marry his sister Jone, if soe hee the said Earle might get an obligation of one thousand pounds in which the said lord James stood bound to the king, and deliver it to the said lord James on the mariage day or before; And that the said Earle should pay to the said lord James on the marriage day, one hundred marks, and provide his sister her mariage apparell as may bee worship to him the said Earle and to the said lord James and to her. And should bee also

good lord to all the Counfellors, Tenants, and fervants of the faid lord James that bee to him well willed and true: And shall support him by his Counsell in all sutes 541 that bee taken against | him. And that the faid lord James shall make to her an eftate of one hundred and twenty pounds by the yeare for her life, And shall bee feized the day of the mariage of all his other lands and Tents of fuch estate as y the faid Jone may bee dowable of them.

And to speake as I conceive of this mariage, It was of much pollicy in this old lord James, then in his great climactericall yeare of fixty three: for hereby hee not only gave strength to his own affaires, but hee weakened the power of the adverse party, not only by drawing from the faid Margaret her two greatest pillars, her fon in lawe and daughter in lawe, with an intelligence of her private purpofes and practifes past and prefent, but by opposing their endeavors against her by expresse covenants.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

carta in castro de Berkeley: et divers: acq: ibm.

25p this Jone, this lord James had noe iffue, but after fix yeares and fower months mariage, hee by his death left her his widowe: And within two months after, her fon in lawe the lord Willim Berkeley agreed by Indenture to pay her one hundred pounds yearly for her life, in lieu of her dower and of fuch manors and lands as were by her husband conveyed to her; And about fower years after shee maryed Edmond Hungerford Efq! to whom the faid hundred pounds Anuity was many years paid.

Dis issue.

1. 3. Of Willm who dyed without iffue, And of Maurite his brother lord Berkeley also after him, and of his iffue I shall after write in their severall turnes, under whom this family faw, as various alterations, as in the life of this lord James had happened.

> Each state is subject unto change, Why then to us should this seeme strange, Yea, th'eavens and earth must passe away And not continue at one stay.

2. Tames who was fecond fon of this lord James and Ifable, was, in the floure 542 of his youth after hee had fuffered imprisonment with his father and brethren, and been made a party to all those enforced conveyances as formerly is declared, hurryed into France by the faid Earle of Shroefbury and lord Lifle, against his will

petitio Wiffmi ad Edrm quartum will, by the procurement of his Counteffe the often mentioned Margaret; where with them hee was flaine the fame year, before hee tafted the fweet or foure of nuptiall fruit, And feems to lye by the body of this lord James his father in the Chapple on the fouth fide of Berkeley Church, differenced in his bearings with a file of three lambeauxes, fables, though of the transportation of his body out of France, I have found nothinge.

4. Thomas fourth fon of this lord James and Isable, was also both at home and abrode in ffrance, partaker of his brother James double misfortunes, onely hee had the hap to have his life faved in that overthrow wherein the faid Earle and his fon, in the 31th of Henry the fixth, perished; but his body was taken prisoner, And (as his brother the lord Wiffm complained after to king Edward the fourth,) was put petitio predict. to ranfome importable for him to beare; At which time hee was under nyneteen years of age: of whom, and the discendants from him, I will inlarge my felf, (as I have formerly done in other branches of this noble family continuing to this day. 1634.) And the rather also because this Thomas is stock-father of the Berkeleys, comonly called of Worcestershire, and of Herefordshire, multiplyed into many generations; whose later discents have not been soe fully insisted upon by the geneologists of this family, as feemed due to male branches lately blossomed from foe noble a stocke, as this lord James and the lady Isable his wife.

Berkeley of Worcestershire Berkeley of Herefordshire

This Thomas in his fathers life time was stiled Thomas Berkeley Ar fit Jacobi Berkeley dni de Berkeley mit, And after his death, Thomas Berkeley Ar frater dni Willmi Berkeley dni de Berkeley.

cartæ cum Willmo Munday. 2. et. 7.

In the 34th of Henry the fixth upon the petition of this Thomas and for fpeedier payment of his finance, the king grants leave for three of his factors to goe with the ship called the Christopher with any lawfull merchandize, and to fell the fame, and returne, and goe againe. And the year before, this Thomas and two of his partners had the like licence to goe with their shipp called the Trinity of Berkeley, to Burdeaux, and there to unlode, & lode againe, & bring any merchandize into England. I ffor his portion hee had by the feverall conveiances of his father, the manor of litle Marshfeild and divers lands in Clapton, late the lands of John Edwards, and all other his lands, Tenements and hereditaments in the county of Gloucester, which the faid lord James held in ffee simple, whereof some lay in Berkeley, Dursley, and Hinton: And the 13th of December in the 22th of king Edward the fourth, Willim vifcount Berkeley his brother and Jone his then wife,

Vafcon. 34. H. 6.

Vafcon. 33. H. 6.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

carta in castro de Berkeley ...

carta in castro de Berkeley. dat.4 Nov. 13 H.6. gave to this Thomas his brother, for his laudible fervice, an Anuity of nineteen pounds p anñ for his life, whereof. 6^{li}_{-} 13^s₋ 4^d₋ to bee iffuing out of his manor of Wotton, And—12^{li}₋ 6^s₋ 8^d₋ out of his manor of Hame. And also this Thomas had by conveyance from his father in the xiiith of Henry the fixth, then very younge, the manor of Daglingworth, and the moytie of the Manor of Brokenburgh, with the alternate course of presentinge to the chantry of our Lady in Almondesbury, entayled upon him and the heires of his body, with remainders to his elder brothers in tayle.

carta cum Johe Smyth de Midleton. Humphry duke of Buckingham, by his patent dated the eighteenth of March in the 32th of Henry the fixth, made this Thomas Berkeley receivor generall of all his lands in the County of Gloucester, Wiltess, and Hampshire, with the see of five pounds p anñ, And two shillings for his wages for each day hee should travell in his buisiness; which seemes to bee upon his first returne after hee had taken order for his ransome in strance.

This Thomas was prefent with his two elder brothers, Willim & Maurice at the death of the lord viscount Liste, slayne by them at Nibley greene in the Tenth of king Edward the fourth, as after followeth.

Morth, heire to Phillip Waterton of Waterton in Wales, an antient family, to whom Thomas lord Berkeley had formerly given divers meffuages and lands in Berkeley, Alkington, Hinton, and in the lordship of Berkeley, under the rent of 24½ paid by the heires and assignes of this Thomas Berkeley to this day. 1634. The her this Thomas had issue I John Berkeley, 2 Thomas, 3 Richard, 4 Edward, 5 Margaret, 6 Isable, and 7 Margery; And dyed the second day of July. Anno. 1484. in the second yeare of king Richard the third, as the brasse about his marble Tomb in the chancell of Berkeley Church doth witness, whereout twenty four years agone, I copied forth this Epitaph; Hic jacet Thomas Berkeley insignis armiger frater illustrissimi domini Wittmi Comitis Nottinghamiæ, qui quidem Thomas obijt secundo die Julij, Anno Domini. 1484. cujus animæ propitietur deus. Amen.

carta 20. E. 4. in castro de Berk: volunt. Marchion. Berkeley: 7. H.7. carta in castro de Berkeley 3 H. 8.

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carta. 3. H. 8: in
castro de Berkeley.
Rentall de
Berkeley 8. H. 7.
in dicto castro.

John eldest son of the said Thomas Berkeley and Margaret, by Margery his wife had iffue John and Thomas, And dyed in the 27th years of kinge Henry the 8th And the said John son of John was servant to Anne lady Berkeley widowe, And dyed without iffue at Callowdon in the County of Warwicke in the 31th of the said

king

king Henry the 8th And Thomas, brother and heire of the faid John fon of John, by Suzan his fecond wife daughter of Curnocke of Cowley, (for by his first wife castrode Berkeley. hee had noe iffue,) had iffue two daughters, Jone and Frances, And dyed in the twentieth yeare of Queen Elizabeth at Berkeley, where hee lyeth buryed.

Moyles furvey

The faid Jone by Morgan Griffith her first husband, had iffue Edward, ffrances, and Blanch maryed to Thomas Barber of Berkeley-heath, by all which is iffue. And by Richard Oldland her fecond husband had iffue Thomas and James, neither of whom are yet maryed, And Richard who maryed Jone Richards of Wanefwell, Anno. 1622.

The faid ffrances fecond daughter and coheire of the faid Thomas Berkeley, was maryed to John Smith of Middleton in Hinton, (hee yet living, blind . 1622,) by whom shee had issue John Smith, Willim Smith, Henry, Elizabeth, Margaret, Mary, Jone, Edith, and Agnes; The faid John by Martha his wife daughter of Robert Cloterbooke hath iffue Thomas and Henry.

The faid William is not maryed.

The faid Henry by Jane his wife, daughter of James Bayly of Swanley, hath iffue John, Willm, Henry, Elizabeth, and Mary.

The faid Elizabeth was maryed to Phillip Wither of Littleton who had iffue Katharine, first maryed to John Atwood of Berkeley by whom shee had no issue, And after maryed to Charles Jay, between whom is iffue ffrancis. Anno. 1634. an infant very young.

The faid Margaret was first maryed to Thomas Nelme, by whom shee hath iffue Thomas: And fecondly maried to John Nelme by whom shee hath yet noe issue, 1622.

The faid Mary was first maryed to Mathew Skull of Newport, by whom shee had iffue, John, Thomas, Henry, and Nicholas; And 2dly to John Noote of Oldbury, by whom shee hath noe iffue.

The faid Jone is maryed to John Hurne of Hinton, by whom shee hath iffue 545 Sara maryed to Nathaniell Mallet . 1635.

The

The faid Edith is marryed to John Clutterbooke, by whom shee hath iffue John, maryed to ffortune Lawrence, and Agnes. 1634.

And the faid Agnes is maryed to James Hurne lately deceafed, by whom shee hath iffue John, Mary, and Edith.

carta in castro de Berkeley et cum Robto ffowler de Alderly

Richard third fon of the faid Thomas Berkeley and Margaret, (to whom his uncle Willm Marques Berkeley by his will in the feaventh of king Henry the feaventh, gave a legacy of forty shillings,) possessed part of his fathers lands in Durfley fower miles from Berkeley, where fometimes hee dwelt, which are now the inheritance of Robert flowler of Alderley and others; And by Margaret his wife, daughter of Dyer, had iffue 1 Richard, 2 Thomas, 3 Edward, 4 William, 5 Humphry, 6 Jone, and 7 Edith, of whom in order as followeth: Richard eldest son of the said Rich! had iffue John, who maryed the daughter of Slead, between whom was noe iffue; And also the faid Richard had another son of the same name of John, who was written John Berkeley of Hereford, and was twice Maior of that city, viz! in the 8th and 24th yeares of Queen Elizabeth; And by Jone his first wife daughter of Havard had iffue Thomas, who after dyed without iffue; And by Margaret his fecond wife daughter of Hues had iffue, William, Humphry, Ofwald, John, Nicholas, Richard, James, Mary marryed to Whittach, Margaret maryed to - Mynors, and Ellenor maryed to - Cosby: Of whom, the faid Willim the eldest fon by Elizabeth daughter of Willm Burghill had iffue Willm Berkeley, now living at Killruddon in the county of Limbricke in Ireland, Anno. 1632. And the faid John Berkeley of Hereford, who (as aforefaid) was twice Maior of that city, hath his portraiture to bee yet feen in the houfe of Willm Norman a Mercer in Hereford, pictured in an Aldermans gowne, blacke faced with Ermins, fent him, as report there goes, out of Russia by his fon then Interpreter between the English and the Russian, with this infcription; Vera effigies Johannis Berkeley geñ bis quondam hujus civitatus Hereford præturam gerentis, prius Anno Eliz. 8º posteà verò eiusdem imperij. 24to Anno. 546 ætatis facta. 65. et Anno dñi. 1585. with | this motto under it fervire deo regnare est, with the coat of Armes of this James lord Berkeley differenced by a bordure argent1; which house the faid Willm Berkeley of Kyllruddon in Ireland fold to the faid Willm Norman; And the ground whereupon that house was built was by the faid John Berkeley grandfather of the faid Willm purchased of John Kinge and others in the first of Queen Mary, as by the deed appeares.

Ex archivis civit. Herefordiæ.

carta cum Willmo Berkeley de Killrud:

Thomas

Thomas Berkeley the fecond brother of Richard fon of Richard fon of Thomas Registre civitat Berkeley, was of Allensmore in the jurisdiction of the deanry of Hereford, And dyed in the 4th and 5th of Phillip and Mary, As by the administration of his goods then comitted to Anne his wife appeares, Of whom I find noe iffue; Neither have I found any iffue of coward his next brother.

Hereff:

Willm Berkeley 4th brother of the faid Richard, fon of Richard, fon of Thomas Berkeley, dwelled in Hereford, And was in the 35th of Henry the 8th Anno Dñi. 1545. Maior of that City; And by Elizabeth his wife had iffue fifteen fons and daughters, viz! 1 Richard who dyed without iffue, 2 Robert who also dyed without iffue, 3 Willim who had iffue George who dyed in the east Indies leaving a fon yet living, 1634. 4 Henry, doctor of the civill law and a mafter of the Chancery, who dyed without iffue, whose original will dated in May in ye 26th of Eliz: 1584 I have feen, fealed with Berkeleys ten croffes; 5 Thomas who also dyed without issue; Berkeley milte. 6 John Berkeley fometimes a fellow in New Colledge in Oxford, from whence hee went to Ipswich where hee dyed; 7 Edward Berkeley a mercer in London and a benefactor to that company, whose Eschochen, (the Berkeleys ten crosses,) is set up in the hall at Mercers chapple in London, and dyed without iffue; 8 Rowland Berkeley, (of whom after,) Leonard Berkeley who dyed wthout iffue, Margaret maryed to Richard Bramwich and fix other daughters.

Registrm civitat Hereff. čm maiore

voluntas Henrici cum Robto

The faid Rowland Berkeley the 8th fon of the faid Willim the major of Hereford, dyed at his manor of Specheley in the County of Worcester the first of June in the ninth year of king James Anno Doni. 1611: whose monument is in the chancell of that Church; Howbeit his funerall was the 18th of the next month folemly folemnized at the | Cathedrall Church in the City of Worcester, where for 547 the most part hee had lived, Chester Herald then present marshallinge the funerall, in presence of Willm and Robert his two eldest sons, his executors: Howbeit I am bold in love to truth, with reverence to the memory of learned Campden, to write; That in his register booke of certificates of funeralls, fol. 330. remaining in the office of Armes at London, (a place much to bee honored,) is a mistake in the genealogy of this Rowland Berkeley, the rather here foe precifely by mee purfued for rectifying the error therein recorded.1 This Rowland Berkeley maryed Katharine

¹ Through the courtefy of Stephen Tucker, Efq., Somerfet Herald, we are enabled to annex a copy of the Funeral Certificate referred to in the text, but we do not fee any difcrepancy between it and the Author's statement. In the recorded Pedigree (I. 16, fd. 330) however there are some sew slight discrepancies, e.g. Rowland Berkeley is flewn to have married a daughter of Heywood, inflead Hayward, and Mary, the daughter of Rowland, is stated to have married Wyn, instead of Mynne.

daughter of — Heyward by whom hee had iffue fix fons and nine daughters; whereof Willim the eldest fon was high Sheriffe of the County of Worcester in the 14th of Kinge James: 21nd Robert Berkeley fecond fon of the faid Rowland was in the life time of his father, called to the degree of an vtter Barrister in the Midle Temple, my felf then and fome yeares after of the fame fociety: And in the 12th year of king James was high Sheriffe of the County of Worcester, two yeares before his eldest brother; After which office in the ministerial part of the lawe expired, hee returned to the Midle Temple, where hee foe enabled himfelf for the juditiall part, That in Michalmas Terme in the first yeare of king Charles, (then by reason of the plague in London held at Readinge,) hee was called to the Bench amongst the Readers of that house, And designed to read in the Summer following; which done, in Efter Terme in the third year of king Charles, hee was made Serjant at lawe, And the fame Terme one of the faid kings Serjants, And then also honored with knighthood by his Majtie And in Michaelmas Terme in the eighth of that kinge, was made one of the Judges of his Majties Court of kings bench: The faid S! Robert Berkeley maryed Elizabeth one of the daughters and Co-heires of Thomas Coniers Efquier, difcended of the family of the Coniers of Sackborne in the Bishopricke of Durham, whose bearing I take to bee, A manch or in a feild Azure: By mariage with his faid wife hee had, (inter alia,) an house and lands in East Barnet in the County of Hertford, ten miles from London, whither in vacation times hee often retireth himfelf.

Edward

Rowland Barkeley De Spechley in com Worcester obijt (1) Die Junij 1611 (8) Jacobi Ris Angl: ffr et hibnie et Scotie (44) his bodye buried the 2 June att Spetchely his funerall folemnized July 18. 1611 att the Cathedrall Churche in the citie of Worcester.

Chester Herauld present, William Barkeley and Robert Barkeley his (2) eldist fonnes Executours.

Ro: Barkeley.

(I 10, 205.)

The Arms exemplified are: Gu. a Chev. betw. ten Crosses ar. differenced by a Crescent surmounted by a mullet. Crest a bears head Couped ar. muzzled gu.

Extracted from the Record now remaining in the Herald's College, this 21 July, 1883.

Stephen Tucker, Somerfet Herald.

Rowland Barkley, only fon of William eldest fon of this Rowland, born 1613, was knighted at Worcester, 30 June, 1641, and was nominated by Charles II one of the Knights of the Royal Oak. He married Dorothy daughter of Sir Thomas Cave, Knt., of Stamford.

Robert, fecond fon of the above mentioned Rowland, became one of the King's Serjeants at Law, as stated in the text, and was knighted 14 April, 1627. [Ed.]

Edward, John, Denry, and Thomas, the third, fourth, | fifth, and fixth fons of 548 the faid Rowland Berkeley, have theire names onely here mentioned by mee.

Of the forefaid nine daughters, Dorothy is maryed to Thomas Wild; Katharine is maryed to Willim Worfeild; Elizabeth is maryed to Robt Crosby; Ellenor is Stinton; Jone is maryed ffrogmere: Jane is maryed to maryed to Mynne of London; Anne is maryed to Henry Bright; Mary is maryed to Newton of London, of whom to Thomas More; And Joyce is maryed to is a numerous posterity.

Dumphry Berkeley fifth brother of the faid Richard fon of Richard fon of Thomas Berkeley, was a professed Monke in the monastery of St Peter in the City of Glouc. at the time of the diffolution thereof; To whom king Henry the 8th the Irr: in Curia tenth day of February in the 31st of his raigne granted an yearly penfion of eight pounds for his life, which hee received till the 14th year of the raigne of Queen Elizabeth; And is beleeved by many to have outlived all of the like Monkish penfioners in England.

Of Jone and Edith fifters of the faid Humphry, I can fay nothing, fave that I here conclude with them, the iffue of the faid Richard Berkeley third fon of Thomas Berkeley youngest fon of this lord James and of the lady Isable his wife.

Of Edward fourth fon of the faid Thomas Berkeley and Margar! I can fay nothing, fave that

Margaret, eldest daughter of the faid Thomas and Marg! was maryed to Shipward gent., an honest and carefull Agent in all the waightiest buisinesses of Maurice lord Berkeley the fixth and last of that name, espetially whilst hee lived at Calais, as many of his tres in Berkeley Castle written to that lord doe plentifully witnes, which declare him to bee, as I here deliver him; who had iffue between Shipward father of | Maurice, father of Maurice and Willm, which Maurice was of Alveston, and dyed without iffue about the twentieth year of the raigne of Queen Elizabeth leaving the faid Willm his brother and heire; which With had iffue five fons and daughters, viz! I Maurice Shipward of the City of Westmister, father of divers children; 2 Withm who by Elizabeth the daughter of Anthony Halfe Efq. is also father of divers children, 3 Giles Shipward, 4 Elizabeth, and 5 Ellenor.

diversa muniment in castro de Berk:

Asable

Isable fecond daughter of the faid Thomas Berkeley and Margar! (to whom her uncle William Marques Berkeley in the feaventh of Henry the feaventh gave a legacy of twenty markes,) was in the third yeare of king Henry the 8th maryed to Humphry Lluellin gent. fon and heire of William lluellin of Pucklechurch gent, between whom was iffue John ffluellin, [fic] who by Anne his wife daughter of John Atwood had iffue, William, and Hugh: which William by Cicely his wife daughter and heire of Robert ffrize of Pucklechurch had iffue Christopher, Agatha, Ellenor, Anne, and Mary.

The faid Christopher by Anne his wife, daughter and heire of John Burnell of Westerly, had iffue William, who by Anne his wife daughter of John Brittaine of Bitton hath iffue William, John and sower daughters.

The faid Agatha was maryed to Willm Organ of Westerly and hath issue John and George.

The faid Ellenor was maryed to John Gregory of Wike, who had iffue Withm lately dead without iffue, and Walter who had a fon. And the faid Mary was maryed to John Mayo who have iffue John Mayo, and a daughter called Elleanor, maryed to Withm Buckle.

The faid Hugh ffluellin brother of Willm, fon of John, had iffue Willm, of whom is iffue.

carta in castro de Berkeley et cum Robto sfowler de Alderly.

- 7 Margerp youngest daughter of the said Thomas Berkeley and Margaret, (to whom her uncle Willim Marques Berkeley by his will in the 7th of Henry the seaventh gave a legacy of five marks,) dyed, as I conceive, whout iffue; And these three daughters Margaret, Isable, and Margery, had, by the conveyances of their sather and Mother, divers lands and remainders in tayle limited to them in Berkeley and Dursley &c, Hitherto of the said Thomas and his issue, fourth son of this lord James.
- 5. Clizabeth, eldest daughter of this lord James and Isable his wife, was | in their life times maryed to Thomas Burdet of the County of Warrwicke Esq! And had two hundred pounds for her mariage portion, And from her husband forty pound Joynture p! ann; which Joynture land was entayled to them and the heires of their two bodies, as the Deed it self dated on thursday after S! Katharines day

carta in castro de Berkeley.

in

in the 27th of Henry the fixth doth witnesse, A litle before which time they were maryed: And for any thing I yet understand shee dyed without issue.

6. Isable, the fecond daughter of this lord James and Isable, was maryed to With Try of Hardwike in the County of Glouc, Efq. to whom by deed dated the 18th of August in the 16th of king Edward the fourth, Withm lord Berkeley her brother granted an yearly cheife rent, (which the lord George Berkeley receiveth at this day, 1628,) of forty shillings paid him by the faid Withm Try and his Ancestors out of certaine lands and woodground called Inwoods in Stinchcomb within the parish of Came; To hold to the faid W. Try and Isable his wife in part of payment of three hundred marks, (the like portion to her elder fifters,) until the fame bee paid, according to the will of James lord Berkeley his late father, as the mariage portion of the faid Isable.

carta in castro de Berkeley. carta cum Willmo Try de Hardwike.

This Willim Try dyed in the 13th yeare of Henry the feaventh, whose office then found sheweth, That the third of September in the 21th of Edward the fourth hee had enfeoffed her brother Thomas Berkeley and others of his manor of Parkcourt in Hardwike, To the use of himself and Isable his wife and of the heirs of their two bodies, And that shee was now dead: Howbeit shee was livinge in the fourth of Henry the feaventh, when by the kindnes of her faid huband, her Joynture was further enlarged with his lands in Beoly and Clehungre in Berkeley hundred.

This Wiffm Try was discended from S. Robert Berkeley second son of Maurice lord Berkeley the fecond of that name, as in the title of his iffue is to bee read, from whose conveyance came the said lands in Beoly and Clehungre, and the forty shillings rent charge out of Vley there mentioned, which that family possesse to this day, 1620.

Rec: in banco: Term H. 7. 10t. vetus manuscr. in castro de Berkeley. vide fol: [177]

The faid Willm and Ifable Berkeley had iffue John Try, who dyed without iffue, and Wiffm Try, who by Anne his wife, daughter of Thomas | Bainham and 551 widowe of M. Clifford, had iffue Edward Try, and Thomas Try of Callowdon, a wife and faithfull fervant to this family, of whom much is after written, And dyed in the 16th of Henry the eighth.

The faid Edward Try fon of Withm and Anne, by Sibill his wife, had iffue John Try, Arthur, and George, which Arthur and George dyed without iffue; And Withm

Withm Try of Pucklechurch, who by Cicely his wife daughter of Whitokesmead, had issue Sibill maryed to Henry Denis, and Anne maryed to Roger Kemis of Wickwicke; and the said Edward had also issue Katharine maryed to Hugh Denis of Pucklechurch, of whose issue see after; And the said Edward dyed in the 18th of Henry the 8th

The faid John Try by Elizabeth his wife daughter and coheire of M. Gurney of Suffolke, had iffue John Try, Edward Try that dyed without iffue, Anthony Try, Anne, Elizabeth, and Katharine maryed to M. Serjeant of Stone.

The faid John fon of John by Margaret his wife daughter of M. Skipwith had iffue, Willm, Henry dead without iffue, Thomas, Peregrine, John, Edward, Suzan, Elizabeth, Margaret, and Frances.

The faid Wiffm eldest son of John maryed Mary daughter of S! Edward Tirrell kn!, by whom hee had issue Wiffm, Henry, Edward, John, Frances, and Mary; And was in a private quarrell slaine at Gloucester, Anno 8. Jacobi.

The faid Thomas third fon of John maryed Vrfula daughter of M! Foster, by whom hee had issue, Withm, Elizabeth and ffrances.

The faid Peregrine, fourth fon of John, is yet unmaryed; Anno. 1618.

The faid John the fifth fon, maryed Elizabeth daughter of John Chambers of Tresham, by whom hee hath issue, Thomas.

The faid Edward the fixth fon maryed Millicent then attendant on the lady Elizabeth Berkeley widowe; At what time also the faid Edward was her gentleman vsher, And have iffue, 1628.

Suzan and Elizabeth are yet unmaryed, 1620. Margaret is maryed to M. Drayner of the Inner Temple, And ffrances is dead without iffue.

The faid Katharine fifter of the faid John Try fon of Edward was maryed to Hugh Denis of Pucklechurch Efq! by whom shee had iffue Henry that dyed without iffue, John, Walter not maryed, Anne maryed to M! Petit and have iffue, Cicely not maryed, and Audely maryed to M! Bryers of Coventry; ffrances maryed to M! Thomas

M! Thomas Ligon of Elston, and have issue, Thomas Ligon, Withm, Richard, John, and Katharine maryed to M! Jerrat, who have issue; And Jone dead without issue, and Alice first maryed to M! Brokesby and after to M! Berry, who also have issue.

John Denis brother and heire of Henry, fons of the faid Hugh and Katharine, by Ellen his wife daughter of Thomas Millet of Sowe hath iffue henry Denis, who hath maryed Margaret daughter of S. George Speake and have iffue; Willim Denis not maryed, Cicely maryed to Willim Guyes fon and heire of S. Willim, and have iffue, And Katharine not yet maryed. Anno. 1624.

7. Alice third daughter of this lord James and Isable his wife, was maryed to Richard Arthur of Clapton in Somersetshire near Portbury, and had issue John and Isable; which Isable was first maryed to M. Stanshawe, And after to M. Harrison, both whom shee survived, And as I take it, dyed without issue.

carta irr: in Canc: 17. H. 7. et in banco eodē anno, Term Michisrot. 1. See fol:

The faid John Arthur fon of the faid Richard and Alice, by Margaret his wife daughter of John Butler of Badmington, had iffue Thomas, and Margaret maryed to Roger Porter in the 22th year of Edward the fourth, of whom after.

The faid Thomas Arthur by the daughter of M: Shipman of Bristoll had iffue, whereof many remaine at this day.

The faid Margaret maryed to Roger Porter had iffue Arthur, who by Alice daughter of John Arnold had iffue Thomas Porter of Lanthony by Glouc: knight, Tacy maryed to Edward Oldifworth, Ifable maryed to Giles Codrington, and Bridget maryed to Christopher Bainham of Clowerwall.

The faid S. Thomas Porter, by Anne daughter of Richard Denis of | Siston, 553 had issue Arthur Porter knight and others, of whom see after in the issues of Maurice fol: [625] the fifth, third son of this lord James.

The faid Tacy maryed to Edward Oldisworth had iffue Arnold Oldisworth late Clark of the Hanaper, who by Lucy his wife daughter of ffrancis Barty a fflorentine gentleman of a noble family, had iffue Edward maryed to Elizabeth Masters late of Cirencester, by whom hee hath iffue Bridget; Michaell Oldisworth Secretary to the Earle of Penbroke lord Chamberlaine, and Elizabeth maryed to Alexander Bainham of Westbury by whom shee hath iffue.

The faid Ifable maryed to Giles Codrington had iffue ffrancis Codrington of fframpton upon Seaverne, Richard Codrington of Dodington, and Cicely maryed to Wiffm Rufwell of Dunkerton in Somerfetshire.

The faid ffrancis Codrington by Mary his wife daughter of S. Nicholas Poyntz had iffue Margaret, first maryed to Edward Bromwhich of Frampton upon Seavern, And secondly to John Sydnam; of whom see more in the life of the lord Thomas fol:[683] the fifth.

The faid Richard Codrington brother of ffrancis, by Joyce his wife daughter of John Burlace Efq, hath iffue Samuell, who hath maryed Elizabeth daughter of Thomas Stephens of Lippiat Efq! and fifter of Edward Stephens of Sodbury, Efq (farmer also of the impropriate Tythes of Berkeley Rectory,) Richard, Robert, Willm, Giles, Anne, Elizabeth, ffrances, Joyce, and Isable Codrington; Of whom the said Isable is maryed to Samuell eldest son of Christopher Stokes of Stanshawes by Sodbury gent.

And the faid Bridget was maryed to Christopher Bainham of Clowerwall, who had iffue George Bainham, dead without iffue.

His Scales of Armes.

ten crosses cornerwise, the two mairemaydes supporters, and the helmet and myter for crest, (the miter not charged,) circum scribed, sigillum Jacobi domini de Berkeley; And afterwards, upon what grounds I find not, the miter was charged with the crosses also; And the circumscription of that seale was sigillum Jacobi domini de Berkeley militis, in other things agreeing: both of one bredth of two inches and an half diameter, without any reverse or privy seale on the dorse: Behold the resemblances.



The mitre is shewn charged in the seal as "tricked" by the Author. See fac simile. [ED.]

Dis death and place of buriall.

The 22th of October in the third yeare of king Edward the fourth, it was agreed between this lord James and the often before named Margaret Counteffe of Shroesbury, That they would thenceforth cease suites & the residue of their lives live in rest and peace togeather; And that either of them should enjoy such manors lands and Tenements in fuch fort and form as either of them then held and were possessed of, without interupting one of the other.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

At this time was the lord James of the age of . 69, years and upwards, and the faid Margaret about fifty and two; Neither of whom fince their ages of discretion having till that time enjoyed any three months of freedom from lawe fuites: And with this peace enters the everlasting peace of this lord James, an honest humble and just lord; for within thirty six days after, hee dyeth at Berkeley Castle in the end of November Anno. 1463. where hee had lived all his life time fince his unckles death; And lyeth buryed under a fair tomb of alablaster beautifyed with the Eschucheons of his Armes in y. Chapple on the south side of the high Altar in the parish church of Berkeley, which Chapple himself formerly had built, then entred into | the feaventieth yeare of his age, whereof hee had fit lord forty fix 555 years fower months and about twelve days.

Rot. fin. 3. E. 4. m. vlt. Newl: pedegr: in castro de Berkeley. claus: 3. E. 4. m. Newland pedegree faith hee dyed. 1462. but falfly. vlt : vol : wiffi Marchion Berkeley . 7. H. 7.

And now Gods holy angells are attendinge To crowne him with those joyes that know noe endinge.

Of whom this testimony is justly transmitted to his posterity; That amongst all the generations of his house before and after him, none is found to have walked more with God in a vertuous and harmlesse life, not once observed to have slipt into diforder, vice or passion; much refembling the pious part of king Henry the sixth his life, in whose raigne the greater part of this lords life ran out.

And in the uneven parrallell between this lord and the lord Willim his eldest fon, is verifyed, That parents beget the bodyes, not the minds, nor manners of their children; for two more diffenting from the cradle to the grave are not to bee found in the wholl catalogue of their generations, as by their lives appeareth.

That hee made a will it is apparent by the deed of his daughter Isables mariage, but to have been proved of record I find not in any place.

Contra

Contra vim mortis non est medicamen in hortis; Noe herbes do growe in any mould Gainst stroke of death that can bee found: The graffe that grows, to-morrow's hay, And man that's now, assoone is clay.

The lands whereof hee dped seized.

By the death of this lord James discended to the lord Willim his eldest son,

The manor of Berkeley burrowe

The manor of Hame

The manor of Appleridge

The manor of Alkington

The manor of Hinton

The manor of Hurst

The manor of Slimbridge

The manor of Came

The manor of Daglingworth

The manor of Upton S! Leonards

The hundred of Berkeley |

In the County of Glouc.

556

The manor of Portbury and Porteshead, with the hundred of Portbury, in the County of Somerset.

And certaine lands in the County of Hereford, as his pardon for intrulion shewes.

pat: 5. E. 4. pars. 1. m: 22.

All the refidue of his antient patrimony were othe[r]wife fcattered and entred upon, as his life in part hath declared, And now further follows to bee fpoken of in the life of the lord William, his eldeft fon.

The application and use of his life.

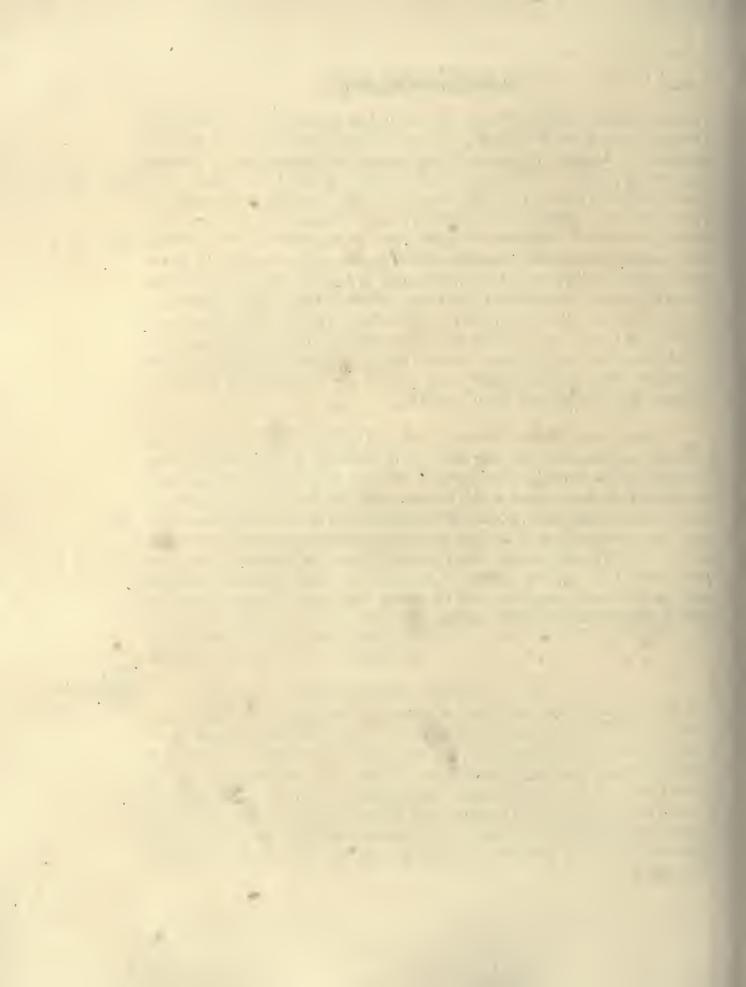
The use

1. The power and malice of the adversaries of this lord James kept him for the most part within doors like a prisoner, from youth to age, as his life hath declared: That malice God turnes to the fasety and preservation not only of himself but of his posterity also; freed thereby from actuall sidings with either of the two royall houses of Yorke and Lancaster, all this lords time by the eares for the Crown: wherein noe other family of like eminency to this is found that deeply suffered not in the alternate fortunes of those two houses, through the various successes of their Armes: Soe the more oppressed, the more preserved; the more dejected

dejected, the more bleffed was this lord, and in him, his posterity: A strong confideration, raifing his difcendants to joyne in Chore with the angell and that multitude of heavenly foldiers with him, in that celestiall himme of alleluiah recorded by S! Luke. Glory bee to God on high. &c. who in his bleffed provi- Luke. 2. vers: 13. dence turned the evill of this lords restraint, wrought by malice and greatness, to 14. the prefervation of himself and his posterity, as farr as humane wisdome may divine: whereby hee and his in their fuccessive generations are invited to double and treble 557 the remembrance and acknowledgment of that benefit and prefervation: A prefervacon which the able and active fons of this lord make more remarkable, not otherwife then by this restraint to have been restrained from diversly pertaking in unnaturall Armes with either of those two houses, to the mutuall unsheathing of their fwords against one the other, as the fequell shewes their severall affections would have driven them; And as often and againe happened amongst brothers and parents in those intestine warres, which divided not the kingdome alone and Counties, but Cities also and private familyes.

2. And againe let the example of this lord, (Then whom, non illo melior quisquam, nec amantior æqui, none more just in words and deeds in all his generations,) affure his posterity, That howsoever through the power of time they may wrongfully fuffer for a feafon, as this lord longe did, yet God the just rewarder of every man according to his works will in due time give deliverance, as hee did to him; And that godlyness of life hath the promise both of good things in this life, and of better in the life to come, from the mouth of him that lyeth not: And therefore let this lords posterity allways invest themselves with a prudent patience, as with an individual companion, and Counfellor, which ever atcheiveth that fair victory whereat honest ends are levelled.

blank



The Life of William Marques Berkeley 561

The life of Withm lord Berkeley the first of that name, stiled in writings, Withm Berkeley knight; And Withm Berkeley of Berkeley kni; And Withm lord Berkeley; And Withm lord Berkeley; And Withm Earle Marshall and of Nottingham. And Withm Marques Berkeley; And after the 4th of king Henry the 7th his stile was, Withm Marques Berkeley, Earle Marshall and of Nottingham, great Marshall of England, viscount Berkeley, lord of Berkeley, lord of Berkeley, lord of Mowbray, and Segrave, and Baron of Bedford; with these and the like words in Indentures and dedications set before his stile; As, Between the &c. or, to the right high mighty and noble lord, Withm Marques Berkeley, Earle &c, as before.

And may bee called Wittm the wast all.

Contemporary, with Edward the fourth, Edward the fifth, Richard the third, and Henry the . 7th from . 1463. till . 1491. The life of this lord I doe prefent under these twelve titles, vizt.

- 1.—Dis birth and education, fol: 562.
- 2.—Dig accesse to honor and offices, fol: 563.
- 3.—Dis lawe fuites with the death of the lord Liste at Nibley greene, fol: 564.
- 4.—10 hat lands this lord was at one time feized of, fol: [586]
- 5.—Dis alyenations and fales of lands, fol: [590]
- 6.—Dis Almes and devotions, fol: [597]
- 7.—Dis miscellaneæ or various passages, fol: [601]
- 8.—Dig wives, fol: [604]
- 9.—Dis feales of Armes, fol: [613]
- 10.—Dig death and place of buriall, fol: [614]
- 11.—The lands whereof hee dyed feized, fol: [614]
- 12.—The Application and use of his life, fol: [617]

562

His birth and education.

his lord Withm, eldest son of the lord James and of the lady Isable his wife, was born at Berkeley Castle in the 4th yeare of king Henry the sixth, Anno. 1426, And there bred up with his parents, who then had not any other removinge house.

Repl: Wiltmi in Canc. 6. E. 4.

Carta in castro de Berkeley. About the . 13th of his age hee betooke himself to the service of Henry Bishop of Winchester and Cardinall, with whom at that time in the 17th of Henry the sixth, hee went over sea to Calais; And not longe after his returne, before sull age, received the order of knighthood; At what time his sather gave him the manor of Portbury and all his lands in that County of Somerset for his maintainance; At the death of his sather hee was of the age of thirty eight years and unmaryed.

This lord Willm closeth the fecond feptenary number from Harding the Dane; and much differing from his last ancestors as the lord Thomas the first feptenary lord did from his fix former forefathers.

Philo the Jewe de legis Alleg: lib. 1.
Hipocrates.
Bodyn de republica lib. 4.
cap. 2.
fee the practize of piety. fol: 418. 410.
Cenforiū de die natali. cap: 12.
Seneca: varro in Gellius, lib. 3.
Bucholcer.
Jerom: in Amos. 5.

It will not bee fuperstitiously opinionated of the misteries of numbers, though it bee of longe standing amongst many learned men; neither will I possitively affirm that the number of six is satall to weomen, and the numbers of seaven and nine to men: Or, that those numbers have, (as many have written,) magnam in tota rerum natura potestatem, great power in kingdoms and comon wealths, in samilies, ages of bodies, sickness, health, wealth, losse, &c: Or, with Seneca and others, septimus quisque annus, &c, Each seaventh year is remarkable with men as the sixth is with weomen; Or, as divines teach, That in the numbers of seaven there is a missicall persection which our understanding cannot attaine unto; And that nature her fels is observant of this number.

Mut hee that marketh well the difcent of the generations of this perticular vide fol: [184] family shall find in their septenary numbers extraordinary men and extraordinary changes: The first, a man of men, the very Salomon of his age, as his life hath declared:

The relation of this lords life, (taking in what hath been already faid of him 563 in the life of his father,) will raife an opinion, That hee was a causelesse re pudiator 1. of his first wife; An unatural contender with his own father; A shedder of inno- 2. 3. cent bloud in the time of peace; An irreconciliable hater of his brother and heire; 4. A disinheriter of his race and family; A consumer of the sower baronies of Berke- 5. 6. ley, Mowbray, Segrave and Bedford, and of half the dukedome of Norfolke; M man above measure ambitious; M frequent leader of ungratious multitudes in 7. 8. night fallyes and inrodes upon his adversaries tenants and fautors; And exalted 9. in honor and dignities above all his predecessors; Quod nova testa capit, inveterata fapit, vices grafted in the bones, are like to flick fast in the flesh: But,

Happy his estate above the fate of Kinges, That could but truly know the cause of things. And.

Right happy doe I count that man, Of things, the reasons give that can.

his accesse to honors and offices.

In November in the third yeare of kinge Edward the fourth, by the death of his father, hee became lord Berkeley as hath been faid; And at ye parliament in the fixth of Edward the fourth was rancked the fourth baron in the roll.

Rot. claus: 6. E. 4. in arce londini.

The 21th of Aprill in the 21th years of king Edward the fourth, (not the twentieth yeare as M. Mills faith,) hee was created viscount Berkeley, by the name of fidelis miles nofter, to him and the heires males of his body, without fee; Howbeit there is a faire deed under feale in Berkeley Castle dated the tenth of Aprill in the fifteenth yeare of king Edward the fourth, made by Willim viscount and lord Berkeley, which as I reject not, foe I may not approve it.

Catalog: of Honor fo: 883. cart : de anno 15. E. 4. vfqz 22. m. 6. carta in castro de Berkeley.

And the 5th of March in the 23th yeare, the same king made him one of his privy Counsell; And for his better attendance thereat, gave him one hundred marks p ann, out of the subsidyes of London and Bristoll, during life.

pat: 22. 23. E. 4. pars. 2. m. 2. in vñ rotulo.

The 28th of June in the first yeare of king Richard the third, the 6th day after that kings coronation, hee was created Earle of Nottingham to him and the heires males of his body, with the yearly fee of twenty pound out of the Sherifwicks of 564 Nottingham and Derby.

The 26th of October in the first yeare of King Henry the seaventh, hee was pat: 1. H. 7. ps. 3. created Earle Marshall at the kings pleasure, with twenty pound see. The

And

The 19th of February next after in the fame first years of Henry the seaventh, hee was created Earle Mareschall and great Mareschall of England, to him and the heires males of his body, with twenty pound sfee; And by reason of a mistake in these tres patents about the said see of twenty pound, (as I take it,) had a new grant, the 17th of sfebruary in the sisth of Henry the seaventh, of the same dignity.

cart. 4. H. 7. m. 13. cart. fubfigillo in caft. de Berkeley.

> memor. Sccii. pasch. 4. H. 7 rot. 6 exparte rem. regis.

The 28th of January in the 4th of Henry the feaventh, hee was created Marques Berkeley, to him and the heires males of his body, with thirty five pound ffee out of the leffer cuftoms of London.

His lawe suites.

carta in castro de Berkeley. paringe compounded with his motherinlawe the lady Jone, and thereby drawn into his own possession all the mannors and lands which shee was to have held in Joynture and dower, which was one of his first and wisest works after the death of his father, (wherein hee found her kind above the comon condition of stepmothers), as formerly is declared, His next was the procuringe of a pardon and release from king Edward the fourth for his intrusion into the Castle of Berkeley and other his lands discended unto him after the death of his father, in the Countyes of Glouc., Somerset, and Hereford, and of all debts, Accompts, synes, forseitures, amerciaments, and other demaunds, which had any manner of ways before that time accrewed to the kinge; which bearing date the ninth of March in the fifth of that king, hath a marginall note in the originall record, (vacat quia aliter in anno quarto,) But in that fourth yeare, it is not now to bee found.

pat: 5. E. 4. pars. r. m: 22.

Rot. fin. 3. E. 4. in vlt. 565

And though a writ of diem clausit extremū was within ten days after his father James death, sued out by him the fifth of December in the third yeare of king Edward the fourth, directed to the Escheator of | the County of Glouc., yet noe Inquisition was thereupon taken, through the controversies which forthwith upon the lord James death began the stream afresh between this lord William and the said Margaret Countesse of Shroesbury, (two mercilesse natures not unevenly encountringe,) which omission drave this lord William to the foresaid pardon; which done, and havinge thereby set his estate rectus in curia, hee soone turned himself by a contrary course upon the said widowe, malitious Margaret Countess of Shrewsbury, whose mutual hatreds each to other, ended not before their breaths: Against whom hee exhibited a petition to king Edward the sourch by the name of his Alder liegelord, Shewing therein, how that hee, (this Ld. William,) ought by right to have and inherite the manors of Wotton, Symondsall, Cowley, Newleyes and Sagislond;

vetus manuscr. in castro de Berkel:

And how that the late Earle of Shroesbury and the Lord Lisle his son, (since dead,) and the faid Margaret his Countes, tooke his father, his brethren, and himself by their practice with one Rice their fervant and porter, in their Castle in the night time, and there imprisoned them in places apart, And constrained them to seale writings and acknowledge Statutes to fifteen thousand pounds and more; And also tooke and imprisoned the wife of the faid James in Gloucester Castle, to which time fhee by Dures of imprisonment there dyed: (then follow divers lines worne out with wet,) And therefore beinge not to bee helped by the strictnes of the laws, prayeth that his Judges and other learned of the lond by his authority may call the faid Countes, and heare & determine their interests and rights; And hee will bee ready to stand to and abide their order therein; Thus that old writinge.

It may feeme, that the king referred over the confideration of this petition to the lord Chancellor, to whom the faid Countesse (upon notice) addresseth herself by her counterpetition; And by way of recrimination greevously complaineth of the great and manifold wrongs offered to her and her tenants of Wotton, Symondfall, and other lands by this lord Willm, who (faith shee) without any title or cause of right, with many riotous people, brake into her manor house of Wotton, fawed the great window timber and posts asunder, razed the walls, iron works and windows, carrying away the barrs and goods of her husband and felf and her fon to a great value; for fattisfaction whereof Statutes were given which yet in fubstance are unpaid: for which forcible entry an action upon the statute of Richard the second was brought, and a recovery therein had; but the faid Willm lord Berkeley, neither dreading God, the kinge, | the breach of his lawes, nor the wrongs nor oppressions 566 of the kings leige people and fubjects, dayly vexeth and troubleth her, in forbidding her rents, woodfales, and other profits of the faid manors, and menaceth her officers, fervants, and tenants, that they dare not imploy themselves in her service; Soe that shee can neither have her debt of him, nor enjoy her lawfull old inheritance, And therein prayeth releefe:

vetus manufcr: in castro de Berkeley.

Dereto this lord Willm maketh a kind of remonstrance, shewing yt his father and mother, himself, and his brethren, have suffered as great injuryes and oppressions at the hands of the faid Countesse, as ever did any of their worship, or lesse, within the Realme.

vetus manuscr. in castro de Berk.

But this lord Willm upon a fecond deliberacon, to draw these troubles into a Bill in Canc. 6. readier way for tryall, exhibiteth his bill of complaint into the Chancery, the fixth yeare of the faid king Edward the fourth; And sheweth, That shortly after the

E. 4. in turre.

death

death of the lord James his father, the faid Countesse of her evill disposition damnably imagining and purposing the utter destruction of him, and his perpetuall difinherison, where hee intended to have ridden from London to have seen his livelyhood, and to have communed with fuch as had estate in his said manors and lands afore that time, the faid Countess havinge knowledge of his intent of departing, intreated and hired one called Chamberlen, being a fanctuary man at Westminster, to have accompanyed himselfe strongly and to have murdered him the faid Willim by the way; The which act the faid Chamberlen enterprifed and tooke upon him to doe; And after, that the faid matter was disclosed to a well disposed man called M. Thomas Oldbury, And hee perceiving the faid great mischeise and murther like to fall, stirred and moved the said Chamberlen to give warning to him the faid Willm, And foe hee did; And afterwards the faid Chamberlen brought certaine fervants of his the faid Williams into a fecret place to heare a fervant of the faid Counteffe, which exorted and stirred the faid Chamberlen to perform and fullfill the intent of all the murder aforefaid, as it shall bee evidently proved; And fince that time the faid Counteffe hath divers times moved and stirred and fent writings to one Thomas Holt that had the keepinge of his Castle of Berkeley, as fervant to him, That hee should keep the faid Castle to the behoose of her the said 567 Countesse, And | that hee should keep out of the faid Castle him the said Willm, to his utter disherison and finall destruction; which writing is, and at all times shall bee ready to bee shewed; And soe the said Countesse both keepeth away the livelode of him the faid Willm, and continually laboreth to have his body and lands in execution, to the utter destruction of his person, livelode, and goods. Thus the bill.

Answer in Canc.
6. E. 4. in turre londinensi.

Berkeley of his finfull and feditious imagination, intendinge to estrange her from the lord Chancellors grace and right wife favor, untruly and damnably accuseth her of that shee should have intreated and hired one Chamberlen a fanctuary man of Westminster to have murdered him in his going home into his Country, which had been too abhominable for a christian creature to have done, whereof as God knoweth, shee was never guilty in deed nor thought; And that shee is, and allways shall bee ready to prove and declare her felf off, as can be thought most convenient and behoofefull to bee done; And beseecheth that there may bee such order and direction fet and taken in this matter for the punition of the untruth therupon, That the said Wishm and other of such damnable disposition may have cause of dread to accuse any of the estates of this Realme wrongsully of soe great a crime, and according to a Statute in that case provided: And as touching the sanctuary

man,

man, that hee should have enterprized that soule deed, It was soe that the said Willim Berkeley for fuch confideracons as moved him, tooke the fanctuary of Westminster, And that fanctuary man perceived a servant of her the faid Countess hearing masse in Westminster church, and came to him and told him, That Sr Willim Berkeley had taken fanctuary there; And hee asked the faid Countess servant whether the faid Willim Berkeley were through with the faid Countefs for fuch bonds as it was faid shee had of him; And the faid Countesse servant faid, nay. Then faid Chamberlen, That if shee had any fuites against him, for a reward hee would find the way how an officer should meet with him and arrest him; And thereupon there was divers writs of capias vtlagatum directed to feverall Sherifes upon divers outlayries pronounced against the faid Willm, which yet standeth in their forces, and an officer of the kings purveyed to have executed it, if | hee might 568 have been met without the fanctuary, which the fanctuary man enterprized to bring about; And other matter or defire then this was there never any with that fanctuary man by her the faid Countesse, nor any of her fervants by her commandment: And for the more proof of the fame, the faid Willim Berkeley the 4th yeare of the kings raigne, raifed fuch a foule flanderous fame against the faid Countesse of the same matter, which came to the Abbot of Westminster his eare; And the Abbot sent for the faid Chamberlen, and called to him his Archdeacon and other perfons, and examined the faid Chamberlen of his demeaninge in that behalfe; And upon his own confession, for soe much as such a heinous noise of an intended mischiefe was made and had without cause, as hee consessed himself and by his affent, the Abbot decreed him to bee had to an open place in the fanctuary of punishment and reproofe, And made him to bee arayed in papires painted with fignes of untroth, fedition, and doublenesse, And was made to goe before the procession in that aray, and afterwards foe fet in the flocks, that the people might behold him: 2110 whereas the faid Willim Berkeley complaineth him of that, That the faid Countesse should have moved, ftirred, and fent writings to one Thomas Holt that had the keeping of the faid Castle of Berkeley, That hee should keep the said Castle to the behoose of her the faid Countesse, The same Countesse saith, That shee was seized of the same Castle in her demefne as of ffee till fhee was diffeifed by the forefaid James lord Berkeley, this Willm, and his brethren; And afterwards shee wrote and defired the faid Thomas Holt to have delivered her the faid Castle, or to have kept it to her use, according to her right and title, as lawfull was for her: Thus shee.

To this answer of the Countesse this lord Willim replyed, maintaining his bill to bee true; and the Countesse rejoyned, maintaining her answer, whereby they descended

569 Efcaet. 7. E. 4. nº 20.

descended to iffue; but before any witnesses were examined on either part, or any further proceeding thereupon had, (for any thing I have found,) the faid Counteffe dyed, the 14th of June next in the feaventh | yeare of the faid king Edward the fourth, Anno. 1468, as formerly in the life of Thomas the fourth her grandfather, is declared: And by her death left to Thomas Talbot viscount Lisle her grandchild and heir, the manors of Wotton, Symondfall, the burrowe of Wotton, the moytie of the manor of Erlingham, and divers meffuages, lands, Tenements, and fishings in Erlingham, Cromhall, Alkington, Hurst, Dursley, Nibley, Shernecliffe, Kingscote, and of the fixth part of the manor of Acton Ilger, and Iron Acton, and of divers lands in Horwood, Morecote, and Glouc., the manor of Wike by Arlingham, Sagefplace and Sageslond in Slimbridge, the hundred of Wotton late called the hundred of Berkeley, and the Advowson of the Church of Wotton in the County of Glouc.; To all which this lord Wiftm pretended title; And which by a petition made the fifteenth of November before the Countesse death between herselse and the Dutches Eleanor and the lady Elizabeth, her fifters, were alotted to her in feveralty in lieu of other lands thereby alotted to her other fifters; To fome also whereof, (as the manor of Cowley and the manor of Porteshened allotted to the said Dutchesse and also to Limeridge wood in Portbury allotted to the faid Elizabeth,) this lord Wiffm also pretended title: And also by her death discended to her said grandchild, the manor of Sages in the parish of Slimbridge, and the advowsons of the Chantries of St Giles in Hillesly, and of St John baptist in Wortly by Wotton, (mentioned in the offices found after the deaths of the faid Countess and dutches the same yeare,) whereto likewife this lord Withm pretended title; The faid Viscount Liste, then being of the age of nineteen years and upwards and maryed to Margaret daughter of William Herbert Earle of Penbroke, then residinge at Wotton.

carta. 15: Nov. 6. E. 4. in castro de Berkel:

Escha: in turre
lond: 7. E. 4.
nº 20.
Comp. escaetor.
15. E. 4. rot 9.
in scacio.
memor: scacij.
Mich. 1. E. 4.
rot. 25. ex pte
rem: thes.
Rot. cur: de
Wotton 7. E. 4. in
castro de Berkeley.

fine 7. E. 4. in banc. pat. 7. E. 4. pars. 2. m: 3. 5.

And thus in this yeare, (which was of jubile to this lord,) death rid him of three great lady widowes his great adversaries, the said Countess Margaret, Dutches Alienor, and vicontesse Jone late wise of John viscount Lisle; And the 26th of October the same year were all the manors and lands of the said Countess Margaret and viscontesse Jone comitted by the king to the said Earle of Penbroke, during the minority of the said Thomas Talbot viscount Lisle, his son in lawe.

pat. dat: 6 Julij r. E. 4. 570 Mich: rec: 1. E. 4. in fcªcio cum rcm. regis rot. 25.

What angry charge or motherly command the faid Countess Margaret left to her ward and grandchild Thomas Viscount Lisle, for pursute | of these titles against her enemy this lord Willm, charity forbiddeth mee to conjecture; Sure I am shee left in him an high spirit, softered by malignant attendants mortally hatinge this

lord

lord Willm, who forthwith fell into the plotts of the faid Counteffe; And havinge their maine Ayme (as hers was) to get from him this Castle of Berkeley, which hee now kept as his fanctuary and fubterfuge from detts utlagaryes Statutes and the like; And which if they had effected, by all probability hee had been ruined; They fell in practife againe with the faid Thomas Holt, then also his keeper of Whitcliffe parke, whom they corrupted, and with Maurice King porter of his Castle gates: The method of which trecherous plott and treaty the fres bonds and patents that paffed between them and Robert Veell the viscounts Ingineer, which to this day remaine in Berkeley Castle, shall speake themselves in their own language.

cart et muniment in castro de Berkeley.

Maurice Kinge, I grete you well and hartely pray you as you will your one wellfare, and as I may shewe you such true and faithfull good will and kindness as of old time hath bene and continued between us, according to our oathes and enfurance, the which I have in mind and ever shall have; and spetially for the great truth and faithfull love that I found in you at the appointment between the lord Berkeley that now is, and us; and by the token that when M: Thomas had gave up the matter and failed us, That ye and I yede into the Chapple out of the great chamber, And there I found you true, as you ever have bene hyderto; And by the token that wee lay togeder at Micheldene in one bed, and comuned there of fuch purpofes as now is brought to the poynt, which will not faile, foe God bee pleafed, wherein I fuppose you know my old dealing; wherefore by the tokens afore rehearfed, I heartely pray you for all the lovis that hath been between us, and as you will your own wele, That ye wele geve very faythfull credence unto M. Robert Vele, which ye know for a worhipfull gentleman and never non hafter, but his worship is known nie you, and me: And fuch affurance my lord and I have vifc: life. taken about the matter, that of my life ye may trust thereto, wherein also I will that ye take the fame furete of him, and care that your comunication bee fecret between ye, And upon both your comunication y' ye do agree well togeder what night ye may in hasty time speke with mee, which shall be to your perpetuall weal, And thus I leave you wth goddis grace.

Thomas Holt to Maurice Kinge.

A chaplein

By your fworn brother in the Parke of Whitcliffe in the out house without the logge. Thomas Holt.

My most trusty and welbeloved frend, I grete ye wele, praying ye hartely That ye will remember the matter that ye and I comoned of last; And for your matter, it is spede, your patent is spede of five markes and Wotton parke, with all that belongeth theirto, and your obligacon also, and all other that ye understand that can prevaile you to grant them; fee by patent, terme of life.

The fame Holt tothe fame Kinge.

Nowe take the obligacon and condicon.

Vele to Kinge.

Rob'int Vnivii p presentes me Robertm Vele teneri et sirmiter obligari Mauricio Kinge in centum libris sterlingorm legalis monete Anglie, Solvent eidem Mauric Kinge heredibus aut assignat suis in sesto purificaciois beate Marie virgin proximè suturo post dat presenti, Ad qua quidem solucion bene et sideliter facient obligo me heredes et executor meos per presentes, In cujus rei testimoniu huic prenti scripto sigillum meu apposui, dat. 26to die Januar Anno regni Regis Edwardi quarti, Nono.

The Condition of this obligation is fuch, That if the Castle of Berkeley bee brought into the hands of Thomas Talbot lord Lisle by the faithfull help guyding and means of the said Maurice Kinge, And thereupon, That ye said Maurice have his sufficient patent delivered him under the seale of Armes of the said lord Lisle, of the park of Wotton with the sees and wages of the keeping of the same of old time due and accustomed; And moreover by the same patent have sive marks annuite duringe his life to bee had and received yearly of the lordship and revenues of Wotton; That then this obligation to bee void, or els it doe stand in his full strength and vertue.

Talte also the patent.

lord lise his pat. to Kinge

pat. Vicecomes Liste, salutem in dno; Sciatis me p'satm vic Liste in sidelitate dilecti mihi Mauricii Kinge plenè considentem, pro bono et gratuitu servicio suo mihi et hered meis impendend, concessisse eide Mauricio officium custodis parci mei de Wotton subtus Egge in Com Glouc, ac feraru ibm existen, et ipsm custodem eoxdem ordino et per psentes constituo: Habend et occupand et exercend officiu pdict pro term vite sue, Capiend pro officio pdict exercend anuatim seoda et vadia eide officio de antiquo debita et consueta; Ac | etiam sciatis me psat vic concessisse eidem Mauricio Kinge quenda anuale redditm quinque marcaz exeunt de et in cibus terris et tentis meis in Wotton sub Egge in Com Glouc; Habend et percipiend redditm pdict anuatim psato Mauricio ad term vite sue: In cuius rei testimoniu psentibus Sigiltm meu apposui, dat 26th die Januarij Anno regni Regis Edwardi quarti post conquestm Anglie, Nono.

carta cum Willmo Throgmorton baronett.

This Robert Vele at this time was owner of Tortworth Charfeild and Huntingford, which last hee held of the visconts said manor of Wotton by knights service; whose well contriving of this plott soe highly pleased the said viscount, That by his other other deed under his feale of Armes of the same date, hee gave to Willim Vele his fecond brother, (or rather to him the said Robert in his brothers name,) the office of Stewardship of his manor of Wotton, and the office of keepership of his chace of Michaelwood, with the yearly see of—13 % 8d—for exercise thereof, to bee issuinge out of his manor of Wotton, payable at the feasts of Ester and of St Michaell by equall portions: 19 hith manor and chase are adjoyning to the other lands of the said Roberts.

This plot thus contrived and brought to ripenes was foon after revealed to this lord Wittm, And, as I take it, by Maurice Kinge himfelfe, whereby in all probability the ruin of the perfon of this lord W^m; was prevented; And how deeply the blowe had also pearced into the posterity of this family, I take noe comfort to consider.

The viscount Lise understanding by the slight of Holt and his repair to him how the plot was discovered, And the former writings under the seales of Armes of himself and Robert Vele come to the possession of his enemy the lord Withm, hee then begins to unmask himselfe, & openly to act his ill cogitations, whereby may bee read the former purposes of himself and his Counsell; And let the frute of the tree of challenge which from Wotton hee writes to this lord Withm tell us the nature of the tree; Thus,

Of gunnes, bowes, with oder ordinance, that ye fet forward to come to my manor of Wotton to bete it down upon my head: | I let you wit, ye shall not nede to come for my one nation and neighbors, whereas ye by suttle craft have blowin about in divers places of England, That I should intend to bring in Welshmen for to destroy and hurt my one nation and Cuntry; I lete the wit, I was never soe disposed, nere never will bee; And to the proof hereof, I require thee of knighthood and of manhood to appoynt a day to meet me half way, there to try between God and our two hands, all our quarrell and title of right, for to eschew the shedding of Christian menns bloud, or els at the same day bringe the uttermost of thy power, and I shall mete thee; An answere of this by writinge, as ye will abide by, according to the honor and order of knighthood.

Thomas Talbot the Viscont Lisle.

Edward the fourth, Anno: 1469. about feaven weeks after the former plot was contrived:

Escha: post mort. Marg:Com:Salop: 7. E. 4. rot. fin. 9. E. 4.

Inq: post mort Tho: Talbot: 10. E. 4. in Com: Glouces! pat. 9. E. 4. ps. 1. m. I. fin: ro. E. 4. m:vlt. vetus exten i terrar' in castro de Berkeley.

contrived; The faid viscont then somewhat under the age of twenty two yeares, having fued his livery but the 14th of July before, whose lands then valued 1873: marks twelve shillings and three pence in old rent: And the lady Margaret his wife then priviment enfent with her first child.

This lord Willm receiving this fre at Berkeley Castle, the same day returneth this answer.

Thomas Talbot, otherwife called viscont Lisle, not longe continued in that name but a new found thing brought out of Strange Contryes: I marveill greatly of thy strange and lewd writinge, made I suppose by thy false untrue Counsell that thou hast with thee, Hugh Mull, and Holt: As for Hugh Mull it is not unknown to all the worshipfull men of this Relme, how hee is attaynt of falsenes and rasinge of the kings records; And as for the false mischevous Holt, what his rule hath be to the destruction of the kings lege pepull in my lordship of Berkeley, aswell to the hurt of their bodyes, as the losse of their goods, against Goddys lawe, consciens, and all reason, it is openly known, Soe that every worshipfull man should refuse to have them in his fellowship; And also of his own free will undefired of mee, before worshipfull and sufficient witnes, was sworn on a masse booke, That hee never 574 should bee a gainst mee in noe matter that I had a doe, and espetially in that untrue title that ye clayme, which ye hold my lyvelode with wronge; And where thou requireft mee of knighthood That I should appoynt a day and mete thee in the myd way between my manor of Wotton and my Castle of Berkeley, there to try betwyxt God and our two hands all our quarrell and title of right, for to eschewe the schedding of Christen mens bloud, or els the same day to bring the uttermost of my power, and thou would mete me: As for the determining betwixt our two hands of thy untrue clayme, and my title and right of my land and inheritance, thou wottest right well there is noe such determinacon of land in this Relme used, And I afcertaine thee That my livelode, as well my manor of Wotton as my Castle of Berkeley, be entayled to mee by fine of record in the kings Courts by the advice of all the Judges of this lond in that dayes being; And if it were foe That this matter might bee determined by thy honds and myne, the king our Soveraigne lord and his laws not offended, thou fhouldst not fo longe defire but I would affoone answere thee, in every poynt that belongeth to a knight: for thou art, God I take to record, in a falfe quarrell, and I in a true defence and title: And where thou defireft and requireft mee of knighthood and of manhood to appoynt a day, And that I should bee there with all the power that I could make, and that thou would mete mee half

half way, I will thou understand, I will not bring the tenth part that I can make, And I will appoint a short day to ease thy malitious hart and thy false Counsell that is with thee: faile not to morrow to be at Niblyes green at eight or nyne of the clock, And I will not faile with Gods might and grace to meete thee at the same place, the which standeth in the borders of the livelode that thou keepest untruly from me, redy to answere thee in all things, That I trust to God it shall be shewed on thee and thine to thy great shame and disworshipp: And remember, thy felf and thy falfe Counfell have refused to abide the rule of the grete lordis of this lond, which by my will should have determined this matter by thy evidences and mine, And therefore I vouch God to record and all the company of heaven, That this fact and the scheddinge of Christen mens bloud which shall be atwixt us two and our fellowshipps, if any hap to bee, doth grow of thy quaryll, and not of mee, but in my defence, and in eschewing of reproche, and onely through thy malitious and mischevouse purpose | and of thy salse Counsell, and of thy own simple discretion; 575 And keepe thy day, And the trouth shall be shewed by the marcy of God.

William lord of Berkelep.

The day and place is kept by both parties, The battle is stroke, and the lord viscount Lise is slaine with some others of his fellowshipp.1

It this time both before and after the State was in much combustion, for upon the 13th of this March, feaven days before this skirmish, the king declared by his proclamation in all fhires his victory against the rebells in Lincolne Shire and their Captaine S! Robert Wells: 21th of Mar: (the next day after this lord Lisles death,) the king proclaimes his brother the Duke of Clarence and Richard Nevill Earle of Warrwicke, then in Arms in Lancashire, to bee Traytors and Rebells, with the reasons leading him therunto; whereby that trobled time was soe farr from takeing notice of this ryot, That the 26th of that month the king fent his Comiffion to this lord Wittm to find out fuch rebells as had been againft him in this County of Glouc: And at Ester in the 11th of his raigne was the battle of Barnet, with the death of the faid Richard Nevill Earle of Warrwicke; And the 27th of Aprill proclamations as before of treason against the wife of Henry the fixth and prince Edward her fon; Soe noe time to take notice of these Nibley tumults.

Rot. fine: 10. E. 4. m: vlt: test: 28. marcij in. 10 Com. claus: ro. E. 4. dorso.

pat: ro. E. 4. m: 7. in dorso. claus: 11. E. 4.

And in the 13th of this kinge was this lord Willm spetially imployed wth Anthony Earle Ryvers, for the discovery of Traytors and their goods in the Counties of Gloucester, Worcester, and others. Margaret

pat: 13. E. 4. pars. 2. in dorso.

An interesting account of the great Berkeley Law Suit and of this battle, by Mr. J. H. COOKE, is given in the Transactions of the Bristol and Gloucestershire Archaol. Society, Vol. III., p. 305 .-- [En.]

Trin: term: 11. E. 4. rot. 8. 18. et. 81.

Margaret the widowe of the faid viscount daughter of the Earle of Penbroke, for the death of her husband, bringeth her appeale against this lord, by the name of William Berkeley of Berkeley knight, Maurice Berkley and Thomas Berkeley his brethren, James Hiet Efg!, John Beley, Richard Hilp, and others; And after as many delays used by the defendants as might bee invented, And after a certificat enforced out of the Exchequer, That fuch a liberty as Barkeley hundred was with return of writs, (the Sherrives of the County in their returnes of the proces favouring the delayes,) The faid Margaret, in Ester terme in the 12th year of Edward the fourth, declared against the faid Beley, (who only appeared as principall,) That hee of malice prepenfed the Twentieth day of March in the Tenth yeare of the faid 576 kinge, at Nibley at ten of the clock in the forenoone, feloniously | with the faid St Willm Berkeley, Maurice and Thomas his brothers, James Hiet, Richard Hilp and others, stroke her faid husband with an arrowe on the least part of his face to the braine, And after with a dagger thrust him into the least side; &c. Beley demands judgment upon the original writ, because there was (faith hee) never any such man as Richard Hilp, therein named, (an other delay,) And to the fact pleadeth not guilty. Shee purfueth the rest of the defendants by proces untill the 6th day of October in the twelvth of the same kinge, when the parliament beginneth at Westminster, whereat upon the joynt petition of this lord Wm and of Ione his wife, and of the faid Margaret vifcounteffe Lifle, it was enacted, That for the appealing divers and many great variances and other exorbitant caufes and quarrells between them moved and of longe time continued, That the faid lord Berkeley and his wife and the heires of the faid lord should quietly enjoy the manor and burrowe of Wotton Vnderedge, and the manors of Simondfall and Arlingham, against the faid vifcounteffe, paying to her one hundred pounds yearly at S! Peters Church at Gloucester at the fower usuall feasts in the yeare, of equall portions, with a clause of distresse in the said manors, and a nomine penæ of five pound for non payment after fourty dayes; And a re-entry and holding for her life without impeachment of wast for non payment after a yeare and three monthes: Savinge to every other person their estate title and interest in the said manors; And with a provisoe, that this Act should not bee prejuditiall to the faid lord Willim and his wife nor to the heires of the faid lord, for their right title and interest in and to the faid manors.

Rot. parliam: 12. E. 4. m: 26.

carta exempl: in castro de Berkeley.

pat: 12. E. 4. pars. 1. m: 21. carta in castro de Berkeley. sub sigillo etat. 1. Marcij. 11. E. 4. And the first and 16th of March in the said 11th years, for the syne of sourty shillings, this lord Withm had a confirmation of all his old chires of Berkeley and Bedminster granted to his Ancestors by Henry the second, Richard the first, kinge John, and by Edward the third, upon oath made in Chancery that the same were casually lost, as by the roll and parchment is suggested.

Shortly after peace thus established between this lord Withm and viscontessed Lisle, shee maryed Henry Bodrugan of Bodrugan in Cornwall Esq., whose acquitances shew the receipt of this hundred pounds many years after: In readinge whereof I have observed, That shee allways wrote her name before her husbands, And hee onely wrote, Bodrugan, without his Christian name; What bad and good conditions were in him let the parliament rolls in the 14th of Edward the fourth, and other records here marginally vouched declare.

ffor further manifestation of the day of battle and manner of the death of the faid vifcount Lifle, are the writs into ten Counties to enquire after his death, dated the Twentieth day of March in the Tenth of Edward the fourth, And an office in the County of Stafford the fame yeare, And another under the great feale in the County of Glouc: (whereof the originall is perished,) at Berkeley Castle; And the kings licence dated at Banbury the fixth of Aprill in the Tenth of Edward the fourth, to Elizabeth and Margaret his fifters and heirs to enter into the manors and lands that were the faid vifconts their brothers: Before which time, (being but fixteen days after their brothers death,) their fifter in lawe the vifcounteffe feemes to have been delivered of her child, whom (perhaps) forrow for the untimely death of her husband, (lamenting like a virgin girded in fackcloth for the husband of her youth, as the prophet Ioell hath,) cast into an abortive travell: And the more probable because the same day, perhaps the same hour, of this victory, this lord Willim with his riotous company advanced forwards to Wotton, where shee then was, rifled her house, And thence, (amongst other pillages,) brought away to Berkeley Castle many of the Deeds and evidences of the said Viscounts own undoubted lands, many of which remaine there to this day; Togeather with a peece of Arras, wherein the Armes of the Vifcount and of the lady Jone his mother, daughter and coheire of S! Thomas Chedder, were wrought, which twenty years agone I there alfo fawe.

Apanp steps not yet worn out poynt unto this family how strongly the faid viscountesse and other her frends, with the kindred of her husbed, pursued this lord Withm Maurice and Thomas his brethren for the death of the viscount her husband; insomuch as to acquit Phillip Mead, (whose daughter the faid Maurice Berkeley had maryed, as after solloweth in the relation of his life,) and of John Shipward, two Marchants of Bristoll, The Maior of that City the second day of May next after,

examined

¹ Sir Henry Bodrugan was attainted and convicted of treason, 9 Nov., 1487. As he escaped to Foreign Countries the date of his death is not known, but it occurred before 1503. The Viscountess predeceased him. See *History of Trigg Minor*, Vol. I., pp. 553, 555.—[Ed.]

Acq: in castro de Berkeley.

Rot. parl: 14. E. 4. m: 1. 20. 26. 577 pat. 14. E. 4. ps. 2. dorfo. m. 20. et. at.

post mort. Tho: Talbot
fin: 10. E. 4. m: ult.
pat. 9. E. 4. ps. 1.
m. 1.
pat. 10. E. 4. m: 11.
orig: in scacio eode
anno rot. 16.
orig: 10. E. 4. rot.
11. et. 15. in scacio.
claus: 10. E. 4.
m. 7. in dorso.

Joell chap: 1. verse. 8.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

comp: Recept. in castro de Berkel:

examined twenty feaverall plons upon oath upon fulpition conceived against them, to have fent Armed men in manner of warre to the aid of this lord William Berkeley, against the lord Liste; All which Examinates acquit them of that scandall and imputation, faith the faid Maiors testimoniall, yet extant under the seale of that City: Howbeit I have feen other notes | and memorialls of a stronger dye That affure mee That many came both from that City, procured by Maurice and them, and out of the forrest of Deane, that morning wherein the skirmish was, to the ayd of this lord Willm: And from Thornbury, (of whence the faid Richard Hilp was,) and where the faid Maurice Berkeley then dwelt, came both himfelf and all the ftrength that on foe short a somons hee could make: And if traditions might bee here allowed, I would affure this noble family, That within thirty two yeares last, by reason of my dwelling at Nibley, and of my often resort to Wotton and to the villages adjoyning, I have often heard many old men and weomen in those places, as Withm Longe, John Cole, Thomas Phelps, Adrian Jobbins, Thomas Dykes of Woodford, Thomas Roberts of Woodford, Willim Legge of Wike, John Smyth of Nibley, mother Birton, mother Purnell, mother Peeter, and others, many of whose parents lived in the time of king Edward the fourth, and most of themselves were born in the time of king Henry the feaventh, as their leafes and copies declared, fome of them one hundred and ten yeares old, divers an hundred, and none under fourfcore, relate the reports of their parents kinsfolks and neighbours present at this skirmish, some with the one lord, and others with the other; and of such as carryed victualls and weapons to some of those companies, as this lords party lay close in the utter skirts of Michaellwood chace, out of which this lord Berkeley brake, when hee first beheld the lord Lisle with his fellowship discending down that hill from Nibley Church, and after climbed up into trees, (being then boys of twelve and fixteen yeares,) to fee the battle: And how the lord Berkeleys number was about one thousand, and exceeded the other in greatness: That the place of stand was at fowleshard, whence this lord Willm sent upon the lord Lisle the first shower of his arrowes; That one black Will, (foe called) should shoot the lord Lisle, as his beaver was up; And that Thomas Longe father of the faid Witim was fervant to one of them who helped to carry the lord Lisle when hee was slayne, and of many other perticularyties, (which I purposely omit,) not possible almost by such plaine Country people to be fained: And that a spetiall man of the lord Lisles company was then also slaine, and buryed under the great stone tomb which yet remaines in the fouth fide of Nibley Church yard; infomuch as I cannot otherwife but deliver 579 them as | truths; And much the rather for the full discourse thereof which old M: Charles Hiet, (whose great grandfather James is one of the Defts in the faid appeale,)

appeale,) had with the lord Henry Berkeley at Berkeley Castle the 25th of September . 1603, which my felf then heard foe perticularly delivered from the relation of his father and grandfather as if the fame had been but yesterday: The said lord Henry himfelfe feconding most of what M! Hiet related, from the reports of divers others made to himselfe in his youth, some of whom were then born and of the age of discretion, as his L^{dpp} then affirmed: But enough of thefe traditions and reports, wherein I have exceeded mine own Inclination because this passage is of most remarkableness in this family; And the bloud now spilt was not cleane dryed up till the feaventh year of kinge James, as after in many places of thefe relations appeareth: And thus did all the fons joyne in revenge of the innocent bloud of that virtuous and princely lady Isable their mother, malitiously spilt at Gloucester feaventeen yeares before by Margaret this vifcounts grandmother, and whofe heire and ward hee was: And this wound ftroke the deeper for that the blowe thereof fwept away all her iffue male from the earth, And in the fame quarrell where in the bloud of the faid lady Berkeley was fhed, as formerly is written.

fols: [528, 529]

Of this skirmish Camden writeth, That Wotton underedge yet remembreth the flaughter of Thomas Talbot vifcount Lisle here flaine in the time of king fo: 464. Edward the fourth in an encounter with the lord Berkeley about possessions, since which time have continued fuites between their posterities, untill now lately they were finally compounded.

Camden Brit: in Com. Glouc.

Upon the death of the faid vifcount Lifle this lord Willim entred also into the mannors of Wotton forren, Wotton burrowe, Simondfall, Arlingham, and Sages, and into the Newleyes and the Warth in Slimbridge, and into divers other lands in Kingscote, Horwood, Acton, Cromhall, and other Hamletts thereabouts, which had been the inheritance of his father James: Dowbeit this lords possession was not three yeares peaceable, (though hee had pleafed the Kitchen of the viscountesse with one hundred pound anuity, and her bed with a youthfull husband, before hee was powerfully fet upon by S. Edward Grey, his mothers grandchild, as being fecond fon to Elizabeth Lady fferrars daughter of the lady Isable, this lord Willms mother, as before hath been declared: who by mariage of Elizabeth eldest fifter and coheire of the faid Thomas Talbot, as in her right the 14th of March in the fifteenth of king Edward the fourth created lord Lisle, And after created viscount Lisle by king Richard the third, in the first yeare of his raigne, what time Margaret her other fifter and fellowe coheire, maryed to Sr George Vere, was dead without iffue.

Esch: 9. 10. E. 4. origin: 10. E. 4. rot. 11:et.15. in scacio. origin: 11. E. 4. rot: 15. in. scacio origin: 15. E. 4. rot. 26. in scacio cm rem. thes: cart. 15. E. 4. m. pat. 18. H. 7. pars. 2.

Between

carta counfell: in castro de Berkeley.

Between these two, this S! Edward Grey, and this lord Willim, was longe toffed with equal malice and greatnes the title of these manors and lands, like a ball of discord, taken up and banded, with much toyle and expence; untill by the mediation of Thomas Grey Marques Dorfet, elder brothers fon to the faid lord Grey, (frend also and near kinfman to the faid Willm,) It was by Indenture dated the 25th of ffeb: in the 21th of Edward the fourth, agreed between this lord Willim, (then vifcount Berkeley,) on the one part, And the [faid] Edward Grey lord Lisle and Elizabeth his wife on the other parte, That for the fetling of those great difcords, quarrells and debates, which of longe time had been for the burrowe and manors of Wotton underedge and Simondfall, the advowfon of Wotton Church, the rent of affize of-34° 4d in Nibley and Shernecliffe, the fixth part of the manor of Acton Ilger, Newleyes, the Warth, Sages, Westmancotes land in Arlingham &c, That the fame should bee fetled to the faid viscount Berkeley and to the heires male of his body, with remainder to the faid lord Lisle and Elizabeth his wife and to her heires for ever, by fyne or otherwife: And that the faid viscount Berkeley should grant an Anuity of twenty pound p ann: to them and the heires of the faid Elizabeth, going out of the faid manors and lands, but to ceafe upon the death of Margaret Visconts Lisle, And then the same to bee one hundred pound p ann: Or if the faid viscount Berkeley bee discharged of the hundred pounds web hee now payeth to the faid Margaret, Then the faid hundred pounds annuity to begin prefently: And they the faid Edward Grey and Elizabeth his wife to bee barred from claiminge any of the faid manors, or lands contrary to the purport of claus: 22. E. 4. in this Indenture: Howbeit they fell off from this agreement, but by whose default I find not, and betooke themselves to their former discords; Insomuch as, the ninth of May after, this vifcount Berkeley was convented before the kings Counfell for his 581 misdemeanor, and there enforced to enter into a recogni zance of a thousand pound to appeare againe that time twelve month before the king and his counfell, And in the meane time to doe noe damage to the faid Grey lord Lisle, or his fervants.

Canc:

And the stiffe pursute of the said lord Lisle against this lord Willim Berkeley in nothing more strongly appeareth, then in that hee obtained in the fourth yeare of king Henry the 7th to have the irregular proceedings that were in the thirtieth of Henry the 6th, upon the Statute of the fifth of Richard the fecond, of forcible entries against this lord Berkeley, his father and three brethren at Cirencester before Judge Bingham, to bee certifyed thirty feaven years after by Margaret Judge Binghams widow and Executrix; And to procure the fame to bee exemplifyed under the great feale of England, notwithstanding all resistances of this lord Berkeley

Berkeley to the contrary, then Earle Marshall and Marques Berkeley; A manifestation of eagernes, potency, and prudence.

During the time of these contentions, this viscount Berkeley was not altogeather paffive, as warding blowes and returninge none: for with the like weapons of Westminster hall, hee stroke both the lord Liste, and those that were favored by him.

And not onely himself but his two brethren, Maurice Berkeley and Thomas, affailed John Wenlocke, Nicholas Daunt, John Daunt, John Howell, Clark, and others his espetiall mynions with severall actions of false imprisonment, for that by their means and affiftance they were taken and imprifoned from the 23th of September in the 30th of Henry the fixth untill the 10th day of December following; which actions in both Courts were, after iffue Joyned and ready for tryall, stayed by Injunction out of the Chancery obtayned by the faid Wenlocke upon his bill exhibited against this lord Berkeley and Maurice his brother, untill the matter of the faid actions should bee there first heard; wherein Wenlocke declareth at large the great variances that were between them and the Earle of Shroefbury, whom hee then fearved in ordinary, for the manors of Wotton, and other lands in the County of Glouc! And how the fame were then ended by the mediation of John lord Beauchamp, Willim lord fferrars, and ffortescue and Yelverton Judges, as by their award (faith hee) under their feales ready to bee shewed may appear: But therein hee miftooke, for the falfe imprisonment was three years after that award, as formerly is declared; yet this false allegation for this time served his turne. | 582 Other fome this lord Berkeley by fairer courses took off from the affistance of his faid adverfary, (for great guifts are litle gods,) Amongst whom Kenelme Digas by Berkeley. deed under his feale of Armes, promifeth, That for the good lordship which the right noble lord Wittm Berkeley knight lord Berkeley of his great noblenefs, hath diverfly of late time shewed unto him, That hereafter hee will not bee of Counsell against him nor his heires, in his great matter touching the title of the lordship manor and burrowe of Wotton and other manors, of longe time in debate; Soe the words of the deed. Some others there bee of like straine, which I pass by.

Mich: 15. E. 4. rot. 56: et. 514. in banco coi: Mich. 15. E. 4. rot. 66. coram rege.

petitio in Canc: 15. E. 4. pars. 1.

carta. 12 April. 14. E. 4. in castro de

At the parliament begun the. 17th of ffebruary in the 17th of king Edward the Rot. parliam. 17. fourth, it is shewed how Richard the kings second fon had been created Duke of Yorke and of Norfolke, Earle Marshall, Warren, and of Nottingham, And that for pars. 2. m. 6. fupport thereof, the king hath now maryed him to Anne daughter and heire to

E: 4. m. vlt. pat: 17. E. 4.

John

the

John late Duke of Norfolke, to the great honor of her and of her bloud, fhee being but fix years old. **Now** for reasons in this Act laid down, It is enacted, That if shee dye without iffue, Then the said Duke of Yorke her husband shall for his life hold the half of fifty nine manors named in this Act, lying in the Counties of Salop, Suffex, Surrey, Middlefex, Leicester, Effex, Lincolne, Norfolke, Yorke, Bedford, and Derby; And the moitie of twenty knights fees in divers places, (named in this Act.) befides divers other chafes hundreds and houses, Of which Katharine Dutches of Norfolke holds part for her Joynture: 2nd that whereas Elizabeth late wife to the faid Duke of Norfolke holds in Joynture and in dower many manors and other great possessions of the faid Dukes her late husbands, Now in regard of the great advancement and honor of her daughter Anne with the faid Richard the kings fon, fhee is content to rest sattisfyed with these manors following, and to depart with the refidue to her faid fon in lawe the Duke of Yorke; viz! Duningworth, Hofeley cum Sutton, Staverton cum Bromefwell, &c. in the County of Suffolk, Dalby Chalcombe, Coldoverton, Segrave, Melton Mowbray. &c. in the County of Leicester; Bosham and others in the County of Suffex, and with others, (all named in this Act,) in the Counties of Norfolke, Cambridge, Warwike, Derby, and Hereford, which shee is to hold for her life without impeachment of wast; And in regard of her kindnes in 583 departing with the refidue, her estate in these is hereby con sirmed, And after to Richard Duke of Yorke for his life against the heires of the said Anne, if shee dye without iffue; with a provisoe that this Act bee not prejuditiall to John lord Howard and Margaret his wife for the manor of Pritwell in Effex, nor to Jone wife to Willm lord Berkeley for the manors of Newsam, Kirkby Malfart, Burton in Londefdale, Brind, Gribthorp, and Thorneton, in the County of Yorke, to her made by Katharine Dutches of Norfolk her mother, nor bee prejuditiall to S. Humphry Talbot for th'estate hee hath in Callowdon for his life by the grant of John late Duke of Norfolke. Which Act of parliament is after feverally exemplifyed by all the faid parties.

pat: 17. E. 4. ps. 2. m: 6. pat: 18. E. 4. ps. 1. m: 2. et. 16.

> carta in castro de Berkeley.

In these times also this lord Willim winneth even the king himself favorably to partake with him in these sutes; an argument both of an haughty spirit, and of a willfull disposition: for the 28th of May in the 16th of king Edward the sourth, It was agreed by Indenture between the king and him, That hee should convey to Richard Duke of Yorke the kings second son, and to the heirs of his body, all such right title and interest as hee hath or claimeth to have in all such manors and lands as for defalt of issue of John late Duke of Norfolke should come to him the said lord Berkeley; And for default of issue of the body of the said Duke of Yorke, Then to

John Duke of Norf: died: 10. Jan: 15.

the king himself and the heires males of his body. The remainder to this lord Wiffm and his heirs: And after fecurity foe made, the king on his part promifeth to bee his good and gratious lord according to his lawes, And to caufe to bee delivered up unto him all fuch Statutes and Obligations wherein the faid Willm stands bound to John late Earle of Shroefbury, Margaret his late wife, and to Jnº Talbot late viscount Lise or any of them, or els to discharge the same: And if in the mean time this lord Berkeley bee arrested for any of them, the king will discharge him thereof: The twentyfirst of Aprill in the 21st of his raigne the king created him vifcount Berkeley. 2nd for performance of this agreement the faid vifcount Berkeley the twentieth of ffebruary following enfeoffed the Arch-bishop of Yorke and others, of his Castle and manors of Berkeley, Hame, Appleridge, Alkington, Hinton, Hurst, Slimbridge, Came, and Upton St Leonards; upon condicon, That if this vifco! Berkeley doe performe the faid Covenants and agreements made between the king and him, contained in the faid Indenture, Then this feoffment to bee void: And foe also that the king at his own charges both require and make fuch conveyances before that time twelvemonth.

Anne his daughter and heire died. 16. Jany 17.E.4.1478. Shee was maryed to Richard fecond fon of. E. 4. duke of York 15. Jan: 1478. 17. E. 4. who was also. 7. feb: 16. E. 4. created duke of Norf: and Earle Warren. cart: 16.E.4.m: 12. pat: 16. E. 4. ps. 2. carta in castro de Berkeley.

not the king foe rely upon this feoffment, but at the parliament begun the twentieth of January after, (whereat this vifcount Berkeley was one of the Tryers of forren petitions,) It was at the kings defire, with confent of this vifcount Berkeley, enacted, That in consideracon that the king should discharge him and James Maurice and Thomas his brothers, of fower and thirty thousand pound payable by them and James their late father to the Earle of Shroefbury and Margaret his wife and to John late vifcount Lifle their fon, And in confideration of other grants to bee made by the king to the faid vifcount Berkeley, That all the part and interest which to this viscount Berkeley belonged of all the Castles, honors, lordships, manors, and other hereditaments whatsoever in England, Ireland, Wales, or Calais, which for defalt of iffue of Anne late daughter and heire of John Duke of Norfolke late wife of the faid Richard Duke of Yorke the kings fon, ought to come to this vifcount Berkeley and his heirs, should remaine to the faid Duke of Yorke and the heires of his body; And for default of fuch iffue to the king and the heires males of his body; And for defalt of fuch iffue to veft in this vifcount Berkeley and his heires, as though this Act had never been made: And that all debts owing by this vifcount Berkeley James Thomas and Maurice his brethren, to the king or to the faid Earle of Shroefbury, Margaret his wife, and vifcount Lisle, bee discharged, And henceforth bee void.

504 Rot. parli : 22. E. 4. m: 13.

The nynth of Aprill following dyed the faid king Edward the fourth, and within a few months after, the kings two fons, king Edward the fifth and his brother

brother Richard the faid Duke of Yorke, were murthered by their unnaturall unckle and protector Richard Duke of Gloucester called Richard the third; whereby, (they being all the iffue male of king Edward the fourth,) these estates in tayle determined, And this viscount Berkeley was againe vested in sfee Simple in all the said manors and lands, as though the faid Act of parliament, or former conveyances, had never been.

E. 4. 10: 2.

The lord Berkeleys motives to affent to this Act of parliament seemes to bee three, first to bee freed, himfelf and his brethren, their lands and goods, from that heavy fum of . 34000 mentioned in the faid Act of parliament, noe inferiour course remaining to evacuate | those Statutes in the hands of a potent adversary: Secondly to have the kings favor and to bee created Viscount: And lastly to receive other benefitiall grants from the king: But what these should bee, I have not found: Onely the fifth of March following, the king made him one of his privy Counfell, pat 22. et 23. And for his attendance thereon granted him the yearly fee of one hundred marks during his life out of the fubfedyes of London and Bristoll, as hath been already faid: It may bee that the death of the king, which followed within thirty fower days, hindered the refidue of those benefitiall grants: But the blouddy tragedy which Richard the third acted upon his two nephews by their murder, returned againe upon this vifcount Berkeley all that part of the Duke of Norfolks lands which hee had made away as aforefaid, And the faid Statutes also discharged: An ill wind it is (faith the proverb) that bloweth noe man profit.

Act of parliam: 22. E. 4

And if this viscount Berkeley could have contained his ambition and held himself contented in the pitch hee was now mounted unto, hee had soared in height of honor and greatnes of Estate above the heads of all his Ancestors, yea above his great uncle Thomas the fourth, in whom I have noted this family to bee in its highest somers solftice: ffor by the death of Anne the sole daughter and heire of John Mowbray Duke of Norfolke, the fixteenth day of January in the feaventeenth year of Edward the fourth, shee then under feaven years of age, (her father ending his dayes the tenth of January in the fourteenth of the faid king,) And by the death Stow: 60: 708. of y' king himself, and his two sons, To the younger of whom, (if Stowe bee true,) shee was maryed but the day before her death, This Viscount Berkeley, as heire to the lady Isable his mother, great Aunt to the Duke of Norfolke, had now the one entire moitie of all the Dukes estate; As to the lord John Howard, (shortly after by Richard the third made Duke of Norfolke, and his fon Thomas, Earle of Surrey the same day,) had the other moytie, as son and heire of the lady Margaret his mother.

mother, fifter and fellowe Copartner with the lady Ifable: And upon the partitions made thereof, (fome of which were after confirmed by Act of parliament,) this lord Berkeley had for his part these manors and lands allotted to him and his heires, as followe.

The manor of Donyngton,
The manor of Twaytes,
The manor of Thrifke,
The manor of Hovingham,
The manor of Kirkby Malfart,
The manor of Thornton,
The manor of Brynd,
The manor of Gribthorpe,
The manor of Newfam,
The manor of Burton in Lonefdale,

586 Rot. parl: 4. H. 7.

In the County of Yorke.

The manor of Eppeworth,
The manor of Cothorpe,
The manor of Belton,
The manor of Westburrowe,
The manor of Ouston,
The manor of Haxey,
The manor of Wrote,

In the County of Lincolne.

The manor of Mawvy,
The manor of Dovercourt,
The manor of Herwich,
The manor of great Chefterford,
The manor of Denge ats Dengy,

In the County of Effex.

The manor of Segrave in Pen, The manor of Marlowe, The manor of Winge,

In the County of Buckingham

The Caftle and manor of Bedford, The manor of Scotfeild, The manor of Haunce, The manor of Bromham,

In the County of Bedford

The manor of Callowdon,
The manor of Thurlaston,
The manor of fflekenhoe,
The manor of Alspath,
The manor Mereden,
The manor of Aspele,
The manor of Kington,

In the County of Warrwicke.

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The manor of ffenyftanton,
The manor of Hilton,
The manor of Auconbury,
The manor of Weston,

In the County of Huntington.

The manor of Stodesdon, in the County of Salop.

The manor of Melton Mowbray,
The manor of Coldoverton,
The manor of Mountforrell,
The manor of Sileby,
The manor Segrave,
The manor of Dalby Chacombe,
The manor of Witherly,
The manor of Twyford,
The hundred of Gofcot,

In the County of Leicester.

The manor of Bretby,
The manor of Linton,
The manor of Cotton,
The manor of Repington,
The manor of Rostlaston,
The manor of Ashborne,

In the County of Derby.

The manor of Weston Baldocke, in the County of Hartford.

The manor of Hinton, The manor of Kenet, The manor of Kentford,

In the County of Cambridge.

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The manor of ffuntington,
The manor of Bosham,
The manor of Thorny,
The manor of Buckfold,
The manor of ffindon,
The manor of Slagham,

In the County of Suffex.
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The manor of North pedle in the County of Worcester.

Divers lands and Tents in Westminster in the County of Middlesex.

Divers lands and Tents in the Town of Calais.

The manor of Wisselee in the County of Surrey.

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The fourth part of the manors, of, viz!

Brighthelmeston,
Clayton,
Middleton,
Mechinge,
Seford,
Alington,

In the faid County of Suffex.
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The fourth part of the moytie of the manors, of, viz!

Cokefeild,
Hounden,
Kymer,
The Chace of Cleers,
The forrest of Worth,
The burrowe of Lewis,
The barony of Lewes,
Nomansland,
Divers rents in Ilford.

In the faid County of Suffex.

The fourth part of the manors of Rigate and Dorkinge, in the faid County of Surrey.

The fourth part of the moytie of the Toll of Guilford and Southwerke, in the faid County of Surrey.

The fourth part of the moytie of the manor of Tiborne ats Maribone; in the faid County of Midlefex.

The Castle of Holt,

The liship and manor of Bromseild,

The manor of Yale,

In Northwales.

The moytie or halfe part of the manors, of, viz!

Pickhill,
Seffewike,
Bedewall,
Ifcoyd,
Hewlington,
Cobham,
Heme,
Wrexham,
Burton,

In Wales and the Marches of Wales, to the County of Salop adjoyning.

589 And, Allington,

Estelusam,

Eglesecle,

Ruabon,

Abinbury,

Dymill,

Morton faboy,

Armere,

Osbaston,

Sonford,

Oseleston,

The castle of Leons,

The town of Leons,

Almore,

Wolfton,

Groffard advowson,

In Wales and the Marches of Wales, to the County of Salop adjoyning.

The moytie of the lordships or Seignioryes, of, vizt

Catherlagh, Oldcroffe, and of two baronies and divers other manors and lands.

In Ireland.

And which are mentioned in the Acts of Parliament in the fourth, fifth, 7th 17th and. carta in castro de 19th years of king Henry the feaventh and in the feverall deeds in the possession of the now lord Berkeley.

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And of his own paternall inheritance, which discended to him after the death of his father the lord James, hee now also had, as hath been already written,

The Castle, Burrough and hundred of Berkeley, The manor of Hame, The manor of Appleridge, The manor of Alkington, The manor of Hinton. The manor of Hurst, The manor of Slimbridge, The manor of Came, The manor of Cowley, The manor of Daglingworth, The manor of Upton St Leonards, The manor of Portbury

In the County of Gloucester

In the County of Somerfet. The manor of Porteshead, The hundred of Portbury,

And divers lands in the County of Hereford.

And also this lord Willim now had more in his own possession, which hee entred upon imediately after the death of Thomas Talbot Viscount Lisle, as before is touched.

> The burrowe of Wotton, The manor of Wotton fforren, The manor of Simondfall. The manor of Sages, The manor of Arlingham, 22. marks rent in fframpton, Newleys and the warth in Slimbridge, Divers lands and rents in Kingfcote, Horwood, Cromhall, and Acton, The Advowson of Wotton Church and of the Chantries of Hillesley, and Wortly,

In the faid County of Glouc.

Also

carta in castro de Berkeley. Also hee now had by the lady Jone his wife fix manors in Yorkshire, and the manor of Pritwell in Effex.

Pasch: 1: R: 3. rot. 2. in scacio. carta in castro de Berkeley.

And likewise hee now had in sees pentions and Annuities, some in see and some for life, from the king and other great parsonages, by severall patents—478 by the year; And divers other more both lands and sees, which I comforted not myselse in seeking after.

God the giver, care of reputation towards the world, love or regard towards his posterity, had been in this lord, hee had advanced this family beyond the pitch of the worthiest of his Ancestors; And to his eternall fame in all generations of his house past and to come, had been highliest honored in their memorials: 23ut to his ever during obloquy and reproach, hee in less then ten years following, scattered gave and cast away all the forementioned possessions, (a thing scarce credible to bee written,) not leaving any acre | to posterity, nor ought els, save tears and tongues to complaine, whereof my weeping pen now mournfully begins to write.

His alpenations and sales of lands.

In the moulds that cast them both, hee found noe difference, nor in the mettall; Sisters sons they were, And this viscount discended of the elder; only the kings favor made the ods; which hee casteth about to gaine, And thus compassen:

Daving in his ambitious opinion too much land, and too litle honor, hee is upon

the 28th of June the fixth day after the coronation of Richard the third, created Earle of Nottingham, to him and the heires males of his body, with the fee of twenty pound p ann out of the Sherifewicks of Nottingham and Derby: This Earledom fattisfyeth not: for to climb higher, hee agreeth with that ufurping king the 2th of March following in the fame year, by Indenture, That when hee should bee required, hee would make to the king and to the heires of his body a good estate in his manors of Melton Mowbray, Segrave, Coldoverton, Dalby Chawcombe, Twiford, Witherly, Sileby, Mountsorrell, and the hundred of Goscote, in the county of Leicester: And in the manors of Donyngton, Twaytes, Thriske and Hovingham

in the County of Yorke: And in the manors of Harewich, Dovercourt, Mawney,

carta in castro de Berkeley.

and

and Chesterford, in the County of Essex; And in the manors of Winge and Segrave in Penne, in the County of Buckingham; And in the manors of Calthrop, Westborrowe, Eppeworth, Belton, Haxey, and Oufton, in the County of Lincoln; And in the Castle and manors of Bedford and Bromham in the County of Bedford: And in the Castle of Holt with the lordship of Bromseild and yale in Northwales: And in the revercon of the manors of Kirkby Malfart, Newsam, Thornton, Gripthorp, Brind, and Burton in Lonesdale, in the said County of Yorke, after the decease of Jone his wife; And for default of fuch iffue of the kinge, to remaine to him | the faid Earle of Nottingham and his heires for ever. 2010 it was further 592 agreed between them, That the king should grant to the said Earle for his life, when hee should require it, an yearly rent of fower hundred marks out of the great Customs of the City of London; And for performance thereof, for foe much as was by him to bee performed, hee the faid Earle of Nottingham became bound to the king in a recognizance of ten thousand pounds; And accordingly by Indenture claus: rolls. 1. R. 3. dated the 23th of October in the fecond year of the faid king, the fame manors were claus: rolls, 2, R, 3, by this Earle conveyed to the faid king accordingly: And the fifteenth day of the next month, The faid king Richard by Indenture under his hand and feale, Afwell carta in castro for the true and faithfull fervice that this Earle of Nottingham in manifold wife hath done to his highnes, in the fame, did promife and grant to the faid Earle, That at all times thenceforth, hee will ayd, comfort, and affift the faid Earle, as lawe, right, and confcience will, aswell in and for his inheritance and all titles concerning the fame, As of and in all other causes that the said Earle hath to doe; At what time this Earle was not released from a recognizance of one thousand pound, wherein hee stood bound for his personall appearance in the Starr chamber, ordo in Camera And to doe noe damage to the faid Edward Gray lord Lifle or to his fervants: **Dowbeit** this profuse scattering of those thirty five manors at a clap hurt him not; for this estate in tayle in the king determined the 22th of August following, by the kings death at Bosworth feild, And by the death of his wife and of his only child the prince, dead a litle before his father: Soe willing was Gods gracious eye to have made this Earle looke back, and to retire himself into the consideration of himselfe, and to have preserved those possessions which had been from heaven fhowred upon him: But hee rather chose to bee branded by S! Paull with the 2. Tim: 5:8. livery of infidelity, then to have any care of his family house or kindred, present or to come.

de Berkeley.

stellat. 9. Maij. 22. E. 4.

mer the feaventh, by the overthrow and death of Richard the usurper, obtaineth the Crown and weareth it; And foe prudent was this Earles cariage between

pat. 1. H. 7. m.

pat. r. H. 7. m. pasch: rec: 1. H. 7. rot. 3. in scacio.

between those adverse princes and their adherents, (ayding the one wth men, the other with money, neither of both with his person,) That hee preserved the favor of both, at least lost neither of them: And as a testimony of this kings good acceptance of his fervice, upon the 26th of October following (fower days before his own coronation,) hee created him Earle Marischall, To hold during pleasure, with the fee of twenty pound: And the 19th of February following, created him Earle Marischall and great Mareschall of England, To hold to him and the heires males of his body, with the like fee of twenty pound: In which patent of creation. 593 the king gives him | power, aswell in his presence as in his absence, to have and bear a staff of gold wth a black ringe at both ends, with the kings Armes at the pat: 1. H. 7. m. upper end, and his own Armes at the lower end thereof: 2110 in the meane between his two patents, the 12th of December, grants him a generall pardon for all offences comitted before the 7th of November then last.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

It feemeth fomewhat plaine That a precontract was concluded upon between S! Willim Stanley lord Chamberlaine to the king, and this Earle, for furthering him into these great offices of honor: for upon the same 19th of ffebruary, this great Marefchall by his deed of the fame date with his patent of creation, And with his new stile of Willm Earle Marshall and of Nottingham, viscont Berkeley and lord of Berkeley, hee gave to him the faid S' Willim Stanley, (by the name of cozen,) and to the heirs of his body, All his part and purpart of his manors of Pickhill, Seffewyke, Bedewall, Ifcoyd, Hewlington, Cobham, Hem, Wrexham, Burton, Alington, Eastclusan, Eglosecle, Ryabon, Abinbury, Dimill, Morton saboy, Armere, Osbaston, Sonsord, and Oseleston, And of the Castle and manor of Dynesbran, and of the Castle and town of Leons, Bramseild, Yale, Wrexam, Almore, Wobston, and Sonford, in Wales and in the marches thereof to the County of Salop adjoyning; And for defalt of fuch iffue of the body of Sr Willm Stanley To remaine to the faid Earle Marshall and to his heires: And thus for the consideracon of honor did this Earle Marshall runne out of two Castles and twenty eight manors and parts of manors: And yet was not his ambitious humor fattisfyed: And justly might Maurice Berkeley his brother and heire apparant, and Maurice his fon and heire, complaine, as they did, That out of a high and pompous mind, hee aspired to bee made a Marquess: Between whom, great displeasures now arose, never after reconciled, upon the occation of those and other like assurances, fynes, and recoveryes, (whereof many now enfue,) which this lord Willim passed: for the better to cut off the antient entaile to the heires male, created by his Ancestor the lord Thomas the third, as in his life appeareth, This vaine and pompous Earle did in Michmas

petitio Mauricij in carsto de Berk:

Michmas and Easter Termes in the second of Richard the third, upon severall writs, de recto præcipe in capite suffer recoveryes of the advowson of Slimbridge Church, and of the manor of Portbury, and of the Castle and manors of Berkeley, Hame, Appleridge, Alkington, Hinton, Came, Hurst and Slimbridge, and of divers others: In many of which by his feoffments after these recoveryes executed in August in the first of Henry the seaventh, hee for defalt of issue of his own body, estated Thomas Marques Dorfet in tayle: which notwithstandinge, within two years after, hee againe altered and estated upon the king, as now followeth.

In banco čoi rot: 453: Michis rot: 147. Pasch: et 154.

carta in castro de Berkeley. 594

And having twice made advantage of honor and profit, (but against his purpose or will,) by two contracts with king Edward the fourth, and with king Richard the third, hee affayleth a like chapman, king Henry the feaventh, for a third fortune, (for Marques Berkeley, the Earle Mareschall of England will bee at least:) And thereupon by Indenture dated the 10th day of December in the third year of Henry the feaventh, (by the name of Willim Earle Mareschall and of Nottingham, great Marefchall of England,) hee covenanteth with the king to convey by good affurance the Castle and manor of Berkeley, and the manors of Hame, Appleridge, Hurst, Slimbridge, and Cowley, To the use of himself and the heirs of his body, And for want of fuch iffue, To the faid king Henry the feaventh and the heires males of his body, And for want of fuch iffue To the use of his own right heirs: And to convey the manors of Alkington, Came, Hinton, and Portbury, To the use of himselfe and Anne his wife and the heires of his body, And for want of fuch iffue, To the faid king and the heires males of his body, And for want of fuch iffue, To the ufe of his own right heirs as aforefaid: In lieu whereof the king gives him leave to convey twenty five of his other manors, feverally named in the faid Indenture, to what uses and to whom hee pleafeth, without any fine to bee paid into the Hanaper upon fuch alienations: And promifeth to confirm unto him all manner of franchifes and liberties granted heretofore by him or his progenitors to him the faid Earle, or to any of his Ancestors.

Mich: term. r.
Mariæ ex parte
rem regis inter
fcripta et rec: in
banco
carta in castro
de Berkeley.

pat. 1. H. 7. pars. 4. pat. 3. H. 7. pars. 1.

And according to these covenants are recoveries suffered of the said Castle and manors, And of the manors and Advowsons of Wotton underedge Simondsall, Arlingham, and others: And severall sines also are by him leavyed of the said Castle and manors at the same times, with renders of like estates; and of many others in seaverall Counties; As with small labor is (at once) to bee read in the severall Inquisitions sound in the 7th. 8th and 9th, yeares of king Henry the seaventh, after this Marquesse death, remaining of record in the Chancery.

Hillar. 3. H. 7. rot. 354. 360. 357. et. 343. Hillar: et Trin: terms 3. H. 7. et. 7. H. 7.

Eschaet: in Canc: temp. H. 7.

And

Act of parl: annis 4.7.17.et 19.H.7.

And to conclude, hee thus estated upon the king and the heires males of his body for defalt of iffue of his own, Dig Castle of Berkeley, twelve manors and three advowfons in the County of Glouc.; Two manors in the County of Somerfet: Fower manors in the County of Warwick; Gight manors and one hundred in 595 the County of Leicester; Six manors in the | County of Derby; flower manors in the County of Essex; ffibe manors, a fforrest, a chace, and a barony in the County of Suffex; Two manors in the County [of] Surry; ffower manors in the County of Huntington; One manor in the County of Hartford; Three manors in the County of Cambridge; A barony, and fower manors in the County of Bedford; And others in other Counties, And in Calais, Ireland, and Wales, besides divers advowfons of churches and chapples, And divers hundreds and other regalityes, with a great multitude of knights fees; Soc that by increasing in the kings favor, hee proved more profitable to the king then his first covenants comprized in the faid Indentures; 2nd hereupon the 28th of January in the fourth of his raigne, the king created this Earle Marshall Marques Berkeley, to him and the heirs males of his body, with the fee of thirty five pounds p! ann out of the leffer Customs of London.

pat: 4. H. 7. m: 13.

hillar: 3. H. 7. cart. in castro de Berkeley. cl: roll. 3. H. 7. Bacon in vita H. 7. fo. 236. And besides these foresaid Conveyances to the king and the heirs males of his body, Dee surther sold and gave divers others to the said S! William Stanley lord Chamberlaine, and to others; And also in the third of king Henry the seaventh gave to S! Reignold Bray knight, (whom S! ffrancis Bacon calleth a Counsellor of antient authority with his king,) his manor of Haunce in the County of Bedford, and his manors and lands in Kensington and Marybon als Tiborne in Midlesex, in ffee Simple, which were but rewards for his Court savour.

Inq: post mort.
Marchion, Berkeley. 8. H. 7.
Com. pleas Mich:
21. H. 7. rot.
et 17. H. 7. ibm.
His will 7. H. 7.
in Cur. prerog.
carta. 4. Nov. 3.
H. 7 in castro de
Berkel:

com: pleas: Mich. 17. H. 7. rot.

And the 23th of February in the third years of Henry the 7th gave for like Court favor to Thomas Stanley Earle of Derby the kings father in law, for defalt of iffue of his own body, The manors of Donyngton, Twaites, Thrifke, Hovingham, Kirkby Malfart, and Burton in Lonesdale, in the County of Yorke; And his manors of Winge, Segrave in Pen, and Marlowe, in the County of Buckingham; And the manor of Denge als Dengy in the County of Essex; And the manors of Eppeworth, Belton, Haxey, Owston, and Wrote, in the County of Lincolne; And the manors of Alspath and Mereden, in the County of Warrwike; To hold to the said Earle of Derby and the heirs of his body; Who had also by like conveyance the manor of Slagham in the County of Sussex, And the manor of Wisselee in the County of Surry, which cost him like Court-holywater, as aforesaid.

In the fame month and year hee feverally conveyeth the manors of Hinton and Kenet in the County of Cambridge, to the use of himself for life, The remainder to Richard Willoughby for his life, The remainder to the heirs of the body of him the said Earle, The remainder to the heirs male of the body | of the said Richard Willoughby, The remainder to Edward Willoughby Esq! and to the heires males of his body, The remainder to the right heires of him the said Earle; which manor at this time was in the hands of Elizabeth Dutches of Norsolke for her life: Of which manor of Kenet, see after in the life of the lord Henry the first.

carta in castro de Berkeley. licentia regis 8. Feb: 3. H. 7.

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fols: [806, 807]

And in July following, in the felf same manner hee conveyed the manor of Callowdon in the County of Warrwicke, with like remainders to the same parties, which at this time was in lease for life to S! Humphry Talbot: And for better confirmation of this affurance, did in the 6th of Henry the 7th leavy a fine thereof.

carta. 10. Julij. 3. H. 7. in castro de Berkel: fin. 6. H. 7. in banco.

And also the said Earle of Darby, (for defalt of issue of the body of this said Marques Berkeley,) had also divers other manors and lands, As by the will of the said Marques appeareth.

his will. 7. H. 7. in cur. prerogat:

And to his wife the lady Anne Berkeley and her heires, hee devised by his will all his messuages and lands in London, paying . 200. marks to the stryars Augustines; And his house in Chelsey in Middlesex hee by his said will gave to John Whitinge and his heires with a legacy of sourty pounds; And to conclude, what by sines and recoveryes and other conveyances of record, and what by deeds executed by livery and by Atturnement, And what by his last will and Testament, hee soe conveyed and gave away all the forementioned masse of Castles, Baronies, manors, hundreds, Chaces, Parks, knights sees, and other hereditaments in all the said Countyes in England and Wales, and in Ireland and Callais, as that nothing remained to his helre; And made more effectuall those to the king by an Act of parliament in the 7th of his raigne.

His Will. 7. H. 7. in Cur. Prerog.

fines in banco. 3.5.
6. H. 7. cões. recuper: in banco.
1. 3. 5. H. 7.
divers: cartæ in ijfdem annis.
Inq: 7. 8. 9. H. 7.
in divs: Com. poft mort. Marchion.
Rot: parl. 17. Oct.
7. H. 7. memor.
fc²čij
Trin. 9. H. 8. rot primo.

fin. 7. H. 7. in banco.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

And having in Michaelmas Terme in the feaventh of Henry the 7th by fine and other affurances, fetled the manor of great Chefterford in Effex, upon himself and the lady Anne his wife and the heires of his own body, with remainder to the king and the heirs males of his body, As though it was not enough to give the king his land, but hee would build him an house also; Hee, the eleventh of December following, agreeth by severall deeds under seale, with Carpenters Masons and other workmen, forthwith to build him a spatious house upon the same manor; It which

time

time, without a like miraculous bleffing as was fent to Abraham and Sara, there was noe hope of iffue between him and his wife, And himself before the finishing could not but fall into his grave, as hee did, as after followeth; yet hereby also appeares, | the power of an over-rulinge wife, that for her own end could draw her husbands old age this excessive building upon a peece of ground wherin neither of them, upon the matter, had any longer an estate then for their own lives.

Liber feod.miltum in sccio. temp. H.3. Rot. fervicr. in rubeo libro in fccio. fol. 232 Rot. claus. 1. R. 2. m. 45 Rot. fervic. 1, H4. Esch. I. H. 4. post mort. Thom. Ducis Norf. Bedford. claus 1 H. 5. apud le coronnac.coram Rico Beauchampe nuper Com. Warw. Fin. 8 R. 2. m. 20 Claus. 7 E. I. m. 6. 8.

In the vast volume of which his sales, none seemes more displeasinge to his posterity then the sale of his Castle and Barony of Bedford, and of the honourable services whereby he held the same; beinge by the tenure thereof, at each kinges coronation, Ellemosiner or Almoner, havinge for his see the cloth which the Kinge on his coronation day went upon from his hall or chamber to the church doore where hee was crowned: And after dinner had the silver dish which used of custome, as the Almesdish, to stand before the Kinge at dinner, and one tun of wine: whereby also hee sold one of his titles of honour, ceasinge thenceforward to be stilled Baron of Bedford: An office of honor which had descended from the antient samily of Willm. de Bello Campo, who in the 7th of Edward the first least it to his daughters and Co-heires, the eldest of whom was maried to the lord Mowbray; and from them it came to Willm. de Latimer, and John de Mowbray Earle of Nottingham; and from Latimer, by Elizabeth his daughter and heire, to John Nevill of Raby; and upon the partition of Mowbrayes lands, Duke of Norsolke, was allotted to this Marques and his heires, that which to the Dukes of Norsolk appertayned.

His Almes and devotions.

carta. 3. H. 7. in castro de Berkel:

Che lands which this lord gave to the prioresse of our ladies house within Carleton parke ats Wallinge wells, were of such value, That in return thereof the pryoresse and her covent granted to accept him and his heirs for ever as one of their sounders, And to doe them such honor and in such fort to pray for them and their good estate, as they doe for their sounders in each thinge; And to observe all such orisons prayers observances obites and other divine services, for his soule and of his heires, and of his fader and moder, and for the good estate of Dame Anne his wise, as the said prioresse and Covent have used to doe for their sounders; And spetially to pray for the soule of the lady Jane his late wise, and for the good estate of Thomas Stanley Earle of Derby and his heires, and for their soules health for ever.

carta. 4. H. 7. in castro de Berkeley.

The like liberality this lord extended to the pryor and Chapiter of the Cathedrall Church of Worcester; In recompence whereof the said pryor and

Covent

Covent accepted this lord Marques and the lady Anne his wife into their spirituall fociety and fraternity; And admitted them to the participation of all the benefits workes and merits wrought by them, aswell in masses hours prayers watches fastings disciplines and hospitalityes; as in Almes and other benefites which hereafter shall bee done or had in their Cathedrall Church; With this addition from their speciall grace and bounty, (faith the deed,) That when the deaths of this lord and his wife shall bee intimated to them, there shall bee as much | faid and done for their soules 598 as for the brothers and fifters and other benefactors of the faid place, and for the foul of John ffynes father of the faid lady Anne, and for the foules of the children of the faid Marques and of Jane his late wife.

And furely this invention of spiritual fraternityes which are appurtenances or annexaries to the orders of ffryars, Nunns, &c. which in thefe times was grown frequent, was a prudent and profitable late devife; for into it lay people of all forts, men and weomen, marved and fingle, defired to bee inrolled; as thereby enjoying the fpirituall prerogatives of pardons indulgences and fpeedy difpatche out of purgatory.

To the pryor of the fryar Augustines in London this lord gave in hand one hundred pounds in money; In lieu whereof and of other benefits and guifts, (faith the deed,) which this Marques intends to give to that place, The faid pryor and covent agree to fay two maffes prefently and for ever at the altar of our lady and of St James, where the body of Jane Countes of Nottingham his former wife lyeth buryed, between the faid Altars; And to pray for the prosperous estate of the faid Marques and of Anne his now wife, and of Edward Willoughby, Richard Willoughby, Anne Beauchampe, Elizabeth Willoughby, and John Whitinge his gentleman usher; with all the iffue of the faid Marques and Jane; And espetially for the faule of the faid Jane and of Katharine her mother, fometime Dutches of Norfolke, and for the foules of James lord Berkeley and of Ifable his wife father and mother of the fd Marques, and of Thomas Berkeley brother of the faid Marques, And after the deaths of the faid Marques and Anne Then the faid two masses to bee funge for their fouls also; which they the fd pryor and Covent doe promife to doe unto the worlds end; And also to fay a solemne obite yearly in the faid place on S! Mathias day in ffebruary for the foules of the faid ladyes; And the like then for the faid Marques and Anne his wife when they shall die: 2010 that this Indenture of agreement shall bee yearly read in their Chapiter house in the feast day of S: Michaell, for the better performance thereof, as they shall answer afore God at the dreadfull day of doome. And

carta: 3: Nov: 6. H. 7. in castro de Berkeley.

599 Will: 5. feb: 1491. 7. H. 7. in cur. prerog. And the fifth of february twelvemonth after in the feaventh of the faid king Henry the feaventh, This Marques by his will bequeathed his body to bee buryed in the faid Church of ffryar Augustines, and gave thereto twenty marks to buy vestments to bee used at the Altar of S! Rooke there. And also two hundred marks more for two fryars there perpetually to singe for his soule, And twenty marks for two other fryars to singe in the white ffryars in ffleetstreet at the Altar of S! Gasion there, for his own soule, and for the soules of his father and mother, and of his son S! Thomas Berkeley, for ever: And besides to bee endowed with ten marks yearly; And likewise ordained, That another fryar should singe at the gray fryars at Glouc., in like maner, for the said soules; To the repair whereof hee gave twenty pound in money.

Bp his faid will, this Marques ordained, That his wife and other his Executors should after his death purchase ten marks yearly rent, therewith to sound a Chantry at the altar of our lady of pitty at Eppeworth in the County of Lincolne.

To fryar John Wikes hee gave twenty shillings. And appointed that his executors should recompence all tresspasses and wrongs by him done, in discharge of his soule, as should bee proved before them within ten yeares after his death; And this to bee proclaimed in every place where hee hath had most resort unto in time past, after every true and reasonable mans desire.

The one half of his array, plate, stuffe of hushold, and of Chapple, hee gave to his wife Anne, And the other half to goe towards the performance of his will.

To Isable Berkeley hee gave twenty markes.

To Margery Berkeley hee gave five marks.

To Richard Berkeley hee gave five marks.

And to twenty other of his fervants hee gave the like legacies: And made his wife, the Bishop of Rochester, Judge sitz James, and M: Wythers, his Executors; To each of whom hee gave twenty pound a peece; And for his overfeers made king Henry the seaventh, and the said Earle of Derby, and John Whitinge his gentleman usher, To each of whom hee gave ten pound a peece.

600 Dee also in his life time gave divers Anuities pentions and sees, whereof these following are the cheifest I observed. vizi

In

In the Tenth year of Edward the fourth hee granted to his brother Maurice ten markes by the yeare for his life, out of his lordshipp of Nibley, for the great fervice hee that year did to him at the incounter with the lord Lisle.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

The fame year in confideracon of fervice, hee granted an Anuity of fower markes p ann to John Caffey Efg! out of this manor of Slimbridge, for his life, who was at the skirmish at Nibley green with him.

hillar: in banco 21. E. 4 rot. 352.

About the fame time hee granted an anuity of five pound p ann to Willim lord Acq: in 15. E. 4. Hastings for his life.

The 22th of Edward the 4th hee granted to Thomas his brother, in confideration of his laudable fervice, an Anuity of nineteen pound p ann: out of his manors of Wotton and Hame.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

And about the first of Henry the seaventh granted an Anuity of ten pound p ann, to the lord Daubeny for his life, out of his manor of Portbury: And also an Anuity of fower pound p ann, to Ralph Skelton for his life.

comp: recept. in castro de Berk.

In the third of Henry the. 7th, hee gave an Anuity of ten marks p ann to Thomas Tiler for his life, who also was his generall Receivour.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

The fame year hee granted to Thomas Sampson for his life, all his land in Calais, rendring the third part of the revenue.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Thout the same time hee granted to S! James Blount an Anuity of ten marks for his life out of his manor of Sileby in the County of Leicester; Some other the like, there were, which I passe by.

Acq: in castro de Berkeley.

Dis miscellaniæ or various passages.

бол

By comon intendment those that seek often to the phisition have diseased bodyes; what conflitution this lord was off not onely his life past but the many pardons hee purchased from those kings whose laws hee had transgressed, which now followe, doe declare.

The. 17th of March in the 36th of Henry the fixth, the king pardoned this lord cart in castr. de Willm all offences generall.

Berk: rot. pdon: 36. H.. 6. rot. 30.

cart. in castr. de Berk. rot. pdon: 2. E. 4. m. 32.

The first of May in the second of Edward the sourth, the king pardoned him all offences untill the fourth of November then past.

Rot. pardon: 10. E. 4. m: 2.

The 25th of May in the 10th of Edward the fourth the king pardoned him all offences till the 25th of December then past.

carta in castro de Berkeley. rot. pdon: 12. E. 4. m. 23.

The twentieth of May in the 12th of Edward the fourth, the king pardoned him all treasons murders rebellions and offences untill the first of September before; whereby hee stood discharged from the viscount Lisles death, and his utlagaryes thereupon.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

The tenth of March in the first of Richard the third, the king pardoned him all offences untill the 21th of ffebruary past.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

The 9th of December in the fecond of Richard the third, the king espetially pardoned him all offences debts recognizances &c, untill the tenth of November before.

Trin: 3. H. 7. cum rem. thefaur:

The fifteenth of ffebruary in the third of Henry the feaventh, the king pardoned him all offences and matters whatfoever; which in discharge of divers debts demaunded of him by proces out of the Exchequer, hee pleaded in Trinity Terme after: One or two more there are, which I omitted in my notes.

chres: in Berkeley Castle.

ffor the better discharge of his houshold port, when hee abode at Berkeley Castle, which was from the death of his father, untill such time as king Edward the fourth with an augmentation of his stile and honor, drew him to his Counsell table, Hee used yearly to fend a shipp for wines to Burdeaux in sfrance: And in the year. 1477, being the feaventeenth of the faid king, upon returne of his shipp, hee 602 retained twenty Tunns, for | his own provision: the residue the master of the shipp had: Some of which charter parties for furnishing the faid voyages yet remaine in Berkeley Castle, espetially for the setting forth of the shipp called the George of Berkeley, whereof the Chre sheweth this lord to bee owner, and John Pembroke his fervant to bee master.

The abidinge of this lord Willim in his fathers life time, was for most part at Portbury, Afterwards at Berkeley Castle, between which places his usuall travell was by water, and over at the paffage called Crokarspill; The paffer whereof in the

time

time of Henry the fixth, exhibited a petition against this lord Willim to Richard Duke of Yorke, (father of king Edward the fourth,) then lord of the manor of Easton, whereof one part of the faid pill is accompted to bee parcell; complaining that this lord and his fervants paffed and would paffe at their pleafure without paying anything for their feryage, to the difinheritage of the faid Duke and his faid Tenants wronge; And prayeth, that at the dukes faid manor hee might shew his evidence for his discharge and freedome in passage, or els to pay as other men in paffing over there between the two Countyes of Gloucef: and Somerfet, doe pay.

petitio cum Thoma Morgan Arm:

The first of January in the 21th year of king Edward the fourth, the Duke of Warrant in castro Buckingham by his warrant charged all his keepers and officers, That whenfoever and as oft as the right worshipfull and his right entirely welbeloved cozen the vifcount Berkeley lift to take his pleafure to hunt within any of his fforrests, parks or chaces within the Counties of Kent, Surry, and Effex, That every of them should give him due attendance, and to make him as good disport as they can, as they intend to please him, from year to year and time to time.

de Berkeley.

This lord having in the 17th year of Edward the fourth been outlawed at the fute of Richard Seintle of London for non-payment of debt of 91, Reverfed the same by error, for that hee was fued and outlawed by the name of Willim Berkeley of Berkeley knight, whereas hee was at that time one of the lords and peeres of the realme; And for proofe pleads verbatim his writ of fomons to the parliament the fame yeare.

Trin: 17. E. 4. rot. 191. in banco.

And it is not improper here to shewe, That this lord dyed indebted to Willm Moore his fecretary for thirty old nobles which hee lent him, | And for . 70s wages, for which his brother Maurice was fued in Chancery feaven years after his death, by Willim Gifford Executor to the faid Willim Moore, whose title and proofe was, That this lord Marques lying ficke, a litle before his death willed that the faid Moore should bee paid those sums before any others; which the said Maurice did, though hee was neither heire nor Executor, and not having any Assets in land or personall estate from his faid brother; whereby appeares a great distance between the disposition of these two brothers; The Marques hatinge Maurice at his death, Maurice lovinge his memory and the repose of his soule after life ended.

Bill in Canc: 15. E. 4.

In the 33th of Henry the fixth, Edward lord Abergavenny granted to this lord Willim the Stewardship of Chepstowe in Wales for his life, with the fee of twenty marks by the yeare.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

carta in castro de Berkeley. In the 39th of Henry the fixth, Anne Dutches of Buckingham made this lord Willim mafter of her games of Deere, and supervisor of all her parks forrests chases and warrens in the County of Gloucester.

carta in castro de Berkeley. In the 31th of Henry the fixth John Mowbray Duke of Norfolke made this lord Willim Supervisor of his dominions of Gower and Kilvey in Southwales, and his steward of Chepstowe, for his life, with the yearly see of twenty pound.

carta in castro de Berkeley. In the first year of king Edward the fourth, the foresaid Anne Dutches of Buckingham made this lord Willim Steward of her lordship and manor of Thornbury, for the life of his father the lord James, taking the fees thereto belonging and accustomed; And at this time was this Willim soe feared of his fathers tenants, or grown soe potent over his old fathers affairs, as none of his Tenants would take any lease or estate from that old lord, but that they would either have this Willim to confirme the same by his deed, or joyne with his father in the grant.

Divers personall differences being between this lord William and John Lord Beauchamp, as for fuch of his fathers goods the lord James as came into his hands, as for other causes, they referred themselves in the fixth of king Edward the fourth to the award of the lord Chancellor and of the Bishop of Bath, whereto they promised to stand upon their faiths of Knighthood.

604

Dis wives.

Out of what humor I know not, but longer did this lord folace himselse in a single life then any of his Ancestors from Harding the Dane, neither could any persuasion work him to wivinge in the life of his father: 12ct, in a contrary quality, more forward to contract his own son and heire at younger years then any of his Ancestors, as after solloweth.

This lord had three wives, who in their simpathies and antipathies stood thus in relation to him: The first hee loved not, nor shee him: The second hee loved entirely both living and dead, and shee him: The third hee loved, and shee over-ruled him for her own ends, to the advancement of her selfe and her kindred.

Vincent: fol:631.

Dig first wife was Elizabeth the daughter of Reginald West, lord de la ware, and of Magaret his wife daughter and heire of Robert Thorly Esq! whom hee maryed in the fixth yeare of king Edward the sourth in the third yeare after his fathers

fathers death, then about the age of one and forty yeares: from her hee was divorced shortly after, before any issue had between them, by the sentence of Carpenter the Bishop of Worcester; which shee held, (and I beleeve,) to bee unjust and partially given in his favor; from which shee appealed to the Court of Rome, and procured thence from pope Paul the fecond, tres compulfary dated the twentieth of November. 1467. being the feaventh year of the faid king, to have all the writings acts fentences dispositions and myniments touching the said divorce to bee fent to Rome, As by the in[f]trument thereof under feale in the Castle of Berkeley may appeare: her husband and the partiall Bishop held it wisdome to stop the stream, ere it flowed to Rome, And soe ended that sute.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Pow, for that I have observed some differences in opinion amongst some worthy branches of this family about this lords lawfull or unlawfull putting away of this wife, (admitting it to bee for adultery,) and his mariage with another in her life time; fome of them making this unlawfull Act one of the greatest outward causes, (in the eye of man,) of this lords dying iffuelesse after soe hopefull a posterity had, and of | the confumption that followed of his patrimony, with other croffes, 605 Gods angry hand feeming streched out against him in a troubled life ever after: I will a litle inlarge my felf upon this point, And tell his posterity That his fecond mariage as I conceive it was adulterous, wherein hee longe lived, and had iffue that miscaryed; And that though the adultery were proved, and the sentence of divorce recorded, yet was not hee foe fet at liberty that hee might, in her life, marry with another, as hee did.

- 1. ffirst, the Act of adultery doth not dissolve the knot, or (as wee speake,) break the bond of mariage; for then it would follow That the party offending could not upon reconciliation bee received againe by the innocent to former fociety of life, without the folemnizing of mariage anew; which is a thing never heard off, and contrary to the continual practife of all churches.
- 2. Secondly, the fentence of divorce cannot releeve him neither, for there is noe lawfull fentence in any Court in cafe of divorce but it ever containeth an express inhibition to either party to marry with another; with intimation in flat termes, That from the time that they or either of them shall goe about an other mariage, Quod extunc prout ex nunc, et ex nunc, prout extunc, (it is the stile of the Court,) That prefent fentence upon record shall bee utterly void to all purposes, and they in the fame cafe as if it had never been given.

3. Againe,

3. Agains, if the comitting of Adultery should dissolve mariage, Then both parties are in the fame case as they were before they were maryed, free and at liberty; And then may either of them, aswell the guilty as the innocent, marry Ambr:in.1.Cor.7. againe, which is the very gaine the Adulterer or Adulterefs propounds to themselves; And foe would the comitting of fin, bee made gainfull or benefitiall to an offender.

- 4. Maine, if adultery diffolve the marriage bond and all, (as with this lords practice it did,) Then not onely every christian is excluded from that charity of receiving his wife againe, (having been faulty,) to conjugall duties, without a new mariage, as hath been faid: but which is worfe, the innocent party, if hee have Augustine knowledge of the body of his wife, having been false that way with another, should 606 in foe doing comitt adultery himfelf, in as much as hee hath had the | use of her body that is now none of his; I fay none of his, because their mariage is utterly diffolved by the act precedent of his wicked wife, if this opinion bee allowed.
 - 5. Manine, if at the pleafure of every lewd man, or light woman, by comitting the fin with another, they might diffolve as many former mariages, and make way to as many new mariages as they lift; for being weary of the first, it is but to bee lewd of body and prefently the bond is broken, & liberty given to make choice of another; And upon the like weariness, by the like Act, of a third and fourth; It would bring with it a world of troubles and confusions and evill confequences, as the fecond mariage of this lord Willm in the life of this his former wife might have done, between his iffue of his fecond mariage and his next brother and heire.

Iherom: in Math.

- 6. And againe, if the word of God bee fought to, whether any favor may bee had there, it will appear, That duringe the primitive church even till of late years the Judgment of many great divines and the present practice of the law ecclesiasticall were one and the fame, and great reason why: for the authority of the fathers was the ground of the antient Canons, by which the law in this cafe is ruled: Soe that but for the opinion of fome later divines, there need not bee fought any opposition between lawe and divinity in this question, nor that distraction happen, wherein wee fee divines to give their hands for licence to that for which law will convent men and cenfure them too.
- 7. And againe lastly, it seems an unanswerable ground, viz! That one may not in any wife have two wives at once; for by the originall inftitution there can bee but two in one flesh: But this lords wife, though shee profaned mariage with another,

another, was not thereby become the wife of him with whom shee prophaned, but remained this lords wife still, whose first shee was, and whose only shee can bee soe longe as hee liveth: And the word of God feems to mee plaine in this, The woman Rom. 7. 2. is bound to the min foe longe as hee liveth; Soe that if while hee liveth shee becometh another mans flee shall bee holden an Adulteresse; from which very words the vow of mariage feemeth to have been framed, which then was and still is made in the congregation by either party, forfakinge all other keepe thee onely unto her foe longe as you both shall live: And againe, To have and to hold for better for worse till death us do part: And these plainly shew, (as I conceive,) That the bond of mariage is not broken but by death, And that though shee should become another mans, yet | shee is not become his wife: The places of S! Mark and S! Luke seem 607 plaine, That a man having put away his wife cannot marry againe; And for the place of S! Matthew, where it feems to bee qualified with (unles it bee for adultery,) it is all the shewe that can bee made for these mariages; The rules both of divinity and reason are, That when there falleth out any diversity in places, first to expound the leffer number by the greater and not contrary, That is one Evangelist by two, and not two by one: Secondly, to expound the former writer, (which is granted S! Mathewe was,) by the later that writ after him, as both S! Marke and S! Luke did, and not contrary; espetially where both may stand, as here methinks both may; They two interpreting it, It is thus, Hee that putteth away his wife, (which but for Adultery is not lawfull,) and maryeth an other, comitteth adultery himfelf: howbcit because the position, that a man putting away his wife for her adultery may lawfully marry an other, is maintained by the learned writings of foe many late juditious divines, in most of the reformed Churches at this day, And hath foe troubled the pulpit in S! Maryes in Oxford, which my younger yeares there heard neere forty years agone, I stand an unable man to determine of either opinion, leaving this family to the censure of this fact of this great lord their Ancestor as it self shall affect: But mee thinks, That a wife yt is an Adulteresse doth not cease to bee a wife, unles at least shee bee manifestly divorced, and dispoyled of her mariage ringe.

Mark. 10. 11. Luke: 16. 18. Math: 19. 9.

defence of John Raynalls printed

Thate feen an old writing of this lords time, laying the pedegree of this In castro de Elizabeth to bee the daughter of Reginald West lord de la ware, son of Thom West and Jone his wife, daughter of [Roger] lord de la Ware and Alienor his wife, daughter of John lord Mowbray and Elizabeth his wife, daughter and heire of John lord Segrave; which John lord Mowbray and Elizabeth his wife had iffue alfo Thomas created Duke of Norfolke father of Ifable maryed to James lord Berkeley mother of this lord Willm; Averring thereby That they were within the forbidden

Berkeley.

degrees

degrees of mariage, hee in the third, and shee in the fourth, And the divorce to bee thereupon: **Whith**, if a cause then and at this day, then more then twenty maryed couples within five miles of Berkeley Castle, (not to spread my knowledge further,) may bee divorced; But to this old writing I wholly subscribe not.

Vincents discovery of errors fol: 631.
4. cartæ in castro de Berkeley.
Esch: post mort.
Willmi Hastings.
pat: 15. E. 4. in arce London.
4. cartæ in castro de Berkeley.

Dig fecond wife was Jone, (written also Jane,) who had formerly been maryed to S! William Willoughby, and was daughter, (as M! Vincent faith,) of | S! Thomas Strangwayes and Katharine his wife, daughter of Ralph Nevill Earle of Westmerland and widowe of John Mowbray Duke of Norfolke; which Katharine was thirdly maryed to John Viscount Beamond, and lastly to S! John Woodvile; And dyed in the first year of King Richard the third.

pat. roll: 8. E. 4.

This faid Jone was maryed to this lord in November Anno 1468. in the 8th year of king Edward the fourth; And for her mariage portion brought the manors of Kirkeby Malfart, Burton in Londefdale, Thornton, Newfame, Brind, and Gribthorp in Spalding moore, in the County of Yorke, And the manor of Donver in Norfolke, for her life, of the inheritance of John Duke of Norfolke, fon of the faid John; And one hundred marks p ann out of the kings Customs of London.

claus: 8. E. 4. m. 12:

capt. et recognit.

30. Octobris.

The agreement about the mariage of this fecond wife will best appear out of this lords obligation dated the 18th of October in the 8th of King Edward the fourth, whereby hee became bound to the Arch-bishop of Yorke, Robert Danby cheife Justice of England, and to Richard Pigot Serjeant at lawe, in three thousand pound, with Condicon, That if before Christmas next hee maryed Jone Willoughby daughter of Katharine Dutches of Norfolke and fifter of John late Duke of Norfolke, And shall before Candlemas day next following caufe himself and her to be enfeoffed of the manor of Hame in the County of Glouct, of the yearly value of one hundred and threefcore pounds p ann, To hold to them and to the heires males of his body, with the remainder to his heires, And also shall permit her to take the profits of the faid manors of Kirkby Malfart, Burton in Londefdale, Thorneton, Newfam, Brend, and Gripthorp in Spalding moor, in the County of Yorke, and of the man! of Donver in the County of Norfolke, And of one hundred marks yearly rent out of the kings Customs at London, to bee disposed of at her pleasure, for the maintenance of her felf and her children, and of her weomen fervants, without the interruption of him the faid Willm, Then the faid bond to bee void.

pat: 8. E. 4. ps. 2. m: 25: 600

10 hirth foresaid hundred marks yearly rent out of the profits of the customs in the Port of London, king Edward the fourth | had by his tres patents dated but

the

the. 18th of August before, granted to the st Jone sister of John late Duke of Norfolke, late wife of Sr Willm Willoughby Knight, To hold to her and the heires of her body untill the king should provide her of soe much land with like estate; And for the other manors, they were the inheritance of her brother the Duke of Norfolke.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Der Joynture from this lord was at feverall times made extraordinary great, as the Castle and manor of Berkeley, the manors of Hame, Apleridge, Alkington, Hinton, Hurst, Slimbridge, Wotton, Cowley, Cam, Simondfall, Daglingworth, Portbury, and many others: Nothing thought too much, The greatest too litle, for her.

cart: 8. 12. et. 17. E. 4. in castr. de Berk:

And to declare his further affection by adding what more hee had to give, hee the 28th of January in the fifteenth of king Edward the fourth, gave all his goods and Chattles to Thomas lord Stanley, Thomas Berkeley Efq. and others, to difpose off, as their proper goods; And by another deed of the fame date declares, That the former is made to them upon this great truft, That hee shall use those goods during his life without their contradiction, And if hee dye before Jone his wife daughter of Katharine Dutches of Norfolke Aunt to our Soveraigne lord king Edward the fourth, Then they by their deed to grant those goods and chattles to the faid Jone as her proper goods, within ten days after his death, And not to come at all to his Executors.

Claus. 15. E. 4. m. 6. in dorso:

This Jone by her first husband had iffue Edward Willoughby, Richard, Cicely maryed to Edward lord Dudley, and Anne maryed to St John Beauchamp knight fon and heir apparent of Richard lord Beauchamp in the Twentieth of king Edward the fourth; To whom this lord Willm, in advancement of her mariage, gave his manor of Erlingham for their lives.

carta: 6. H. 7. in castro de Berkeley.

carta. 20. E. 4. in castro de Berkeley.

And by this lord Willim her fecond husband, shee had also iffue Thomas Berkeley, and Katharine Berkeley.

Thomas was born that year the lord Lisle was slayne at Nibley Green, as Stow. in vita: E. 4. formerly hath been faid; And on the eighteenth of Aprill in the fifteenth year of king Edward the fourth, at the creation of Edward | his eldest fon prince of Wales, and of Richard his fecond fon duke of Yorke, and the faid Thomas made knight of the Bath: At what time, though hee was not past the age of five years, yet his father in June following enters into an agreement about his mariage with Mary daughter of Anne Counteffe of Penbroke; And besides the portion received in

carta: 6. Junij in castro de Berkeley.

hand,

hand, tooke of her nine feverall obligations of one hundred pound the peece for the refidue of the mariage portion of the faid Mary: wherein it was also agreed, That if shee dyed before mariage or before carnall knowledge had, And that Willim then Earle of Penbroke had none iffue female within five years after to bee maryed to the faid S! Thomas Berkeley, Then the faid obligations to bee voyd.

carta: 9: ffebruar 15. E. 4. in castro de Berkeley.

voluntas Marchioñ Berkeley. 7. H. 7. Mout one year before hee had by the faid Jone the faid daughter called Katharine, to whom her grandmother the dutcheffe her godmother gave name; And to her in the fame fifteenth year of Edward the 4th this lord conveyed his manor of Came in generall tayle, after the deceafe of himfelf and his wife: **Downett** both the faid S. Thomas and Katharine very shortly after deceafed to the great forrow of their parents, And lye buryed in the Chapple of Berkeley church wth the body of their grandfather the lord James.

Though the manner of these two childrens deaths bee by many old tales diversly delivered, As that they should dye by the biting of a mad dogg; others that they should bee drowned in one of the castle wells; And others that they should fall from off the leads over the Castle wall; (all which by severall persons at severall times I have heard related,) yet I find not otherwise then that they dyed by natures ordinary visitation, And soe I believe.

And not many years after, (without further iffue,) on S! Mathias day in ffebruary in the first year of king Richard the third, dyed the said Jone, after that her husbands creation had advanced her to the degree of a Countesse; And lyeth buryed in the pryory Church of the ffryar Augustines in London, between the Altars of our lady and S! James; for the repose of whose soule her husband ordained two masses to bee there suggested to bee there suggested as follows:

carta. 6. H. 7. in castro de Berk:

Vincent: fol: 631.

Catalog: of honor fol: 884.

Comp: Will. freme efcaetor: 14. H. 7.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

The third wife of this lord was Anne daughter of S: John ffynes lord Dacres of the fouth, and of Alice his wife daughter and heire of Henry lord fitz Hugh, whom hee maryed about two years after the death of the faid lady Jone, towards the end of the first year of king Henry the seaventh, by whom he had noe iffue: This Anne was this lords wife about seaven years, And after his death lived his widowe, and the wife of S: Thomas Brandon, almost the like time: And dyed the tenth of September in the . 13th of the said king Henry the seaventh, by whose death the said king had a full possession of all the manors and lands conveyed to

him

him by this lord Marques; A great part whereof and of divers other manors shee held for her life in joynture and in dower, As Came, Cowley, Wotton manor, Wotton burrowe, Simondfall, Wotton liberty, Arlingham, Slimbridge, Portbury, Alkington, Hinton, Hame, Newleyes, and the Warth.

divers: comp. in curr. Augm: et in castro de Berk: 18. H. 7. et: al: ann: Comp: 10. H. 7. ibm.

This lady Anne wrought profitably upon the age of her old husband both for the advancement of her felf and of her kindred; And, if not the raifer yet certainly a continuer of the storme that blew foe unnaturall a vapour between her husband and Maurice his brother and heire. Upon whom also Henry the seaventh played as handfomely, in getting from her into his hands forthwith after her husbands death, fuch of those manors as lay nearest to Berkeley Castle, as, Hame, Hinton, Alkington, Hurst, and Slimbridge, as though hee had longed for the present poffession thereof; which hee desires forthwith to see, as also those others still held by the Marques widowe, And in preparation against his coming and ten days stay att Berkeley Castle, takes down the hall at Wotton house, And makes therewith the roofe of the great kitchen in Berkeley Castle, adding to the sheets brought from Wotton five fodder of new lead, whereby that prime manfion feat of Wotton became wholly devasted; which for the space of . 280. years had been as a Queen of houses to this noble family; having thereby nothing left her but ruins and those ill witnesses of her perished beauty, declaring thereby that houses as well as men have their ages. and destines; In rakeing up of which rubbish, after John Staunton in the seaventh year of king James had pur chafed the fee farm of the Scite place of Henry lord 612 Berkeley, Hee then shewed mee and others many signes in guilded bricks stones and peeces of timber, digged by him out of the depth of the rubbish earth, which witneffed a perished excellency.

claus: 9. H. 7. m. pat. 8. H. 7. m. breve de privat. Sigillo in Canc: 9.

comp: rec: 10. H. 7. liber in castro de Berkeley.

And now by the king are S. John Walfh, S. Robert Poynz and others, placed Stewards Receivors Surveyers baylyes keepers woodwards and porters, over these manors Castle and lands, (called in all accompts henceforth in the kings Courts, by the name of Berkeleis lands;) which after threefcore years (shorter by ten then Iheremies Babilonian captivity of the Jewes,) God revifits this family againe with all, upon the death of king Edward the fixth, As after followeth in the life of Henry lord Berkeley.

orig: fcacio. 7. H. 7. rot. 28. et. 36. orig: 8. H. 7. in fcaciorot. 16. et. 19. et. 9. H. 7. rot. 42. et. 13. H. 7. rot. 38. et. 21. H. 7. rot. 16.

fol: [727]

Dutches

M. Mill in his Catalogue of honor maketh this Anne to bee daughter of S. catalog: of honor Thomas Strangwayes, and the widowe of S. Willm Willoughby; And T: T: as hee there affirmeth maketh her the Daughter of the lord Beamont and of Katharine

fol: 884.

U VOL. II

Vincent fo: 53. Dutches of Norfolke his wife: And Vincent affirmeth her to bee the widowe of S: Thomas Brandon knight when this lord maryed her; mistakes on all three sides, as formerly appears; somewhat by my means corrected by M: Vincent in his discovery of Yorks errors, printed 1622, out of the notes somewhat before (for the Vincent fol: 630. love of truth,) given him by mee, which hee accordingly helped in the later part of that booke.

613

Dis seales of Armes.

Etig lord in the feals hee used seems to tast too much of the mother, for in the eighth and tenth of king Edward the sourth and other years, before the discent of the inheritance of Mowbrayes land was cast upon him and his sellow Co-partner, hee, for his manuall or tre seale used the lyon born by Mowbray; And for his greater seale, the Arms of Brotherton and Berkeley in one Eschucheon cornerwise; And for crest the helmet and Bishops miter; And for supporters, two unicorns, circumscribed. S: honorabilis dñi Witti de Berkeley et Wotton. Behold the resemblances in true proportion.



His death and place of buriall.

Eschaet: 7. H. 7. in Com Sussex Wigorn: Warr: Glouc: This lord in the fifth year of king Henry the feaventh tooke an house within the precinct of the sanctuary at Westminster for five years at five pound rent, where for his more comodious attendance at the Court hee lived till his death, which happened on St Valentines day the 14th of ffebruary. 1491. in the seaventh yeare of the said king, then of the age of 66. years and three months or thereabouts; whereof hee had sit lord, Visct, Earle, and Marques, about . 28. years and three monthes; And lyeth buryed in the Church of the Augustine sfryars in London aforesaid.

His lands whereof hee dyed seized.

I have hitherto in the end of each lords life fet down what lands each of them Exemp: Sub left to his heire, whereof I nowe have better means to inform my felf then at any time before; The Inquifitions after the death of this lord Marques in the Counties of Gloucester, Warwick, Leicester, Wigorn, Essex, Suffex, Somerset, Eboz, and other Counties, still fairly remaining in the chapple of the Rolls, And those in the County of Glouc: under feale in Berkeley Castle: But when I look into them, I find king Henry the feaventh and many other perfons intereffed, and already entred into the poffession of the great masse thereof, by their severall remainders and conveyances therein found: But unto Maurice his brother and heire, Or to his three fons, Maurice Thomas and James, all at mans effate and of apparent hopes, or to the fower fons of Thomas his youngest brother formerly mentioned, I find noe discent, or conveyance of any land at all.

magno Sigillo in castro de Berkeley 8: H:7.

In forgetting thefe, I feared this lord had forgot his name, for they were all the males then living, discended from the loynes of his father, | and princely pious 615 mother: And therefore I hoped for better in his last will, for, dies dabit quod dies negabit, what is not of this day may bee of too morrow; But quanta de fpe decidi, how farr was I deceived in this great Marques!

I found in his will that which was more harsh; To Isable Berkeley daughter of his faid brother Thomas, a legacy of twenty markes given her by this lord, to bee paid in ten yeares; And to Margery Berkeley her fifter five markes; And to Richard Berkeley their brother, a legacy of forty shillings; And to John Berkeley another brother, a remainder of leffe valewe then the least of all the former legacies: Many manors and lands and great legacies given to divers strangers, for life and in ffee simple; but noe more, or other, to any of his brothers, nephewes, or neeces.

Volunt. Marchion: 7. H. 7. in Cur: prerog: Cant.

I frared that at the making of this will ficknes had bereaved this lord of understanding, but the date and composure thereof declared it to bee in the time of health and memory; I called to mind that this lords brethren, Maurice and Thomas, were adventurers of their lives with him and for him and for the honor of their fathers posterity in the skirmish at Nibley green; That Maurice out of brotherly love to him and his honor, upon ye fhort warning of one night at most, stole from his young wife and tender fon, (the hope at that time of both their posterities,) and met him with a fair band of men, M: Hilpe, and others, suddainly raifed

raifed from Thornbury, where hee then dwelt, early the next morning neer Nibley green; That for his fake and in his quarrell, both their lives were foe farr indangered That they stood outlawed for felony, and ranne the hazard of an appeale of murder, strongly profecuted; That Thomas till his death, And Maurice till this lords vast havocking of his patrimony, were as fervants under his direction.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Cicero:

And casting mine eye into the distribution of his lands given to charitable uses, and to pray for foules, I faw the foule of Thomas remembred with an Ave Maria, and Pater nofter; but the foule of Maurice, malitiously and purposely omitted; ô curvæ in terris animæ et cælestium inanes; This man was born for himself and 616 intended his house and family should | end in himself; A position that the heathen abhorred.

Rot. parl: 17. E. 4. m: 12. nº 16.

Vincent fol: 48. 49. 50.

Nevizañ filva nupt: lib. 4. fol: 354.

Dec was present at the parliament in the 17th of king Edward the 4th, when George Nevill Duke of Bedford, fon and heire of John Nevill Marques Mountague, for want of means to support that estate, was degraded from the degree of Duke Marques Earle and Baron; And the reason by this lord Willim with other his sellow peeres in that parliament then given to bee, for that the law is foe when any wanteth livelode to support the dignity: for it nothing availeth to have honor to discend to the heire of the house, and litle or nothing to maintain that estate or dignity: A learned civilian holdeth, That diminutis divitijs, diminuitur honor, nam dat census honores, census amicitias; And that if a noble mans estate bee decayed, hee shall noe more, (faith hee,) bee accompted noble, because hee cannot maintaine that state and title of honor: And thereupon, saith the glosse, Baro non potest dici baro, nifi fit potens ad tenendum equos et arma: And that when fitting means and livelodes are wanting to maintayne those great callings and titles of honor, divers inconveniences cannot but happen in the Country in which fuch needy nobility shall abide: And that learned man concludes, That paria funt perdere vitam ac perdere dominium, nàm bona temporalia funt vita hominis, et per divitias decus et honor in familiis confervatur, et propter paupertatem familiæ fordescunt; A like it is (faith hee) for a great man to loofe life, and to loofe lands; for temporall possessions are the life of man, And by Riches is worshipp and honor preserved in familyes, whereas by poverty they grow contemptible; And therefore this lord leaving nothing to difcend upon his brother and heire, hee declared his malice to bee eternall, even in bereaving him of the dignity of a Baron: who neverthelesse is not found to have given any other offence then in contesting against his cutting off the old entaile of the Barony of Berkeley, and in estating the same and a threefold greater masse,

upon

upon strangers, for aire and vain glory; forgetting withall the rule of the divine lawgiver, Doc not to another that which thou wouldest not another should doe unto thee; otherwife hee would have thought upon his forefathers, And not have exposed 617 their posterity to ruine or basenes, as though hee had desired that all their honor and antiquity should end in him, and himself in his own infamy: Dot now remembringe what his own petition to king Edward the fourth had affirmed of his faid brother Maurice and himself, to bee the sons of that lady that was discended of his high bloud; instancing that lineage as an argument for favour from that king, and for better speeding in his suites; 23 ut God otherwise disposeth than this Marques did purpofe; And how could hee purpofe good at his end, that did foe litle in his life; But his harvest day is come, let him reape as hee hath fowed; hee deferveth noe honorable memoriall in this Catalogue of the generations of his fathers.

The application and use of his life.

1. from the foule life of this lord may bee drawn many faire instructions for his The use. first to begin with God in our youth, That our elder years may rellish him the better; The proverbe is wicked, A young Saint, and an old devill; for quod nova testa capit, inveterata fapit: All vessells tast of their first seasonings; Soon crookes the tree that a good cambrill will bee; Quickly pricks the tree that a good thorn will bee; Seldome doth that man end well, that began ill; fice that walketh mad a mile, feldome comes homes wife; As in this lord, whose ill led life in youth grew worse in age; 31 man that from the font to the grave, from his fwathing bonds to his winding fheet, walked alwayes byafwife.1

2. Secondly not to dipp the tipp of their finger in bloud least the wholl body bee defiled, as hear wee fee it: Margaret Countes of Shroef | bury, lawlefly powring 618 out the bloud of the lady Isable this lords mother, had the same measure returned upon the head of her grandchild and heire, the lord vifcount Lifle, by this lord Withm, fon and heire of that lady Ifable; And the cry of bloud in both foe prevailed with God, That against hope and likelihood they left noe issue to posterity, as before appears; And it is to bee noted, That howfoever this fact may in honor and reputation feeme justifiable, yet evill doing is ever attended with ill fucces; for this family feeth That this their Ancestor who made another childless had by the returning hand of heaven his own children shortly after taken from the earth, and the bodies of himself and his wife, contrary to hope, dryed up in barrennes.

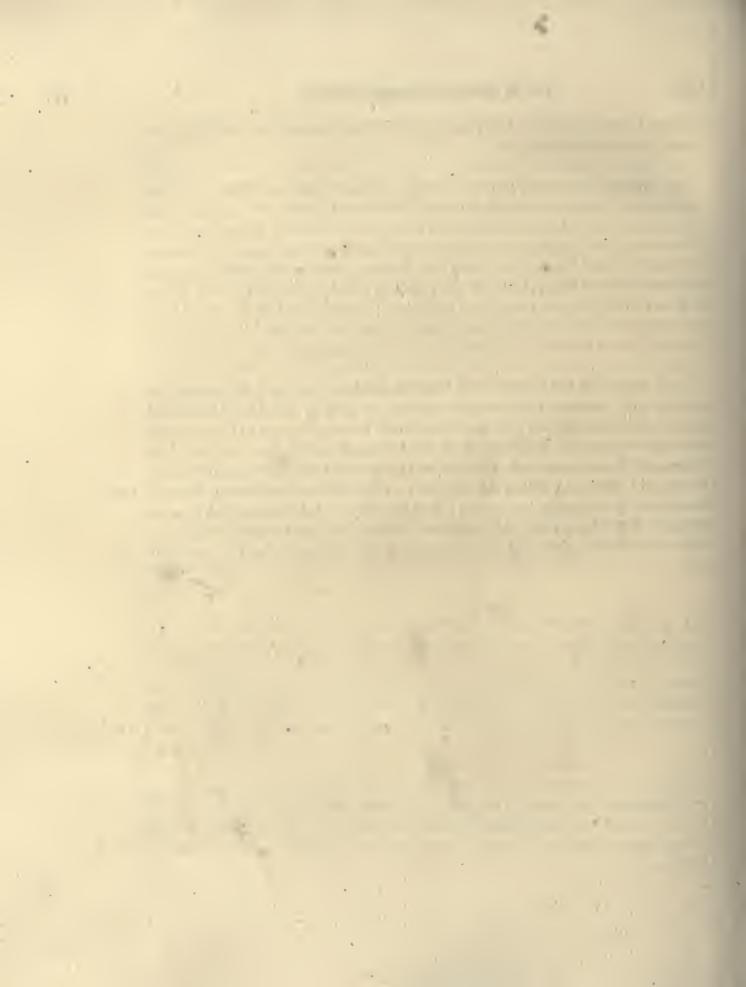
3. Thirdly,

¹ In a floping or flippery manner.—[ED.]

- 3. Thirdly, not to daube up our titles with the morter of violence or bloud, as this lord did, which notwithstanding all possible art used in the smoothing, yet never left shaking till it dissolved and fell about the workmans ears: yea, and from the posterityes of all this lords brethren also, for that their pertaking hands were imbrued in the fame bason, The staine whereof remained till sower generations did wash it out, As in the life of Henry lord Berkeley appeares.
- 4. **ffourthly**, That it is not much having That maintaineth a family in a plentifull eftate or maketh rich, for none of this lords Ancestors had so much as hee; But a provident faving and a wife husbanding what wee have, which this vast lord neglecting, scarce found sufficient for his later years, and left nothing to posterity fave a thriftless president; which if they seriously viewe this example in their own meridian of this unadvifed prodigall man, may ferve as a reclaymer from inordinate prodigality, And bee a perswader to discreet frugality, the true conserver of state and families.
- 5. ffifthly, not to transgreffe that morall duty required by God and nature, our obedience to our parents; a commandment which this lord for many yeares groffly transgressed, And sped thereaster.
- 6. Sirthly, not to make our malice or displeasure immortall towards any, but 619 least of all to our brethren or Allies; An offence of this lords | which I pray the heavens may blot out from the remembrance of men, and never bee againe beheld in this family.
- 7. Scapenthly, not to bee too popular or ambitious: for mens titles are but mens breath, a blast of air and wind; If popular titles, the wind of a vulgar pair of bellowes; If of a higher straine, the wind of a guilt pair of bellowes, Soe all but wind. Swell all thou canst, thou art but a shadowe; Take the wall of the gods if thou wilt, All thy glory is but vanity; And under thy name, (man,) are compre-Seneca trag: hended all the vanities and miferies of this world, Quemcunque miferum videris, hominem fcias:

8. Cighthly, fith goodness and greatness are the true ends whereto each man intends, And according to that choice, of being good or great, each man doth frame the practice of his life: Sith this lord by choosing greatnes did nothing benefit himself but hurt his posterity, I wish his prefent heire may, (by this error of his Ancestor,) Ancestor,) after that choice, And furely by being Good hee will be great also, And better fpeed with God and man.

- 9. Againe, it is not the least of wisdoms meditations for this lords posterity to consider, how this great lord and Ancestor of theirs was befool'd or flattered out of his estate, or suffered himself soe to bee; And to observe the miserable sate of princes and great perfonages, to bee eaten up and their posterities also, by flatterers, the cruellest of all beasts, Beasts that bite smiling; whereas wife men are never much affected with the applaufes of the rude and unskilfull vulgar, but hold fast to their own well chosen and well fixed resolutions: Every soole knows what is wont to bee done, But what is best to bee done is known onely to the wife: The wifer the man, the lefs hee will looke after the vain and popular multitude.
- 10. Lastly, by the death of this Marques children, and his dying iffueles, his posterity may conceive That hee paid thereby the debt of bloud weh himself had fhed; A crying fin, which I pray may never houle in the generations of this family: And take his character from this, That hee was much trufted And received alike honors and favors from those four kings, Henry the fixth, Edward the fourth, Richard the third, and Henry the feaventh; as opposite | and discording amongst 620 themselves, as man might bee to man; And yet this lord held unsuspected by each of them: But, whether with this ferpentine prudence hee had columbine simplicity, I leave his life to declare, and his posterity to Judge, and thereafter to make their use.



The Life of Maurice Lord Berkeley the fifth of that name, stiled in writings, Maurice Berkeley of Thornbury Esqr; And Maurice Berkeley, brother and heire of William late Marques Berkeley; And Maurice lord Berkeley, brother and heire of William late Marques Berkeley and Earle of Nottingham; And Maurice lord Berkeley; And Maurice Berkeley, lord Berkeley.

And was Attavus, or as our Ancestors the Saxons called him fiftha fader, to the now George lord Berkeley; And wee at this day in English, great-great-grandfather, or great grandfathers grandfather.

And may bee called Maurice the Lawier.

Contemporary with king Henry the feaventh, from the year 1491 till 1506.

Whose life I deliver under these Nine titles, vizt.

- 1.—Dis birth and education, fol: 598.
- 2.—Dis Suits in law, fol: 599.
- 3.—Of the Advowfons of Wotton and Slimbridge Churches. fol: 613, 615.
- 4.—Dig wife, fol: 618.
- 5.—Dig iffue, fol: 623.
- 6.—Dis feales of Armes, fol: 633.
- 7.—Dis death and place of buriall, fol: 633.
- 8.—The lands whereof hee dyed feized, fol: 634.
- 9.—The application and use of his life, fol: 636.

Dis

¹ The numbers of the folios in passing from Vol. II. to Vol. III. of the MS. overlap. Vol. II. ends with fo. 620, and Vol. III. begins with 597.—[Ed.]

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His Birth and Education.

Escha: 8 et 9. H. 7. m. 7. Com. his lord Maurice was the third fon of the lord James his father and of the lady Isable his wife, born at Berkeley in the yeare of our lord 1435, in the fourteenth year of king Henry the fixth, if the Inquisitions after the death of his brother Marques Berkeley have his age aright; And now at his age of fifty fix years, (by the death of the two elder fons without iffue,) becometh in this. 7th of Henry the. 7th heire to his fathers Barony, but without any of that land; who being the first of third feaven, by his industry recovers all, As Maurice the first of the fecond feaven, by his Rebellion lost all.

The education of this lord Maurice was likewife at Berkeley under his parents, untill the forceing of the Castle by the lord Lisle in the 30th of king Henry the sixth, and the murder of his vertuous mother in the year after, about the 17th of his age; what time himselfe with his father and three brothers were made prisoners, holding their lives at the mercy of those that hated them, as in the two last lives of this lords brother and father, is at large related.

In the fifth yeare of king Edward the fourth, about one year and a halfe after his fathers death, this lord Maurice, then in the thirtieth year of his age, maryed and lived with his wife at Thornbury, (where of his own and hers hee had faire lands, and thereby was comonly called Maurice Berkeley of Thornbury,) untill the fifth year after, when hee affifted his elder and younger brothers in the encounter at Nibly green, whereat the lord Lifle by them was flaine; for which fellonious fact, hee was outlawed, and inforced for fome time after, (till-peace was made and pardon procured,) to withdraw himfelf and leave Thornbury, as formerly is related; whither after hee returned and for many yeares remained.

Diversæ cartæ in castro de Berkeley.

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his snits in Lawe.

At fuch time as this lord Maurice beheld all his elder brothers Children dead without iffue, And the lady his wife whereby hee had them not more likely to live then unlikely to have more: when after hee faw her dead, and his brother as unlike by reafon of age and other defects to beget any other: but more efpetially when afterwards

afterwards hee faw his brother remaryed to another wife, as unlikely by reason of her years to conceive, as hee to become a father, his pulse could not otherwise beat, then with a strong affurance that himself, (at least his son,) should inherite that estate whereof the Earle his elder brother was in those times feized; wherein hee was foe confident, That upon the mariage of Maurice his own fon and heir in the fecond year of king Richard the third, (as at some other times,) hee covenanted under his hand and feale to affure unto his daughter in lawe one hundred marks Joynture by the yeare, out of the manors of Came Slimbridge and others, which should discend to him after the death of his faid elder brother; never fuspecting that any passion could foe prevaile as to work his difinheritance of the Barony lands of Berkeley: ffaith and Hope can never forfake an honest man, And every noble creature upon earth liveth under hope; So did hee: But this Accompt hee cast without his host, for within less then seaven years hee had nothing that was his Ancestors left unto him, or to his fons, in possession, in reall or personall estate, more then a tongue to complaine of the injuffice of a brother; And foe might have flood upon the tune of Jobs naked coming, and naked againe returning; And how that that God that gave Job: cap. 1. had againe taken away what hee had given; And have contented himself with the confideration of fortunes change in this great theatre of the world, and to have acknowledged it to bee but as the perfonating of a player, or change of garments, on the leffe theatre; And have faid,

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That man is not unlike a tenis ball, Now tost alost, now dasht against a wall.

But hee turned another way, and added a wife industry to every ordinary meanes;

The date tree mounteth most, when burden presseth down,

And virtue most doth shine, when fortune most doth frown.

And according to the Nobler parts of his excellent spirit, resolved in this his æconomicall distresse to turn every stone, and to begin with a juditious examination of the validity of his brother Marques Deeds of fales, as his first attempts of rowsing up of fortune; wherein hee found a greater fpring of Gods mercy flowing upon those endeavours than at first hee might have hoped for, leaving thereby a more memorable example to his posterity then himself had found in any of his ancestors; which his industry was foe blessed from heaven That hee justly hath the honorable testimony amongst his generations to bee the restorer of his house, and a second father to his family.

When the Inquisitions after his brothers death the Marques were returned into the Chancery, which prefented unto him out of all Counties the Alyenations which

hee had made, hee then perceived himfelf born under the same constellation with his father and brother, That with them hee must enter with suites and as unlike as they to end them but with his own days, which proved true; In this only different, they to defend their old inheritance discended upon them, hee to regaine part of that, (if hee could,) which his elder brother had profusedly given away and fcattered, with the fuspention of his Barony.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

The first of his brothers conveyances which this lord took into consideration was the fine leavyed in the third year of king Henry the feaventh of the manor of Slimbridge with the appurtenances, (amongst others,) in the County of Glouc.; with a render therein to himself and to the heirs of his body, the remainder to the faid king and the heirs males of his body, the remainder to the right heirs of him the faid Marques: Hee found withall, That in Slimbridge was another litle manor called Sages, which his Ancestor Thomas the third had in the time of king Edward the third, purchased of one John Sage, consisting of feaven Tenements and 200 acres of Land, of the value of 15t p ann or thereabouts, lying fcatteredly disperfed within the parish of Slimbridge: Here hee espyed the first glimpse of the dawning of a faire day, for under colour of that fine, (of the manor of Slimbridge cum ptineñ,) **601** the king, (the | Marques being dead without iffue,) had entred also into the little manor of Sages, And as part of Slimbridge manor tooke the rents and profitts.

Whereupon this lord exhibits his petition to the kinge, shewing that this Sages

manor, (called also Sages livelode,) was an antient manor of it felf and noe part of the manor of Slimbridge, nor comprehended in any spetiall or generall words of the faid fyne; And that the king besides this manor of Sages, had as much in Manors acres and rent as was contained in the fine; 3111 which, after furvey taken by Comiffion, and certificate from the kings Auditor Surveyor and Receivor, (returned into the Excheqer,) being found to bee true, hee was licenced to enter into and hold the faid manor of Sages; And this was the harvest of his first labours, and part of the crop of five years paines. The tenth of Aprill following in the 14th yeare of Henry the 7th hee enters and holds his first Court for the faid manor of Sages, whereat each tenant did atturne and recognize what feverally they held; And the twentieth of May following, (mindfull of his faid Covenant made upon his daughter Anne her marriage,) demifed the faid manor, (by the name of Maurice lord Berkeley,) to Willim Denis his fon in lawe for nine years, which was part of

Rec: in sccio Rec: in cur. Aug m.

Rec. cur in castro de Berkeley.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

her mariage portion.

Dis fecond onfet was againe upon the king, to whom, (whilft the former for Sages manor was in chase,) hee exhibits a second petition, wherein hee layeth down the words of his brothers fines levyed, (with like remainders as aforefaid,) of the manors of Berkeley, Hame, Apleridge, Cowley, Alkington, Came, Hinton, Wotton, Simondfall, and Arlingham, and of certaine meffuages, lands Tenements and rents in Slimbridge, Kingscote, Horwood, Horton, Nibly, Sherncliffe, Erlingham, Iron Acton, and Acton Ilger, in the County of Glouc.; And shews, That under colour thereof John Walsh his Majties Receiver had taken from him two and twenty marks of yearly rent in Frampton upon Seavern, which was not comprised in any of the faid fynes, and whereof his brother Marques dyed in ffee, as of a rent in gross out of the fd manor of Frampton, And was not a rent appertaining to any of the faid manors: And for proof, layeth down the first creating of that rent by his Ancestor Thomas the fecond in the 33th yeare of king Edward the | first; And also how it appeared by the last will of the said Marques That it was not contained in any of the faid fines, for that his intent therein was That two Preists should after his death bee maintained with the fame to fing for his foule; And therefore defired to bee restored to the said rent, And to have tres of discharge to his Majties officers; which was done in the like course of Survey and certificates as of Sages manor; And this was the further crop of his fecond harvest.

Petitio in castro de Berkeley. finis Hillar. 3. H. 7. in banco. fin. Trin. 3. H. 7. in banco.

finis. 32. & 33. E. 1. in banco. 602 carta in castro de Berkeley. Voluntas marchioñ 1491. 7.

Dis third industry, (labored also whilft the two former were on foot,) was with S! Thomas Brandon knight, Aswell whilst hee was husband to Anne the third and last wife of his brother Marques, As after her death; between whom upon a suite in Chancery at last it was agreed, (shee being dead,) That the said S! Thomas should fuffer this lord Maurice to receive all the rents and profitts of the manors and lands that were his faid brothers, which the faid S. Thomas had to dispose for the performance of the faid Marques will, from Michaelmas before, And to release all his right and interest in them, and to deliver up all the evidences concerning them, And to doe his best endeavour that others enfeoffed with him should doe the like: And to justifie all fuch fuites as this lord Maurice should bringe in his name against any perfons as administrator to the faid Marques his brother, for any debts covenants or duties due unto him: Dec on the other part covenanting to fave harmlesse the said S! Thomas Brandon from all actions that should bee brought against him as Administrator to the faid Marques, And to pay all the Marques debts, or to compound for the same: And thus did this lord wifely winde himself into the possession of the manors of Winge, Segrave in Pen, and little Marloe in the County of Buckingham; And into the manors of Sileby, and Mountforrell, and the hundred of Goscote, in the

carta: 25. Junij 16. H. 7. in castro. de Berkeley. Bill in canc. 15. H. 7.

carta. 16. H. 7. in caftr. de Berkeley.
ngham; Volunt

Marchionis
Berkeley. 7. H. 7.
County

County of Leicester, and divers others; And also enabled himself to take the benefit of his brothers Covenantors, and the better to dive into his titles and conveyances, none of which the gall of Anne the Marques widow whilst shee lived would permit him to doe.

Mhilst these and many other questions raised by this lord Maurice were controverted, the manor of Tetbury in the County of Glouc., and of Maningsord Brewes in the County of Wilts, the moitie of the manors of Leigh, Cothorne, and Gate Burton, in the County of Linc., and of Woversthorp in the County of Yorke, discended upon him as being one of the two coheirs of the lord Breouse; | whereby hee was the better enabled both in estate and reputation to pursue the Westminster hall warrs, wherein hee dyed imbroyled, as after followeth.

About this time a declaration or claime was drawn by this lord and his counfell of his title and his fellow copartners to divers other manors and parts of manors, and lands, wherein the difcent and title is in these words thus laid down, as in an old hand-writing of that time in the Castle of Berkeley appeares;

- 1. Matrice lord Berkeley is cozen and one of the heires of Thomas fometime duke of Norfolke, Earle Marshall and Warren, lord Mowbray, Segrave, Gower, and Brewes; of the Castle and lordships of Holt, Bromseild, Yale and Wrexham; That is to wete, The said Maurice is son of Isable, sister of John, sader to John, fader of John late Duke of Norfolke, which third John late Duke of Norfolke had issue Anne, married to Richard the second son of king Edward the sourth.
- 2. Item, That Thomas Earle of Surrey is another Cozen and heire unto the faid John third Duke of Norfolke; That is to fay, fon of John Howard knight last Duke of Norfolke, son of Margaret sister to the faid Isable, and sister to the faid John fader of John, fader of John; which third John was fader to Anne that was maryed to Richard second son to king Edward the sourth. In so the faid Maurice now lord Berkeley is cozen and one of the heires to all the faid three dukes, And to the faid Thomas sometime Earle Marshall and afterwards Duke and fader to the first of the faid three Johns Dukes of Norfolke, &c. and comperciner with the said Thomas Howard now earle of Surrey, and inheritable with the same Thomas to the Dukedom of Norss. Earle Marshall and Warren, lord Mowbray, Segrave, Gower, and Breouse.

3. Atem

- 3. Item, the faid Moreys now lord Berkeley is Cozen and one of the heires of Thomas fometimes Earle of Arundle, and of Richard fader of the faid Thos That is to fay, fon of Ifable daughter of Elizabeth, one of the daughters and heires of the faid Richard late Earle of Arundle, and fifter and one of the heires of the faid Thomas.
- 4. Item, Thomas Earle of Surrey is Cozen and another of the heires as well of the faid Richard late Earle of Arundle, as of Thomas late Earle of Arundle; That is, son of John Howard knight late Duke of Norfolke, son of Margaret daughter of the faid Elizabeth, and one of the heires of the faid Richard late Earle of Arundle, and sifter and one of the heires of the faid Thomas Earle of Arundle.
- 5. Item Thomas Standley knight Earle of Darby is a Cozen and third heire 604 of the faid Richard and Thomas late Earles of Arundle; That is to wete, The fd Thomas Earle of Darby fon of his moder daughter of the faid Elizabeth late Dutches of Norfolke, daughter of the faid Richard late Earle of Arundle, and fifter to the faid Thomas.
- 6. Item, St. John Wingfeild knight is Cozen and one of the heires of the faid Richard and Thomas late Earles of Arundle; That is to wete, the fon of John Wingfeild knight, the fon of his moder daughter of the faid Elizabeth late Dutches of Norfolke, one of the daughters and heires of the faid Richard late Earle of Arundle, and fifter to the faid Thomas.

And then in the faid old writinge followeth thus:

Memorandum, that the faid Elizabeth late Dutches of Norfolke had two husbands,
That is to fay, Thomas Earle Marshall, afterwards Duke of Norfolke, by whom
they two had iffue the faid Isable moder of my faid lord Berkeley and Margaret
grandmother to the faid Thomas now Earle of Surrey.

21nd then thus:

Arundle and fifter to Thomas, called Margarett, and maryed to one Lentall, which Margarett is dead without iffue: And foe the ft Earle of Surrey, lord Berkeley, the Earle of Darby, and St John Wingfeild, been heires to the faid Elizabeth late Dutches of Norfolke, and inheritable to the moitye of the Arundle lands that bee not entailed to the heires males in the form abovefaid.

Item,

Item, George Nevill knight lord Burgevenny is Cozen and one of the heirs, as a fwell to the faid Richard late Earle of Arundle, as to the faid Thomas late Earle of Arundle, and inheritable to the moitye of all the manors and Castles that longed to the faid late Earles of Arundle not entailed to the heirs male hooly; Againe, the faid Earle of Surrey, lord Stanley, lord Berkeley, and S! John Wingfeild knight, That is to wete, fon of George, fon of Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas late Earle of Worcester, son of Jane somtime Lady Burgevenny, the second daughter to the faid Richared late Earl of Arundle, and fifter and one of the heires to Thomas late 605 Earle of Arun dle, and the faid Jane full fifter to the faid Elizabeth late Dutches of Norfolke, and one of the heires and compertioners unto the faid Thomas late Earle of Arundle: Thus, this antient writing, which I have hear laid down in the fame words, Aswell for the great Nobleness of the Allience and discent of this industrious lord, whose princely bloud yet streameth in the veynes of the numerous posterities of himself and of Thomas Berkeley his youngest brother, and others discended of their mother, as before in the iffue of that Thomas and his fifters, and as after in the iffue of this lord Maurice appeareth; As also for avoiding of often repetitions in the titles which this lord pretended to divers great possessions, which now doe follow, not otherwife foe fairely to have been avoided.

Esch: in Com Ebos 8: H. 7. in Canc.

The Inquisition after the Marques Berkeleys death taken in the County of York the 30th of August in the . 8th year of king Henry the 7th findeth a conveyance by him made the 23th of February in the third year of the faid king, of the manors of Donington, Thwaites, Thrifke, Hovingham, Kirkeby Malafard, and Burton in Lovisdale, to the use of himself and ye heires of his body, And for default of fuch iffue, To the use of Thomas Stanley Earle of Derby, and the heirs of his - body; And for default of fuch iffue, To the use of the right heires of him the said Marques; That the Marques was dead without iffue in ffebruary before, And that the faid Earle of Derby had entred and taken the proffitts of the faid manors, and that this lord Maurice was brother and heire to the faid Marques, fifty fix years old and upwards. Other Inquisitions also in other Counties find the like Conveyances of estateing of the said Earle of Derby, for default of issue of the said Marques, in the manors of Winge, Segrave, and Penne, in the County of Bucks, And in the manor of Denge ats Dengy in the County of Essex, And in the manors of Epworth, Belton, Haxey, Oufton, and Wrote, in the Isle of Exholme in the County of Lincolne, And in the manor of Alfpath in Meriden in the County of Warwicke; Anaingt which conveyances this lord Maurice raifeth his utmost oppofition, and foe strongly pursueth against the said Earle and George lord Strange his eldest

eldest fon, And after their deaths against Thomas Earle of Darby son of the said carta irrot in George, That the 8th of November in the 21th years of the faid king, (after many References in five former yeares to divers noble and learned Arbitrators, which bare noe fruite,) they came to an agreement; and a finall peace amity and award, (to use the very words of the deed of | Award,) by the mediation and advice of their kinffolks and friends, and of S. John Fyneux cheife Justice of the kings bench, and of S. Thomas Frowicke cheife Justice of the Comon pleas, was made between the faid Earle on the one part and this lord Maurice and Maurice Berkeley his fon and heire apparant on the other part, whereby this lord Maurice had to him and his heires the lordships and manors of Winge, Segrave, and Penne, in the County of Buckingham, the manor of Denge ats Dengy in the County of Effex, and the manors of Hovingham Donington and Twaytes in the County of Yorke. the faid Earle of Derby had to him and his heires the faid manors of Belton, Haxey, Oufton, Wrote, Thrifke, Kirkeby Malfard, Burton in Lovifdale, and Alfpath Recov'y. Trin. in Meriden, and all lands in any of them. And recoveryes and other affurances were had and fuffered accordingly by either party, each to other.

banco cõi: in Mich. 21. H. 7.

Terme 21 H. 7. rot. 420. Eboz &c. in banco.

Danging this fuite, which was longe and chargeable, and against as noble and potent adversaries as lived in those days, and upon whom shined the favours of the time, As many indirect and collaterall courfes were laboured to barre the titles and claimes of this lord Maurice, by collaterall Warranties and otherwife, as wit, money, law, favour of time and greatnes could worke; whereof, (omitting many which I have observed,) I hear only mention three Deeds which the faid Earles procured in Aprill in the 13th of King Henry the 7th, and in August in the 16th of the said king; whereby Isable Harrison widowe, daughter and heire of Alice, one of the daughters of James lord Berkeley and fifter of the whole bloud to the faid Marques Berkeley and to this lord Maurice, (for fo the Deeds lay down her pedegree,) releafed to the faid Thomas Earle of Derby and his heires all her right in all the faid manors perticularly, And also in Slagham in the County of Suffex, and in Wiffeld in the County of Surry, And in Segrave in the County of Leicester. And the said Earle, the better to strengthen his title, did in the 20th of king Henry the 7th give 1300 marks to Elizabeth Dutches of Norfolke, to wind himfelf into poffession by buying out her estate for life in some of the said manors, which (as her death declared,) would have fallen into his hands within two yeares after, whereby hee made noe very good markett; yet did this industrious lord Maurice breake through all barrs and obstacles, and prevailed as aforesaid.

2 Cartæ irrot. in com. banco. Mich: Term. 17. H. 7. Carta irrot. 22. H. 7. in Canc:

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Dowbeit this peace was not fo foundly on each part fawdred, but | that after- 607 wards it leaked at certaine crannells, which were once againe cemented by an order

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Cancellar in Chancery dated the 22th of February in the 5th year of king Henry the 8th, made between Thomas Howard then Duke of Norfolke, the faid Earle of Darby and the lord Maurice this lords fon; whereby two chefts of Evidence remaining in the Rolls Chapple were perused and forted touching those manors and lands which were in variance, by friends in trust appointed by each of them: which being done, the lord Chancellor and the Two cheife Justices of the kings bench, and comon pleas, did the fourth and 7th days of March after in the starrechamber, deliver such of those evidences to each party as appertained to them; Appointing notwithstanding many still to remaine there in two canvas bags in a cheft, which for ought I can find should remaine there to this day. Anno. 1628, which through want of leifure I have not fearched after, and only talked thereof with the Usher that keeps other huge heaps and chefts there also.

Ordo in Cam stell 5. H. 8.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

> And somewhat to sattisfie Curiosity and to enlighten the legall part of this lords life and his fons, I tell his posterity, That this lords titles to the said Manors of Thifke, Hovingham, Burton in Lovifdale, and Kirkeby Malfart, fomtime parcell of the lands of Roger le Bigod Earle of Norfolke, And to the manors of Epworth, Oufton and Haxey members of the faid manor of Thrifke, were derived from the grant of king Edward the fecond to his brother Thomas de Brotherton and Mary his wife, and to the heires of their bodies; And to the manors of Segrave in Penne in Com Buck: and Twaytes in Com Ebox, and to Doningworth in Com Suff. by an entaile made to John lord Segrave, and Margaret his wife daughter and heire of the faid Thomas Brotherton. 2010 to the manor of Winge in Com Buck, by an entaile made by Richard Earle of Arundle to Thomas Mowbray duke of Norfolke and Elizabeth his wife, daughter and coheire of the faid Richard the Earle: And fo to these and other manors layeth the discents as aforesaid; Concluding, That in the partition between the Howards and his brother Marques, these were alotted to his faid brother, whose heire hee was.

petitio in Cancell in castro de Berkeley Rec: in sccio 8. H. 7. rot. 16. inter origiñ cum rem Thefaur. 608

Accoin cur augm: 10. et. 11. H. 7. de Berkeleis lands.

Pot falleth this lord upon an adverfary fomewhat lefs potent, but more bitter then any of the former; And by the name of Maurice Berkeley lord Berkeley exhibits his bill in Chancery against St Robert Poyntz of Acton knight, then an Esq. of the body to King Henry the 7th and whom that king a little before had made his Steward of the manor and hundred of Berkeley; demaunding thereby to have divers evidences which hee detained from him | touching his manor of Daglingworth in the County of Glouc., entailed upon him from divers of his Auncestors, and whereof, (as speaks his bill,) hee was peaceably possessed and seized.

Sir Rob! Poyntz, (scornfully slighting as it seemes the honor of the plt and his Responsit title of lord Berkeley, and perhaps the rather because hee was the kings high Steward of that honor and Barony,) maketh answere to the Bill of Maurice Berkeley Squire, And faith, That that manor of Daglingworth is his rightfull inheritance discended to him from his Ancestors, for which hee hath a Scire facias hanging against the said Maurice at the comn law for the recontinuance of his right in the fame, And foe Justifieth the keeping of whatfoever evidence hee hath.

Rec: in sccio. 8. H. 7. rot. 16.

This lord Maurice taketh notice of the defendants flighting of his honor Replication dignity title and stile of lord, And thereupon in his replication to the faid Answere, enlargeth his stile, and faith, This is the Replication of Maurice lord Berkeley brother and heire of William late Marques Berkeley: And further faith, That after the death of the faid Marques Berkeley his brother, one espetiall Deed of the faid manor with an obligation of a great fum concerning the right title and fecurity of the fame manor to and for the Ancestors of him the said lord, and for the suerty of him the fame lord and his heires in the fame manor, with many other evidences belonging to him the faid lord Berkeley, were (amongst others) in a chest within the Gray ffryars of London, which cheft aswell for the fuerty of divers evidences pertayninge to the kinge, as for the evidences ptaining to him the faid lord Berkeley, was fealed up by William Maryner then comon preift to the Cardinall Archbishop of Canterbury, unto the time the faid S! Robert Poyntz, pretending title without ground or cause to the said Manor, by finister, and corrupt meanes came to the said cheft, and there with an hott knife loofed the under part of the wax of the fame feale from the fame cheft, and opened the cheft and fearched all the evidences therein at his pleasure; And thereupon took away the faid deed of entaile and obligation, with divers other evidences concerning the faid manor, which were in the keeping of the faid Marques, and put there by him fafely to bee kept to the use of him and of his heires, whose brother and heire hee the faid lord Berkeley now is, And therefore for the faid evidences hath fued a fubpena against the faid Robert; And that his fuing of his Scire facias is but to colour his wrongfull keeping of the faid evidences from him the faid lord Berkeley.

The defendant S! Robert rejoyneth, and in the title of his rejoynder feemeth 609 more to flight the honor and stile of this lord then before; faying, This is the rejoynder of S. Robert Pointz knight to the replication of Maurice Berkeley, (omitting the word Squire, which formerly in his Answere hee had bestowed,) And saith, That after the death of one John Walsh who held the faid house in the gray ffryers in London.

London, And before hee the faid S. Robert entred or dealed with the fame, an Inventory was made of all fuch goods as the faid Walsh had in that house, and prayfed by the faid Maryner, then being preift to the faid Cardinall; At which time the faid Maryner found three chefts there well locked with evidences, which hee then fealed with his own Seale; And after hee the faid S! Robert tooke the house of the Warden of the faid ffryers for certaine years, and found there the faid three chests locked and sealed with the seale of the said Maryner, (hee skippeth over the opening,) which three chefts after that time at the spetiall labour of the faid Maurice, and by the comandment of S! Reginald Bray knight, a Councellor of flate, were delivered, fealed with the fame Seale of the faid Maryner, to Willim Heydon and Thomas Try, with other fervants and freinds of the faid Maurice; And further that the Scire facias was fued to recontinue the true title of him the faid S! Robert, longe before the faid Subpena had against him.

The titles of either of the faid parties made to the faid Manor of Daglingworth stood thus.

Halph Bluct, (in whose name the said manor had continued for many discents,) entailed the fame upon Ralph his fon and Elizabeth his wife, and the heires of the faid Ralph the fon begotten on the body of the faid Elizabeth; who had iffue John Bluett, who had iffue Elizabeth marryed to St James Berkeley, who had iffue James lord Berkeley father of the faid Marques and of this lord Maurice. That James lord Berkeley afterwards enfeoffed Richard Venables and others of the faid manor to certaine uses; and after by fyne the faid lord James and Isable his wife granted the fame to Nicholas Poyntz and Elizabeth his wife and to the heirs of the faid Nicholas, who was father of S. John Poyntz, father of this S. Robert; The estate 610 of which Richard Venables | and his fellow feoffees the faid Marques Berkeley had from whom the faid manor discended to this lord Maurice as to his brother and heire, who entred, and thereby was remitted to the entaile made by Ralph Bluett the father, And foe is feized; And foe also, That the faid lord James his father and other parties to the faid fine, had nothing in the faid manor at the time of the fyne leavyed.

There was also banded with like bitternes one other suite at lawe between this lord and the faid S. Robert Poyntz, for certaine other lands in Daglingworth and Cirencester, whereto St Robert made title under a guift in taile made by Ponce Poyntz, fon of Nicholas, unto Thomas Poyntz and Alice his wife and to the heirs

of their bodies; And layeth down, That the faid Thomas and Alice had iffue Robert Poyntz, father of Nicholas before mentioned, who by Elizabeth his wife had iffue John, father of the faid S! Robert pli. in the Accon. But this lord carryed the action and faid lands against him by like nicety as before.

I have often observed, aswell in the titles and suites which I mention in this lords life, as in divers others which I purposely omit, (because the lands are longe fince alyened from this family,) That the pinches & advantages which this lord, and after him his eldest fon Maurice, (no way inferior to his father,) took to divers manors lands fervices and tenures, to help themselves in pleadings and in evidence, were foe witty foe strict and foe nice, standing, (as I may truly fay,) oftentimes upon differences without diversities, That I have wondered, reading the straines of Counfell, That they would fasten upon such pinches and extremities, and against adverfaries foe potent; And more, how they could bring them to foe gainfull Conclusions, for they ever gained the whole or part; But as they stood in need of land to rebuild their house which their vast Ancestor the Marques had burned down, Soe were they learned made wife by advertity and experience, and excellent Solicitors in their own persons: And such as the Sollicitor is, such commonly is the successe: They knew how to take every advantage, but to give none.

Apon this double fuite between this lord and S. Robert Poyntz, (as the root from whence the bitternes of many after years contentions did fpring,) I might in due course of Storey fall upon the perticular enumeration of those successive suites, riotts and braules that afterwards | too often burst forth and blustered between 611 their feverall posterityes, for five or more discents togeather, and which were scarce perfectly cured when the late lord Henry dyed; Yet was an intermarriage between their grandchildren for that effect spetially; But I am unwilling to take any occation to ravell one thread of that coate which among kindred should bee feamless; Unfavory vapours will fast enough arise, (sith truth of story will not permitt the omiffion,) and let him that loveth the aiery memory of fuch contentious paffages feek them in their feverall places; my pen shall bee noe index therein.

Dere also might not unfitly bee taken to consider the ground which might lead the faid S. Robert foe to flight this lord Maurice, as in a kind to untitle and diflord him; And whether this Barony of Berkeley at this time stood foe suspended in the possession of the Crown, by reason of the Marques Berkeleys entaile made to kinge Henry the feaventh and the heirs males of his body, as that this Maurice was really noe Baron nor Peere of this Realme; But time shall bee taken for examination thereof

fol: [654] thereof in the life of the lord Maurice this lords fon, being unwilling to make foe large a digression in the midst of this lords lawfuits, whereto I now againe returne.

After long attendance at Court, many petitions delivered to the king, many

Act of Parliam. 19. H. 7. mem in sccij. Trin Terme. 9. H. 8. rot. r. carta in castro de Berkeley.

freinds rayfed not without great expences and greater promifes, at the last the lord Maurice obtained the kings direction to have an Act of parliament passed in the 19th yeare of his raigne, to make void two former Acts of the 5th and 7th of the faid king Henry the feaventh; whereby this lord obtained the manor of Chesterford with the Advowson thereof in the County of Essex (where his brother was in building at his death, but not for him,) The fourth part of the manors of Brighthemston, Cleiton, Middleton, Meching, Seford, and Alington; And the fourth part of the moitie of the manors of Cokefeild, Hunden, and Kymer; And the fourth part of the moitie of the Chace of Cleres, the Forrest of Worth, the Burrowe of Lewes, the Barony of Lewes, the profits of the Courts of No mans land, and of 36, 2d, rent in Iford, in the County of Suffex; And of the fourth part of the manors of Revgate and Dorking; And the fourth part of the moitie of the Toll of Guilford and Southwerke, in the County of Surrey: And of the fourth part of the manor of Tyborne als Marybone in the County of Middlefex; to bee restored to him and his heirs, which (amongst many others,) his brother Marques Berkeley had conveyed to the king, as in his life is mentioned. But the faid Acts of the 5th and 7th years of the faid king to ftand in force for all the other manors and lands mentioned in either of them.

Inq: 9. H. 7. post. mortem Marchion Berkelev. Fin: in banco. 5. H. 7. Michas

612

terme.

All which manors and parts of manors and lands and other profitts in the faid Counties of Suffex, Surrey, and Middlefex, this lord Maurice within four months after conveyed to George Nevill lord Burgevenny and his heirs, (retaining the rest,) in which Affurances his two fons Maurice and Thomas Berkeley joyned with their father; And for performance of the Agreements bound themselves in 30001i. bond the peece to the faid lord Burgevenny.

cart. 16 Febr. 19. H. 7. cart. 2 Julii. 19 H. 7. Pasch 19. H. 7. in banco. Hill rec. 19. H. 7. rot. 22. in Sccio.

> An May in the same 19th year of king Henry the 7th this lord Maurice exhibited another petition of right to the king, praying to bee restored to the manor of Bosham in the County of Sussex; wherein hee layeth down his title by the grant of king Edward the fecond in the fixth of his raigne, made to Thomas de Brotherton his brother and to the heirs of his body, drawing down the difcent of that estate taile to himself as heir therunto; Shewing, That upon his brothers pertition with Thomas Howard Earle of Surrey, the faid manor (amongst others) was allotted to his faid Brother and his heires; And also the fine of his faid brother leavied

carta in castro de Berkeley. Phita coram rege in canc: 19. H:7. in filas: in le petty bag. carta: 16: Decem: 6. E. 2. m: 14. in arce Londoñ.

leavied of the fd manor in the fourth year of king Henry the feaventh, with a render to himself in taile, the remainder to the king and the heires males of his body, the remainder to his own right heirs; And foe by avoiding the discontinuance, declareth hanfelf to bee in right of law remitted, praying in conclution of his petition That justice and right thereupon may by the king bee done unto him; whereto, (after his title and truth of his petition found by office pticularly in the faid County the fame yeare,) the king was outed and this lord restored to his said man! of Bosham, which yet remaineth with his posterity, Anno 1628.

The like petition of right in the same 19th year this lord exhibited to the said king, praying therein to bee restored to the manor of sfenystanton in the County of Huntington; wherein hee layeth down his right under a | fyne leavyed of the faid manor (amongst others) in Michmas Terme in the 19th yeare of king Edward the third by John lord Segrave, with a render to himself and to Margaret his wife and to the heirs of their bodies; And fo deduceth down the discent of the estate taile to himself, and making title as formerly is mentioned in the restitution of Bosham: And after the like course holden for finding his title in that County by Office, the hands of the king were removed, and this lord restored to his manor of sfenystanton: Which two restitutions being exemply fyed togeather under one seale in October in the 22th of king Henry the feaventh, are expressed therein to bee ad requisicoem Thome Try, &c, at the request of Thomas Try Esq! one of the Cozens of the said lord Maurice, Declaring thereby the ambition of a Sollicitor to have his name kindred and diligence perpetuated to his masters posterity: A modest pride wherewith the observer observeth himself to bee in part infected, as hath already appeared in the pedegree of his wife and Children laid down in the life of Robert the first; 2010 this proceeding of this noble lord in this petition of right is to all posterity made a president in the new book of Entries, printed, 1614. unter that title of Petition de droit, from fol: 428 to fol: 434. which I wish the lord George may read; to value aright the worth of this lord his Ancestor, and to imitate his industry for his president; And the faid Thomas Try shall for the perpetuating of his memory and fervices in these times to this noble house have this testimoniall of mine avowing, That fince his death this family hath not been ferved with a wifer nor more industrious fervant and follicitor; Which I wish may also incite others to like diligence and fidelity in the generations of this family which are to come.

ex filac: canc: in petty bag. 19. H.7. carta exempt. finis in thefaur. recept: scacio. 10.

Ptita in Canc: 19. H. 7. Exempt:

liber Intration: impress. 1614. fol. 428.

The 17th of March in the same 19th year of king Henry the seaventh, this active Pitta in Canc. lord exhibites one other like petition of right to the king, praying therein that

19. H. 7. in filac: in le petty bag: Iustice Advocatio de Wott

fooner

Justice and right may bee done unto him, and to bee restored to the Advowson of the Church of Wotton in the County of Glouc.; And for his title of right thereto layeth down the fine leavyed by his Ancestor Thomas the third in the 23th year of king Edward the third of the faid Advowson, (amongst other things,) with a render therein to himself for life, the remainder to Maurice his son and heire and to the heires males of his body, &c. as in his life is declared: Which estate in taile this lord deduceth down to his brother Marques Berkeley and himself, and sheweth how his brother in the third year of his highnes raigne leavyed a fine thereof with a 614 render to himself and the heirs of his body, the remainder to his | highnes and to the heirs males of his body, the remainder to his own right heires; And how that upon the faid Marques death in the feaventh of his raigne without any iffue, hee the faid Maurice was remitted to his old estate taile created in the 23th of king Edward the third; Whercupon after this lords title by Inquisition and the advice of the Judges of both benches taken and the kinges warrant to Hubart his Atturny generall hee was in June following reftored to the faid Advowson: Wherein appeareth this lords admirable diligence and wisdom in effecting a fuite of so longe a course in two Termes only: And the more because hee then had the same title and right without any difference unto the Castle and barony of Berkeley, and to all the manors comprised in the faid fine of the 23th of king Edward the third: 2110 perhaps most of all, in that hee by a prudent and quick carriage of his buisiness blindfolded the eyes both of the kings Attorney and other his learned Counfell, and the Judges of both Benches and Court of Chancery, from understanding either a Recovery fuffered in the. 2: E. 4. thereof, and of the manors of Wotton, Simondfall, Cowley, and others, or the recoveries his brother Marques fuffered in the fecond of king Richard the third, whereby the faide entaile was docked; Or the Acts of Parliament in the 5th and 7th years of the fame king Henry, whereby the Marques affurances to him made were made good & confirmed, evidently appearing by their inrollments both in Chancery and Exchequer; And then imediatly also obtaining the faid Act of reftitution in the present Parliament, whereinto hee cast these manors of Bosham and Fenystanton and the faid Advowson of Wotton, repealing the former Acts of the 5th and 7th of king Henry the 7th as hath been faid. And this lord thus being feifed of this Advowson of the Church of Wotton, Hee, according to certaine Covenants which the 16th of March before had been agreed upon between him and Maurice and Thomas his fons on the one part, And the Abbot and Covent of the Monastery of Tuexbury on the other part, For the affurance of this Church of Wotton to that Monastery before the 13th of July next; Now they imediatly upon this restitution assigned the same accordingly. And noe

Hill. 2. E. 4. rot.
325. in banco.
michas. 2. R. 3.
rot. 453.
Pafch. 2. R. 3. rot.
147. 154.
Canc. 5. et. 7. H. 7.
mem: sciij. 9. H. 8
Trin. rec. rot. 1.
Act: 19. H. 7: in
Canc:
Wotton Advowson
carta: dat: 16.
Marcij 19. H. 7.

Trin. Term. 20. H. 7. rot. 825. in banco the

fooner in effect was that Monastery thus feized thereof, but they the same yeare found means to appropriate or incorporate the fame to their house, As the composition about the Viccaridge shews: What time 20. marks was thought a competent living for the Vicar, to bee paid in | fruits and not in money as now it is; which at 615 this day Anno. 1628. is more than fourty pounds per ann. And this Advowson was continued in leafe at the yearly rent of 33" to that monastery till the dissolution in the 31th of Henry the 8th; And fo rested in the Crown till that king by his Lres patents dated the 11th day of December in the 38th of his raigne, gave the fame, (amongst other possessions of the value of 2200! p Ann) to Christ Church Colledge in Oxford; And is at this day by the Colledge feverally demifed to Bedle and Purnell, with foe poore an allowance to the Ministers both of Wotton and of Nibley, (a Chaple thereto,) that it fcarcely fufficeth for the bread of those that ferve at the Altars. Sut I would not have this family ignorant, That in the third year of Queen Elizabeth the lord Henry Berkeley impleaded the faid Colledge for the faid Rectory of Wotton Underedge, and in the year following came to an agreement, whereby the Colledge granted to the faid lord Henry and his heires, the Advowfon and patronage of their Vicaridge of Tetbury in the fame County, upon condition carta dat. 19. that they might quietly hold the faid Rectory of Wotton against him and all claiminge from him or under his title or in his name. In recompence whereof this lord Henry acknowledgeth That the Colledge hath good title to the faid Rectory, for that the same was by his Ancestor the true Patron thereof granted to the Abbot and Covent of Teuxbury, who after by licence from the king with the confirmation of the Bishop of that Diocese incorporated the same, And that king Henry the Eighth, after the diffolution of that Monastery, fufficiently conveyed it to the Colledge, And therefore acknowledgeth himself fully sattisfyed of their right, and promifeth to make them further affurance at any time within two years after; And how before, in time of Queen Mary, shortly after his restitution to the manor of Wotton hee prefented to this Church one Knight, who had been his Tutor. who was admitted inflituted and inducted, And, (notwithstanding the Colledge suite against him,) continued Incumbent there till the time of the faid agreement, and then this church returned to the Colledge as an impropriation againe; In which condition it still remaineth.

Recovery, et 525. et pfita. 20. H. 7.

Irrotut in canc:

Nov. 4. Eliz: in castro de Berkel:

Annis. 4. & . 5. Ph: & Marr:

In the fame 19th year of king Henry the feaventh this restless lord attempts for the Advowson of the Church of Slimbridge; And according by his | deed dated the 16th of January Anno . 19th H . 7. presents Edward Bromseild, Clarke, to Silvester Bishop of Worcester, to bee by him admitted to the Rectory of the faid church

Slimbridge Advowson. carta in castro de Berkeley.

Pafch: 19. H. 7. in Banco.

Carta in castro de Berkeley

Trin: 20. H. 7. rot: 350 in banco.

Carta dat. 30 maij 20: H. 7. in castro de Berkeley.

pricke fonge.

church, then void by the death of David Liare late parson there; which to doe the bishop refuseth; whereupon this lord brings his Writt of Quare impedit against the faid bishop of Worcester, and against Richard president of Magdalen colledge in Oxford, (who then was also bishop of Hereford,) and the schollers of the said colledge, and Robert Thay the then incumbent of the faid church: During the dependancy of which Quare impedit, All the parties by their feverall obligations dated the 20th of Aprill. Anno. 20th H. 7th submit their titles to the award of Robert Brudnell and William Grevill, ferjents at lawe; who, having heard the Counfell of both fides, and fubstantially (faith the award) understood their titles, Awarded, that the faid prefident and fchollars should hold to them and their successors the patronage presentment and guift of the said Advowson: And that this lord should discontinue his faid Writt of Quare impedit, and should make to them fuch further affurance as their Counfell should devise, but that before such assurance the said president and schollars should pay to this lord Twelve Pounds; which they did. Whereupon a discontinuance was had, and a Comon Recovery was suffered of the said advowson, and the fame accordingly fettled upon the colledge and their fucceffors, where it still remaineth, Anno. 1628. On the other part the colledge, (to use their own words,) in acknowledgment of this lords conveyance, and of his fingular devotion and ardent affection, and of his manifold benefits which hee had shewed to them, they in recompence thereof, willing to requite foe great courtefies with spirituall suffrages and prayers for his foule, and of his progenitors, doe grant that hee shall dayly and for ever henceforth and his posterity bee made partakers of all their prayers and suffrages, in their collegiate church by them to bee celebrated, without fraud: And that when hee shall die, that in convenient time after notice had, they will hold his obite, with the placebo and dirige, and the masse of requiem, in the morrow after, solemly and with note; ffor performance whereof they bind themselves to this lord and his heirs for ever.

And though in the last forty years I have known, that Tirer, Savage, and others, by obtaining the tres of Henry lord Berkeley to the president and sellows of this colledge grounded upon the guist of this advowson, have been placed Demyes or schollars in that corporation, and soe have constinued till they proceeded graduates; yet that this samily should have right to such schollerships by any agreement in writing I have not sound, though I have heard it affirmed by one or two domestick chaplins in the samily of the lord as sometimes were members of that colledge; But the College draweth yearly from that Rectory Ten pounds paid by the incumbent for the time being, which I take to bee spent, in a gaudy day in bettering the Colledge

Colledge commons, and therefore with them noe Symony though paid upon an Oblig a con taken at his presentation. Downcit, notwithstanding the fair countenance cast upon the colledges old title by this award, who claimed by the grant of the faid Marques Berkeley then Earle of Nottingham, the colledge relyed not foe confidently thereupon, but that afterwards they procured, (as good cause they had,) feverall releafes and confirmations from Maurice and Thomas the two eldest sons of this lord Maurice, and from their feoffees and Recoverors, with the like confirmation also from the king himselfe, as desirous to hold fast an Advowson of neare three hundred pounds value by the year.

Other were the restitutions to divers other manors, which this lord obtained upon the defects pretended to bee in his brother Marques Berkeleis conveyances, by reason of old entailes and his own remitters, as appears in the Catalogue of the lands whereof hee dyed feifed, here for brevity by me omitted.

In the Toile of the foresaid profecutions this lord finding himself, at his first coming to vifit Callowdon and other his manors in those parts in the 16th of king Henry the feaventh, not foe honored in his entertainment with the Abbot of the monaftery of Combe in Warwickshire as hee conceived to bee his right, being one of their founders heirs; (perhaps but out of the Abbots ignorance of his difcent;) exhibits his bill in Chancery, and shews that hee is one of the Cozens and heires of Thomas Mowbray late Duke of Norfolke, Earl Marshall and Warren, lord Mowbray, Segrave, Gower and Brewes, who was in his life time received in that Monastery with procession and other observances as belongeth in such a case for the founder; The right of the foundation of which monastery, (faith this lords bill,) after the decease of the said Duke discended to Thomas Howard Earle of Surrey and to him the faid Maurice lord Berkeley as Cozens and heires of the faid Duke; That is to fay, To the faid Earle, as fon of John, fon of Margarett, one of the daughters of the faid duke; And to this Lord Maurice, as fon of Isable one of the daughters of the faid Duke; And for | proofe layeth down That the faid John father of the 618 faid Earle was flaine at Bosworth field, And was entred in the faid Abby with due observances as belongeth; And the faid Earle was lately received there with proceffion and other folemnities as belongeth of right and laudable custome used in this Relme of England, which the Abbot hath neglected towards him being thereto required; And therefore prayeth that hee may bee compelled to enter him as one of the founders, and foe to bee accepted and entreated as of right to him belongeth; Which honor, upon a referance to Willim Grevill and Thomas Marrowe arbitrators, this

Bill in canc: Vctus manuscript in castro de Berke-

carta in castro de Berkeley

div'sæ tre in castro de Berkeley. this lord obtained, and accordingly left it to his posterity, who were in their severall times received as founders, till the dissolution of the Monastery; as also appeareth by this Abbots attendance on the dead body of the lady Isable this lords wife, and his censing and perfuming of her herse at Binly bridge, in her conveying to London, the place shee had appointed for her sepulture; as after solloweth.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Earle of Surry granted to this lord Maurice, by the name of Maurice Berkeley lord Berkeley, and to his heires for ever, one Bucke and one Doe yearly out of his parke called Seggewicke park in Suffex, with liberty to enter and kill the fame at pleafure.

10 hat the offences were which this Maurice had committed I find not, but in the 28th yeare of king Henry the fixth hee paid the Duke of Yorke 11th by agreement for Injuryes and greeves by him and his two fervants, Cater and Christopher, done to the said Duke, as the acquittance saith, given upon receipt of that money: 231tt, being then a batchelor and in the 24th yeare of his age, and living often near to some of the Dukes parks, I conceive it was for killing some of his Deere.

Acqu[i]t in castro de Berkeley.

Pis Wife.

Volunt Phit Mead probat A? 1475. A? 15. E. 4.

of Ifable his wife; fon of Thomas, fon of Thomas Mead, discended of the ancient family of the Meads of Meadsplace in ffeyland in the parish of Wraxall near Portbury in the County of Somers!, | where antiently they had continued; whom this lord marryed in the thirtieth year of his age, about eighteene months after his fathers death, shee then a widowe and mother of three children, who all dyed very young.

An antient pedegree wth Wm Denis, Efq:

register Robti de Ricart cum Maiore de Bristoll.

carta. 14. E. 4. in castro de Berkeley.

Carta. 20. Octo. 7. E. 4. in castro de Berk. At the time of this her fecond marriage, her father was an Alderman of Bristoll & at divers times Maior there; And for her Dowry, besides her personall estate, shee brought to this lord her husband, (then a younger brother,) divers lands in Somersetshire, and others in Thornbury in Gloucestershire (where this lord then also had other lands both of his own purchase, and of the guist of his elder brother,) and a lease of the said Meads-place for one and twenty years: and was after one of his executors, as his will shewes.

Carta. 9. Decem. 22: H: 7. in castro de Berkeley. ffor her Joynture shee had from this lord her husband all the lands in effect which hee then had; which also hee in the later part of his life, (for the longer they lived the more they loved,) much augmented with divers other manors in the Counties of Huntington, Leicester, Warwicke, and Gloucester, and in the Counties

Counties of the Cities of Coventry and Gloucester; of all which shee made the faid Thomas Try her receivour generall foone after her husbands death.

This lady Ifable had one only brother called Richard Mead, who first marryed Elizabeth , And after maryed Anne daughter of Thomas Paunsfoot of Hasfeild in Gloucestershie Esq., a family for antiquity inserior to none in that County, (this of Berkeley excepted;) But his iffue dying very younge without iffue, about the third of king Henry the feaventh, this lady Isable became heire to divers manors and lands in the County of Glouc., And to divers Meffuages and tenements in Bedminster, Felond, Ashton, Wraxall, and Midle Tykenham, in the County of Somerfett.

carta cum Rogero Kemis de Wick-

Dow little cause the Marques Berkeley had to complaine of the obscure parentage of the lady Ifable, which he vainly called base: and of the unworthynes of his brothers match with fo mean bloud, as hee reproached it, making that a motive to his own vast expences, and of the disinheritance of this lord his brother, least any of her base bloud should inherite after him, may to his further reproof bee returned upon his memory to bee but a fained and unbrotherly quarrell picked on purpose to give colour for his own exorbitances: Like vaine were his exceptions to his faid brother and heire, for defending the vertue of his wife and worthiness of her parentage:

vetus manuscript in castro de

Shee was a virtuous lady and evermore content with better or harder fortunes; | And what goodnes and disposition shee was of in her last widowhood, 620 after this lord her husbands death, may bee conceived out of these few rellicks of her many devotions.

The 29th of May . 1514 . in the 6th of king Henry the 8th, (amongst other liberalities,) shee gave to the Pryor of the fryars heremites of the order of Saint Augustine in London the sum of—72 11 13 04 towards the repair of their house, grown ruinous with age; for which they bound themselves & their successors in a full chapitre to fay on the feaventh of November the exiquies of the aniversaries of her and her husband, to bee sunge with note by all the Covent in the quire of their church: And the morrow after, a Masse of requiem at the high Altar by all the covent, for the fouls of the faid lady and her hufband the lord Maurice, and for the fouls of James lord Berkeley and of Isable his wife, father and mother of the faid lord Maurice, and of all faithfull deceased: And three days in every week for

ever, one prieft, being a fryar in the house, to fay a masse curfarily, with the speciall collects of vnus deus qui charitatis, com secreto, et post com, ad id pertinen; And also Inclina cum fecreto, et post com, ad id pertinen; As in the table afterwards in this deed is specifyed and described, for the soules of her and her husband and the fd lord James and Ifable, at the Altar of St James in the faid Church under the high crucifix, on Mundayes wednesdays and frydays, after the fixt masse is faid; And in every masse soe said, after the gosple and before hee goe to the layertory, the pfalme of De profundis with the prayers accustomed; which Masse shall for ever in the English tongue bee called Berkeleys masse. And likewise the masse de quinque vulneribus. And further, that for an everlasting memory, this Indenture in the Vigill of S! Michaell shall for ever bee read yearly in their Chapitre house publickly. And for performance hereof the pryor and covent bind themselves in their pure consciences, as they will answer at the dreadfull day of Judgment before the fupream Judge.

Berkeleys masse.

And for better fecurity and performance of all and every thing aforefaid they further grant, That as often as any failing shall bee in any part of the premisses by the space of a month, That they will forseit and pay-205-to the master and brethren of Burton Lazars, in that their house to bee charitably bestowed for the foules aforefaid, which mafter for that cause was made a party to this deed.' And, 621 (w.h was more then formerly I have found,) fryar Hugo lovericus, provinciall of this order, doth ratify this Indenture, and binds the faid pryor and covent in the bond of holy obedience, and under the punishment of rebellion, That they faithfully performe the whole contents of this deed.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Two yeares it feemes this was in contriving, And in the end were two deeds fealed by the pryor, both which remaine in Berkeley Castle.

1 tel. c

years,

Comp: de Fenystanton. 8 H. 3. in castro de Berkeley.

Shee dyed at Coventry in the eighth years of king Henry the 8th then aged 70 years, having overlived her husband about 9 years; And with him lyeth buryed in the Augustine Fryars in London, leaving issue three sons and one daughter, as next followeth. And it is some what observable, That this lady just soe long furvived her husband as to make the period of both their ages alike; And then in the fame place to lay down her bones by his in that 70th year that bringeth compleatnes to the daies of man; As 10. times, 7. or 7. times, 10. which Mofes in Pfalm 90. the 90th Pfalme of Davids bundle makes the common age of all men. And that this lord, as after follows, should over live his brother Marques twice feaven

years, and one feaven months; As though all their circumferences were closed in that number of feaven; The manner of whose death and funerall pompe, with the conveyance of her body from Coventry to London, take, in the fame words as Thomas Try, a speciall officer and fervant to this lord, and the faid ladies administrator, fent the description thereof to the lord Maurice her fon, then at Calais, being the proper hand writing of the faid Thomas Try, endorfed thus

> This bill bee delivered to his right worshipfull and speciall good Originall in Maister, Sir Maurice Berkeley knight.

Berkeley Castle.

Dieseth your good mastership, the ordering at thenterement of my lady your mother hereaft' followith,

- 1. first, when I preved she bygan to draw from this liff, I caused certen prests to say dyvs orysons, And also to shewe hir of the passion of crist and of the merits of the same, wherunto shee gave merveluous goodly words, for ast' hir Aneyling she cam to good and pfit remembrance.
- 2. Itm, aft the was departed I caused David Sawter to bee faid continually untill the day of her buryeng, for as fonne as oon company had feid on other company of prefts bygan, and fo she was wached with prayer continually fro wenfday untill monday.
- 3. Itm, ryngyng dayly with all the bells continually; That is to fay, at S! Mighells xxxiii. peles, At Tryntye xxxiii. peles, At S! Johns xxxiii. peles At Babyl- 622 lake because hit was so nygh hyr lvij peles, And in the mother cherch, the piorye, xxx. peles, and every pele xijd
- 4. Itm. upon founday whan her horfe letyr was appeled, and wax and all other things redy, she was fet forwards aft' this maner.
- 5. First xxx^{ti} women of her levery in blake gownes and kerechews upon their heds, of oon ele evy kyrchew, which was not furveled nether hemmed bycaufe they mought be knowen lately cut out of new cloth, and every woman beryng a tapyr of wax of a li. wyght & a half.
- 6. Itm after theym fowlowed xxxiij crafts with their lights to the nombr of CC. torches.

7. Itm

- 7. Itm about hir horseleter was hir owne ferv! and other, berynge torches of cleyne wax, to nombr of xxx. in blake gownes.
- 8 Itm the orders of free's whyt and gray, with their croffes, next after the lyghts of the crafts.
- 9. Itm prests to the nombr of oon C. and more we went with their crosses next before the hersse.
 - 10. Item aft' the horsletyr v. gentylwomen morners.
- 11. Item aft' them M! Recorder, and I, M! Bonde, and my cozen Porter, ynstede of thexecutors and supreysfors.
- 12. Item then Mr Maire, the Mr of Yeld, Aldermans, Shreffs, Chamblyns, and Wardens.
- 13. And fo she was coveid to the mother church, the piorye, wher she rested yn the quere byfore the high altar all that nyght, and had ther a solem derege, and the Maire and his bredren went to S! Mighell, ther as was derege in like mane; And ast' dereg, the Maire and his brethren went in to S! Mary hall, wher as a drynking was made for theym; syrst cakys, comfetts and ale, the secund course marmelet, Snoket, redd wyne and claret, and the 3rd course wasers and Blanch powder wt romney and muskadele; And I thanke God, noe plate ne spones was lost yet ther was xx^{ti} desyn spones.
- 14. Apon Monday she sate forward ast' mase wh the said lights and crasts, the seyd v. morners rydyng in sedsadells and ther horses traped with blake, M! Recorder, and I, M! Bonde, and Porter rydyng ast' theym, and then M! Maire, Aldermen, Shress, Wardens, and Chambleyns rydyng in lyke order as they were; And at Bynley brygge met my lord the abbot | of Combe w! his mitre, sensyng the herse, and in his company M! Broune M! Bowghton and many other, ye may be sure to the nombre of v. or vi. thosand pepull: I am of a suerty ther was at every sittyng above xj** or xij** messes, and the bordes was divs times set, & Thomas Berkeleis prest say the orderyng of all: wryten at Caloughdon the xvjth day of Ap*le.

Yo! ferv! Thomas Try.

Dig

His issue.

By the faid Ifable this lord Maurice had iffue, Maurice, Thomas, James, and Anne.

- I. Maurice the eldest son succeedeth his father in the Barony, advancing his house with honor and reputation; And after dyed without lawfull iffue, as his life that followeth doe declare.
- 2. Thomas the fecond fon was also lord Berkeley after the death of his faid elder brother, whose life in due place also solloweth.
- 3. Tames the third fon and youngest, maryed Susan the daughter of M! Veill and the widow of William Vele Efq!, and furvived her husband: By her hee had iffue John Berkeley who dyed at mans eftate before marriage, and Mary Berkeley, first marryed to S! Thomas Perrot son of S! Owen Perrot, who had iffue S! John Perrot, Elizabeth and Jane.
- 5. John Perrot had iffue S. Thomas, father of S. James Perrot yet living. 1618. And of Penelope maryed to S! William Lover knight, And of Lettice first maryed to Rowland Langharne Efq., and after to Walter Vaughan Efq., And at this day wife to St Arthur Chichester lord Deputy of Ireland; and of Anne Perrot married to John Phillips of Picton Efq! yet living. 1618.

The faid Elizabeth fifter of S! John Perrot was maryed to M! Price Efq! who had iffue S! Richard Price of Gogarthan kn!, & others yet living. 1618.

The faid Jane the other fifter of the faid S. John Perrot was marryed to William Phillips Efqt, who have iffue two daughters, the one marryed to George Owen, and the other to Alban Stepneth Efq.

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And fecondly the faid Mary Berkeley, daughter of this James Berkely, was marryed to S! Thomas Jones knight who had iffue S! Henry Jones, father of S! Thomas, father of St Henry Jones that now is, 1618: And Katharine marryed to M: Vaughan, who had iffue S! Walter Vaughan knight that now is; And Ellenor marryed to M! Griffith Rice, who had iffue S! Walter Rice knight that now is, and others, Anno, 1618.

And, as S! James Perrot formerly named hath informed mee, all the cheife gentlemen of most eminency in the three shires of Pembroke Carmarthen and Cardigan

1 Sir William Lower of Treventy, Co. Caerm. and St. Winnow and Trelaske, Co. Cornw. (Hist. of Trigg Minor, Vol. III. 386.)-[ED.]

2 A VOL. II

Cardigan at this day living, are difcended of this Mary Berkeley, of whofe memory in those parts is made most honorable mention to this day.

Carta da . 19. H. 7 irrot. in Canc. Rec: in scacio. 21. H. 7. rot. 16.

Comp : de Mangotsf. 13. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

The faid James Berkeley, for a third brother's portion, had the manor of Hilton in the County of Huntington, to him and the heires males of his body, and twenty pounds p ann, by the graunt of this lord his brother; And the Constableship and Portership of Berkeley Castle, and the keeping of the Castle park, and of Chefelhunger and Redwood, and the gale and profit of other fishings in Seaverne with the fee of 31. from the kinge; and was to Henry the 7th vnus generoforum hostiariorum camere Regis, one of the gentlemen porters of the king's chamber, which hee enjoyed till the 6th yeare of king Henry the 8th when hee left both it and the world, and his faid wife Sufan to furvive him, which shee did about fix years; And fome of his offices to his elder brother Thomas.

- 4. The faid Anne Berkeley only daughter of this lord Maurice was in the time of king Henry the 7th married to S! Willim Denis of Dirham knight; who had Denis, iffue between them 1 St Walter Denis, 2 St Maurice Denis, 3 William Dennis, 4 Ifable, 5 Elleanor, 6 Anne, 7 Margaret, 8 Katharine, 9 Mary, and eight others that dyed young without iffue; Of these nine, as followeth,
 - I. The faid S! Walter Denis by Margaret his wife daughter of S! Richd. Weston knight, had iffue four fons and two daughters, Richard, Thomas, Francis, William, Jane and Anne; of whom ffrancis is dead without iffue.

The faid Richard Denis by Anne his wife daughter of St. John | St. John of 625 Bletsoe, had iffue, Walter, William, Gilbert, Maurice, Anne, ffrances, Katharine, Mabill, Mary, and Margaret; of whom Gilbert Maurice and Mary are dead without iffue, And Wiffm is yet unmarryed; Of the other fix in order.

Copleston.

The faid Walter fon of Richard by Margaret his wife daughter of Richard Pigot. Paunsfoot Efq! had iffue two daughters; Katharine, first marryed to M! Lewis Pigot, of Bedfordshire, and after to M. Copleston, of Devonshire, yet living Anno. 1618. And Jane marryed to M! Cokeine of the faid County of Bedford.

Porter.

The faid Anne daughter of Richard Denis was maryed to St. Thomas Porter knight, of Lanthony by Glouc.; (of whom read before in the iffue of James the first,) who had iffue S. Arthur Porter, Ambrose, Anne, Katharine, ffrances, and Margaret.

The faid S. Arthur Porter, by Anne his wife daughter of S. John Danvers, had iffue Elizabeth lately maryed to John, fon and heire of St. James Scuddamore. Scuddamore. of Homelacy in the County of Hereford.

The faid Ambrofe Porter hath maryed Frances the daughter of George Chancey of Yardlebury of Hartfordshire, by whom as yet hee hath no iffue, 1618.

Anne fifter of the faid S. Arthur Porter is maryed to S. Gabriel Pyle of Pyle. Collingborne in Wiltshire, who have iffue Francis, William, Thomas and Gabriell, which ffrancis hath lately marryed the daughter of S. Francis Popham.

Katharine, another fifter of the faid S! Arthur Porter, was marryed to S! Richard Walsh of Shelsey in the County of Worcester, who have issue Anne, marryed to S. Thomas Bromley, mother of four children by him; And Joyce, maryed to S. Rowland Cotton, as yet having noe issue, A. 1618.

Walsh. Bromley. Cotton.

ffrances, another fifter of the faid S. Arthur Porter, was maryed to Mr. Peter Marten; who have iffue Thomas, Edward, Anne, Martha, and Lucy, Anno, 1618.

Marten.

And the faid Margaret, the youngest sister of the faid S. Arthur Porter, was marryed to George Thorpe, of Wanefwell Efquire, by Berkeley, by whom he had noe issue.

The faid ffrances, another daughter of the faid Richard Denis, was maryed to John Gwillm, Efqr who wrote that methodicall book called A Difplay of Gwillm, Heraldry; And have iffue Saint John, John, Margaret, ffrances, and Prifcilla.

The faid Katharine, another daughter of the faid Richard Denis was maryed 626 to Withm Chefter of Almondsbury in Berkeley hundred, Efq! who have iffue Thomas Chefter. Chefter, who first maryed Anne, daughter of Samuell Bacchus Efq., by whom hee hath iffue Anne; And fecondly maryed the daughter of S! George Speake knight, And in this present year 1617, as I am writing hereof, high sherisse of the County of Glouc.; William Chefter a batchelor; Katharine Chefter maryed to Phillip Langley, of Mangotesfeild, Efq. who have iffue; And Alice Chefter married to M. Perfival of Somerfetshire.

The faid Mabill, another daughter of the faid Richard Denis, was maryed to Anthony Dowle of Duntisborne Abbot in the County of Glouc! gent, who have Dowle. iffue Edward, Walter, and others.

And

And the faid Margaret, (the last of the daughters of the faid Richard Denis,) was first maryed to Maurice Hill of Tockington in the County of Glouc. gent, by whom she had issue Walter Hill; and secondly to one M. Spencer.

The faid Thomas Denis, brother of the faid Richard by Jone his wife daughter of M. Paunsfoot, had iffue Thomas and Margaret; which Thomas fon of Thomas, (yet living in Glouc., Anno, 1618,) by Dorothy his wife daughter of M. Compton, hath iffue William and divers others.

Evans. And the faid Margaret was maryed to William Evans of Glouc., an Attorney at lawe, who have iffue Thomas Evans and Elizabeth.

The faid William Denis another brother of the faid Richard, by Anne his wife daughter of M. Raftle, had iffue William Denis only now living Anno. 1618.

Compton.

The faid Jane fifter to the faid Richard Denis was maryed to Willim Compton of the County of Glouc., who have iffue Walter Compton and others.

And the faid Anne the last of the fisters of the faid Richard Denis was maryed to Simon Codrington Esq., who is dead without iffue.

- 2. The faid S! Maurice Denis, fecond fon of the faid Anne Berkeley and of S! William Denis her husband, dyed without iffue; As also did William Denis his brother, but longe remarkable in their generations.
- 3. The faid William Denis third fon of the faid Anne Berkeley, and of S. William Denis her husband, dyed also without issue.

Berkeley. fee before in the life of Maurice the third fol: 273. 274. 275. 4. The faid Isable Denis, daughter of the said Anne Berkeley and S. William Denis her husband, was maryed to S. John Berkeley of Stoke Gifford knight, who hath iffue S. Richard Berkeley, Mary, and Elizabeth maryed to Henry Ligon, whereof I have formerly written amongst the issues of Maurice the third.

The faid S! Richard Berkeley, by Elizabeth his first wise daughter of Withm Read of Mitton by Tuexbury Esq!, had issue Henry, Elizabeth, Marye, Katharine, Anne, and Dorothy; And by Eleanor his second wise, daughter of Robert Jermy Esq! and widowe of Robert Rowe Esq!, son of S! Thomas Rowe knight, had noe issue.

The faid Henry, fon of St Richard Berkeley by Mirriell his wife, daughter of Thomas Throgmorton of Cawghton in the County of Warr., Efq! had iffue Richard Berkeley, Elizabeth, and Margaret.

The faid Richard Berkeley by Mary his first wife daughter of Robert Rowe aforesaid hath iffue, S! Maurice Berkeley knight, John, Thomas, Giles, Richard, Robert, Elizabeth, Hellena, Myriell, Katharine, Mary, and Margaret; Of whom I fol. 275, 276. have in part formerly written in the life of the lord Maurice the third.

The faid Elizabeth daughter of S. Richard Berkeley, formerly mentioned to bee maryed to S. Thomas Throkmorton of Tortworth, knight, have iffue S. William Throkmerton created Baronet, Margaret, Mary, and Elizabeth.

The faid S! Willim Throkmerton by Cicely his first wife, daughter and Coheire of Thomas Bainham of Clowerwall Efq, hath iffue Baynham Throkmerton and Throkmerton. many others: As also liee hath by two other wives his maides, maryed fince the death of the faid Cicely.

The faid Margaret fifter of S! Willim Throkmton was maryed to S! Barnaby Samborne of Somsetshire knight, who have issue.

Samborne.

The faid Mary, another fifter of the faid S! Willim Throkmton, was first maryed to S. Thomas Baskervile knight, by whom shee had issue Hannyball: And after Baskervile. marryed to S. James Scuddamore knight, by whome shee hath iffue S. John Scuddamore, who by his wife onely daughter of S. Arthur Porter hath iffue, John.

Scuddamore.

And the faid Elizabeth, youngest sister of the faid S! Withm Throkmton, liveth the widow of S! Thomas Dale knight, having noe iffue. 1626.

Dale.

The faid Mary, another Daughter of the faid S. Richard Berkeley, was maryed to S! John Hungerford of Down Amny knight, who have iffue, S! Anthony Hunger Hungerford. ford knight, John, Bridget, Elizabeth, Barbara and others; Of whom is a plentifull 628 posterity with opulent possessions.

The faid Katharine, another daughter of the faid S. Richard Berkeley, was first maryed to S! Rowland Lee of Longbarrowe in Glouc! shire Esqr, by whom shee Lee. had iffue. And fecondly remarried to Thomas Babington Efqr.

Babington.

The faid Anne and Dorothy two other daughters of the faid St Richard Berkeley are dead without iffue.

The faid Mary, daughter of the faid Ifable Denis and of S. John Berkeley her Walsh. husband, was maryed to Nicholas Walsh of Sodbury Esq. who had iffue Henry Walsh, slaine in single combat by S. Edward Wintour, without iffue, and three Herbert. daughters: And after his death the said Mary was remarried to S. William Herbert of Swansey.

And the faid Elizabeth, fifter of the faid Mary, one other of the daughters of Ligon. the faid Ifable and of Sir John Berkeley, was maryed to Henry Ligon Efq., who had iffue S. Arnold Ligon knight, Henry Ligon, Mary, & Elizabeth.

The faid S! Arnold Ligon, by Jone his wife the widow of John Baker, had iffue Henry, Thomas and Elizabeth.

The faid Henry, brother of Sir Arnold, is dead without iffue.

Clinton.

Longe.

The faid Mary, fifter of Sir Arnold, was marryed to Samuell Clinton gent. who have iffue Samuell, Richard, Elizabeth, Anne, Mary, Margery, and ffrances; where-of Elizabeth was maryed to M! Hall; Anne marryed to M! Longe of Ashelworth; the other three daughters not marryed, Anno 1628. The faid Samuell maryed the daughter of John Nest of Chasely in the County of Worcester, who have issue: And Richard is dead without issue.

Baffet fol: [144]

And the faid Elizabeth the other fifter of S. Arnold, was maryed to Edward Baffet of Ewley Efq. of whom read before in the life of Thomas the first; who had iffue William Baffet, Barnaby, Edward, Giles, Elizabeth, Margery, Susan, and Jane.

The faid William marryed the daughter of William Davy, who had iffue William Baffet now in ward to the king, Anno. 1618.

The faid Barnaby Baffet by Elizabeth his wife daughter of John Dorney of Ewley, hath iffue Willim Baffet, Edward, Robert, Elizabeth, Jane, & Hester.

The faid Edward Baffet maryed the daughter of M: Danyell of Marleborowe, by whom hee hath iffue one Daughter.

The faid Giles is not yet maryed; Since executed at Glouc., 1640. for murdering of Christopher Willis of Wotton.

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The faid Elizabeth Baffet was first marryed to William Clavile by whom shee had noe iffue; And after to Thomas Poyntz by whom shee hath iffue Matthewe, Poyntz of Uley. Thomas, Joseph, John, Elizabeth, Sara and Martha, Anno. 1624.

The faid Margaret is married to Samuell Shellam of Woodchester, who have Shellam. issue five children, Anno. 1624.

The faid Susan is married to Michaell Dorney who have issue Thomas and Dorney. Elizabeth, Anno, 1624.

And the faid Jane is married to John Deighton of Glouc., Surgeon, who have Deighton. issue John and five others, Anno, 1624.

5. The faid Ellenor Denis, another daughter of the faid Anne Berkeley and of S. William Ligon of Madresfeild in the county of Worcester, who had iffue Richard, Thomas, Ralph, Hugh, ffrances, Margery, Ellenor, Elizabeth, and the lady Gorges, of each of whom in order.

The faid Richard Ligon maryed the daughter of St John Ruffell, and have iffue Willm Ligon, Henry, ffrances, Penelope, Elizabeth, Elleanor, and one other.

The faid Willim by Elizabeth his wife daughter of M. Horwell, hath iffue S. William Ligon, Richard, Thomas and Elizabeth.

The faid Henry and ffrances are dead without iffue.

The faid Penelope was married to M. Wallin of Woodfeild in the County of Wallin. Worcester, who have iffue.

And the faid Elizabeth Ligon is married to Doctor Miles Smyth lord Bishop of Glouc.: who hath no iffue.

Tende Marcon Line, the solone of the second state of

And the faid Elleanor, (fifter of the faid Elizabeth,) was first maryed to John Washborne of Wichingford in the county of Worcester, who have iffue. Washborne Washborne

And the faid

(younger fifter of the faid Elleanor) was married to

Ligon of Elston.

The faid Thomas Ligon called of Elfton in the county of Glouc., fecond fon of William and Elleanor his wife, maryed ffrances daughter of Hugh Denis of Pucklechurch, who have iffue Thomas Ligon, ffrancis, William, Richard, John Katharine, and Jone.

The faid Thomas was Receivour to Henry Lord Berkeley, and is now farmer of Callowdon; And by his wife daughter of Denys Pratt hath iffue.

The faid ffrancis and William are lately dead without iffue. Richard is also unmarried, 1630.

John was attendant on George lord Berkeley in Oxford at the finishing of these collections, a partaker of his first travells, And since dead without issue.

Gerrard. Katharine is married to M. Gerrard of Stanford in the county of Som! who have iffue fix daughters.

And the faid Jone youngest daughter of the faid Jone was married to

The faid Ralph Ligon, third fon of the faid Willm Ligon and Ellenor Denis, fince the beheading of Thomas Howard Duke of Norfolke in y. 13th of Elizabeth, hath lived beyond feas and hath noe iffue.

The faid Hugh Ligon, 4th fon of the faid William and Elleanor; hath iffue Henry Ligon, Hugh, Ralph, William, and others.

The faid ffrancis, fifth fon of the faid Willim Ligon and Elleanor Denis, maryed Grace daughter of John Bub of Bentham neare Glouc., who have iffue Hugh and John.

Russell.

The faid Margery Ligon, eldest daughter of the faid William Ligon and Elleanor Denis, was first marryed to S. Thomas Russell, by whom shee had issue, Thomas, who hath maryed the widowe of Frances Brace; And secon[d]ly, shee was maryed to S. Henry Berkeley of Bruton in y. County of Somerset, by whom shee hath issue S. Maurice Berkeley and others; of which remarkable line see in the life of the L. Maurice the third.

Berkeley of Bruton. fol: 276.

The faid Elizabeth, daughter of the faid William Ligon and Ellenor Denis his wife, was maryed to Thomas Foliot of Perton in the County of Worcester, who have iffue S. John ffoliot, S. Henry ffoliot, Willm, Elleanor, and Constance.

The faid St John ffoliot by Elizabeth his wife daughter of Doctor John Elmer late bishop of London hath iffue Elmer, Thomas, ffrancis and others.

S! Henry and Willm are not yet maryed.

Elleanor ffoliot is maryed to S! John Bucke. |

Bucke.

Baugh.

Constance is maryed to M. Baugh.

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The faid Elleanor Ligon, daughter of the faid Willim Ligon and Ellenor Denis, was maryed to Willim Norwood of Leckhampton in the County of Glouc., Efq! fon of Henry Norwood; of whose iffue, (by falling into a neerer degree,) fee after at large in the life of Thomas the fifth fon of this lord Maurice.

Norwood. fol: 682.

And the fourth daughter of the faid Willm Ligon and Ellenor Denis, was married to S! Edward Gorges of Wraxall in the County of Somerfet, who have Gorges. iffue S! Edward Gorges, S! Ferdinando Gorges, and others, from whom is a plentifull posterity.

6. The faid Anne Denis, an other daughter of the faid Anne Berkely and of S! William Denis her husband, was first married to S! John Ragland, and after to Ragland. S. Edward Carne. Carne.

By her first husband shee had iffue S. Thomas Ragland, father of Thomas and others: And Margaret married to M! Carne: and others: Which Margaret had iffue Cicely married to M! Kemys: Barbara marryed to M! Turvill: And one Kemys. other married to M. Baffet; and one other married to M. Griffiths; And one other marryed also to -----.

Turvill. Baffet. Griffith.

And the faid Anne Denis by S. Edward Carne her fecond husband had iffue Thomas Carne; who married the daughter and coheire of S. Walter Hungerford, who had iffue: And one other married to John Huntley Efq! fon of George, fon of Huntley John (called with the great legge,) who had iffue George Huntley of Frocester knight,

knight, who by Ellenor his wife daughter of S! William Wintour of Lidney had iffue feaven fons and daughters, viz! William Huntley who married Elizabeth the daughter and heir of M! Read, both dead without iffue: And 2 Edward not married in 1634, And 3 George dead without iffue: And 4 Jane marryed to M! Read of Foster Mytton, who had iffue: And 5 Mary married to M! Giles ffoster, between whom is a numerous posterity: And 6 Elizabeth marryed to M! Abrahall: And Elleanor Huntley not yet married, Anno, 1634.

7. The faid Margaret Denis, an other daughter of the faid Anne Berkeley and of S! William Denis her hufband, was in the 20th of Henry the 8th marryed to S!

Nicholas Arnold fon and heire of John | Arnold, to whom her uncle Thomas lord Berkeley, the ffifth, by his will gave two hundred marks to her marriage; who had iffue Rowland Arnold, who by Mary his wife daughter of John Bridges created lord Chandois, had iffue Dorothy marryed to S! Thomas Lucy, who had iffue Joyce Cooke maryed to S! William Cooke knight, whom Henry lord Berkeley made one of his executors in truft; who had iffue S! Robert Cooke, William Cooke flaine at the Isle of Ree without iffue, Thomas Cooke, Elizabeth married to John Scudamore Esq! ffrances not married, Mary not maried, Dorothy marryed to another John Ball Scudamore, Anne married to Peter Ball of the Middle Temple Esq!, who have iffue William Anno. 1629. And Mildred maryed to John Maxey Esq!, who have iffue William, Anno, 1629.

The faid S! Robert Cooke, by Dorothy his wife daughter of S! Miles ffleetwood, are the fruitful parents of many hopefull children, Anno, 1629.

- 8. The faid Katharine Denis, another daughter of the faid Anne Berkeley and of S. William Denis her husband, was marryed to S. Edmond Tame fon and heir of S. Edmond of ffayreford in the County of Glouc.; And fecondly to S. Buckley knight; And thirdly to M. Ligon; but had no iffue by any of them.
 - 9. And the faid Mary Denis, the youngest daughter of the faid Anne Berkeley and of S. William Denis her husband, was a professed Nunne at Lacocke, And dyed at Bristoll longe after the dissolution of that monastery.

Thus have I let in a little light in the delineation of this lords iffue, branched from his youngest fon and onely daughter, James and Anne; That this lords present posterity might behold as in a glasse of Gods own making, how by an immortall blessing

bleffing conferred upon this good and pious lord, (who according to his own ordinance did eat his own bread in the fweat of his own browes,) his divine goodnesse hath multiplyed his posterity in a handfull of years into many thousands, disperfed through the veins of the most illustrious families in most of the countyes of this kingdom: Whereto I shall after add thousands more of like eminency and remarkablenes, when I come to write | of the iffues of the lord Thomas this lords fecond 633 fon, and foe fucceffively from him.

Dis seales of Armes.

I have not observed any other feales that this lord Maurice used then a small feale manuell with the ancient coat of Berkeley only, without crest supporters or circumfcription: And a little feale with the Lion rampant, the coat of Mowbray: The like whereof Henry lord Berkeley fometimes ufed, as followeth in his life.

fol: [875]



His death and place of buriall.

September is now come, when within one month after king Henry the feaventh had entred into the 22th yeare of his raigne, Anno. 1506, This lord Maurice then in action ftrikes faile; And from his warrs of Westminster hall obtaineth that port which the toile of his life, through care for his posterity, would not afford; for his labors found no haven but the grave; then of the age of threefcore and ten yeares and odd months, whereof hee had been lord in ftile of writings and generall reputation fince his brother the Marques death, fourteene yeares and feaven months or neer thereabouts; And is buryed in the Augustines Fryars at London, with some other of his Auncestors, leaving behind him the testimony, vitæ bene actæ, of a life well lead, and an example of admirable industry to all his posterity.

origin: in scacio. 22. H. 7. rot. 24.

Volunt : Mauricij đni Berkeley 15. H. 8.

The lands whereof he dyed seized.

That no lands were left by the Marques Berkeley upon his death to difcend to this lord his brother and heire hath in both theire lives been declared: **now**, behold what this lord left to his fon and heire; And let his posterity tell their fucceeding generations whether this their Ancestor did not soe well husband the last sowerteen

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years

years of his life as Justly hee may bee faid to bee the restorer of his house and Barony; And a perfect lawier, to gaine these goodly possessions for the most part out of broken and controverted titles; As

claus: 22. H. 7.m. Origiñ in scacio 22. H. 7. rot: 24.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Pat. 22. H. 7. ps. 3.

The burrowe and manor of Tetbury,
The manor of Sages,
Twenty two marks rent in Frampton,
Divers lands in Thornbury,
The manor of Daglingworth,
The manor of Upton St. Leonards,

In the County of Glouc.

The manor of Winge,
The manor of Segrave in Penne,

The manor of Denge, The manor of Bridgewicke,

The manor of Hovingham,
The manor of Donington,
The manor of Twaytes,
The moitie of Winesthorp manor,

In the County of Buckingham.

In the County of Essex.

In the County of Yorke.

The manor of Bretby,
The manor of Linton,
The manor of Coton,
The manor of Repingdon,
The manor of Rostlaston,
The manor of Ashburne,
The manor of Howys,

The manor of Melton Mowbray,
The manor of Coldoverton,
The manor of Segrave,
The manor of Witherly, |
The manor of Sileby,
The manor of Mountforrell,
The hundred of Goscote,
The manor of Dalby Chawcombe,

In the County of Derby.

In the County of Leicester.

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The Advowfons of Coldoverton, Segrave, Howby, Kegworth, Sutton-Bonington, and fome others,

In the County of Leicester.

The manor of Thurlaston, The manor of ffleckenhoe, The manor of Aspely,

In the County of Warrwicke.

The manor of Callowdon, in the Counties of the Citie of Coventry and Warwick.

The manor of Auconbury,
The manor of Weston,
The manor of ffenystanton,
The manor of Hilton,
The manor of Guyherne & Murrow,

In the County of Huntington.

The manor of Bosham and Buckfold, The manor of Thorney, The manor of Funtington, The manor and Park of Bewbush,

In the County of Suffex.

Fifteen houses and fower gardens in Calais.

A Meffuage in Churchstreet in Berkeley purchased by him of Richard James.

The manor of Hinton,
The manor of Kent and Kentford,

In the Counties of Cambridge

ffower pounds yearly rent out of the manor of Bromley in Surrey.

The manor of Maningford Bruse in the County of Wilts.

ffor which manors and lands foe difcending, his fon Maurice did the 5th of May next after his fathers death fue his special livery, wherein the same are mentioned; but found no offices at all, though hee tooke out writts of Diem Clausit extrem.

May pat: 22. H.7.ps. 3. origiñ: in ſcª Ĉio 22. H.7.rot. 24. exprte remem. Thefaur. Carta exempl: in caſtro de Berkeley.

fees

dat: 13th Octo: in the 22th of Henry the 7th to have inquired after his fathers death according to the course of the Chancery. And these manors and lands, thus by this lords wise industry gleaned up and brought back into the old barne, is that saire graynary whereon his posterity in their severall successions have ever since soe sedd and seasted, upon the invitements of their present occations, by severall sales, as scarce a fifth part now remaines unfold for the repast of suture generations, Añ: 1628. Upon which alienations also such numberles peeces of evidence have to the severall purchasers been delivered out of their Evidence house, as I much misse hundreds of them, for the surther beautysying and inlarging of this history.

Purchasers.

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The application and use of his life.

The ufe.

- It being an inherent truth, That the love which man naturally oweth to his progenitors is felt in every mans heart as a forcible motive to draw on imitation of their vertues and goodness with their posterity, I cannot but hope from the noble worth and industry of this lord, That as his virtue ripened in his two fons, (both lords,) that next followed, neither was any wayes blasted in their succeeders; soe it will invite the lord George, (lyneally from them,) in his maturity of years, reading this his Ancestors life, to beare like fruite; not only as a reall acknowledger of his estate and dignity, renated (as it were) by this lord Maurice, But to become a true imitator of his industry and providence for his own future posterity: Of whom I may truly say, hee was a king of worthyes; And to know, that although our cheisest hopes ought to bee fixed in the goodnesse of God, yet by puting to that account our own endeavors the remedy is made more easy, and wee the sooner masters of our ends, as lively wee see in this lords example.
- 2. Againe, from the example of the mean estate wherein this Lord Maurice was left by his last Ancestor the Marques, whose heire hee was, his posterity may compound a soveraigne treacle against worldly pride, unbrotherly contention, instability of greatnes, and the like: And may also apprehend, That all greatnes honor wealth and the like, are but a shadow, dust and wind: And may more truly comprehend whence men and honor come, and whither they are to goe.
- 3. Againe, That to the laborious God is propitious; And that necessity makes men skilfull Artists who never meant to have practized: And that where honor and profit are proposed greater spurrs cannot bee set to a man that hath spirrit, even to perform actions and bring business about that seems beyond power, As this lords posterity

fees in the life of this their industrious Ancestor; which I wish may ever lye open before them.

4. Anaine, when this noble family shall by way of object reflect itself to see this their Ancester, with a milk white head in his irksome old age of 70. years, in Winter Terms and frosty feafons, with a buckerom bagg stuffed with lawe cases, in early mornings and late evenings walking with his eldest fon between the fower Inns of Court and Westm. hall, following his law fuites in his own old person; not for himself, but for his posterity, to regaine part of those possessions which a vast brother had profusedly confumed; to leave thereby whereon to live honorably like his forefathers: It cannot but stirre up an active care in his posterity to pre | serve 637 and frugally to husband those possessions thus painfully obtained; The end, why this application and use is proposed.

- 5. Againe, this noble family may observe that this their Ancestor erred in his refolution, holding it better to prove the evill once, then always to fear it; A caufe why hee fell fodainly out with the lord Marques his elder brother, whereby hee was the fooner difinherited of his barony: whereas hee should have considered the conclusions of things, rather than their beginnings: Of helps wee oft make hindrances. There are many herbs very fweet when they are gently handled, but they loofe their favour when they are roughly rub'd: This with this lord fell out too true; But femper fapere vix Iovi conceditur, the wifest are not alwayes wife; Sometimes not to erre is beyond the power of Humanity.
- 6. Againe, let this lords posterity sweeten their meditations with the remembrance of the bleffings which Heaven, from the death of this lord to the prefent infancy of his great-great-great-grandchild the lord George, hath showred down upon this lords generations, as a visible reward of a life well lead, according to the ordinance of the Almighty, his lawgiver and creator: ffor further use whereof I returne this family to what is written in the end of the title of this lord's iffues, which I wish may bee of use to them in their generations to come; And that fol: [632] the fupreme hand of divine providence may uphold the honor of this lord in a bleffed perpetuity, which hath done this good for his posterity.

7. Againe, the life of this lord tells his posterity, how much those men mistake the nature of God's divine ordinance, who neglecting the reason that God hath given them, do noe otherwife avoid the perills and croffes of this life then as if they

were

were stupisted in the grosse opinion of fate or destiny, neglecting either to beg counsell at Gods hands, or to exercise that wisdom or foresight wherewith God hath inriched the mind of man.

8. Againe, This lords posterity feeth that this their Ancestor contented not himfelf to fit still and fay That God was pleafed to have it foe and foe with him, and thereon to rest; which had been a true but an Idle answer, (for who knoweth not that Gods fecret will is the cause of all things;) But to know with all That God giveth spirit, courage and invention, when and where it pleaseth him to give an happy iffue to our undertakings and defires; Yet not fo altogeather to rest upon our felves, that wee will noe longer feeme to fland in need of God; ffor the iffue of humane wisdome is commonly unsuccessfull when it depends upon that provission which it felf hath made: 21 no let this family observe withall, That the All-powerfull God diffained not to inftruct Samuell to avoid the fury of Saul by the accustomed cautious waies of the world, when hee fent him upon that dangerous fervice of anounting David for that kings fucceffor in the Crowne: And how, though Moses well knew that hee came out of Egypt under the mighty hand of heaven, And that God guided his understanding in all his enterprises, yet hee lay not still in the ditch crying for help; but using the understanding that God had given him, hee left nothing unperformed becoming a wife man and a valiant and skillfull conductor, as by all his actions and counfells well appeared, And found his fucceffe accordingly; as this lord also did, And his posterity after may, using the same meanes.

1 Sam! cap: 16. 638

Exodus 13 ct. 14 chap.

9. Again, from this memorable Ancestor this use may bee drawn; That as noe adversity accompanied with the least or possibility of recovering, could ever vanquish his endeavor, but would first looke over every promise, true or false, that the present time could make him, and accordingly succeeded happily in his tryalls: And knowing that wise men work out their own ends by the medium of mens affections and naturals appetites: Hee so persevered in a wise constancy, That hee ever went away master of his own ends to his great profit and honor; Yet with such a magnanimity of spirit, that hee scorned to sawn upon or fear the greatest, as his life hath declared; And as a man of motion soe personally bestirred himself, That to the example of his posterity hee brought all his purposes to execution: adversity never lessening his courage, nor prosperity his circumspection.

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The life of Maurice lord Berkeley the fixth of that name, stiled in Writings, Maurice Berkeley Esq., And Maurice Berkeley knight, And S. Maurice Berkeley of Yate, knight. And Maurice Berkeley knight pro corpore and regis, for the body of the king; And Maurice lord Berkeley, And Maurice Berkeley lord Berkeley; And Maurice Berkeley knight, L. Berkeley; And Maurice Berkeley, knight, lord Berkeley.

And was Ab-patruus, great-great-uncle, to George now lord Berkeley. And may bee called Maurice the Courtier.

Contemporary, with king Henry the 8th from the year 1506, [fic] till 1523.

The life of this lord is delivered under these eight titles, viz!

- 1.—Dis birth and education, fol: 641.
- 2.—Dis forreigne imployments, with his law fuites, fol: 644.
- 3.—Dis creation of Baron, fol: 654.
- 4.—Dig wife, fol: 658.
- 5.—Dis feales of Armes, fol: 660
- 6.—Dis death and place of buriall, fol: 660.
- 7.—The lands whereof hee dyed feized, fol: 663.
- 8.—The Application and use of his life, fol: 665.

His birth and education.

his lord Maurice was born in the feaventh year of king Edward the fourth, Anno. 1467. and his youths education under his father, who for most part continued at Thornbury, as in his life hath been said.

In the fecond year of king Richard the third, Anno. 1484, then in the 17th year of his age, hee was by his fathers means marryed to a gentlewoman of his own

carta in castro de Berkeley.

age and name, as after followeth; But their nuptiall | bed not bleffing them with iffue, or giving hope thereof, this lord with his wives liking betook himfelf to travaile and to a martiall life; In which faculty hee became a great foldier and commander, as the fequell of his life declareth.

A great part of the later ten years of the raigne of king Henry the 7th hee was his fathers lawbook bearer, extreamly toiled in the paper warrs of Westminster hall; And in such fort for most part continued till the death of his father, two years before that king.

diversi com pi hospicij in castro de Berkeley. At fuch time as this lords father dyed, and all his life after, if this lord were in England, hee was either at Yate in Gloucestershire, or attendant on the kings person; If abroad, yet his wife and standing house were usually resident at Yate, where also shee continued during the two years shee survived her husband; As also did the lord Thomas his brother and heire, as followeth in his life.

carta in castro de Berkeley. The 22th of November, Anno. 22. H. 7. this lord granted the stewardship of Bosham with the yearly see of Ten Pounds, to Edmond Dudley, which is the first work I find done by him; soe wisely willing hee was to have a frend about the king.

cartæ in castro de Berkeley.

Though upon the death of his father and for one year after, this lords usuall addition of stile was but Maurice Berkeley Esq., yet in the 23th and last of Henry the 7th and in the first of Henry the 8th, then fallen into their service, hopes altered his pen, And his stile was, Maurice Berkeley son and heire of Maurice Berkeley lord Berkeley deceased, and cozen and heire of Wistm Marques Berkeley Earle Marshall and of Nottingham, Viscount Berkeley and Lord Berkeley.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the first of Henry the 8th hee was made knight, and as I think of the Bath, at that kings Coronation.

Carta dat: 30. Apr: 4. H. 8.

In the 4th of that king, hee was fworn, pro corpore regis, a knight for the body of the king; for that year and not before I find that addition of stile.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

And in the 7th of king Henry the 8th, hee increased his estate in the scite of the manor of Yate with the parke, by a new lease taken of Henry lord Dawbeny for sowerscore years from the death of the survivor of himself and his wife; (having a lease

lease for their lives before;) where, within two years after, hee began to build a faire house, the accompt of which charge in building appeareth in a book kept by George Sheppard his principall Survayor, yet extant; fetching most of the stones from haselbury quarre, and the Timber from Kingswood forrest.

lib: in castro de Berkeley. 9. 10. et. 11. H. 8.

In September in the 6th of Henry the 8th, this lord was by fpeciall appointment one of that princely traine that attended the lady Mary the kings fifter into ffrance, to bee maryed to Lewis the twelvth, fhee then accompted the faireft lady of the world; And returned for England before Xmas following; And on newyears-eve dyed the faid French king after hee had been marryed to the faid lady. 82. dayes.

Annal: of England Stow and others Martin. fol: 365.

In the 6th and 7th years of Henry the 8th, this lord was high Sheriffe for the County of Glouc.; And John Strange his undersherriffe, who alwaies directed his lres To my most singular good Mt., St. Morys Berkeley knight, Sheriffe of the County of Glouc.; And soe did Edward Spenser keeper of the comon gaole at Glouc.; An argument that hee was not then accepted as a peere of the Realme, As after also more fully doth appear: In which year, and after, hee procured many of the Quarter Sessions for the peace to bee holden at Tetbury, for his own ease and that markett town's advantage, himself being lord thereof.

Pat. sub sigillo in castro de Berkl:

divers fræ in castro de Berkeley.

Comp: de Bitton Manor: 9. H. 8. et at in castro de Berkeley.

During that time of his Shreevewicke, and for many years before and after, hee was a great houskeeper under a large expence at his house in Yate aforesaid; yet such neverthelesse was his providence, as each satturday hee cast up his houshold books of accompts, for what was disbursed by his Steward, Clarke of the kitchen, Cator, and for his Stable; And subscribed each weeks totall Summe with his own hand, as the books themselves doe shew.

Books in Berkeley. Caftle.

that the perticular expences of each kind of provision, in each day appeared: And when the ordinary allowance was exceeded above the comon set rate, the margent renders the reason, by such and such strangers being there, with their number of attendants and their horses. As the Duke of Buckingham in. 10. H. 8. and others, when as 1 conceive a reconciliation was laboured between them. Lan, the good lady this lords wife appears also in those marginall notes, taking exception to some perticular Acates that were in redundance, and to other forts that wanted; giving direction to y. Steward for time to come what shee would have done, which for his better memory hee entred into the margent of his said houshold book; As,

Comp: Johis Jochim Senli hofpic: 11. et. 12. H. 8.

Comp; de Bitton
11. H. 8. in castro
de Berkeley.

thus and thus, commanded by my lady: And such was this lords liking to his seate at Yate, and his hopes of repossessing really the Castle and Barony of Berkeley with the members thereof, That hee sold himself out of the manor of Wing in the County of Buckingham, and some others in remote Counties, as after appeareth; And with the moneys thereby raised, bought the manors of Bytton and | Hannam, Mangottsseild, Aylmington and divers lands in Henbury in the County of Glouc, lying near to his said house at Yate; declaring himself thereby to bee a reall Gloucestershire man as his foresathers had been, and that himself hencesorth would bee a forreigner in all other Counties; as more largely shall bee delivered in an history of those and other manors, which I have, in effect, already finished, by it self.

pat: dat: 9. Nov.
6. H. 8. in castro
de Berk:
Cartæ in castro de
Berkeley.

And fcarce was this lord discharged of the office of being high Sheriffe, but hee procured from the king a generall pardon of all trespasses, forseitures, &c, made to him, by the names of Maurice Berkeley of Yate knight, ats. Maurice Berkeley of Stoke Gifford, knight, ats Maurice Berkeley late of Tetbury knight, ats Maurice Berkeley late of Melton Mowbray knight, ats, Maurice Berkeley knight one of the Justices of peace in the County of Glouc., ats Maurice Berkeley late Sheriffe of the County of Glouc., ats Maurice Berkeley knight.

Dis forraigne implopments.

Carta in castro de Berkeley. The king purposing warrs with france, great preparations were made, and spetiall Captaines assigned, whereof this lord Maurice was one; between whom and the king, it was by Indenture, subscribed with the proper hand of the king, dated the 30th of Aprill in the fourth of his raigne, (wherin hee is stilled one of the knights for his body,) agreed, That hee should do the king service of warr in the Army which hee now sendeth under the conduct of Thomas Gray Marques Dorset his Leivtenant generall into Gascoigne and Gwyen, for reduceing them under the kings obedience, & to have in his retinue in that service, sower hundred and eleaven able men, desensibly arrayed for the warre, himself being one of the number: And to place for his said retinue, Leivtenants and petty Captaines under him, and to make his own musters and the like, as by the Indenture appears.

Hollingh: Stow: Marten, et div'n alij. December following; The fuccesse of which Journey I leave to the relation of the Annalls of those times, who all agree That much was not done.

In July following in the 5th of his raigne, the king in perfon went into ffrance with a powerfull Army, what time hee tooke Tirwine and Turney | and fome other 645 Cities, And returned into England in October following; with whom went and returned this lord, But what charge or comand hee had in that royall Army I have not found.1

Dowbeit, this lord (then in the 46th year of his age,) being required to expresse his opinion for the ordering of the Army fent into Gafcoigne, I find as followeth, which I the rather here infert, Afwell because the same is this lords own rough draught and proper hand writing, As for his posterity to discerne the difference of military discipline in these times from those of the 4th of King Henry the eighth.

Orders to bee observed for the Army.

Imprimis, to divide the Army into three parts; That is to fay, the Voward, Battle, and Rereward.

Maurice Lord Berkeley Manuscr. in castro de Berkeley.

Item, to appoint the cheifest Captaine of the Voward, and what Captaines and number shall goe with him.

Item, to appoint the Captaine and number of the battle.

Item, to appoint the cheife Captaine of the rereward, and what Captaines and number shall goe with him.

Item, the high Marshall for the Army.

Item, the provoft Marshall.

Item

¹ Little mention is made of Maurice Lord Berkeley in the State Papers of Henry viij. He is named in a letter of Cardinal Wolfey, dated 20 Aug., 1523, to be required with Lord Sandes "for affiftance to be given unto the Lieutenant (the Duke of Suffolk,") Vol. I. p. 123; and in another letter from Wolfey, dated at Hampton Court, the 30th of the fame month, it is mentioned that, "the Kinges Grace hathe levied a puiffant armye of as tal active and elect persons, with as expert and good Capitains, as hathe passed out of this Realme at any tyme this 100 yeres; whiche armye largely surnished and pourveyed of Ordenaunces Artillarye and other abilyamentes of werre, and femblably of vitailes in fufficient quantite is commytted unto the governaunce and leding of the Kinges entierly beloved Coufin and Counfaillour the Duke of Suffolk as his Graces Lieutenaunt General of the fame. In whose company be affigned diverfe Lords and other discrete and experte Counfaillors and Capitains, as the Lords Mountjoy, Montague, Ferrers, Sandes, Berkeley, &c." (Vol. V. 170.) We do not however fee Lord Berkeley named in the proceedings against Therouenne and Tournay. [ED.]

Item, the Treaforer.

Item, the master of the ordinance.

Item, three Captaines of the pyoneers, whereof one to bee with the voward, Another with the battle, And the third with the rereward.

Item, a principall Captaine for the Scowtes.

Item, feaven Captaines to have the rule of the watch nightly, whereof one to watch. And to have the rule of the stale in the market; And the scoute to send word to the Captaine of the stale from time to time if the case soe require, And hee to advertize the Lievtenant; And the said Captaine to send certaine of the stale to view the watch of the Ringe sower times of the night.

Item, before two of the clock in the morning the watch and fcout to bee releived with others.

Item, the Marshall to goe daily before, and to take and appoint the place 646 where the Campe shall lye; And every lord and Captaine to fend a furrier | to receive the ground and place for their masters lodgings.

Item, to appoint one man with three officers under him to have the overlight of the carts and carriages, and to fee them conveyed out of the campe, from the tents unto the outfide of the feild; And foe to march in that order as they shall bee appointed, not suffering any carriage to goe ten score before the voward, nor ten score behind the rereward; And also at their coming to the Campe, having discharged their carriages and setched their forege, to place them for the fortifying of the campe as they shall bee appointed by the Marshall.

Item, one principall man to have the rule and charge of all kind of victualls, and to fee the distribution thereof, And also to receive money for the fame; And hee to have a convenient number under him for the better order and execution of that charge; and to bee Clarke of the Market.

Item, the campe to bee fet every day at a convenient houre.

Item, the voward to remaine in order of battle until all the carriages of the fame bee come where they shall bee appointed, and the tents almost fet up, And then they of the voward to goe to their lodgings.

Item,

Item, the battle to remaine in order till the coming of the rereward, and then to goe to their lodgings.

Item, the rereward to remaine in order of battle till all the carriages bee come into the campe, and then they to go to their lodgings.

Item, every day a Captaine with a convenient number to bee appointed to goe for the forrage; And that noe man to goe out of the forrage untill the faid Captaine be ready and in order for their defence.

Item, the faid Captaine to fend out good fqyryors (fic) before his going forth.

Item, that noe man goe to the forrage but fuch as their Captaines will appoint; And they to goe noe further nor tarry longer then the captaine of the foriage shall appoint them.

Item, every morning when the trumpets shall give warning, every man to take down their Tents and lade their carts; And the captaine of the voward to bee ready in order of battle before the going forth of any of the carts.

Item, the battle to do the like.

Item, the like order for the rereward.

Item, the voward and rereward to have good fqyriors out in every fide. |

Item, that no man after the campe fet goe forth of the campe without licence 647 of the Lievtenant, the Scouts only excepted.

Item, to appoint to the voward a Captaine of Horfmen.

Item, the like for the battle.

Item, the like for the rereward. Thus this lords writing.

Hee for his better provision borrowed one thousand pound of John Heron Sergeant at lawe; And for the fetling of his estate and repayment of the said money in case hee should dye in that warre, by his Deed tripartite dated the 26th of March in the third

cartæ cum Edro Deringe milite et baronet. dat. 26. m'cij. 3. H. 8. Subscrib: Morys Berkeley. third year of Henry the 8th, by the name of Maurice Berkeley knight, enfeoffed S. William Read knight, Richard Brook Sergeant at law, and others, of his manors of Bosham funtington and Thorney in the County of Sussex; And of his manor of Winge in the County of Bucks, And of his manors of Bretby, Roftlaston, Cotton and Linton in the County of Derby, And of the manor of Wetherly in the County of Liester, And of the manor of Denge in the County of Essex, and of his manors of Auconbury and Weston in the County of Huntington; To the use of himself and his heires and to performe his last will.

Duæ cartæ cum pdco Edro Deringe mil[i]te et barronetto.

And by another Deed of the same date, It was between all the said parties and the faid John Heron agreed, And this Maurice did accordingly covenant, That the faid ffeoffees should stand feized, To the use of the said John Heron and his heires untill hee were paid one thousand pounds wth his charges in levying the same, which fomme hee hath borrowed of him, And after to the use of himself and his heires, and to performe his last will.

Pasch: 4. &. 5. H. 8. rot. 333. in banco:

Volunt Sub Sigillo. 5. H. 8. in castro de Berk:

Funtington

Office. 29. H. 8. post mort. Thomæ Dñi Berkeley, vith vide in vita Jacobi Dni. Berkeley,

In Easter term in the 4th and 5th of king Henry the 8th then upon his said voyage into Gascoigne as hath been said, hee suffered comon Recoveries of all or most of his lands, thereby to cut off all old entayles, and to draw a fee simple to himself, the better thereby to dispose of his estate in settling of his affairs by his last will; Having also the year before made divers feoffments of the same manors the better to perfect the faid Recoveries: All which hee declared to bee, To the use of himself and his heires, and to the intent to perform his will; which, first in the third year, and after in the fifth year of Henry the 8th hee did at large; And declareth that the manors of Melton Mowbray, Coldoverton, Sileby, Mountforrell, Segrave, Thurlaston, fflekenhoe, Tetbury, Daglingworth, and Sages, should bee To the use of Katharine his wife for life in lieu of Joynture and Dower; And the manors of Bosham, ffunt | ington, Thorney, Winge, Segrave in Penne, Bretby, Cotton, Rostlaston, Lynton, Repington, Witherly, Auconbury, and Weston, should bee to the use of John Heron untill hee were paid the faid thousand pound borrowed of him, according to Indentures thereof made in the third of king Henry the eighth as before is touched; And then his feoffees to grant thefe Annuities to thefe perfons following for their feverall lives, viz! To James Berkeley Efq! his brother, Twenty pounds p Ann. To Thomas Try his Sollicitor Ten pounds p Ann. To Margaret Shippard, 3¹¹ 6⁵ 8⁴ To Raph Butler. 4¹⁵ To Thomas Berkeley 4¹⁵ (of whom were the Berkeleys of Berkeley Town,) To Richard Berkeley 41! (of whom are the Berkeleys of Worcester and Herefordshires,) To Peter Swift. 61 13 4d To George Shippard

4" To

4! To James lluen. [fic] 6! 13:4.4: And foe to twelve others for their feverall lives out of the manors last mentioned; And after for payment of his debts; And after to his right heires; wherein his providence, (least his will should bee supprest,) was such that, with the privity of his faid follicitor, hee left three feverall wills, (one and the fame,) all ingroffed in parchment under his hand and feale at Armes in three feverall freinds keepings; All which came after togeather, and are now in Berkeley Caftle. And afterwards in the 12th of king Henry the 8th, hee added a Codicell to the former will, and thereby gave five hundred marks to the faid Mary Berkeley his brother James daughter, fo that in her marriage shee bee ruled by his executors and by the Pryor of Bath and by the Master of the Gawnts at Bristoll; And appointed also a great portion of money towards the building of the body of the Church and Monastery of St Augustines, And in making of a Chapple of our bleffed lady within the fame Church, wherein, (faith the will,) I intend by Gods grace my body after my decease shall lye. And for the reedifying and building of the church and chancell and stalls of the ffryars minors in Glouc., whereof (faith his will) I am founder, And where dame Ifable Berkeley my grandame lyeth buryed; which work (faith the faid will) I have now began, and in case I dye, Then my executors substantially to finish the fame: And this Lord further declared by his faid will, That if any perfon should put out or molest his said Cozen Thomas Try out of the manor of Callowdon, which hee hath for Terme of his life by the joynt demife of him and his mother in the 5th of Henry the 8th, or shall avoyd any lease, grant by Copy, or anuity by him made or to bee made, Then his executors to fell his manor of Bretby from him and his heirs, And with the money arifeing, to fattisfy his faid Cozen Try, and every of his leffees and Grantees which shall happen to bee expulsed. | And by an addition the same year to this will and Codicill, hee giveth his leafe of Yate of 80 yeares after his wives death to his nephew Thomas, (after lord Berkeley,) fon of his brother Thomas; And to his faid wife the one half of all his plate and goods both at Yate and elfewhere, And the other half to the faid Thomas his nephew. 2nd now at Calais, the 11th of Sept. 1523, in the fifteenth of king Henry the eighth, by a further codicill. annexed to the former will, appointeth his body to bee buried in Trinity Chapple in S! Nicholas Church in Calais; And that his two chaplins Handly and Askwith should celebrate and pray twenty years for his foule, The first ten years in Trinity chapple, and the other ten years in S! Augustines monastery in Bristoll, And to have ten pounds a peece yearly wages out of his man! of Bosham. And gave further feaven other anuities, (befides those afore mentioned,) to feaven fervants during their lives. And further increased his wives joynture with the manor of Tetbury for her life.

Volunt. 12. H. 8. in castro de Berkel:

See fol: [540]

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Volunt. Mauric. 15 H. 8. in castrode Berkeley.

After

carta cum Edro Deering milite et Barronett[o].

After whofe death his executors, S. John ffitz-James cheife baron of the Exchequer and others, (per noia executor testi dni Mauricij Berkeley militis dni Berkeley,) having difburfed great charges about his funerall, had their difcharge from Thomas Wolfey then Cardinall and Legate, And from William Archbishop of Canterbury and Legate also, by deed under both their seales dated the 12th of February . 1523 . Anno 15th of Henry the 8th

pat : dat : 25. Octob. 24. H. 7. in castro de Berkeley. mich: rec: 24. H. 7. rot. 1. in scacio cum rein Thefaur.

Don't the 7th in the 24th of his raigne granted to this lord for his life the rangership and custody of the forrests of Kingswood and stillwood, and the stewardship of the manor and hundred of Portbury; Upon furrender of which tres patent, (found infufficient,) hee had a new grant the 20th of July in the 3th of King Henry the 8th with the fee of feaven pence halfpeny by the day for Kingfwood and ffillwood, and Ten pound fee for Portbury.

Carta dat. 6. Nov. 1. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

In the first yeare of king Henry the eighth, S. Adrian Fortiscue knight made this S. Maurice steward of his manors of Bradston and Stinchcomb and of all other his manors and lands in the County of Glouc., for his life, for the fee of twenty shillings.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

The fame year S: Thomas Knevet and Mirriell his wife made this lord Steward of their manors of Paynswick, Moreton, and Whaddon, in the Com of Glouc., for the life of the faid Mirryell, with the fee of 53 4d Of which Mirryell fee before in the life of Thomas lord Berkeley the fourth. fol: [479]

carta in castro de Berkeley. 650

And in the 4th of king Henry the 8th St Charles Brandon made this lord fteward of his manors of Paynfwick, Whaddon, Moreton Valence, and | Rengworth, in the county of Glouc., and mafter of his game of Deer, with a few buck and few Doe and 535 4d fee, for his life.

Carta. 27. m'cij. 1515. in castro de

In the 6th of king Henry the 8th Adrian, Cardinall and bishop of Bath and Wells, granted to this lord the keepership of Pucklechurch parke, (not two miles from Yate,) for the terme of his life.

Carta in castro de Berkeley.

In the 12th of king Henry the eighth, St Arthur Plantagenet made this lord fleward of his manor of Panefwick and of all other his manors and lordships in the County of Glouc, and master of his game of Deere there, with the see of 31 65 8d for his life: And doubtles this lord Maurice was a very able man, And, besides his military knowledge, better skilled in the laws and statutes of the realme than any of his Ancestors, his father excepted, whose follicitor hee was, as in his life hath been faid.

In the 7th of king Henry the 8th this lord bought of the king the wardship of the body and lands of John fonne and heire of Richard Berkeley of Stoke Gifford; for which hee paid five hundred marks; And by his will five years after, directed, that at fixteen years of age hee should marry Isable Denys his fisters daughter; And if shee dyed or refused, Then to marry Ellenor Denys her fifter, And so to Margaret another fifter: But the marriage held with the faid Isable, as in the lives of the lord Maurice the third and of the lord Maurice the fifth is formerly written, propagateing an eminent posterity of many thousands at this day 1627.

pat: dat. 24. Maii 7. H. 8, in castro de Berkeley.

Volunt: 12. H. 8 in castro de Berkel:

fol:[315]

In the 14th of king Henry the 8th this lord Maurice bought of the king the wardship and mariage of Thomas son and heir of S. Owen Perrot, whom by his will hee directed to marry his brother James Berkeleys daught, which after his death tooke an happy effect, flee proving as matchleffe a lady as lived in her days; from whom an army of eminent gentlemen and a fair race of great nobillity at this day living, (1627,) are discended, as in the life of the lord Maurice the fifth this lords father hath appeared.

Cartà in castro de Berkeley.

By the award of S. Edmond Tame, S. John ffitz James chiefe baron, and Robert Bowringe, the 24th of ffebruary in the 5th of Henry the 8th That great controverfy which had many years been tumbled with variable fuccesse, between this lord and his father And S. Robert Poyntz, was ended; whereby this lord had to him and his heires the manor of Daglingworth, And the moitie of the moitie of the manor of Brokenburrow, extending into the Townshipps of Tockington, Almondesbury and others, sometime y: lands of John Knull son of Rys ap Evan; Into the faid S. Robert had to him and his heirs the manor of litle Marshseild, and the other moitie of the moitie of Brokenburrow: And they to prefent to the chantry of Al | mondfbury called Brokenburrows Chantry by alternate turnes: And that 651 Ifable mother of this lord, and John Berkeley fon of Thomas this lords uncle, fhould feverally releafe, viz! Ifable, all her right in Brokenburrow, and In? Berkeley all his right in litle Marshfeild, to S. Robert Poyntz. And this also finished that tryall at lawe which had paffed againft this lord, And the writt of Error which hee had brought for the reverfall of the judgment given upon that verdict.

Carta in papir in castro de Berk :.

In banco. Ao 5...

In the tenth of king Henry the 8th began this lord Maurice to allow 6th 13th 4d p ann, ex eleemofyna fua, out of his almes and bounty, towards the repaire of the church of the Gray ffryars in Glouc.; which liberallity hee continued many years,

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Comp: manerij de Vpton St Leonards cum Arn: Ligon milte Voluntas Mauricij 12. H. 8.

yea after his death, till the fame was finished; Of which place this family were fol: 648, founders; as before is touched in this lords life.

rec. in sccio cum rem thefaur o.H.8. rot. 55.

In the ninth year of king Henry the 8th what time this lord held himself half affured of a reftitution, the king, (by this lords own meanes noe doubt,) awarded his comission to this lord and others, to find out what wasts and spoiles of Deere wood and timber were committed upon his lands called Berkeleys lands, within his hundred of Berkeley: Of the carefull execution whereof and returne, small question needs bee made.

carto in castro de Berkeley.

The 7th of July in the year 1516, in the 8th year of king Henry the 8th This lord Maurice and eleaven others of the like ranke joined in a devout petition to the popes holines, And obtained graces of having power to chuse each of them a preift to bee their confessor, And hee to bee by this grace enabled to absolve them and give them absolution ab omnibus suis peccatis, criminibus, excessibus et delictis, quibufcunque, de quibus corde contriti et ore confessi suerint, from all their sins, crimes, excesses, and offences, whereof they should bee contrite in heart and confessed with their mouthes; with many other graces, one whereof was, to enter into any nunnery, et cum monialibus conversari dumodo ibm non pernoctent. And to converfe with the Nunns there, fo that they stay not with them all night &c: And fome other of the graces were de comutatione votorum et relaxiacone juramentorum, of changing their vowes and release of oaths; And de plenaria remissione et absolucone peccatorum, semel in vita et in mortis articulo, of plenary remission and pardon of their fins once in life and in the instant of death; And de ingrediendo monafterio monialium, to have recourse to the Monasteries of Nunns as before: And divers others, All which they obtained from his holiness as they had petitioned: apon the power and efficacy of which Indulgence, past question this lord greatly relyed.

Liber ordinis garterij, manuscr

Whereas in the scruteny for Election of new knights of the honorable order of the garter, to supply any one deceased, each knight of that order nameth three 652 princes, three of the baronage, and three knights, whereout the king | as foveraigne of the order chooseth as best him pleaseth; This Maurice was in the fixth yeare of

At the foot of the Manuscript is the following note to this passage, in a different hand-writing:-"1723. I dont know how it might bee in those days, but now it is only for forms sake they are named but never any choose but whom the Sovereign appoints but is an easy mistake for so did this Prince of Wales when Ld Halifax carried him the Garter from Queen Anne and shewed him all the form of chusing he started and faid: 'How came I to have it, you have the most votes?' "-[ED.]

king Henry the eig[h]th named for one by Thomas Howard the Duke of Norfolk, and by Charles Brandon duke of Suffolk, by the Earle of Worcester, and by St Thomas Lovell, but miffed the election.

In the 8th year hee was againe in the scruteny named by the faid Duke of 8 H. 8. Suffolk, S. Thomas Lovell, and S. Henry Marney, after Lord Marney.

In the 10th year hee was againe in the feruteny named by Thomas Gray 10. H. 8. Marques Dorfet, S. Thomas Lovell, and the lord Poynings.

In the 14th year hee was againe in the scruteny named by the Earles of Devon 14. H. 8. and Worcester, and S. Thomas Lovell.

In the 15th year, (about five months before hee dyed,) this lord was againe in the feruteny named by the Duke of Suffolk, the Earles of Devon and Effex, S. Thomas Lovell, and S. Richard Wingfeild, but allwayes miffed the Election; All which five times hee was named a knight and not a baron.1

In the 7th of king Henry the 8th the king made him Leivtenant of the Castle of Calais, and Captaine over 50 men at Armes, whereof one was to bee Constable of the faid Castle; which was of great profit unto him in regard to the sees and allowances belonging to those offices: And what great services hee often did against the French whilst hee was lievtenant the marginal will informe his posterity.

Volunt: 15. H. 8. pred: Mauricij. Pat: 7. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

Marten. fol: 396.

And many tres remaine in Berkeley Castle directed to the right reverend and worshipfull St Maurice Berkeley knight and Leivtenant of the Castle of Calais: Amongst others, one from Thomas Norton master of Burton St Lazar, wherein after hee had acknowledged that their Mills neere Melton Mowbray were given to that monaftery by his noble progenitors fower hundred years agoe and more, hee tells him his officers at Melton are by his direction, as they fay, about to fet up Mills at Melton, to their great prejudice in their fuccom, which none of his progenitors lords Toll. nor ladies have ever attempted: And further, that our holy fathers, popes of Rome, have confirmed all fuch guifts, with many dangerous words and fentence to them that either hurt, harme, leffen, or minish any possessions of their said house; Trusting, that it is not his mind to bee any of thefe, whereon it feemes, that that project was Which tre also shewes, that at this time this lords wife was laid aside for a time. with him at Calais. | Many

1 In the same hand-writing as the last is this note in the margin :—" James Earl of Berkeley was the first of this family that was a Knight of the Garter 1617 [1717?] and Vice Admirall of England, first Ld of the Bedchamber to King George ye first, Commissioner of the Admiralty &c."-[ED.]

653

Many were the petitions of right which this lord Exhibited at severall times to king Henry the 8th, to have restitution according to right and the laws of England of the Castle and Manor of Berkeley, and of the manors of Hame, Appleridge, Alkington, Hinton, Came, Hurst, Wotton, Simondsall, Cowley and Simbridge, in the County of Glouc.; and of Weston besides baldock in the County of Hartford; and of Portbury in the County of Somerfet; And of Kington in the County of Warwick; (which were all that remained in the kings hands of the Marques Berkeleys entayles made to his father king Henry the feaventh;) And divers kinds of propositions at feverall times were made by him to the king, the better to sweeten his fuites and draw on expedition; wherein at last hee soe farre prevailed that hee had the kings hand to bee restored to them: In one whereof hee used these words, That this lord William his unkle conveyed those manors to his majies father without any money receiving, but onely from an high and pompous mind to bee exalted to the degree of a Marques, and to bee created Marques Berkeley. Howbeit death prevented this lords defires, caufing all that labor to bee loft, which was never after profecuted by any of his heires, till the hand of heaven returned these manors and lands to the lord Henry the first, upon the death of king Edward the fixth, As after followeth in his life.

Between Edward Stafford duke of Buckingham, (who by divers writers is noted to bee a man of an high spirit, and very ambitious, and a daily plotter of Treafon against king Henry the eighth, for which at last hee lost his head in the 13th of that kinge,) and this lord Maurice was much bitternefs, which continued till neare the Dukes death; fome ill relishes of whose imposthumed malice are not yet washed out of divers papers in Berkeley Castle; As the Dukes calling this lords wife, salse chorle and wiche; And him, false unnaturall Maurice: And that the least that is towards him, should fet right nought by him at his own doors where hee dwelleth; And that hee shall be faine to feed piggs, as hee did afore when hee dwelled at Portbury, the which is more meet for him then any other worship both for his reason and his person, or for any goodness or vertue that is in him, save salse covetousness and false defire of that hee hath noe right to. And on the other side, this lord Maurice caufed one of his fervants to tell the duke, that those words belonged to the duke and to his Earldome, and that hee fent them back againe to stop mustard pots with; And that hee loved him not, nor none of his, nor never would; Of which hatred between these two neighbors the country towns in those parts had soe open 654 notice, That the Duke coming in his | way towards London to lodge the first night at Tetbury, ten miles from his house at Thornbury, the Baily and burgesses, (hopeing

then at Yate neere Thornbury. (hopeing belike to pleafe thereby this lord Maurice their landlord,) kept him from their Town, not fuffering him to lodge in any of their Inns or houses: whereof this lord Maurice was forthwith advertized, then at Calais, by the tre of one of his preifts.

Lres in Berkelev castle.

And it is more then probable, that this lord had a finger in removing the Dukes head from his shoulders, within two years after these unsavoury vents.

In the 14th of king Henry the 8th this lord is celebrated in the Annalls of Marten: fol: 396. those times to bee one of those cheife and valerous Captaines, worthy of all praise, who under the Earle of Surrey, generall of the Army, did fo great fervice against the french king, in facking of his Towns and Castles, with the gaine of an incredible booty; And other martiall imploymts of this lord, aswell at home against Perkin Warbeke in the time of Henry the 7th, as against the Scots and ffrench in the time of Henry the 8th, each fecond year at least till hee dyed; Witnes his valour and Marten fol: 348. worth in Martiall affaires.

His creation of Baron.

This is the place promifed in the lives of the lord Robert the first and of the folio 39. lord James the first, and of the lord Maurice the fifth this lords father, to speake 502 further and more largely of the Barony of Berkeley, and of this lords new calling by writt to the estate, stile, and dignity of a Baron or peere of the Realme, And really to bee lord Berkeley; and of the place of precedence which the lords Berkeleys now have or ought to have in Parliament amongst their peeres, then in the lives of those three lords I have done: The nominal title of lord Berkeley as a fwell this lord Maurice himself, as his father before him, had frequently used in their stiles, in most of their own Deeds and Indentures; And soe also used many great persons, as the Duke of Norfolk and others in writing to them to call them; And fuch also was the usuall speech of servants in their families at home and abroad: **Dowbrit**, neither was this lord Maurice, nor the lord Maurice his father, re verâ and really, a peere of the realme, nor a Baron of Parliament, nor called to | any parliament fince the death of Willm Marques Berkeley in the 7th 655 year of king Henry the 7th till the end of this 14th year of king Henry the 8th. So that for those 31 yeares this barony of Berkeley, (as the phrase of comon law is,) was in Abeiance, suspense, or consideration of law; for it may not bee faid, That the Marques Berkeley by the grant of the Castle and manor of Berkeley, which is

1 Sir Maurice Berkeley is mentioned by Hall as one of those who followed the King to Taunton on this occasion. Chron. p. 485. [ED.]

but a matter in fact, did transferr his title of honor to king Henry the 7th and foe the king to bee lord Berkeley; Neither, in truth, in all the Marques his grants to that king is any fuch word as Barony, dignity, title, stile, or honor, found, but only words fitting for transferring the corporeall fubftance of the caftle of Berkeley and of the hundred and manors and fervices thereto belonging. And therefore in regard of fuch the kings poffession in the Castle and manor of Berkeley, the name, honor, stile, and dignity of L. Berkeley, was suspended in the Crown; And now upon this calling of the faid Maurice by writt, hee became puifne or youngest baron of all others, loofinge, by acceptance thereof, his Ancestors ancient place of precedency in parliament, as himfelf, upon receipt of his Writt, brought him to Calais by George Scheppard his kinfman, and fervant, judiciously conceived: Upon whose returne back into England, three of his dearest and most intimate wife friends, in their reply, thus wrote unto him.

To the lord Berkeley, liebtenant of the Castle of Calais.

Letter in ye castle of Berkeley.

In our right hearty manner, wee recomend us to your good Lishipp: So it is, wee perceive by your fervant George Scheppard, That yee would bee content to know our advice in taking of this honor, which the kings grace by his writt hath lately called you too; St, wee all will advise you to take the honor; and howbeit that as yet yee have not the roome in the parliament chamber that the lord Berkeleys have had of old time, yet wee will advise you to take this roome appointed to you at this time, and to make noe labor of the higher roome at this time, for caufes to longe to write: And yet divers lords your frends here would have had you labor for the lord Berkeleys roome, howbeit peradventure yee shall have more convenient time hereafter then now; And for your farther fpede in this matter, wee have caufed your name to bee enterid into the parliament roll, with your writt, and have defired the lord Mountgoie to appier there for you, and to give his voice for you in like manner as in time passide hath bene usied one lord to doe in 656 the abfence of another; So that you | stand now by matter of record in the full estate and degree of a Baron, wherein wee pray God to fend you good continuance, with as much honor as ever had Baron before you.

Anº: 15. H. 8.

At London the 6th of May 1523.

Your own affurede

John ffitz James. Richard Weyston. William Denys.

- I. Of whom S! John ffitz James was lord cheife baron of the Exchequer, and then one of his feoffees, trufted with his eftate, and the principall executor in his will.
- 2. Sir Richard Weyston, was of the kings privy Chamber, a discreet valiant Marten chron. and temperate man, as Marten and others call him.

fol: 391.

3. And William Denys had maryed his only fifter, Anne Berkeley, of the kings privy chamber alfoe; Who all knew That the king at this time had figned with his hand his petition of Right, for his restitution to the barony Castle and manor of Berkeley, and of the other manors formerly named, the true effentialls fol: [653] thereof; And therefore, (if noe other cause were,) their advice was good, that this lord should not bee too earnest at first for the shadowe but to stay a while for the fubftance, till a more convenient time should invest him in the actuall possession of his faid castle and lands, either by that kings restitution, or by the kings death without iffue male, then having none, nor likely by his wife to have any; and then the place of precedence would follow of course and by lawe.

net for all this would not this lord take this Stile and Calling upon him, unles withall hee had his Ancestors place in parliament, as another tre-written to him by his faid kinfman and fervant George Schipward the 13th of the faid May doth intimate; wherein he tells him, That the lord Cheife Baron and Master Denys have Lies in Berkeley knowledge that yee use not your name within your house according, wherein they think, that if you should foe doe ye doe not well: And also their advice is, that yee shall provide a fadd gentlewoman in the court, to wayte upon my lady, to attend upon her according: meaning according to her new honor of Baroneffe; Whereupon this lord at last accepted of the Honor conferred by the said writt, And contented himself with the kings pleasure of being the youngest Baron in place at that Parliament. And at this time, many tres congratulating this his new | honor, were 657 written to him, (as also many others were, upon buisines,) which from henceforth were directed, To the right honorable and my espetiall good lord, my lord Berkeley, Lieutenant of Calais; which words of right honorable, neither hee nor his father had received before. And amongst others, Thomas Burghull preist, in his tre from London dated the 5th of that May, writes, (inter alia) to him, That where the kings grace hath create you lord Berkeley, this is a good preparative for the hope that his grace will hereafter endue you with the very lordship of Berkeley, your inheritance, which I pray God I may fee.

And

And thus, (for ought I have perceived to the contrary.) flood the place of this lord Maurice in his precedency, but from the end of this 14th yeare of king Henry the 8th And foe also of Thomas his brother and heire, and of Thomas his son and heire, and foe also of Henry his posthumus fon and heire, till the 19th of his age, when by the death of king Edward the fixth without iffue male the Ancient dignity barony honor castle and manor of Berkeley reverted to the said lord Henry, both as right heire to the lord William Marques Berkeley, the conuzor in the fyne often before mentioned, And also by discent of the ancient dignity from the first creation of the lord Robert the first, in the first year of the raigne of king Henry the second, Anno Dom. 1154. which by the former acts or conveyances made to the heirs males of king Henry the feavenths body, could not bee extinguished; As that profound Coke: 11 rep: learned Judge S! Edward Coke hath in the case of the lord De la Ware, (formerly mentioned,) delivered: Deither could the acceptance of the dignity by this lord Maurice, or the continuance thereof by the two next lords, Thomas and Thomas, bee any barre hindrance or estoppell to the lord Henry, when through want of issue male of the body of king Henry the feaventh, hee entred upon his ancestors honour, and dignity in the first yeare of Queen Mary: whereto also hee is the better remitted by reason of his minority and his then wardship to the Crown, as in his life will more fully appear. Whereupon I conclude, That the lord George, grandchild and heir of the faid lord Henry, notwithstanding any thing to the contrary, hath and of right ought to have, place of precedence and anteriority from the faid first year of king Henry the fecond, Anno. 1154. and confequently before the lords De la Ware, or any other now in the state of a Baron in England, for ought I have found to the contrary: neither needs any paynes to bee taken to looke after restitutions in bloud,

fol : [727 et feq.]

And besides, this lord, howbeit hee had his proxey, as by the sormer Lie appeareth, yet never came perfonally to that parliament, but still kept at Calais, where hee dyed in September followinge, as after appeareth.

for none of his Ancestors have at any time been attainted.

Dis wife.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

This lord Maurice married Katharine the daughter of S. Willim Berkeley of Stoke Gifford, knight, in the fecond year of king Richard the third, then in the 17th year of his own age, and shee not much under, with the good liking of their parents, as hath been partly before touched; As also that shee brought in portion as her dowry Forty marks in hand, and feaven hundred marks more payable by five marks every quarter, for fecurity whereof the faid St Willim made a leafe of his manor of Kingston

Kingston Seamor in the County of Somerset, for 35 years, and also gave his obligation of one thousand marks; Howbeit, neither party fully performing their covenants, the same was afterwards by another indenture between this lords father and Richard Berkeley son and heire of the said S. Willm, dated the 17th November in the 17th of Henry the 7th, reconciled and performed without suite, each remitting to other their mutuall breaches.

Obli: dat: 28. Jan. 2. R. 3. in castro de Berkeley carta in castro de Berkeley.

The Joynture of this lady at the time of her marriage was agreed only to bee one hundred marks by the year, and noe more, in regard of her husbands apparant possibility to the Barony of Berkeley: his unkle viscount Berkeley and Earle of Nottingham then being without iffue, whereby the hope of each parents side, (all parties then standing upon brotherly terms,) seemed affured of possessing one day his faid unkles estate; whereof not only the Covenants of this lord Maurice of estating the said Katharine in one hundred markes Joynture out of his said brothers manors of Cam Slimbridge and others, which were to discend upon him after his said unkles death, but also the stile we this lord therein gave himself of being brother and heire of the said Earle of Nottingham, doe sufficiently declare.

cartæ: dat 28. Jan: 2. R. 3. in castro de Berkeley.

But when her husbands father and himself had raised their estates, her Joynture successively by them was increased also, insomuch as now upon her husbands death, shee had left unto her for her life in leiu of Joynture and dower as hath been said, the Manors of Melton Mowbray, Sileby, Coldoverton, Mountsorrell, and Segrave, in the County of Leicess; | The manors of Thurlaston and stlekenhoe in the County of Warrwick; The manors of Tetbury, Daglingworth, Sages, and Yate, in the County of Glouc.; And the one half of all her husbands personall estate whatsoever; which intimates to posterity, her vertue and their affections.

3. cartæ in castro de Berkeley. Volunt.dči Maurič in castro de Berkeley. Inq: p! mort Maur 16. H. 8. in div's Com 659 Origin in scacio. 16. H. 8. rot.

In the later two years of her husbands life, this lady Katharine being but lately returned from her husband, then at Calais, came twice from Yate to Berkeley, not 8 miles asunder, what time her brother in lawe S. Thomas Berkeley had the keeping of the Worthy Parke under king Henry the 8th; In the one of which Journeys of pleasure, shee was attended with 36 Horses, and in the other with forty of her own fervants.

Comp: hofpicij 14. et. 15. H. 8.

Pat: 6. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

And when shee and the said S! Thomas, (then lord,) a sewe months after her husbands death, parted into two parts such houshold surniture, (according to her husbands will,) as then was at Yate, the said Thomas brought from thence in the behalf

Cartæ dat 1 Dec. 15. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley. Carta indent. in castro de Berkl:

behalf of his fon and heire, as part of his half, a truffing bed and tefter of cloth of gold, divers peeces of Arras imbroidered with gold, divers cushions of gold, embroidered wth ramping lyons of silver, a shaving bason of silver weighing three-score ounces: Candlesticks with their prickets and snuffers of silver of thirty ounces, two great slagons of silver, two potts of silver parcell guilt, a silver chasing dish, two great falts of silver with covers double guilt two gobletts of silver with covers parcell guilt, a great goblett of silver double guilt with a hind upon the cover, and three slatt bowles with covers peell gilt, &c; leaving the like for her, as by the note indented between them appears; which argueth the furniture to bee the more honorable, and shee a lady of the more state, for that the West Indies had not at this time showred her barrs and Ingots of silver and gold upon Europe.

Acq: 26. Apr: 25. H. 8.

And this Thomas the fon not longe after received from the executors of his father, one chaine of gold with a croffe, containing—324. links and a hook of gold, a gown of ruffet velvet furred with Martens, one rich coat of tinfel, one plagard and forestocks of cloth of gold raysed, and a roll of parchment of his fathers pedegree, which I mention for the cause aforesaid.

It was not her good hap to have any iffue by this lord her hufband, but his hap to have a base son by another woman, whilst hee lived at Calais, whom hee called Humphry Berkeley, but by what woman I could never find, neither would this lord ever mention it, Which Humphry dyed in youth without iffue.

660 Comp: hospic: temp: H. 8. in castro de Berkeley. And further fuch was this lords discretion, that hee would never in his lifetime fuffer his base son to see England; And such this ladies wisdom and love to her husband, as shee never tooke exception to that dalliance, but lived with great respect and observance towards him; And noe lady more carefull in government over her husbands family, nor more for his profit, then this good lady to the last of her husbands dayes.

This Joynture thus lovingly from time to time increased by this lord her husband, this lady enjoyed not full three years after her husbands death, before by her death shee left it to the said lord Thomas her husbands brother and heire, and her soule to him that gave it, and her body to bee buried at Yate, shee then of the age of fifty feaven years, whereof marryed to her husband forty years and upwards, by whome for any thing I have observed, shee never conceived with child.

Dis

Dis Scales of Armes.

This lords usuall feale was the Armes of Berkeley and Brotherton in one brode eschucheon of two inches and an half diameter, borne cornerwise; The crest was the helmet with a half lyon on the top thereof; The supporters were, two lyons rampant, supporting the helmet, circumscribed sigillum Mauricij Berkeley militis.

And for his privy feale, this lord used a little Lyon rampant, the old paternall coate of the Mowbrayes: Behold the figures.



Dis death and place of buriall.

Monastery by Bristoll amongst the clusters of his honorable Ancestors, (where for that purpose hee had built a Chapple,) his three wills made in 3th 5th and 12th of Henry the 8th before | touched doe declare; But God disposed that hee should dye in Calais, beyond seas, and bee buryed in Trinity Chapple within the parish Church of St Nicholas there, with such devotions for the repose of his soule as formerly is declared out of the Codicill annexed to his last will made the day before hee dyed; And having perfect memory during a lingring sickness, it canot otherwise bee conceived but that his confessor, (who seemes by the popes grace formerly mentioned to have been purposely provided against that day of death,) then gave him a plenary remission of all his sins, espetially having that sair advantage of time, to bee Corde contritus et ore confessor, repentant in heart and his sins acknowledged with his own mouth; But I may not presumptuously looke into this secret cabinet; But doubtles this lord so much relyed upon the efficacy of this papal grace, That the

Volunt. 3. 5. 12. 15. H. 8 in cur: prerog: et in castro de Berkeley. 661

fol: [648]

fol: [649]

prints of his Almsdeeds and other works of piety are found to be fewer then of most of his Ancestors.

The lord Sands, (stiled in his will his entirely beloved freind,) was present at his death, to whom hee bequeathed ffive hundred marks to purchase lands to the use of the said Humphry Berkeley his bastard son and his heires, to whose rule and custody hee comitted him: And this is the first and last base child in all the generations of this ancient family of the Berkeleys, or of their branches, which I have observed in the space of five hundred and sifty years; whose posterity ended in himself; Bastard slipps seldome take deepe rootes.

Inq: in com.
Hunting: Warr:
Leic! Glouc!
Suffex: 16. H. 8.
in Canc:

This lord dyed the 12th of September, the feast day of the exaltation of the holy crosse, Anno. 1523. in the fifteenth year of king Henry the 8th the Autumnall equinoctiall day; A day wherein all creatures of the Earth beheld the sun, and hee the suns creator; then of the age of fifty five years or neare thereabouts, whereof hee had been lord in stile and reputation from the death of his father almost seaventeen years; but re vera, really, since his calling to the state of Baron by the writt of Henry the 8th, not halfe one yeare; Then whom amongst his generations none more wise and prudent, a soldier, Courtier, and great house keeper; neither any man more loving to his brothers and sisters and their children, which in life and death hee cherished and provided for, as a naturall father.

Inq: in Com. Hunt: 16. H. 8. 662 And for his fervants, besides the Anuities before mentioned and many other by mee omitted, and besides those that time hath hidden from my finding, let this Instance of bounty to Thomas Try his follicitor, in his perticuler, speake for many; who out of ffenystanton in the County of Huntington | had an Anuity of Twenty marks p ann for his life.

Inq: prdict:

Also a lease of certaine pasture grounds called Sart feild and the hermitage, in Auconbury in the same county, for 31 years at nyne pounds rent, worth at this day—200^{ll} p Anñ.

Inq: in com Warr: 16. H. 8. Also a lease of the manor of Aspele in Warrwickshire for one and forty years, at Ten pound rent, of a great value.

Volunt: 15. H. 8.

Also a leafe of the manor of Callowdon in the Countyes of the City of Coventry and Warrwick for his life, at 33li. 8s. 4d rent, worth—360li at this day.

Also

Miso other anuities out of other manors, of ten pound; and—6^{li} 13^s 4^d for being his generall Sup!vifor and governour of all his lands in England and Calais, And steward of many of his manors. And some others.

4. cartæ in castro de Berkeley et comp. Rec: 22. H. 7. ibm. et at.

MII which, like a provident man, (not knowing whether a new king after this lords death might arise that knew not Joseph,) hee fortified by finding them in the offices after the death of this lord Maurice, which himself follicited: And surely hee was a wife diligent and trusty servant, neare forty years, to sower discents in this family; whose reciprocall bounties raysed his estate and reputation to bee of principall authority and in Commission of the peace in the Countie of the Citie of Coventry, and a steward of great power in that Corporation; And a wise Commissioner in many imployments for neere ten years before his death, which happened in the 36th yeare of king Henry the 8th Of whose excellent Counsells given by a pen of spirit to this lords brother and heire, I shall after write in his life: And shall also after that in the days of his grandchild, againe bring him to the Test, whether hee continued of perfect mettall and faithfull to his end to this samily or not; till when I adjourne his surther tryall, truth being the soule of this my history:

Acts. 7. v: 18. Exodus: 1. v. 8.

The lands whereof hee dued seized.

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Were it not that I will conftantly purfue my former method unto the end of these relations, I would have here omitted this title, having formerly mentioned almost all this lords lands perticularly out of his Will and other conveyances, before mentioned; But take them as in a table here together.

The manor of Tetbury,
The manor of Sages,
The manor of Daglingworth,
Twenty-two marks rent in fframpton,
Divers meffuages and lands in Thornbury,
The 4th part of the manor of Brokenburrow
with the Advowfon of the Chantry there,
Divers lands in Tockington, Hempton, Almondfbury, and Winterbourne,
The manor of Bitton and Hannam, purchafed by him of Robert Dormer,
The manor of Mangottesfield purchafed
by him of Rob! Dormer,

In the County of Glouc!

The

The manor of Aylmington, purchased by In the County of Glouc!

The manor of Upton S! Leonards in the County of the City of Glouc!

The manor of Hovingham in the County of Yorke.

The manor of Bretby,
The manor of Linton,
The manor of Coton,
The manor of Repington,
The manor of Roftlafton,

In the County of Derby.

The manor of Melton Mowbray,
The manor of Coldoverton,
The manor Segrave,
The manor of Witherly,
The manor of Sileby,
The manor of Mountforrell,
The manor of Dalby Chawcomb,
The hundred of Gostcote,
The advowsons of Coldovton, Segrave,
Howly Kegworth, and Sutton Bonnyngton,

In the County of Leicester.

The Advowfons of the Abbathies of Croxton, Combe, and Burton Lazers,

In the County of Leicester.

The manor of Thurlaston, The manor of fflekenhoe, The manor of Afpele,

In the County of Warrwicke.

The manor of Callowdon, in the Counties of the Citie of Coventry and Warrwicke.

The manor of Auconbury,
The manor of Weston,
The manor of ffenystanton,
The manor of Hilton,
The manor of Guiherne and Murrowe,

In the County of Huntington.

The

The manor of Maningford Bruse in the county of Wilts.

The manor of Hinton, The manor of Kenet and Kentford, In the counties of Cambridge and Norfolke.

. The manors of Bosham and Buckfold, The manor of Thorney, The manor of ffuntington, The manor and Parke of Bewbush,

In the County of Suffex.

ffifteen houses and tofts and 4 gardens in Calais.

A Meffuage in Berkeley.

ffower pounds rent out of Bromly in Surrey.

301 which, (then of the value of—1207! 7: 6d in old rent.) difcended upon the lord Thomas his brother and heire, then ffifty years old and upwards, as by feverall Inquificons the next year after his death returned into the Chancery appeareth; wherein most of the Recoveries, Fynes, feoffments, and other affurances formerly mentioned, are found.

ffor which the faid lord Thomas fued his special Livery the same Yeare, notwithstanding the not finding of any Office, or not probate of his age.

The refidue, not found in this lift but mentioned in the life of his father to have difcended upon him, as Winge, Bedford, &c. were either estated upon this lords brothers, or by him fold or exchanged, as hath before in part appeared.

Comp : Rec : 13. 14. H. 8. in castr de Berk: Pasch: fines. 18. H. 8. rot. 5. in ſc²ĉio. pa: 17. H. 8. cum rem regis in scacio. Hill: 16. H. 8. rot, 29. in scačio cum rem thefau?. Pat. 10. ffebr: 16. H. 8. ps. 1, in Canc. Trin. rec. in scacio 23. H. 8. rot. 19. Claus: 7. H. 8. in cancell.

The application and use of his Life.

I. The imitable practice of this lord invites his posterity not to deferre the fetting of their estates till old age or sicknes; And also to leave behind them a testimony of care and conscience, That neither kinsmen nor servis, rewarded for their well deservings, be molested; And to consider, as this lord did, That a new king Exod: 1. v. 8. may arife that knew not Joseph. And also to provide, as this prudent lord did, That his tenants bee not difquieted in those estates which they have bought and paid for, least the cry of violence or oppression, (however dawbed with the colour,

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Acts: 7. v. 18.

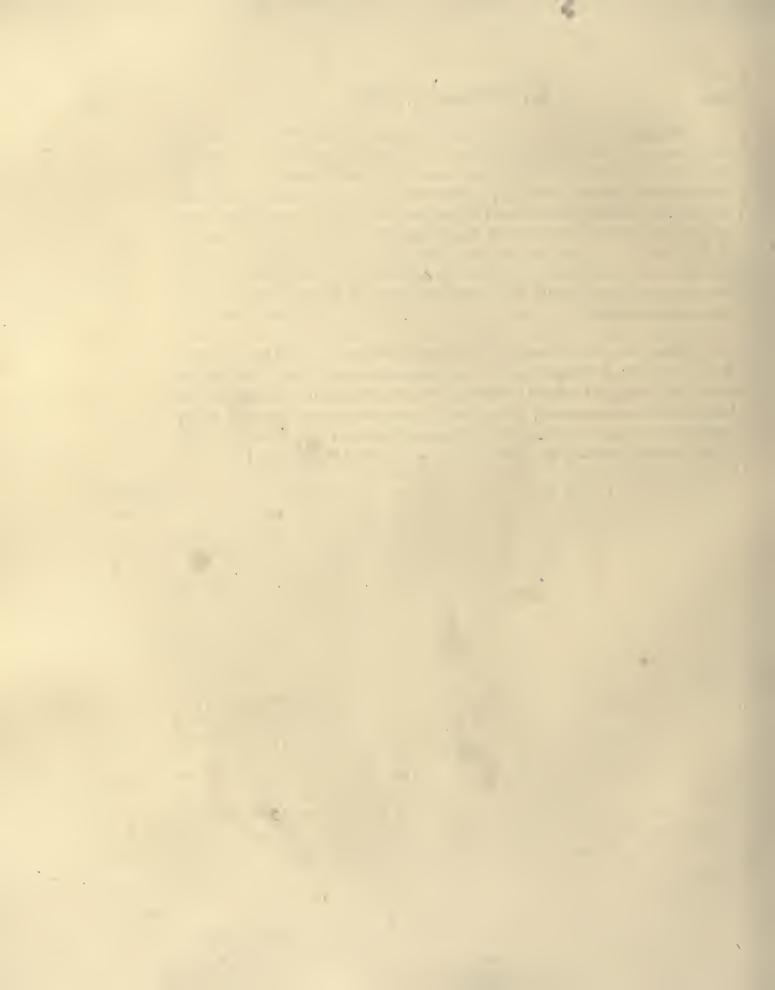
of the lawes,) drawe from heaven the displeasure of that God, that will reward each one according to their most fecret workings and intentions.

- 2. Againe, this lord, to all elder brothers in the generations of this family that have noe children of their own bodies, becomes a president, That brothers and collaterall kindred should bee to them instead of children, and as dearly cherished; wherein this noble lord equalled the best in his generations.
- 3. Againe, it was not foe truly faid of Ulisses, That having been ten years abfent the fmoke of his own country Ithaca was fweeter to him then the fire of any other, As it may of this lord Maurice; ffor, though all his fairest possessions did lye in other Counties, where also hee had better feats and sweeter aire; Yet, out of an inbred affection and memory of the place where his father, and all his forefathers were born, bred, flourished, and buryed, hee allways aimed his endevors to become a Gloucestershire man, and to bee a stranger in all other counties; As his purchases of Yate, Bitton, Mangottsfeild, Elmyngton, and other lands do manifest; And his father and himfelf having now been thrice ten yeares out of the poffession of Berkeley, hee never ceafed to follicite the king for a restitution, at what rate fo ever, As being out of the proper fpheare where his ancient honor dwelled; but dying in the pursuite thereof, though thrice ten yeares more expired before that Castle with her members reverted, as in the life of the lord Henry will bee delivered, Yet his posterity still held themselves till that time fast unto their County, where they lived with ample honor and command, as by the lives that follow will appeare. And it will bee manifest to him that duely considers of these relations, that the lives of such of this family as have estranged themselves from this County have lesse prospered 666 in their estates; And how the same may bee ve | rified hereafter, let the life of the lord George and his posterity become further wittnesses. App application hereupon is, That fith few or none can in these days bee of remarkable honor and estimation in many counties at once, or where noe former memoriall or footsteps have been of their forefathers, That this Berkeleian family should ever professe themselves natives of this County, as the proper Orbe of their ancientest possessions, and wherein the greater half of the gentry are their kinfmen and allies; But espetially not to spend their days in London, or in the Court, which none of their forefathers have done fave the Marques Berkeley who thereby wasted all; And to make a lord Berkeley any other then a Gloucestershire man is to turne him from his ancient honor estimation and Inheritance: If any others otherwife conceive, I hold them Ignorant of the ways and antiquity of this ancient family. Liberavi animam meam.

4. Againe,

- 4. Againe, the awe and reverence borne towards this lord, especially with the Clergy, hath in nothing more clearly shined, then that sewe or none of the Abbots Pryors or other heads of those religious monasteries whereof hee was sounder by discent from his ancestors, made any leases to their farmors or tenants but that hee was made acquainted therewith and a party to the same, and therein mentioned, That such leases were made by his assent, being their patron; whereof I have in the first ten years of king henry the 8th seen many. A speciall observation of his greatnes and of the respect hee carryed with these monasticall governors; By whom hee was allwaies received into their houses by processions censing and other rights belonging to a founder.
- 5. And Lastly, noe observation can bee more honest and usefull to this family then the president of this prudent lords care and course taken for the true payment of his debts owing at his death; Wherein to the honor and due memoriall of him And of this family in twenty generations, I have not observed, (heaven is my witnes,) that any man or woman have justly complained and gone away unsatisfied, or had cause to say of any of them, Thy dust is my debtor for a penny.

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The life of Thomas Lord Berkeley the fifth of that name, stiled in Writings after his brothers death, Sir Thomas Berkeley knight lord Berkeley, And Thomas Berkeley knight lord Berkeley Mowbray and Segrave.

Into was proavus, or as our Ancestors the Saxons called, fortha-fader; And wee at this day great-great-grandfather, or the grandfathers grandfather to George now lord Berkeley.

And may bee called Thomas the Sheepmaster.

Contemporary with Henry the 8th from 1523. till 1532.

The Life of this lord, I deliver under these eleaven titles, vizt.

- 1.—Dis birth and manner of education, fol:
 2.—Dis imployment in warre and peace. fol:
- 3.—Dis Almes and devotions; fol:
- 4.—Dis fale of lands, fol:
- 5.—Dis Husbandries, fol:
- 6.—Dig wives, fol: 676.
- 7.— his issue, fol: 677.
- 8.—Dis feales of Armes, fol: 686.
- 9.—Dis death and place of buriall, fol: 687.
- 10.—Dis lands whereof hee dyed feized, fol: 691-
- 11.—The application and use of his life, fol: 692.

His Birth and Education.

birth to bee about the 12th year of king Edward the fourth, Anno. 1472. what time and for many years after, his father lived | at Thornbury, where during his pupillage this lords education was, in that populous market town: And as affaires then stood with his parents, his instruction and practice more bowed towards

Inq. 16. H. 8. indiv's: Com. poftmort: Maur. de Berkley.

towards a country life, befitting a younger brothers younger fon, then for the Court or greatnes, as the fequel of his life declared: And to render this lord that honorable mention which hee deferves, Hee, for the most part of his elder brothers life, both before hee went to dwell at Hovingham in York shire and after his thence returne to the keeping of Berkeley Castle, was a perfect Cotswold sheppard, living a kind of graziers life, having his flocks of Sheep fommering in one place and wintering in other places, as hee observed the feilds and pastures to bee sound, and could bargaine best cheape. **And** the better to bee his own Auditor, hee kept a book of his own hand writing, of all his receipts and payments gaines and loffes touching those flocks: during which time hee fold his wooll usually for . 125 8d the todd: And this kind of husbandry in these his daies of a younger brother became to him foe habituate, That when hee was a baron and a great hous keeper at Yate after the death of his fifter in lawe his elder brothers wife, hee observed the like order of Accompts keeping with his own hand for all his receipts, houshold Expences, and buildings: knowing what happines that housholder brings to himself and family, that with the morning faith to himselfe, as the page was appointed to fay to the king of Persia, Arise Sir, and take order for your affaires:

Liber in castro de Berkeley. Comp. 11. 12. H. 8. in castr de Berkley.

Comp: 18. 19. 29. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

And as a further fruite of this lords prudence and frugallity, hee upon the death of his elder brother, fojourned with his wife children and family with his brother in lawe Jn? Arnold at Hynam by Glouc., the fooner to recover his estate, furnish his houses, and get before hand; at what time a great part of his land was in Joynture to his brothers widowe, and in seosses hands for payment of his brothers debts and performance of his Will: A considerable president for posterity, which his son and grandchild immitated, as in their lives appeares.

In the twentieth year of king Henry the feaventh, then in the 31th year of his age, hee married Alienor the widow of John Ingleby Efq, what time and shortly after, his father and elder brother conveyed to him the mants of Hovingham in Yorkshire, Sages, and Upton St Leonards, and their lands in Thornbury, and in some other places in Gloucestershire, and the manor of Hinton in Cambridgeshire.

cartæ in castro de Berkeley.

But the next year after his fathers death, hee for eight hundred marks fold away the manor of Hinton to Robert ffewrother a Goldsmith of London and covenants it to bee—32^{li} p!anñ old rent: A statil fortune that hath befallen this noble family for the fix last generations to enter upon their inheritance with a sale of part thereof, as after more fully will appear.

About

About a year after that hee and his wife were fetled in Hovingham, (fhee then either great with child or newly delivered of her fon Thomas) they went in a kind of Pilgrimage to vifit divers religious houses; And amongst others those at Yorke, where in recompence of their great bounty bestowed on the Covent of the stryars mynors, fryar William the guardian thereof bestowed on them celestiall prayers and blessings, and by his deed granted unto them perpetuall participation of all their masses, prayers, sastings, asperities, watchings, preachings, and of all other good things there done under his government, aswell in life as after their deaths; Adding also of his speciall grace, (the words of the Deed,) That when notice of their deaths shall be given to their Chapiter, the same recomendations shall be made to God for them that is done for their own brethren newly departed the world.

Carta: 1508. 23. H. 7. in castro de Berkel: Comp. hospic: in cast: de Berkeley.

In the 18th of king Henry the 8th the warden of the fryars Mynors in Glouc. and his covent, did by their deed covenant with the lord Thomas and in their consciences bind themselves thenceforth, to say during the life of the said lord, for the soules of his sather and mother, and for the soule of his brother Maurice late lord, and of Katharine late wife of the said brother, and for the soules of himselse and of Alienor and Cicely his wives, and for all christian soules, these divine services; viz! Every munday placebo and derige with nine lessons, And every teusday one masse of requiem, And every thursday placebo and derige with nine lessons, And every fryday a masse of the sive wounds, with the collect deus qui justificas impium; for which this lord doth covenant to pay to them sower pounds by the yeare, The one half for the warden, and the other halfe for the pitances of the Covent to amend their sare.

Carta: 22. Marcij 18. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

On the back of which deed one with a hand of fomewhat a later time hath written these words; If the Clergy could fell and make perfect fale of the remission of sins with assurance of the life to come, for money, they should shortly have more counce then the king; And 41 was too little for all these prayers; but casuall ware is fold good cheap; God pardon us all, Thus the dorse of the deed.

In the first year of the raigne of King Henry ye 8th, this lord had from the king a generall pardon, not procured to purge himself from offences comitted against the lawes, but out of providence taken up at the kings Coronation.

pat. dat. 1. ffeb. 1. H. 8. in castro de-Berkeley.

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Dec was a Captaine over a bond of men, and a special comander at the great battle called fflodden feild, where was present 100,000 Scots, soughten the nynth of September

Annales Anglie indiv's fcriptis Marten fol. 361. 362.

September Anno. 1513. in the 5th of Henry the 8th if histories may bee beleived; whereat James the fourth king of Scots was slayne; whilst his brother in law the king of England, (with whom at the same time this Thomas his Elder brother the lord Maurice was in person, at the taking of Tyrwin and Tourney, and at the battle there sought with the strench;) And for his good service here at this battle of strench of Thomas received the honor of knighthood in the seild, by the hands of Thomas Howard Earle of Surrey his Cozen germane in the second remove, shortly after created duke of Norsolk.

Pat: 15 Maij. 6. H. 8. in castr de Berk:

Comp: Manerij de Alkington. 9. et. 10 H. 8. in castro de Berkeley. Hing Henry the 8th in the fixth of his raigne gave this lord Thomas the Constableship and Portership of Berkeley Castle, and the keeping of the said Castle park called the Worthy, and of the palership thereof; And the keeping of the red and sallow deer in Chifelhunger and Redwood, and the sishings of Smethmore and of the gale in Seaverne, as amply as James Berkeley his brother now lately dead had held the same, with the yearly sfee of three pound duringe his life.

Carta, fub privato figillo. 10. febr. 13: H. 8. in castro de Berkeley. And in the 13th of his raigne the king caufed this lord Thomas to inlarge the faid castle park called the Worthy by taking into it the grounds called Hamstalls and Coltenleys ats Culverheys, the Twichen (where the scite of the old manor house of Alkington stood,) and Manmead, with a peece of the Oakleys called the Ragge; And to repaire the pales of the residue, for that complaint by petition (saith the king) had been made to him of the great damage his deere did in the corne and graffe of his tenants; for this samily is to conceive That till this time that parke was not greater then the ground called the Worthy extending to Hurdpoole, scarce three-score acres: And sorthwith after upon a second petition removed all those red deere which were in Redwood Cheselhunger and Branwood into that park, and into his park of Estwood which hee had the year before by the attainder of the Duke of Buckingham.

pat: 14. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

8. in the 14th of king Henry the 8th this Thomas was high Sherife of the County of Glouc.; and kept his house at Mangotsseild which not longe before hee had much repaired, and where his standing family for most part had continued since his returne from Hovingham in Yorkshire; And now dies the lord Maurice his elder brother at Calais, before this Thomas was (as I conceive) discharged of his Shreevewick of Gloucester.

Privat. Sigill: 16. H. 8. in castr: de Berkeley. Francis the 8th in the 16th of his raigne having proclaimed open warrs against Francis the ffrench king, whom hee called infestiffimum inimicum suum, his most deadly

deadly enemy, and wanting money to make good the warre, fendeth to this lord Thomas a Comission and withall private instructions how to handle his subjects in this County of Glouc., and to work them to the kings ends: which being matter of State, and not within the lifts of this history, I leave, with this, That this lord laboured more then this his country then thanked him for.

In the 17th of king Henry the eighth, It was articled between Thomas Duke of Norfolke (whose father dyed the year before) on the one part, and this lord Thomas on the other part, That Thomas this lords fon and heire, or if hee dyed before his age of nineteen years, then Maurice his brother before his age of fifteen years, should marry Katharine daughter of the faid duke, whose marriage portion should bee one thousand pounds, whereof 200! at the fealing, and 200! each year after at Martlemas, till the thousand pound was pd; And if by death or otherwise the mariage held not, then this lord Thomas to repay what hee had received by fifty pounds a yeare; And that this lord Thomas should make the said Katharine a Joynture of five hundred marks, And allow fifty pounds a year for their maintenance, And this lord to leave his faid fon one thousand pound a year land after his death; ffor performance whereof this lord Thomas gave a Recognizance of one thousand pounds; Howbeit this marriage held not, as after doth appeare.

carta in papiro in castro de Berkeley.

fol: [702.]

It may bee written of this lord Thomas, that hee did not more really inherit his elder brothers honor and lands then his affection and defire of being a meer Gloucestershire man, and of being imbowelled into the soile of that County; accounted by them the proper and genuine Climate of their Ancestors, And in which meridian the fun had happily shined by a sweet influence upon sixteen of their generations: And according to this his affection, having many fair possessions in other Counties, which hee accounted as forreigne, hee entertained fundry communications with divers gentlemen of other shires having lands in this County of Glouc., of exchanging fuch his lands with them as lay in the counties where they dwelt, and more commodiously for them; And therein amongst others proceeded foe farre with one S. Richard Sacheve | rell, that this lord and hee, (then being togeather in London,) 674 articled under their hands and feales of Armes for an exchange of all this lords manors and lands in the Counties of Leicester and Warr. where S. Richard dwelt, in lieu of S. Richards lands in the County of Glouc.; But by whose only means the fame brake of, let the tres of Thomas Try often before mentioned then dwelling at Callowdon, (very aversé thereunto,) written to this lord then at Yate and Mangotsfeild in the County of Glouc., in the faid 17th year of king Henry the 8th, tell this

Div's Lres bundled togeather in Berkeley Castle.

10 Augusti. bragged.

family in M! Trys own words; viz', That S! Richard had faid to him with great and high flanderous words and crackes, That hee would have this lords lands in those counties whether hee would or not: Telling this lord further by his Lies; That S! Richard upon St Lawrence day fent a great company to keepe the faire at Melton Mowbray, jesting there, that hee had caught his Lordstip within such a compass, that he could not flart from him, and foe had enflamed in all the Country; And that S! Richard had discharged all his Listips officers in those manors, Which (saith Mr Try) greiveth mee full fore That Sr Richard should soe craftily delude you from fixteen lordships and seignories, warranted to your Lops Ancestors by the kings noble progenitors under the great feale, with many other comodities: 21s unto the lordship of Segrave dependeth eight Advowsons, which are great, 401, fifty marks, 40 marks, 201, &c, befides your goodly foundations, that I know noe man (faith M. Try) thereabouts have none fuch, if you regard them well, as at my coming to you I shall make declaration: And as touching your knighten fees, yee have . 300 . longing to yo! honor, besides your other Lordships: And as for two of your said knighten sees, I trust to get you an hundred marks and better towards your charges, as I shall shew to your Lop at my coming which shall bee shortly.

knights fees.

deceiveableness. annulling.

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This tre is indeed a very hafty scribled fre and blotted.

Mr. Try having by this and other like tres gained upon this lord as to paufe upon this exchange, and to promife that hee would fend his Counfell to him to Callowdon to confider fully of this buifinefs, Hee by his other Lres, (returned by the fame meffenger as themselves do shew,) declareth his marvelous comfort therein, faying That then it shall appear before his Counsell the great deceit fallaxity and crafty waies cast and invironed to destroy and holy to an nyntysfement of your honor for ever, if God that is infinite, cui nihil incognitum est, had not lede the penne, for there was never man of honorable bloud foe near taken and trapped by perverse finister and false meanes as your good lords? had beene, not only to your endles reproche, but also to the desolation hin | drance and decay of your noble fuccesse after your departure, loosing two such baronies as Segrave and Mowbray is, whereby ye are lord Segrave and lord Mowbray, And thereby your stile of honor should bee lost from you and your honorable iffue for ever; Therefore (faith M: Try) infomuch as they falfly mindeth to deceive and dishonor your, noble bloud, force your felf with the help of Jhefu to retraite and annull their mischevous and froward purpose; And God will increase your honor and give you strength, and so shall daily bee my prayer for the increase of your honor, longe in good life to endure, written this 17th of this month of August, with the blotting hand of your humble fervant. Thomas Try.

Dereupon

Descripon this lords Counfell came to Callowdon, where this honest and wife gentleman foe made good his informations, That the next Term this lord himfelf went to London taking with him these tres, as the words of this lords own handwriting on the back of one of them implies, whom M! Try, (though then not recovered of a broken leg,) there mett; where followed a finall breach of this intended exchange, much furthered also by the duke of Norfolk, to whom M: Try had free acceffe on all occations, as other tres of his do declare; And afterwards other exchanges intended likewife by this lord Thomas with other gentlemen fell of alfo.

And it is apparent That the Counfell here mentioned to bee fent by this lord Comp:receptor:et were the Steward of his lands, the Auditor of his revenue, the receivor of his rents, and Sollicitor of his law causes, whom this lords fon most comonly accompanied; and these once in the yeare visited all his man", and lands, And then not only held his courts and granted estates to his tenants in each manor where they came, but also took the accompts of the Bayliffes and Reeves, causing them there to pay in the moneys in their hands to the receivour; And from Callowdon at this time they went to Bretby and other manors of this lords.

hospicij in castro de Berkeley.

In the 31th of king Henry the 8th was a fuite in Chancery between Thomas Woodward and other inhabitants of Slimbridge plt And Edward Trotman and others defts, touching the feverall comonings of their sheep upon Slimbridge Warth, wherein from the depositions of divers witnesses therein examined appears the husbandly courses of this lord, who in the 20th of H. 8th, then dwelling at Mangotesfeild, built a sheep house on a pcell of ground by the Warth, And having hired common of Rich! Hannis one of the coheirs of Rivers, kept there a flock of sheep, which hee afterwards withdrew, faith those depositions, upon remonstrance to him made by the inhabitants of Slim | bridge, (for at this time hee was not lord of that 676 manor,) That noe person by the custom of the said Warth might have sheep going there unles hee personally dwelled in Slimbridge or fframpton parishes; which howfoever it went for currant in that fuite, yet I am fure for forty years past the contrary hath been used, and still is. But this fuite, (whereto this lord was noe party,) sets out his husbandly course of life, which is the end I Vouch it for.

Carta exempl: in castro de Berkeley...

Dis wives.

This lord Thomas in the twentyeth of king Henry the 7th not two years before his fathers death, maryed Alienor the daughter of S! Marmaduke Conestable of . Yorkeshire.

carta in castro de: Berkeley.

Carto. 14. Maij. a⁹ [1505] in castro de Berkeley. Yorkeshire, knight, then the widow of John Ingleby Esq^t, son and heir of S! William Ingleby knight, by whome shee had issue a son called Withm Ingleby; whose wardship of body and lands, this Thomas and Alienor the 14th of May in the third year of the Bishops translation, bought of the Bishop of Durham, of whom the same were holden by knights service: Of which William is an honorable posterity with opulent possessions, flourishing at this day.

Carta 5. H. 7. in castr de Berley.

The Joynture which this Alienor had for her life from her first husband, was the manor of Spridlington in Lincolnshire, and divers messuages and lands in Rowclisse, Skelton, and Estharleisey, in Yorkshire, affured to her upon her first marriage in the 5th of Henry the seaventh; whereby I conceive shee was somewhat elder than this lord her second husband: And for her second Joynture upon this her second marriage with the lord Thomas, had assured to her the manor of Hovingham in Yorkshire, (where shee and this lord her second husband lived the most part of the first twelve yeares after their Marriage,) And the manors of Sages and Upton St Leonards in Gloucestershire, with some other lands.

Rec: mich: terme: 24. H. 7. rot. 327. rot. claus: in canc: 20. H- 7. m.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

And the better to enable this younger brother for fuch a wife, his father and elder brother conveyed to him and the heires males of his body the faid manors of Hovingham, Sages, and Upton St Leonards, and all their lands in Thornbury; And the manor of Hinton in Cambridge Shire; Some of which by new agreements were after reconveyed to the faid Maurice his elder brother.

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This Alienor was a mild and vertuous lady, taking great care for the education and marriage of those two sons and two daughters of whom this second marriage had made her ye mother, as by divers tres and muniments in Berkeley Castle may bee collected; **Dowbrit** before shee could see those works performed, shee left her blessing to them, and her soule to God, in the 17th yeare of king Henry the 8th, having been baroness near two years; And lyeth buried in the monastery of St Augustines by Bristoll, to whose side her husbands body was after brought, as solloweth.

fol:[690]

Volunt: 24. H. 8. 3. carta in castro de Berkeley.

Mich:rec:38.H.8. rot. 25. cum rem: thes: Che fecond wife of this lord was Cicely the widow of Richard Rowdon of Gloucester, Esq. and daughter and coheir of whom hee married in the 18th of Henry the 8th; And whom againe after six years hee lest a widdow, with her own estate shee brought, And the manors of sfenystanton, Hilton, Auconbury, Weston, Guiherne, Charters and Murrow, Bitton, and Upton St. Leonards,

1 William Sever, who was translated from Carlisle in 1502. [ED.]

Leonards, in recompense of her Joynture and dower by him; which within fower months after her husbands death, shee assigned to his fon and heire for the yearly rent of 142¹¹ o6. 8d which was paid her till the last of Queen Mary, when shee dyed at Bristoll, where shee lyeth buryed; And for her continual abode there was called my lady Cicely of Bristoll.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Divers: compi ministr in castro de Berkel:

My which later marriage of this lord hee hemmed in ffrances one of the two daughters and coheirs of the faid Richard Rowdon to bee wife to Maurice Berkeley his fecond fon, as followeth; (the other called Katharine being after married to Willm Read,) which alliance was partly the cause why this lady Cicely took part with the said Maurice in the unkind suites we his elder brother the lord Thomas, and after him the lady Anne his widowe, pressed against him, as after is related.

And it is truly faid, That these two ladies Alienor and Cicely were the last wives to the lords of this family that have not had private ends for their own advantages upon their husbands affaires, and too often prevailed over them, As in the lives that follow to the end of this history will appeare: And like to hold for one generation further.

Dis issue.

This lord Thomas, by the lady Alienor his first wise, had two sons Thomas and Maurice, and two daughters Miriell and Jone, Of whom in order.

1. Thomas the eldest was lord after his father, whose life followeth by the 678 name of Thomas the fixth.

Maurice, the fecond fon, had by the conveyance and will of his father fetled upon him for his life, the manors of Dalby-Chawcombe, Mountforrell, Mangotsfeild, and other lands; And the manor of Aylmington, to him and the heires males of his body: wherewith hee had fmall quiet, through the fuites that arose about them between his elder brother and his widowe the lady Anne, as in their lives appeares.

This Maurice married ffrances daughter and coheire of Richard Rowdon, brother and heir of Walter, fons of John Rowdon, after remarried to Richard Danvers, by whom also shee had iffue remembred in the last will of Thomas lord Berkeley her father in lawe with a chaine of gold and other legacyes,) by which ffrances this Maurice had two sons, and sower daughters, viz!

Shee dyed. 4. Eliz: Ing: 5. H. 8. post mort Rowdon. Volunt: Thomæde Berkeley. 11. Jan: 24. H. 8.

Edward

heire of Brice Berkeley of Bradley, and died without iffue, and is buryed in the Chapple of Berkeley Church with this infcription, perc lyeth the Body of Edward Anno 10. Eliz: Berkeley Efq., who deceased the, 23th of March: Anno Dom: 1576.

Maurice younger brother of the faid Edward dyed also without issue.

Matthewe.

ffrances their elder fifter was married to George Matthew, who had iffue Thomas Mathewe, who by Judith his wife daugh! of Henry Towenfend of Oldbury hath left iffue, Richard Mathewe that now is, Anno. 1628. And lyeth buryed in Portbury Church, with this mistaken inscription upon his tombe, Here lieth the body of Thomas Mathewe, gent: and cozen germane to the Lord Berkeley, who departed this life the 14th day of Decem! 1615. For hee was in the third discent, And George now lord Berkeley (in whose time hee dyed) in the fourth discent from this lord Thomas, their common Auncestor.

Morris.

Clifford.

Alienor, their fecond fifter was maryed to John Morris, who had iffue Mary fince dead without iffue: As also is another fifter of the faid Alienor, married to James Clifford of fframpton, who lived not longe togeather, before death took her away without iffue.

Anne the fourth fifter was marryed to Leonard Westley, who had iffue ffrancis

Westley.

Rowdon.

Westley borne after the death of his father, now of Cromhall in the hundred of Berkeley; who by Anne his wife daughter of William Trotman of Wotton hath iffue Henry, now attendant upon George lord Berkeley; And after, the faid Anne was remarried to Anthoney Rowdon of Bromyard in the county of Hereford; by whom shee had iffue Richard, ffrancis, Isaacke, and Dorothy Rowdon - Which faid Richard Rowdon, hath iffue Edward, ffrancis, John, and Awdry; And the faid ffrancis brother of the said Richard, hath iffue Thomas, ffrancis, and John. The said Isaack is lately dead without iffue; And the said Dorothy their sister is lately Married to M. Blunt of Wye in the County of Hereford; And this Maurice second son of this lord Thomas lyeth buryed in Temple Church by Bristoll, in a saire tomb, with his portraiture and Eschucheon of Armes thereupon; as I am informed.

Throgm'ton of Caughton

3. Miriell eldest daughter of this lord Thomas, was in the 18th yeare of king Henry the 8th maryed at Yate to Robert Throkmerton of Caughton in the County of Warr, (after knight,) son and heire of S. George Throckmerton and of Katharine

his wife daughter of Nicholas lord Vaux; The marriage portion of Miriell was 750 marks, as by an Indenture containing many other covenants and agreements appeareth; And her Joynture, as the faid Indenture sheweth, was the manors of Blacknonton in Worcestershire, and Birdbury in Warrwickshire; ffor payment of which marriage portion many acquittances remaine on a file in Berkeley Caftle: Where also it appeareth, That her wedding hose and shoes cost, 22d Shee was a lady of a fmall stature, lived longe and vertuously; And saw ere shee dyed discended from herfelf—220—perfons, as I have very credibly been informed, by fuch as undertook to recount them, Many of whom now follow; Mirk S. George Throkmerton was fon of S. Robert, fon of Thomas, fon of John Throkmerton, who lived in the time of King Edward the third.

Carta: dat. 10. Nov: 18. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

Comp. Georg. Shipway feñli. 18. H. 8.

This Miriell Berkeley and Robert had iffue between them Thomas Throgmerton, Elizabeth, Mary, Emme, and Katharine, of whom in order.

The faid Thomas Throgmerton maryed Margaret daughter and heire of William Horwood, Atturney generall to king Henry the 8th, by whom hee had iffue John, Miriell, Mary, Margaret, Elizabeth, and Elleanor.

The faid John the fon of Thomas maryed Anne daughter of Thomas Wilford of Kent, who had iffue Robert, Margaret, Ellenor, Winefred, and two or three younger fons. The faid Robert first married Dorothy daughter of S. ffrancis Fortescue. ffortefcue of Buckinghamshire, And secondly married Anne daughter of S. ffrancis Smyth, Smyth of Leicestershire, by neither of whom hee had any iffue. Of the faid Margaret, Elleanor, Winifred, and the rest, I am not inabled to write.

Myriell eldest daughter of the faid Thomas Throgmerton and Margaret, fister Berkeley of Stoke to the faid John, was marryed to Henry Berkeley of Stoke Gifford, of whose iffue fee before in the lives of Maurice the third, and of Maurice the fifth.

fol: 274. 275. 627. 628.

Mary the fecond daughter of the faid Thomas Throgmerton and Margarett is not yet marryed.

Margaret third daughter of the faid Thomas Throginton and Margaret was 680 married to Rice Griffin of Dingly in Northtonre, who have iffue Edward, Nicholas, Griffin Thomas, and Lucey; whereof the faid Edward hath maryed the daughter of M: Draycote of Staffordshire, who have iffue, and the said Nicholas hath married Jane daughter

daughter of M! Edmond Peers of Warwickshire, who have issue, Thomas and Lucey are not yet married.

Elizabeth, the fourth daughter of the faid Thomas Throgniton and Margaret,
Griffith was married to S! Henry Griffith of Wigmore in Shropshire, who have iffue, Henry
and Elizabeth; which Henry hath married one of the Coheires of S! ffrancis
Willoughby Willoughby, who have yet noe iffue: And the faid Elizabeth is married to S!

Boyton Matthew Boyton of Yorkshire, who have issue, 1618.

Elleanor, the fifth and youngest daughter of the said Thomas Throginton and Jermingham. Margaret, was married to S. Henry Jerningham of Cossy in Norfolke, who have issue John, William, Thomas, Katharine, and Elizabeth.

The faid John maried Mary daughter of S. ffrancis Moore of ffawley in Berk-Saunders. Saunders. The faid Katharine is maryed to Francis Sanders of Shankton in Leicestershire, Esquire.

And the faid Thomas and Elizabeth are not yet maryed.

The faid William is (Anno 1624) maryed to Mary the widow of M. John Younge.

Goodwyn. Thomas Throgrifton, was marryed to S. John Goodwyn knight of Winchington in Buckinghamshire, who had issue two sons; John, who by Anne his wife daughter of Stukeley. S. John Baker of Kent have issue a daughter marryed to S. Thomas Stukeley, between whom are divers children now living. 1618.

And ffrancis Goodwyn knight, brother of the faid John, who by the daughter of Arthur lord Gray, hath iffue Arthur, and Edward who is dead without iffue, and one daughter.

And the faid Arthur by Jane his wife fecond daughter of S! Richard Wayneman of Tame Parke in Oxfordshire hath issue a daughter: And the faid fifter of Arthur Goodwyn, is marryed to William Elmes of Greensnorton in the County of Northampton Esq! 1618.

The faid Mary, fecond daughter of the faid Miriell Berkeley and Robert Arden. Throgriton, was maryed to Edward Arden of Parkhall in the County of Warrwicke Esquire,

Elmes.

Efquire, by whom fhee had iffue Robert, Katharine, Margaret, Myriell, Mary, and Elizabeth, who are married as followeth.

The faid Robert Arden by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Reignold Corbett, a Judge of the kings bench, hath iffue S. Henry Arden, and Anne Arden; which 681 S! Henry Arden by Dorothy his wife daughter of Basill ffeilding of Newenham in the county of Warrwick Esq, hath issue, Robert, Elizabeth, Judith, Dorothy and Anne: And the faid Anne Arden was maryed to Walter fferrars Efg. fecond brother Ferrars. to S! John fferrars of Tamworth caftle, who have iffue, John, Walter, and Dorothy.

The faid Katharine Arden fifter of the faid Robert, was married to S! Edward Deveraux of Caftle Bromwich in Warrwickshire, Baronet, who have iffue, Walter, Deveraux. William, George, Henry, Edward, Margaret, Anne, Howarda, and Grace; of whom, William, Henry and Edward are dead without iffue. The faid Margaret is maried to S! Hugh Wrothesly of Staffordshire; And Anne is maryed to M! Leighton of Shropshire; And Howarda is maried to Thomas Dilke of Maxtock castle in Warrwicksh: And the faid Walter Deverox the eldest fon maryed Elizabeth daughter of Thomas Knightley of Preston, in Northhamptonshire Esquire, who have iffue Effex, Leicester, Katharine, Walter, Edward and John Deverox.

Wrothefley Leighton.

Margaret Arden another fifter of the faid Robert was first marved to John Somerfeild, who was attainted of Treason in the 25th of Queen Elizabeth, by whom shee had iffue Margaret and Elizabeth; And secondly to one De la hay.

Somerfeild. De la hav.

Myriell Arden another fifter of the faid Robert, was maryed to William Charnells, who have iffue Edward, Robert, Godfrey, Anne, Myriell, and ffrances Charnells. Charnells.

Mary Arden another fifter of the faid Robert, was maryed to ffrancis Wafery Wafery. of London.

And Elizabeth Arden the youngest fister of the said Robert was married to Shugburrow. Simon Shugborrow of Shugborrow in Warrwickshire, who have iffue, George slaine at the Isle of Ree, and two daughters.

The faid Emme another daughter of the faid Myriell Berkeley and Robert Throginton was marryed to Ralph Shelden of Beoly in the County of Warwicke,

by

Sheldon by whom shee had iffue Edward Sheldon, Elizabeth, Mary, Myriell, Margaret, Katharine, Phillipa, and Jone.

The faid Edward Sheldon by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Thomas Markam Efq! hath iffue William, who hath maryed Elizabeth daughter of William lord Peter, Ralph, unmarried, Edward Sheldon maryed to Anne fifter of Thomas Morgan of Weston, Efq!, Frances, Anne and Jone; which Anne is maryed to Henry Lucey. Lucy of Pinchburge in the County of Hartford Esq!; And the faid Jone is maryed Apleton. to S! Henry Appleton of South bensleet in the County of Essex, Baronett, who have iffue, Henry, Anne, and Mary, 1630.

The faid Elizabeth Sheldon fifter of the faid Edw4 is married to St John Ruffell. Ruffell knight, who have iffue St Thomas Ruffell knight.

The faid Miriell Sheldon an other fifter of the faid Edward is maryed to St. Clare ffrancis Clare of Worcestershire, knight.

The faid Margaret Sheldon another fifter of the faid Edward is maryed to Standen William Standen of Berkfhire, Efq!

The faid Mary Sheldon, another fifter of the faid Edward is maryed to John flower of Hambleton in the county of Rutland Efq!

The faid Katharine Sheldon another fifter of the faid Edward is maryed to Trentan ffrancis Trenton of Roceter in the county of Stafford Efq!

The faid Phillippa Sheldon another fifter of the faid Edward is maryed to St. Sulliard John Sulliard of Wetherden in Kent.

And the faid Jone Sheldon another fifter of the faid Edward is maryed at Andwerpe beyond feas.

Norwood. Throginton, was marryed to Henry Norwood of Leckhampton in Glocest! shire Esq!, by whom shee had iffue William and Jane.

fee fol: 631. The faid William Norwood, (who yet liveth, 1628,) by Elizabeth his wife daughter of William Ligon Efq! had iffue Richard, William, Henry, Raph, Thomas, Maurice, Elleanor and Elizabeth.

The

The faid Richard Norwood fon of William, by Elizabeth his wife daughter of Nicholas Stuard Doctor of the civill lawe, hath iffue, Augustine, ffrancis, John, William, Richard, Edward, Thomas, Elleanor, and Dorothy, A: 1618.

William Norwood brother of Richard, is dead without iffue.

Henry the third brother of Richard, by Elizabeth his wife daughter of S. John Rodney hath iffue, Charles, Henry, and Jane, that now are, A: 1618.

Raph the 4th brother of Richard, liveth a fouldier in the low Countryes. Anno. 1618.

Thomas the fifth brother of Richard, hath yet noe iffue.

Maurice the fixth brother of Richard, is dead without iffue.

The faid Elleanor fifter of the faid Richard Norwood, was maryed to George Blunt of Sellington in the county of Worcester Efg!, by whom shee hath iffue, Blunt. Walter, ffrancis, George, Elizabeth, and Elleanor.

And the faid Elizabeth, the other fifter of the faid Richard Norwood, was maryed to Richard Moore Efq., by whom shee had issue divers children.

Moore.

The faid Jane, fifter of the faid William Norwood, was maryed to M! Bracebridge; who hath noe iffue.

Bracebridge.

4. Jone Berkeley youngest daughter of this lord Thomas, was on Midsommer day in the nineteenth year of king Henry the 8th maryed at Yate, her fathers house, to Nicholas Poynz, (after knight,) fon and heir of S. Anthoney Poyntz of Acton. Poynz: knight, whofe marriage portion was fix hundred marks, whereof one hundred pounds at the marriage, and one hundred marks each year after; wherein the agreements were further, That if Nicholas dyed before the marriage, then shee to be marryed to his brother Giles Poynz: Each father at his own charge to apparell his own child after his degree: The charges of the wedding diet to be equally borne by either party: Her Joynture to bee-10611. 135. 4d. by the year in land; And 28011. land by the year to bee by S. Anthony fettled upon the faid Nicholas and the heires males of his body; If Jone dyed, then all payments to ceafe then unpaid; If by

Script: dat: 20: Junij 19. H. 8. in papiro in castro de Berkeley.

the death of his fons this lords inheritance should discend upon this Jone and her sister, Then St Anthony to repay so much of the portion as hee had received, and one thousand pound more in lieu of that discent; And if her sister Myriell dye without issue, whereby Jone becometh sole daughter and heire, Then St Anthony to pay. 2000 and repay the 600 marks also: If dissernces arise, The same to bee referred to Thomas then Duke of Norsolke: for performance of these agreements, St Anthony gave his statute of 1000 with such such that sold lord his bond of sive hundred pounds: 10 hat fruite sprange from these two plants thus conjoyned, observe in the vintage now following: stor the said Jone and Nicholas had issue is St Nicholas, 2 strancis, 3 Edmond, 4 Anthony, 5 William, 6 John, 7 Anne, 8 Jane, and 9 strances, of each of whom in order: 21 no this St Nicholas dyed in the third and sourth years of Phillip and Mary, And Jone survived, and was in her Elder years marryed to St Edward Dyer, and dyed in the sixth of Queen Elizabeth.

1. The faid S. Nicholas Poynz fon of the faid Jone and S. Nicholas, by Anne his first wife, daughter of S. Raph Varney, had iffue S. John Poynz knight yet living, and Mary, Anno, 1628.

The faid S! John Poynz by Elizabeth his wife daughter of Alexander Sydnam Efq, had iffue Robert Poynz a knight of the Bath, who by ffrances his wife, daughter and coheir of Jervais Gybbon, Efq^r, hath iffue Grefill and Margarett, that now are, 1628; Enjoying the quiet contentment of a peacefull country life at Acton in the County of Glouc., the Auncient feat of his Ancestors since S! Nicholas Poynz in the time of king Edward the first marryed Mawd the daughter and heir of S! John Acton to his fecond wife, of whom the faid S! Robert is lineally discended.

And the faid Mary, fifter of the faid S! John Poynz, was first married | to ffrancis Codrington of fframpton upon Seaverne, by whom shee had iffue Margaret, first maried to Edward Bramidge, by whom shee had iffue Isaack, Mary, and Rebecca; And secon[d]ly to John Sydnam, by whom shee had iffue three daughters, viz! Anne maryed to John Poynz of Surrey Esq!, by whom is iffue; And Ursula maryed to Richard Molinieux Esq! by whom also is issue; And Elizabeth marryed to Poynz Mill of Harscombe, by whom also is issue.

And the faid S! Nicholas Poynz by Margaret his fecond wife, daughter of Edward Stanley, Earle of Darby, had iffue Edward, Hugh, and Robert, yet living. 1618.

2. The

- 2. The faid ffrancis fon of Jone Berkeley, by [Ann] the daughter and heire of [. . . Stawker¹] had iffue Jone, marryed to John Wykes of Doddington, by Wikes. whom is much inue dispersed in feverall Counties.
- 3. 4. 5. 6. The faid Edmond John Anthony and William fower fons of the faid Jone Berkeley are dead without iffue.

The faid Anne Poynz daughter of the faid Jone Berkeley was marryed to S: Thomas Heneage knight, of Cophall in the County of Effex, vicechamberlaine to Queen Elizabeth and of her privy counfell, who dyed, 1592. leaving iffue Elizabeth only, maryed to S! Moyle ffinch kn!, and Baronet, by whom shee hath iffue eight sons and four daughters, as followe; And surviving her husband, was in her widow-hood created by king James, Vicountesse Maidstone; And after by king Charles, Countesse of Winchelsey, with qualification to all her children to precede as the children of Earles; Of which eight sons four are dead without issue, as also two of the said sower daughters; The rest have issue, as followeth, vizt,

- 1. Thomas the eldest son is Earle of Winchelsey, and hath issue Heneage Finch vicount Maidstone, John stinch, William stinch, straces married to S! William Strickland of Bointon in Yorkshire, between whom is issue Thomas Strickland: Other 4 daughters of the said Earle, viz, Anne, Cecill, Diana, and Katharine, are yet unmarryed, Anno, 1635.
- 2. John ffinch, fecond fon of the faid Countesse Elizabeth, married Anne daughter of M. Walker, and left issue now livinge, John, and William.
- 3. Heneage ffinch, third fon to the faid Countess Elizabeth, knight and Recorder of the city of London, first married ffrances daughter of S! Robert Bell of Norfolk knight, by whom hee had iffue, Heneage, ffrancis, John, and Elizabeth marryed to the fon and heire of Sir Raph Maddeson of Lincolnshire knt; And 2^{dly} marryed the widow of M! Bennet of Lond, by whom hee hath iffue left, ffrances and Anne.
- 4. ffrancis ffinch 4th fon to the faid Countefs maryed Anne daughter and heire to 685 M! Walter of Suffolk, by whom was iffue a fon and a daughter, who died younge.

 5. Anne,

¹ See Chancery Proceedings Queen Elizabeth, 16 Nov., 1590, William Hobbes of London, Yeoman, verfus Francis Poyntz, of Mowbray, Gent., and Ann his wife. [Ed.]

Twifden.

Cholmeley.

5. Anne, eldest daughter to the said Countes, is married to St William Twisden of East Peckam in Kent, Baronett, who have issue, Roger, Thomas, William, John, strancis, Elizabeth, and Anne; Which Roger knight and Baronett, married Isabella, daughter to St Nicholas Sander of Ewell in the County of Surrey knight: And the said Elizabeth is married to St Hugh Cholmely of Whitbey in the county of Yorke, knight: And the said Anne is married to St Christopher Yelverton in the County of Northton knight, who have issue.

Wentworth.

- 6. Katharine, fecond daughter to the faid Countes Elizabeth is married to S. John Wentworth of Gosefield in the county of Essex, Baronett, who have issue Cecill married to William lord Gray of Warke in the county of Northumberland; And Lucy Wentworth yet unmarried . 1634.
- 8. The faid Jane daughter of the faid Jone Berkeley was married to John Seimor Efq! base son of Edward Seimor Duke of Somerset, by whom shee had issue Sir Thomas Seimor of sframpton Cotterell knight, Jane and one other daughter; Which S! Thomas Seimor by Jane his first wise daughter of M! Webb, hath issue John Seimor knight, Gabriell, Elizabeth, and Anne; And by Anne his second wise, had issue Edward, Elleanor dead without issue, Jone married to John Aside, sfrances, Anne, and Mary dead without issue, and Elizabeth married to S! Thomas Strickland of Yorkshire knight, as followeth.

Strickland.

The faid S! John Seimor by Alice his first wife daughter of William Pawlet Esq!, hath iffue Katharine, Agnes, and one other daughter: And by his second wife daughter of M! Symes, hath iffue Thomas, and others.

The faid Gabriel, brother of S. John Seimor, by Katharine his wife daughter of Richard Cave of Bristoll hath issue, Thomas, John and Mary.

The faid Elizabeth, fifter of the faid S. John Seimor, was married to Edw. Watkins. Watkins of Bridgewater, who have iffue, Thomas, Elizabeth, and Anne.

And the faid Anne, fifter of the faid S! John and Gabriell, is marryed to Nuce. Thomas Nuce, who have iffue: Hee lately dead in Virginia; shee there yet living, Anno 1618.

The faid Jone, fifter of S! John Seimor, was married to John Afide of Upton Cheyney his fecond wife, by whom fhee had iffue fower fons, and a daughter all dead without iffue.

And

And the faid Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the faid S. Thomas Seimor, was married to S. Thomas Strickland of Yorkshire, who had iffue 4 sons all dead whout iffue, And Alice married to S! In? Webb of London, kn! who have iffue.

Strickland. Webb.

o. The faid Frances daughter of the faid Jone Berkeley, was maryed to St John Berkeley of Beverston castle, knight, by whom shee had iffue John Berkeley, Jone, Katharine and Margaret. Which John, by Mary his wife daughter of John Snell Efg!, had iffue, 1 Maurice, 2 John, 3 Henry, 4 William, 5 Edward, 6 Thomas, 7 Mary, 8 ffrances, 9 Elizabeth, and 10 Anne. Whereof the faid Maurice, by Barbara his wife daughter of S. Walter Longe, hath iffue Edw.; and others; And the faid Mary his fifter is marryed to Edward Conway of Gloucester shire, The Conway. other eight are unmarryed . 1623. As also is Jone the eldest fister of the said John Berkeley, leading a Nunnes life at Bruffells, beyond feas; And now lady Abbeffe there. 1630.

686 Berkeley of Beverston.

See fol: 375.

The faid Katharine, fecond fifter of the faid John Berkeley, by Thomas Symonds, a minister, hath iffue Thomas, Anno. 1620.

Simonds.

And the faid Margaret the other fifter by Jesper Merricke of Berington, a Merricke. minister, hath issue, Sibill, Anno. 1620.



His Scales of Armes.

This lord Thomas, a fewe years before his death, used (wherewith also hee fealed his last will,) a great broad Seale sower inches diameter, with the Armes of Brotherton, Berkeley, Warren, Mowbray, Segrave, and Breouse, quartered. The helmet for his crest with a lion passant on the top thereos: And two lions for supporters, circumscribed, Sigillum Thome Dñi de Berkeley, et Mowbray Segrawe militis.

And for his privy feale, A small lyon rampant. Behold the figures.

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his death and place of buriall.

Annis. 4. et. 5. H. 8. et. 8. et. 11. H. 8. The lord Maurice elder brother to this lord Thomas, did by feverall Deeds, fynes, recoveries and other affurances at feverall times, estate Judge Brudnell and others in all his manors formerly mention'd, To such uses as before in his life hath been declared.

Carta. 30. Nov. 18.
H. 8.
Carta. 1. Julij. 19.
H. 8. in castro de
Berkeley.
Carta. 9. Julij:
20. H. 8. et. 12.
Nov: 20. H. 8. in
castro de Berkeley.

Row Katharine the widow of the faid lord Maurice being dead, as also the lady Elleanor the first wife of this lord Thomas, And hee remarryed to the lady Cicely, And his sonns and daughters maryed, and ready to bee marryed, Hee now procures his brothers seosses and Recoverors to grant over the same to Thomas Earle of Surrey and twenty others to divers uses: whereof

Volunt: 28 Aprill 24. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley. Triñ. fin: in scacio 23. H. 8. rot: 19. Huntington: And Guyherne, Chatteryes, and Murrow in the county of Cambridge; And Bitton and Upton St. Leonards, called Grove court, in the county of Glouc.; To the use of the lady Cicely his wife for her life, in recompence of all dower and Joynture that shee any ways might claime, And after her death, to his son Thomas in taile, with many remainders over, to his other son, daughters and neeces: And the manors of Dalby Chaucomb, and Mountsorrell in the County of Leicester, And the manor of Mangottsseild in the County of Glouc., To the use of Maurice his second son for the terme of his life, the remainder to Thomas his eldest son in taile with like remainders over. And the manors of Melton Mowbray, Segrave, Sileby, and Coldoverton, and the hundred of Goscote in the County of Leicester; and the manor of Sages in the County of Gloucester, To the payment of his debts, and legacies, and performance of his will, And after to the use of Thomas his son and heire in taile, with the like remainders over, and the manors of Tetbury and Daglingworth in the County of Gloucester, To the use of Thomas

his fonne and heire in tayle with like remainders over. And the Manors of Cotes, Thurneby, and Witherly, in the county of Leicester; The manors of Flekenhoe, Thurlaston, and Aspely, in the county of Warr, The manors of Bretby, Coton, Rostlaston, Repingdon, and Lynton, in the county of Derby, The manors of Bosham, sfuntington, and Thorney in the county of Sussex, and 14¹¹: rent going out of the man¹⁵ of Bromeley in Sussex, and Leigh in the county of Lincolne, Twenty two marks rent out of sframpton upon Seavern, and sower messuages and 170 Acres of Land in Thornbury, And the sourch part of the manor of Brok-enbury in the County of Glouc., To the use of himself and his heires, and to performe his will.

Carta. 9. Julij. 20. H. 8. in castro de Berkel:

By this will and other his deeds, hee gives these pensions and Anuities for the lives of the parties, his kinfmen, allies, fervants, and well deserving freinds, viz!

carta in castro de Berkeley. Vol: 24. H. 8. in prdict.

To John Arnold Efq!, his brother in lawe; Ten pounds, whom hee made high Steward of all his Manors and lands in England.

Carta. 4. Junij. 17. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

To Thomas Lane, 5^{li.} To David Broke. 3^{li.} To Thomas Hennege Efq! 4^{li.} To Henry Weston. 4 marks. To Henry Wikes. 40^s To Arthur Porter. 40^s To Edward Chaple. 40^s To Nicholas Arnold. 40^s To Katharine Rowdon. 50^{li.} To Richard Arnold. 5^{li.} To Richard Hawkins. 40^s To Robert Cockes. 53^s 4^d To Maurice Denys, 40^s To Margaret Denys, 40^s To John Falkener. 40^s To Edith Martin, 66^s 8^d To Bridget Paris, 20^{li.} To Thomas Simonds, 20^s To Matthewe Bucke. 20^s To John Berkeley his unkle Thomas fon. 10^{li.} w^{ch}, (faith his will) hee is bound in confcience to see him truly paid.

Inq: 29. H. 8. post mort Thome dom: Berkeley

And by his faid will hee further gave, Ten pounds towards the amendment of the highwayes at Mangotesfeild, where hee then dwelt. And Twenty pounds towards the repaire of Keinshams bridge fower miles off. And 100 markes towards the building of the high Altar at St Augustines by Bristoll. And Ten pounds towards the repairing of the Cloister of the black ffryars in Bristoll; And divers other like legacies to his houshold servants, to the severall orders of fryars, poore prisoners in Goales in divers places, &c. And eight pound by the yeare for ten years to his godson Thomas Harcourt preist, to singe and pray for his soule: And to buy vestments for Mangotesfeild church eight pounds. The last remembred was his eldest son, to whom hee gave all his Armour and parliament robes; And of this Will hee made his three loving freinds, fitz James and Ingleseild Judges, his fore-faid brother in law John Arnold, and Ciceley his wife, his Executors, to whom hee

gave ten pound each; which fitz James was also one of his elder brothers the lord Maurice his executors, as before hath been declared.

2. Kings. 20. 1.

Vol : 28 Apr. 24. H. 8. in castro Berkley. 689 Thus did this good and prudent lord Thomas followe the prophets counsell given to Ezekias, that pattern of Princes and their peeres, by setting his house in order, in Aprill in the 24th of king Henry the 8th knowing, not as Ezekias from the prophet Esay, That hee should then dye, and not live, but out of a wise and religious meditation of mans mortality, his own old age, and the decaying constitution of his body.

Vol: 24 H. 8. p^rdt. Comp: Señli hospicij in castro de Berkley.

hospicij in castro de Berkley.

Job. 19. 25. 27. 2 Cor. 12. 4. 1 Cor. 2. 9.

George Ld Berkley

And the 11th of that month reviews his will and approves it, made in Aprill before, And Adds thereto a Codicell, wherein (amongst other things) hee takes order for his Tombe and sunerall; And then takes his bed and draws unto him company sitted for the longe journey hee was to take, the Abbot of S! Augustines by Bristoll, the Abbot of Kingswood, the Deane of Westbury Colledge, the Doctor and pryor of the black stryars in Bristoll, and some other of the most devout and learned divines of those parts; And on wednesday the 22th of that January, Anno. 1532. in the faid 24th year of king Henry the 8th in the midst of their prayers and blessings, doth (as it were) close up his own eyes from the further sight of the transitories of this life, hereafter to see with them God his creator and redeemer, and such things in his celestiall paradise and third heaven (as S! Paul speaketh) as are not possible for man to utter, such as eye hath not seen nor eare heard neither have entred into the heart of man, even the things that God hath prepared for them that love him.

well to God, well to the world, well to himself, well to his heire and posterity, well to his friends, kindred and servants; ever within compas, never exceeding his circumference, or the sphear of his revenue: Happy will bee his now grandchilds grandchild, if hee apply to himself the actions, life and death of this Ancestor for his example.

As thee lived like a noble honest lord, foe hee dyed like a Saint, yea hee did rather migrare quam mori; abire, quam obire; not dye, but fall asleep: Never hath my reading found any so great a lord, that left this world more resolved, more prepared: As though hee had unbraced himself for his bed, rather than for his grave:

The thus passed hee from a mortall day to an everlasting morrow. Summum homi-

nis bonum, bonus ex hac vita exitus. The felicity of man is his good leaving of this life.

To the earthly happiness of this lord, this may bee added, (greater then that of king Solomon,) That hee left behind him a wife fon to succeede; A bleffing that that king had not; And honest executors that performed his will.

The manner of whose funerall and devotions for him done after death by preists and fryars, read out of the accompt of his funeralls, deli-|vered by his Steward of houshold, to his said Executors, as breisty as I could abstract the same; wherein note, that his body according to his will was first buryed in the Church of Mangottesseild where hee dyed, And after, as hee had appointed, it was removed to his owne tombe set up in the church of the monastery of St Augustines by Bristoll, and there buryed by the side of Alienor his first wise, as his Will directed.

Comp: Señli: hospicij 24. H. 8. 690 in castro de Berkeley.

Vol. 24. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

To fower preifts to fay maffes the 24th of January, the corps being then not buried—16th

To thirty preists and two clerks singing at the buriall—15s. 4d

To eight men ringing two dayes and a halfe—6^s. 8^d

To eighteen preifts for masses—9:

To 24 preists—125

To poor people the day that the corps was brought to the church—38.5 8.4

The fame day to forty preifts and twenty clerks—305

To poore people in money doaled and given in Almes the day of the buriall of the Corps—6^{1i.} 13^s 4^d.

To S! John Nelme preift for a derige and maffe at Slimbridge-2. 1d

To men for ringing there—45

To 8 preifts for each a maffe the wednesday the 29th of January after the corps was buryed—2. 8d

To 6 preifts the 30th of January for 6 maffes—2.

To fower preifts the last of January for 4 masses—16d

To two preifts the fecond of ffebruary for 2 masses—10d this was candlemas day and these extraordinary masses.

The third of ffebruary to 4 fryars for 4 masses—16.4

The 4th of ffebruary to two preists for two masses—8th

The 5th of ffebruary to 4 preifts for 4 masses—16th

The 6th of ffebruary to 4 preists for 4 masses—16d

The 7th of ffebruary to 6 preists for 6 masses—25

4^d was ye ordinary price of a maffe, as certaine as 8^d is to a day laborer: or 20 eggs were for 1^d

The 8th of ffebruary to 6 preifts for 6 maffes—2: The 9th of ffebruary to 5 preifts for 5 maffes—20d The 10th of ffebruary to 6 preifts for 6 masses—2. The 11th of ffebruary to 4 preifts for 4 masses—16d The 12th of ffebruary to 6 preifts for 6 maffes—2s The 13th of ffebruary to 10 preifts for 10 masses—3. 4.d The 14th of ffebruary to 5 preifts for 5 maffes—20d The 15th of ffebruary to 7 preifts for 7 masses-25 4d The 16th of ffebruary to 2 preifts for 2 maffes—8.4 The 17th of ffebruary to 4 preifts—16d The 18th to 4 preifts—16th

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The 19th to 6 preifts-2.

The 20th to 9 preifts-3:

The fame day being S! Mildreds day to poore people in Almes, 4: 8d

The 21th to 4 preists—16d

The 22th to 4 preifts—16d his monthes mind day.

To poore people in Almes the fame day, the day of the months mind-105 10d Soe all maffes ceafed at Mangottesfeild.

To the Pryor of the black ffryars in Briftoll and his brethren for faying of maffes-5:

ffor derige, maffes and fervices in the church of Berkeley, 12. 4d And foe in other places; And for tapers—wax, &c, -53.5 4.d Thus the accompt of the Steward of houshold delivered to the Executors.

Dee dyed as hath been faid the 22th of January, Anno, 1532 in the 24th of Henry the 8th then of the age of 60 years and upwards, whereof hee had fit lord nine years fower months and ten dayes; And lyeth buried under a fair tombe with his first wife Alienor, upon which hee appointed by his will forty pounds to bee bestowed: which was done. Where in the Sepulchre of his ancestors, (Gods fervants,) waiting for the hope of Ifraell, the raifing of their bodies in the refurrection of the just, hee sleepeth in peace. And posterity may not, without a spice of flattery call those that succeed after true and naturall branches of this excellent tree, that shall not in their times beare fruite fomewhat relishing this roote, that gave fuch fap as his life and death hath done, for the imitation of his Posterity.

> Happy is hee whose Ancestors of vertue made profession, And from himfelf example leaves of vertue to fuccession.

The lands whereof hee dued seized.

The lands whereof this lord dyed feized are under the last title before particularly mentioned. And were all the same in effect which | his elder brother left unto 692 him, and hee to his fon; ffor this family in this lord may bee faid neither to have fuffered any remarkable eclipse, or increase, but the moon in this lords hemispheare to have continued in the fame aspect as shee stood when hee first beheld her rising upon the death of his elder brother.

And after this lords death, his eldest fon found the favor to avoid the charge of finding of Inquifitions; But the 12th of ffebruary following tendereth a fchedule of the manors and lands with their yearly values, whereof hee defired to take benefit by his special livery and ouster le maine, in the Counties of Leicester, Gloucester, Huntington, Cambridge, Suffex, Darby, Yorke, Warwick, Wilts, Lincolne, and Calais, all of the yearly value of—9201: in rents of affife, (befides the demefnes in hand,) or near thereabouts, And fuch as were in ffeoffment to uses; And the 24th of November in the 25th of the faid king procured the fame under the great feale, which yet remaines in Berkeley Castle.

Sched: indent. dat. 12. febr: 24. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

Triñ. rec: in scacio 23. H. 8. rot. 19.

Pat: 2 ps. 25. H. 8. carta in castro de Berkeley.

The Application and use of his life.

- 1. The course of this lords life verifies what is faid of learned men, That none ever faw a great scholler arrogant, for the more hee knows the more of his weaknes hee understands; And that the least knowledge is ever most proud: ffrue or none of this lords time in the county where hee lived milder or more provident, ever feeming rather defirous to learne then to teach others: It was also in request with this lord to fay, Malo me divitem effe quam haberi, better to bee rich then fo accounted; Hee rightly understood the text of, vive tibi: Hee was soe lowly and moderate in his whole life That to the mean hee was freely affable, And to the gentry noe taller then a companion; whereby through humility and moderation of life, hee was honored of all: And (to tell truth to his posterity) commanded without contradiction throughout the whole County of Glouc! wherein for the last nine years of his life hee lived a Baron after his brothers death.
- 2. Againe, having lived in the condition of a younger brother till ye 52th yeare 603 of his age, And sparingly bred in youth under his fathers and elder brothers husbandly examples, hee little changed that frugality of condition whilft hee lived a Baron and Peere of the Realme; And knewe, that for the regulating of an houshold where the ruler himself runs at randome the servants will beare noe byas:

And

And that for order & thriving it was better to have in houshold two too few then one too many: And having foe lived, his death could not bee but bleffed, as you have read.

- 3. Againe by the example of this lords life, the words of his posterity should bee fewe but advised, forethinking whether that which they are to speake bee sit to bee spoken; And rather to bee silent then speake to an ill or noe purpose; And to let heart and tongue goe togeather in honesty and truth; hating dissembling in others and detesting it in themselves; the known vertues of this noble lord by the witnes of many that conversed with him living since the midst of my daies: whose directions also to his steward of houshold, (being lord,) were, That nothing should bee spent which might honestly bee spared, nor any thing spared which might honestly bee spent.
- 4 Agains, this family may learn from the wisdom and example of this their Ancestor, how by following the counsell of his old and prudent servant Thomas Try hee avoided the baites and craft of Sacheverell, to his comfort and benefit of his posterity: And not to scorne the advice of the aged and experienced, though servants of their own family: Or to thinke soe highly of their own abilities, as if they had a prerogative to bee free from error or oversight: What Rehoboam lost by young counsell & slatterers, What hee had gained if hee had gone along with the advice of his fathers old servants let the spirit of God in the text tell for both, And let their practice bee thereafter.
- 5. Againe, This lords character I thus conceive; hee equalled not his father or elder brother nor many other of his ranke and time in prowesse or in the depth of Worldly wisdomes, neither did his education bowe him that way: But was not inferior to the best of them in an honest and religious life: Apt to believe well, loath to heare ill, farre from credulous assenting to a first tale never condemning any man unheard, and his accuser face to face: many Lies, and copies of his Lies and rescripts of others to him intimate his great dislike of secret traducers, especially when those calumnyes or aspertions | were in the generall: One of his Lies hath thus, A salse accuser hides his mallice under generall words, as I have sound this man did of thee. His disposition ran nearest parallell with his two Ancestors, Thomas the first, and James the first, of any I have observed.

God grant his heires may runne The race that hee hath done.

1. Kings. cap. 12. 2. Chron: ea: 10.

695) blank

Finis Thome ejusdem nominis quinti.

The life of Thomas lord Berkeley the fixth of that name; stiled in Writings, Thomas Berkeley knt lord Berkeley Mowbray and Segrave: And was abavus, or as our Ancestors the Saxons called thirda fader, And wee at this day great grandfather, to George nowe lord Berkeley. And may bee called, Thomas the hopefull.

Contemporary with Henry the 8th, from 1532. till 1534. Whose short life I deliver under these nine titles viz!,

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1.—Dig birth and education, fol: 697.
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His Birth and education.

his lord Thomas was born at Hovingham in Yorkshire in the 21th yeare of king Henry the 7th, about one yeare before his grandfather the lord Maurice the fifth dyed, And within one year after his fathers marriage with M. Ingleby; where hee continued till his parents returned into Gloucestershire about the 7th of king Henry the 8th, as hath been faid: At what time his unkle the lord Maurice the fixt, then newly made Leivtenant of the caftle of Calais, carried him beyond feas, where by his means, (accompting him as the heire apparent of his 608 family,) hee was carefully bred up at S! Omers in Artois, about 25 miles from

Ex relacone Henrici filii fui.

Calais,

^{2.—}Dig Mifcellaniæ or various affaires. fol: 698.

^{3.—}Dis lawe fuites, fol: 701.

^{4.—}Dig wives, fol: 702.

^{5.—}Dig Iffue, fol: 705.

^{6.—}Dis feales of Armes, fol: 706.

^{7.—}Dis death and place of buriall, fol: 707.

^{8.—}The lands whereof hee dyed feized, fol: 710.

^{9.—}The application and use of his life, fol: 713.

Diu'si compi et muniment in castrode Berkeley.

Calais, till himself dyed in the 15th of that king: And then returning, was till his marriage Termly imployed as his fathers Agent and Solliciter in his Lawe suites; And espetially about the restitution of Berkeley from the crowne, which his unkle the lord Maurice at his death left in such forwardnes, that his petition of right was signed by the king, as hath been noted in his life; And as testimonies of this lords towardlines and sufficiency in those unripe years, there yet remaine in Berkeley Castle divers of his Termes remembrances of his own hand writing; As, what suites were depending, how left at the former termes end, and in what fort to bee further prosecuted, And what of new was to bee begun, and the like: And of all his Ancestors wrote the best hand, and best understood the latin tongue, whereby it seemes hee made good use of the time hee spent at S! Omers.

his miscellaniæ or various passages.

Carta in castro de Berkeley. dat. 12 Maii, 25 H. 8. Chis lords father having left the manor of ffenyftanton and others to the lady Cicely his fecond wife, for her life, as before appears; Hee within two months after gaines from her a grant of all the lands shee held of his inheritance, for threescore years if shee lived soe longe, at the yearly rent of—142^E 6^S 8^A; whereby hee wifely wound in himself to have the manageing of his own lands in possession, And this hee wrought under the advantage of his second marriage with Anne Savage, as after will appeare.

pat: 8 marcij 24 H. 8.

Smeth is in the Saxon tongue plaine or fmooth.

March, fix weeks after the death of his father, hee obtained of king Henry the 8th a grant to bee Constable and Porter of the Castle of Berkeley, and keeper of the castle parke with the worthy enclosed in it, and to bee paler of the same; And to bee keeper of Hinton woods called Cheslanger and Redwood, and of the red deere there; And to have the fishing of Smethmore, (now excellent pasture ground,) and the fishing of the gale in Seaverne without rent, Taking the sees accustomed, which his father held for his life, as afore is written. At well time, sith king Henry the 8th had been 24 years marryed to severall wives and had noe issue male, hee could not but cherish an inward expectation of a Reverter in see of the wholl Barony of Berkeley, whereof hee now was glad to take a small morsell, at will.

Comp. 29. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley. carta: dat: 20 Maij 25. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley. Efq., then Secretary to king Henry the 8th hee gave Thomas Cromwell Efq., then Secretary to king Henry the 8th (after Earle of Effex) 13th 6sh 8th Anuity for his life, and then made him his high steward of Sileby, Thornby, Mountsorrell, and of Goscote hundred.

And

And 4¹⁵ 13²⁵ 4^d yearly to the Earle of Huntington and to ffrancis Hastings his fon and heire, for exercising under him the office of high steward of his manor of Melton Mowbray, Segrave, Coldovton, Dalby, Thorpsachvill and Witherly. And on May day the same 25th of king Henry the 8th hee gave to David Broke of Bristoll gent, for his good service done to him, the sourth part of his manor of Brokenburrow in the parish of Almondsbury for his life at 4^d rent.

In Aprill before his death hee prefented Robert Derby for Abbot of Croxton, of the order of premonstratenses, which (as the Deed speaketh) to his presentation by Inheritance belonged, then void by the death of Atterclisse late Abbot there, commanding the pryor and covent of the said monastery to receive and obey him as Abbot.

Comp: 29. H. 8. ibm carta: 25. H. 8. ibm Inq: 28. H. 8. in canc. carta dat. 1. Maij 25. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley Inq: 29. H. 8. post mortem Thom Dii Berkeley in Canc. Carta: 27. Aprill 26. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

And, this shall bee the place, whither I have often referred this antient and pyous family to viewe at once, the damage it fuffered both in honor and profit by those devouring Acts of the diffolution of Monasteries in the 27th and 31th yeares of king Henry the 8th, whereby and by the statute of Chantries (amongst other things) this family loft the Advowsons and prefentations to divers Abbyes, Nunryes, and Pryories, As this of Croxton, and of Kirkeby, and of Chawcomb, and of Burton lazers, and of S! John Baptist in Melton Mowbray in Leicestershire; Of Combe in Warrwickfhire, Of St Augustines, and of St Katharines, and of Mary Magdalens by Bristoll, and Of Longbridge by Berkeley, and of Tinterne in Gloucestershire, Of the Pryories of Newenham and of Eppeworth in the Isle of Axholme; Of fountaines, Of the Abbey of Byland, and of the Pryory of Newburgh in the county of Yorke, and of divers others, as fcatteringly appeares in thefe relations, where alwayes with folemn proceffions and other honorable rights and ceremonies (I might fay with incenfe and perfumes) they were received as founders, And where the memoriall of their honorable atcheivements were recorded; And of 80. knights fees at leaft, which those and other Ab-byes and houses of religion held of them, as S! Peters of Glouc., the Abbot of Kingfwood, the Pryor of Sempringham, the Abbot of Leicester, the Pryor of Lewes, The Pryor of Axholme, the Abbot de valle dei, the Pryor of Haverholme, the Abbot of Geroduu, [sic] the Pryor of the hospitall of St Johns Jerusalem in England, the Pryor of Lawnd, the Pryor of Grace dièu, the Pryor of Nuneaton, the Pryor of Kirkeby, the Abbot of Sileby, the Abbot of Stonly, the Abbot of Myrivale, and of more then forty Chantries mentioned in these relations; for which, befides their daily prayers for the happiness and welfare of the livinge, (wherein was noe superstition,) they paid to this family many anual rents and services, and also

See before fol: [537]

Annis. 27th et. 31. H. 8. Anno. 1. E. 6. Claus: 52. E. 3. m. 28. Pat: 7. E. 3. ps. 1. m: 15. claus: 45. E. 3. m. 36. Pat. 48. E. 3. m. Pat. 14. E. 4. ps. 2. m. II. Pat. 9. R. 2. ps. 2. m. 25. 26. Efch: 11. H. 6. post mortem Thom. ducis Norfolk. pat: 14. H. 6. ps. .700 r. m: 6. pat. 1. E. 4. ps. 6. m. ult. Ptita in scacio. 13. H. 6. pat. 19. R. 2. ps. 1. m: 26. pat. 20. R. 2. ps. 2. m. 14. pat. 20. R. 2. ps. 2. m. ult. Esch: 1. H. 4. post mort Ducis Norf

paid

Efch: 27. E. 1.
et. 35. E. 3.
et. 1. H. 4.
et. 1. E. 4.
post mort de
mowbraies

claus: 11. H. 6.
m. 8.
fee before in ye
life of Maurice ye
5th [615]

And of James the
first. fol: [537]

Stat: 27. 31. et. 38.
H. 8. et. 1. E. 6.

paid them releifes and efcuage, did them fealty and homage, fent their men to avd and attend them in their voyages in the warrs, yeilded them aid and contribution for the marriage of their eldest daughters, and for making their eldest fons knights: brought up, and inftructed divers of their children, received and kept as Corrodies, many of their old unferviceable fervants; fuch as old ffrañ Inchmore and Richard Cooke ats Miller now are in the family of the lady Elizabeth Berkeley at Cranford; with other like duties incident to founders right, and to the tenures of the manors and lands and quantities of the knights fees which they held of them by knights fervice, and in focage, now extinct and devoured by those mercileffe Acts. Deither therein hath ended the damage which this noble family fuffered by those acts of diffolution; for the Crown having fince given and fold away not only those manors and lands holden of this family as aforefaid, but almost all the rest of those monasticall possessions, and therein referved tenures of themselves by knights fervice in capite; now at this day each manor and almost each freeholder in each Village hath fome fmall peell or other of that Capite land intermixt or inclosed with their elder poffessions, formerly held of this family by knights fervice: whereby I have known this family within my memory to have lost more then ten thousand pounds, web otherwife, but for those lands in cheife, had justly and legally accrued to it; A mischeife also daily increasing to this and other great lords of Seigniories, through the frequent exchanges and inclosures, (the effects of peace,) And by ye parcelling out of Manors made by great lords upon fales to their feverall tents, for ye better advancement of their prifes: whereby as not one wardship amongst twenty now accrueth to this family web otherwife had happened: foe, the Court of Wards and 701 liveryes bringeth | an hundred fold more profit to the Crown then formerly before those Statutes it did, A growing perticular mischeife likely to proceede to a generall inconvenience.

Dis lawe suites.

broke out between this lord and his only brother Maurice, about the possession of the manor of Mangottesseild, the place where their father gave up his soule to God, and that manor to them that now contended about it.

With Maurice, his brother in lawe S. Nicholas Poynz and his mother in law the lady Cicely tooke part, And to the uttermost of their powers abetted his cause, who made title by the expresse words of his fathers will, proved by the Judges and others his fathers executors, and approved of by the lord Thomas himself, who also was a witness thereto, and present at his fathers death and last confirmation thereof.

But this guift by will this lord Thomas would not admit, for that (faith hee) the feoffment of that manor made by the lord his father to the Duke of Norfolk and others, to the use of his last will and for performance thereof, was never executed in this manor of Mangottesfeild by the express inhibition of his said sather; And on purpose foe to declare it hee kept Courts there in his own person and in his own name, and not in the name of the faid Duke and his Co-feoffees, which was otherwife in all the rest of the manors comprized in the said feoffment; Alledging surther, That his father builded upon Mangottesfeild house with the goods, knotts, trayles, carved works, and other ornaments of his, fetched from his house at Yate, which his unkle the lord Maurice gave him, to the value of two hundred marks, another manifest figne (faith this lord) that the lord his father never meant That his brother Maurice should have it, but hee whose goods had built and adorned it. And further alleadged. That whereas his father had allotted unto him in marriage with the lady Mary his wife, divers lands to the value of 100! p ann: for their maintenance, his father retained fifty marks yearly of that hundred pound by the space of three years towards the building of Mangottesfeild house, which amounteth to one hundred pounds, Another declaration of his fathers mind (faith hee) That | hee meant not 702 that his fon Maurice fhould have it; Alfo this lord Thomas alleadged further, that the manor of Mangottesfeild and the manor of Bitton doe adjoyne togeather, and have continued togeather in one mans possession many hundreds of yeares, And that there is an hill called charnells hill parcell of the manor of Bitton, and in the bottom of the faid Hill is a great fquare poole called charnells poole adjoyning to Mangottesfeild hill, and in the end of the middle of the faid poole his faid father builded a newe mill from the ground, which is parcell of the manor of Bitton, which his brother fince the death of his father hath entred into, and fished and destroyed the fish to the value of forty pound. And lastly (so farre prevailed hee) that hee caused. the lady Ciceley, mother in lawe to them both, (yet shee tooke part with Maurice,) to avow That shee kept as well the Seale of Armes as the Signet of her husband by: the space of five daies after his death, And in that time sealed two parts of the said will, being tripartite, (called Counterpanes,) with the faid Seal of Armes. Thus, with much unbrotherly agitacon was tost that controversy till the death of this lord, what time Maurice had the poffession of the house and conigre, and this lord of the rest of the manor; After whose death his widowe the lady Anne in behalf of her young fon the lord Henry, banded this ball of discord anewe and with more bitternes, as after followeth; Declaring thereby, that her incantations had more powerfully prevailed

chartulæ in Castrode Berkeley

¹ Rabbit Warren. [Ed.]

prevailed with her husband then stood with the affection of a brother, or the honor of their fathers memory. Of which lady it now follows that I write, as the fecond of this lords wives.

Dis Wives.

Dis First Wife.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

div'sa munimenta in castro de Berkeley.

castro de Berkeley:

Inqu: in com. Glouc. 29. H: .8. p! mort Thom Volunt: Thome de Berkeley: 24. . H. 8.

originall: 25. H. 8. rot: 34. in fcªcio.

That it was intended and accordingly articled under feale That this lord should have marryed Katharine daughter of Thomas Howard Duke of Norfolk, and that part of the marriage portion was accordingly paid, hath been already written in the life of this lords father; But whether nearnes of bloud, they being cozens in the 703 fourth degree, or the death of Katharine, or diflike either of I the parties to the other, or what elfe hindered the confummation of that marriage, I find not: But the fame 17th yeare of king Henry the 8th hee tooke to wife Mary the daughter of George lord Hastings; the greatest part of whose marriage portion the lord Thomas his father in the fecond yeare after affigned over to St George Throgmerton, for payment of part of the Dowry hee gave with his daughter Mirriell Berkeley, div's compi in marryed to his eldest son Robert, as hath been faid: And for maintenance, this lord and his wife had one hundred pounds a yeare from his father; By her this lord had noe iffue, though they lived lovingly togeather neare eight yeares; And dyed in the fame 24th yeare of Henry the 8th about fix weekes after this lords father; ffor whose Joynture and dower the faid lord her father in lawe tooke spetiall care that it might bee quietly enjoyed by her, if shee furvived her husband, without the impeachment of his own wife, As by his will made but a few dayes before his death appeares.

> **Powheit**, this lords forrow for her death was not foe stronge or prevalent to hinder him many monthes from flying to the marriage bed of another as followes.

Dis Second Wife.

The fecond wife of this lord Thomas, was Anne the daughter of S. John Savage of ffrodsham in Cheshire knight, of whom Stowe, & others thus write; That on the 25th day of January in the 24th yeare of his raigne, king Henry the 8th privily married the lady Anne Boleine, what time M. Anne Savage bare up her. traine, and was her felf shortly after marryed to the lord Berkeley; which marriage feemes to have been contrived by the faid King and Queen, or one of them.

The father of this lord dyed on the 22th of January as hath been faid; The lady Mary this lords first wife dyed within less then two months after, And in Aprill following was this lords marriage with the faid Anne Savage...

The

The portion which shee brought in marriage was five hundred marks in money, paiable at certaine days after, some whereof incurred not in her husbands life time.

Carta. 21. Maij 25. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

The Joynture affured by her husband in May next after mariage | were the manors of Melton Mowbray, Segrave, and Sileby in the county of Leicester; Bretby, Rostlaston and Coton in the County of Derby; and Callowdon in the county of the City of Coventry; which was after increased with the manors of Mountforrell, Gofcote hundred, and Coldoverton, And wth the thirds of the manors of Sages, Tetbury, Daglingworth, fframpton, Manygford, Afpele, Hovingham, and of the lands in Calais, affigned to her in lieu of Dower.

Carta prdicta.

Eschi: 2. 3. Ph: et. M. in Canc. Carta. 3. 4. Ph: Mar in Castro de Berkel: Comp: 20. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

Shee was a lady of a masculine spirit, over-powerfull with her husband, seldom at rest with her felf, never wanting matter of suite or discontent to work upon, till the full age of that fon which shee carryed in her womb nine weeks and fower days after the death of her husband: Since was in the way to have proved a fruitfull lady, and to have replenished this family with males and females, whereof much scarcity hath in late discents been in the eldest line; for in the tenth month after marriage fhee brought her husband as faire a daughter as lived in her time; And conceived againe the next night after her churching day, and brought a fon, (of whom I am next to write,) as shee declared the time of her conception to him, and hee to mee, and as the fequell manifested to bee true, the birth being just forty weeks after. though the father lived not to fee the day; Of complection shee was of a comely brown, of a middle stature, And, above all the ladies of her days, noted to bee most tender hearted to her children; And to them foe over and above reafon indulgent, as not contentedly shee admitted them out of her fight, whereby they after complayned of that want of Learning which a juster education should have afforded their estates and parentage; ffor whose sakes and the memoriall of her husbands love shee continued a widowe all her life: noe lady more constant to her religion, for from the instruction of her youth wherewith in the ten first years of king Henry the 8th shee was feafoned, shee never would depart; which was the cause why Queene Mary and the Clergy of her time exceedingly favoured her.

Countes of Ormond: Ld Henry.

The places where most shee lived after her husbands death were first at S! Augustines green by Bristoll, then at Yate, then at Kentish Towne by London, Divis compi then at the Bishop of Bangors great house in Shewelane by St Andrews Church in Holborne, which shee held by lease. Then againe at Yate in Gloucestershire, And laftly at Callowdon by Coventry, where flee dyed intestate in October in the fixth yeare of Queen Elizabeth, A: 1564. then of the age of 58. yeares or neare there-

hospič in castro de Berkeley. Ex relacone Hen: Dñi Berkeley. Depos: in Canc: Sub mag: Sigillo in ca: de Berkeley. abouts; And lyeth buried in the Church of S! Michail in Coventry; who may not foe fleep in peace, but that I must after and often call her suites and actions into question, in | the life of the lord Henry her son, to whose time I doe transmit many of them, as being prosecuted in his name, and concerned his inheritance.

Administr: dat: 31 Jan: 7: Eliz: 1564. sub figillo in castr de Berkeley. The administration of the goods and chattles of this lady was the 31th of January following committed to the lord Henry her fon, who for the honor of her memory, paid more then her goods which came to his hands amounted unto, which fometimes after, for his discharge, hee pleaded.

Ex relacone ipius Henrici: et Hancorne et Burbage tunc attenden.

Anne Gastrell her waiting gentle-woman.

Country huswifery feemed to bee an effentiall part of this ladies constitution; A lady, that living at Yate, Callowdon, and other her Country houses, would betimes in Winter and Somer mornings make her walkes to visit her stable, barnes, day house, pultry, swinetroughs, and the like; Which huswifery her daughter in lawe the lady Katharine Howard, wife to the lord Henry her son, seeming to decline, and to betake her self to the delights of youth and greatnes, shee would sometimes to those about her, sweare, by Gods blessed facrament, this gay girle will begger my son Henry: As the lord her son, and other of her servants have told mee: And if shee were to bee judged as Phillip de Comines doth King Lewis the 11th his master, That hee was a good King because hee had more vertues than vices, I would soe conclude of this lady: But soe much remaines to bee said of her in the life of the lord Henry her son as I will leave my Judgment in Suspence.

And it might feem tedious to this family for mee to write foe largely of this lady as I have received from Anne Gastrell the widow of Thomas Harsfeild of Nibley, there living for ten years after I maryed into that towne, the nearest and eldest attendant about her of all this ladies gentlewomen until her death.

Dis issue.

Inqu: 29. H. 8. in fc*čio: 1 year old post mort
Thome
Comp: Fransh recept 1. et 2.
Eliz. in castr de
Berkeley.
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The children which this lord Thomas had by his last wife were only two; Henry born nine weeks and sower dayes after his fathers death, whose life is half a Volume of it self; And Elizabeth then scarce three quarters old, who was in the first of Queen Elizabeth marryed to Thomas Butler Earle of Ormond, whom in y. 2th of Eliz: shee followed into Ireland accompanied with her mother and brother from London to | Yate, thence to Bristoll, where shee tooke shipping for Ireland.

19 that portion the Earle had with her in marriage, I have not found; Howbeit having noe certainty left by her father, her brother gave her one hundred pounds by the yeare for many years togeather, both before and after her marriage.

Per

Queen Elizabeth: But afterwards shee and her husband not agreeing, An award was upon the labor of the lord Henry her brother made in the 11th of Queen Elizabeth between them, by the mediation of Thomas Howard Duke of Norfolk and of Thomas Ratcliffe Earle of Sussex, to whom their differences were referred; That shee for her present alimony and maintenance, (then being seperate from her husband meerely arising from the antipathy of their natures,) should have 90th p Anñ out of her husbands lands, which was duly paid by his Receivor during her life, which ended at Bristoll in the 24th yeare of Queen Elizabeth, Anno, 1582. leaving noe issue behind her, nor for ought I could learne ever conceived by him: A lady whom the lord Henry her brother, and others of his old servants, would report to have been the fairest that lived in the Courts of Edward the sixth and of Queen Mary, and soe noted in those dayes.

Carta in castro de Berkeley.

Carta in castro de Berkeley.

Dis Scales.

This lords time was fo short after his fathers death, And the name of Thomas one and the same to them both, As also the stile, That hee never altered either his fathers broad seale or privy Signet: Only I have observed, That on the reverse of his broad seale sixed to his last will and Testament, The privy seale or signet, (being Mowbrays Lion rampant,) is sive times imprinted, one, three, and one. See the sigures in his fathers life.



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Dis death and place of Buriall,

Inq: in Canc:

Inq: in Scacio:

I will fatisfy this title with two records of Inquifitions found after the death of this lord Thomas, in one yeare in one county; The one at Wotton Underedge the 20th of August in the 20th of king Henry the 8th, by Commission in the nature of a Mandamus, the other at Marshfeild the 10th of October following, by the Escheator alone, virtute officij sui; The first returned into the Chancery, the other into the Exchequer. The first layeth down the recoveryes had by Judge Brudnell and others against this lords unkle in Ester Terme in the 4th and . 5th of Henry the 8th of the manors of Tetbury, Daglingworth, Sages, and the rest of his lands formerly mentioned, And how this lords father dyed the 24th of Henry the 8th indebted—627^{li} 3^s 6^d,—over and besides—488^{li} 16^s 6^d—in legacies given by his will; And the Anuities given by him for life, whereof many are formerly mentioned; And this lord Thomas his fon dyed the 22th of September in the 26th of Henry the 8th Anno. 1534.

The fecond Inquisition layeth down the purchases of Bitton and Mangottesfeild, made by the lord Maurice of M. Dormer in the 11th of Henry the 8th; And hee of Huffey in the 7th year of the faid kinge; and how the faid lord Maurice purchased the manor of Elmington of M! Willim Hussey, son and heire of Margaret Blunt maryed to John Huffey, father of the faid William, by fine in Efter Terme in the 12th of Henry the 8th; And how, when this lord Thomas dyed the 22th of September in the 26th of Henry the 8th Anno. 1534, Then Elizabeth was his daughter and heire, one yeare old; But that Anne his wife was then with childe, who fince brought forth a fon called Henry, the 26th of November following. Thus these Inquisitions.

This lord Thomas in the first yeare of his Barony, wisely taking into consideration the debts of his father and unkle wherewith the lands difcended upon him were charged; And the Joynture and dower of the lady Cicely his mother in lawe of feaven of his manors, whereof mention hath been made in his fathers life; And the lands also which his younger brother had for his life: And having also some fcores of his own uncut out incurred in his fathers life, in those eight years of his first marriage, what time hee had but one hundred pounds p ann. exhibition, for the maintenance of himfelf his wife and family, And part of that also not well paid as 708 before appeares; And observing withall the many Anuities issuing out of those lands given by his faid Ancestors and himself still in being, And of the charge of children like to grow upon him, determined to cast off for a time the popular and vaine

vaine fame of great houskeeping, and the many expences incident thereto, And to fojourne at a certaine rate, we hee would not exceed; And doth bargaine accordingly with the Countesse of Wilshere, who then lived at Stone by Thames side, a mile from Dartsord in Kent, for the lord of himself, his wise, two gentlewomen, and six men, at the rate of 25. 4d the weeke for them all; And soe in June in the 26th yeare of Henry the 8th sets from his house at Yate in Gloucestershire towards London, and from thence comes to Stone the 15th of the next month, where, after a short sickness, hee dyes on Satterday the 19th day of September in the said 26th yeare of the raigne of king Henry the 8th Anno. 1534. And was there buryed the Teusday after, the 22th of that Septs, which the said Inquisitions make the day of his death, then of the age of 29 years or neare thereabouts, whereof hee had sit lord one yeare and eight months after the death of his father; And of all his ancestors had the shortest life, yet longe, by the well imployment of his life.

div'sa muniment in castro de Berkeley.

Liberac: Thome dni Berkeley. 24. H. 8. et Henrici dni Berkeley 2. et. 3. Ph: et Mar.

In an accompt of one of his houshold officers of that time, are these words, which I best beleive and followe; Memorandum, paid to my lady Wilshire the 21th day of September in the 26th yeare of the raigne of King Henry the 8th in full consideration for the board of my lord Berkeley, my lady, and all their servants, unto the said twenty first of September in the said year and raigne—12th 13th 4d—which surther shewes that hee came to sojourne there the 15th of July before, himself, wise, two gentlewomen, and six men; And soe for nyne weeks till hee was buryed, paid as aforesaid after—25th 4th weeke.

Comp: in castro de Berkeley et al munimenta.

Conterning whose death and funerall are these further fragments, remaining in the accompts of his servants of that time, made to his wife the week after, which are all I have found of him.

Charges about the funeralls of my lord Berkeley the 19th day of September in the 26th years of Henry the 8th

ffirst to a mason for raising the soote of the herse—10^d:
For making of his Chest—12^d.
For half a hundred of boards—14^d.
For 4 Bushells of bran to lay within the Chest—12^d.
For a winding sheet—20^d.
For masses the 19th day of September at his death—3^s.
For dirige the same day—2th.

. 700

A masse constantly rated at 4d a peece.

To the poore in Almes the fame day—12d. To Hall and three children for bearing of torches—12d Itm at dirige on Thursday 2. preists—84. Itm at dirige on Fryday 7. preifts-4. 84. Itm 5 masses of the five wounds—20d. Itm. 3. masses downe of the trentall—124 Itm, remaineth more of the trentall-9: Itm offering pence—25 8d. Itm to the clarke—4d

And in another bill thus,

Stone by Thames

A place neare Itm for the hire of a horse from London to Stone in Kent, to ride to my lords fide, month mind—16d

And in another bill thus

Itm received of my lady on Thursday the 17th of September in the 26th of Henry the 8th xxd whereof paid for a wherry for Doctor Nicholas a Phisition to Greenhithe -2. For the doctors costs at Greenhith all night—6.

I have been told from his fon the lord Henry, and by two other of this lords fervants, That hee dyed of a furfeit of cherries; which I beleive, though their feafon feem gone longe before his death; Neither is any of his ancestors found to bee better bred nor of greater hope, who for his fweet condition and for a mind as innocent as his years, and for his rare endowments, well deferves to bee commended to everlasting memory, that hee may bee permanent soe much the longer in the life of an History, by how much the thred of his naturall life was cut shorter by the fates.

> Short was thy life, yet liv'st thou ever, Death has his due, yet dyest thou never. All well may wonder how foe youthfull years, Could frame a life where foe much worth appeares

710

The lands whereof hee dped seized.

The manors and lands which this lord Thomas left to difcend to Elizabeth his only daughter and heire at his death, And after to the lord Henry his fon, borne nine weeks and fower days after his death, were in effect the fame whereof his father and unkle dyed feized, viz!

The

The manor of Melton Mowbray,
The manor of Segrave,
The manor of Sileby,
The manor of Coldoverton,
The manor of Mountforrell,
called fuperior et inferior.
The manor of Dalby Chawcomb,
The manor of Thurneby,
The manor of Thorpe Sachevill &
Twyford,
The manor of Witherley,
The hundred of Goscote,
Divers Lands in Welby ats Oleby.

The manor of Sages,
The manor of Bitton,
The manor of Ailmington, which was to Maurice his brother.
The manor of Upton St Leonards, called Grovecourt.
The manor of Mangottesfeild,
The manor of Tetbury,
The manor of Daglingworth,
The manor of Yate, was but a leafe for yeares.
The fourth part of the manor of

Brokenburrow, in Almondsbury prish,

Divers lands and Tenements in

Divers lands and Tenements in Thornbury, containing - 190 - acres, A meffuage and divers lands in Berkeley,

Two and twenty marks rent out of fframpton upon Seaverne, |

The manor of ffenystanton, The manor of Hilton, The manor of Auconbury, The manor of Weston, In the County of Leicester.

In the County of Gloucester.

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In the County of Huntington.

The

The manor of Chatterys,
The manor of Guyherne and Murroe.

In the County of Cambridge.

The manor of Bosham with Buckfold,
The manor of Thorney,
The manor of ffuntington.

In the County of Sussex.

The manor of Bretby,
The manor of Linton,
The manor of Coton,
The manor of Rostlaston,
The manor of Repingdon,

The manor of Repingdon,

The manor of Hovingham, in the County of Yorke.

The manor of Maningford Bruce, in the County of Wilts.

Certaine Lands and tents in Thorpe, and Kingston in the County of Nottingham.

The manor of Callowdon in the County of the City of Coventry and Warrwicke,

Divers lands and tenements in Stivechall, by Coventry.

The manor of Afpele, in the Parish of Tamworth.

The manor of Thurlaston,
The manor of fflekenhoe.

In the County of Warrwick.

The moities of the Lops of Catherlagh, Oldcroffe, and other lands.

Lands and Tenements in Calais of the value of—61: 13: 4d of old rent.

ffowerteen pounds pt Ann out of Bromly, Lee, Gateborne, and Scothurne, in the Counties of Lincolne and Surrey.

Origin. 2. et. 3. Ph: et Mar. ps. 2. rot. 73. ffor these lands severall Inquisitions, (in all or most counties,) were sound after the death of this lord in the 28th and twenty ninth years of the raigne of Henry the 8th, and in the third of king Edward the sixth; And of them Henry lord Berkeley

Berkeley aforefaid, after hee had been one and twenty years in | ward, fued his 712 livery in the fecond and third of Phillip and Mary; And therein were valued to him at-9921: 18: 03d.

At which time also reverted unto him upon the death of king Edwd the fixth, for default of iffue male of the body of king Henry the 7th, according to the entaile of Willim Marques Berkeley, as in his life is related, these manors, viz:

> The Castle and manor of Berkeley. The manor of Hame. The manor of Appleridge, The manor of Slimbridge, The manor of Hurst, The manor of Cowley. The manor of Alkington, The manor of Came, The manor of Wotton underedge, with the Advowson, The manor of Symondfall, The manor of Hinton, The manor of Erlingham.

In the County of Gloucester.

The manor of Portbury in the County of Somerfet. The 4th part of the manor of Tyborne ats Marybone, in the County of Middlefex. The manors of Kington magna, and Kington parva, in the County of Warrwicke. And these later were valued to him at—687! 5:

And also in the second yeare of Queen Elizabeth reverted unto him the Lib: in cur Ward: manors of Kenet and Kentford in the Counties of Cambridge and Suffolk, for default of iffue male of the bodies of Richard Willoughby and Edward Willoughby, according to the entaile of Willim Marques Berkeley made to them, as in his life hath been related; And thefe, in the livery which hee then fued, were valued at-34 6 and then yielded in rent but—59 4 more.

Spec: lib: 16 Junij

Doe all the lands for which Henry lord Berkeley fued livery m. 2. &. 3. Ph: & Mary, were valued at

20nd

And also hee further had the Manor of Weston iuxta Baldocke in the County of Hartford, recovered upon the suite in lawe from y patentees of king E. 6., (as after followeth in his life,) valued at 36! or thereab!

713 The fine which the lord Henry paid upon his livery for the lands discended Rate of his Livery from his father, was—4961. 9. 1.

The fine which hee paid for the lands reverted to him after the death of king Edward the fixth, was—3431. 125 6d.

The Application and use of his life.

The use.

1. In Berkeley Castle on a file of bills, is one for the last suite of Clothes that ever were made for this lords wearing, which hee made at Stone, the 4th of September, but fifteen dayes before hee dyed, then in the 29th of his age; Thus,

Itm paid for a yard and a quarter of black kersie for my lords hose, 2, 11 Itm for two yards and a half of black fustion for a doublet for my lord, 2, 1 Itm for two yards of Lininge for the same doublet, - - 1, 3 And so of the rest of the parcells. In the whole makeing and all, 9, 7 Sum—9, 07.

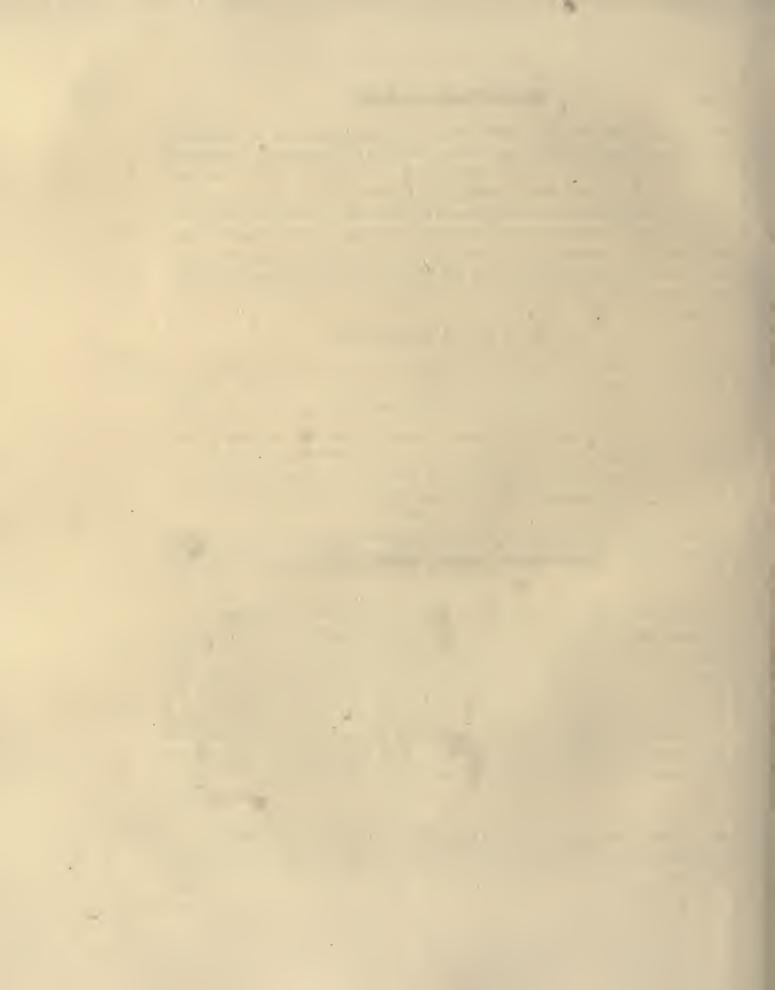
Which I hope the divine providence hath referved for his posterity as an example of moderation, and to avoid excesse in this kind: Poore is the condition of that man that must from his taylor take his reputation.

- 2. Againe, from the short life of this lord his posterity is admonished, not to rely the everlasting affaires of their life to come upon the gliding slipperines and running streame of this uncertaine life; Neither to sojourne longe in sinfull security, but to frame their premises as they would have the conclusion; And by considering how the bud of this their Ancestors life was cut from the stalk before it flowered, to meditate often on the sall of theire lease, for none more likely than hee to have seen the seed ripened. And to desire with this their ancestor rather a good life then a longe, non quam diù sed quam benè; And to know with him that one day vertuously spent is to bee highlier valued then a longe life consumed in vanity and prophanenes.
- 3. Againe, when this family shall feriously consider the generous fraternity and love that alwaies floured between this lord Thomas father and his elder brother the lord

lord Maurice, whose individuals foules foe entirely comunicated their true affections each to other, that they seemed at once to bee all in all, and all, in every part of each other; And when in the next discent this family shall as feriously consider the bitter enmity of the two sons of the said lord Thomas, this Thomas the sixth and Maurice his brother, which reconciled not till death, with the ill effects, It cannot but acknowledge, That tribulations and crosses waite and are let in as well at their doores as of inferior families: And therefore when they see but one morrowe day to bee interposed between such sweet affections and unnatural discords, It must needs know it self still subject to the like adversities, And beare theire saile thereafter.

715 } blank

Finis Thoma, ejusdem nominis, Serti.



The life of Henry lord Berkeley the first of that name, stiled in writings Sir Henry Berkeley knight, Lord Berkeley, Mowbray, Segrave, and Breouse; never otherwise written from his cradle to his grave; And was Avus, or as our Ancestors the Saxons called, eald-fader, And wee at this day grandfather to George now lord Berkeley.

And may bee called Henry the harmlesse, or posthumus Henry.

Contemporary with King Henry the 8th, Kinge Edward the 6th, Queen Mary, Queen Elizabeth, and King James, from 1534. till 1613.

The longe life of this lord Henry I deliver under these fixteen titles;

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1.—Big birth and education, fol: 718.
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^{2.—}Dis restitution to Berkeley Castle and to the Barony of Berkeley: fol: 727.

^{3.—}Dig lawe fuites, fol: 741.

^{4.—}Dis fale of lands, fol: 817.

^{5.—}Dig buildings, fol: 825.

^{6.—}Dis recreations and delights, fol: 826.

^{7.—}Dis hospitality, fol: 828.

^{8.—}Dig rewards to Servants, fol: 832.

^{9.—}Dis Almes and devotions, fol: 833.

^{10.—}Dis miscellaniæ or various passages, fol: 835.

^{11.—}Dig Wives, fol: 849.

^{12.—}Dig issue, fol: 863.

^{13.—}Dis feales of Armes, fol: 875.

^{14.—}Dis death and place of buriall, fol: 876.

^{15.—}The lands whereof hee dyed feized, fol: 882.

^{16.—}The application and use of his life, fol: 883.

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His Birth and education.

piously the grandfather of this lord Henry lest his life at Mangottesseild in the 24th of king Henry the 8th, and peace (as hee supposed) between his two sons Thomas and Maurice; how his eldest son Thomas, this lords father, endeavored to wrest that manor of Mangottesseild from the said Maurice his younger brother, and how the said Thomas dyed within two years after at Stone in Kent, in the 26th of that king in the midst of that catching contention; leaving Elizabeth a sucking insant not one year old, his daughter and heire; And the lady Anne great with child, delivered of this lord Henry nyne weekes and sower days after his death, To whom king Henry the eighth that gave his name was godsather; hath in part already been declared.

Comp. miniff. 14.
Eliz:
pat. 1 Sept. 34
H. 8.
Mich. rec. 14 Eliz:
rot. 72. cm rem
thefaur in Scacio.

It hath also formerly been written in the life of the said lord Thomas the 5th, this lords grandsather, how by his Will hee gave to the said Maurice his second son, (amongst other lands,) the Manors of Dalby in Leicestershire for his life in present possession, And also the manor of Mountsorrell in the same county for his life also, after his will should bee performed;

Inqu: 28. H. 8. post mort. Thome in Cancell.

Mountforrell also after his fathers will performed: Hereupon Maurice tenders his plea in Chancery in nature of a traverse, to avoid this part of the Inquisition foe unjustly sound by meanes of this lady Anne his lady Anne his safter in lawe, who loved him not; whereupon iffue is joyned between Maurice and the kings Atturney generall tryable by Jury, urged and defended by this lady Anne, in behalf of her felf and her fon Henry the Kings ward.

Ptita in Canc. octabis martin 28. H. 8. Dalby manor, but a Manor of it felf, with a court baron | and a Leete yearly kept 719 there; And also, that the tenants of Dalby never atturned to the seosses, whereby Maurice could have noe estate in that Manor from his father. And also, that there is both great Dalby and litle Dalby in that County, And in the seossement which passed by tre of Atturney it is not expressed whether was meant unto him by his sather great Dalby or litle Dalby. And also that Henry her son was heir in taile to that manor, which Maurice claimed by vertue of a fine levyed by Maurice Fine Berkeley his grandsather to himself and Isable his wife, and to the heires males of their two bodies.

Breviats in Berkeley Castle. 710

Fine: 10. H. 7. in banco.

Against Maurice also, for Mangottesseild manor, shee alleadged, That her husband was seized of all that manor save the house and the Conigre, and thereof dyed seized, And so her son (the kings ward) was in by discent from his father: Against Maurice also, for the manor of Elmington given him likewise by his sathers will and to the heirs males of his body, shee alleadged, That that guist was to him by a first Will, which by making of a second was revoked: And that after the seossement made by the said lord Thomas his father to the use of his will, hee made a Lease for lives of the manor place demesses and Tenems, referving a rent to him and his heires, with a clause of distress for nonpayment; Which rent must refort to Henry her son; Thus this lady Anne drew into suite and question whatsoever lands this younger brother Maurice had in any County.

And because her masculine spirit would beare noe coales at Maurices hands, whereas hee and his company had not longe before endamaged her husband in spoiling of Mangottesseild poole and the Mill there, whereof hee had gotten the possession, as hath also been said; shee incited James Berkeley of Bradley by Wotton, John Berkeley and Brice Berkeley his two sons, and thirty others who by her means they brought with them, the 12th of June in the 26th of Henry the 8th, immediately after her husbands departure from Yate towards London, to reenter againe upon the said Mill and poole, and riotously to break down the head thereof, And from thence to carry away tench and breames to the value of forty shillings: For which sact by the pursuite of the said Maurice, they were shortly after indicted and fined. Whith riotous deed the malice of the said lady borne to Maurice soe well approved, That (her husband dying the 19th of September sollowing,) shee the 28th of the next month, by an ample patent made the said James Berkeley her Receivour, Surveyor, Auditor, and Woodward, of all her manors and lands in the

Carta in castro de Berkeley.

Counties

720 Counties of Derby, Leicester, Huntington, and Gloucester, which shee | either had in joynture or by lease from the lady Cicely as Administratrix to her husband, as a reward for his faid riotous sact.

And this is that Brice Berkeley whose daughter and heire Elizabeth was after maryed to Edward Berkeley fon and heire of this Maurice, as formerly hath been written.

Pat: 1 Sept. 34.
H. 8.
Mich: rec: 14.
Ediz. rot. 72. in
fcacio cum: rem:
thefaur
Comp: minis. 14.
Eliz: in Scacio.

Carta dat : 2. Januar : 26. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley. And for the wardship of this lord Henry, It was first granted by Henry the 8th to Robert Earle of Suffex his Chamberlen, with the exhibition of— 14th 6th 8th iffuing out of fframpton upon Seaverne, and after by him affigned to this lady Anne.

It now followeth to declare, that forthwith after her husbands funerall the faid lady Anne came to live at S! Augustines greene, and from thence returned to her house at Yate; And in the meane time, within one week after her churching, the more to increase the flame of the former fire (which by her addition of fuell had too much flamed between the two brothers,) shee wound in one Alexander Dowle of Thornbury, son of Walter, son of Thomas and of Alice his wife, daughter and heire of one Phillpot and of Alice his wife, to fell unto her in see simple for twenty pounds in money a messuage and threescore acres of Land in Acton Ilger, which was wrongfully with power and force held from him by Giles Poyntz, (brother of Sir Nicholas,) And that hee being a poore man and not able to sue in the kings Courts for the same against the faid Giles, did therefore fell his right and title to the faid lady and her heirs; Thus the Deed speakes.

now whilst these and other fuites travelled up and down Westm! hall, Maurice on the other part, accompanyed with his brother in law Nicholas Poynz, and the said

Giles Poynz his brother, to work like dispite to this lady, They one night specially, (as often they did the like,) with a riotous company of their fervants and others, entred her parke at Yate, and having havoked her deere at pleasure sware amongst themselves, they would, to fret and damage her the more, set the great hay ricke on fire; meaning a great ricke of hay for winter provision inclosed with a high pale at the stable end adjoyning to the house, wishing the fire might catch the house and

Giles Poynz) thou shalt bee heire, and wee have an end of all our sutes.

Ex relacone H: dni Berkeley et diü. at.

It chanced at the fame time another company of Hunters to bee | in the fame parke stealing also of this ladies deere; who perceiving a stronger pack of theeves

burne the lady with her werish boy in the midst of it, And then, Maurice (quoth

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then

then themselves to bee in place, and better provided, had drawn themselves secretly to shelter under the said hay ricke, where closely standing and hearing what was said and determined, and fearing either to bee descried or burned, presently ran away and fled; which being perceived by Maurice and his company, and by them thought to bee of the ladies family, and fuch as shee and her keepers had drawn togeather, They also, as loth to be descryed or taken, fled as fast another way; And soe by this chance was a great danger prevented, And Maurice and his company by the other company peached, and a Starchamber fuite commenced. This, this noble lord Henry hath merily related unto mee, with many the like passages in those times by his unkind uncle Maurice, and his faid brother in lawe; wherewith I might blot more leaves of paper and tell this family of divers of their strange actions, not (I think) before practifed fince the lawles daies of Robinhood; the remembrance of many whereof are yet of fresh memory in those parts.

In March the yeare after in the 29th of King Henry the 8th, Sir Nicholas Poynz aforefaid, John Butler, Edward Arden, Thomas Tovy, and others of his company, in a lewd riotous manner brake down the wall and head of Mangottesfeild poole aforefaid, which was now the faid ladies, and destroyed the mill of late there built, and took and spoiled the fish and fry therein, to her very great damage, and the little profit of themselves; which was the third attempt upon this mill and poole; for which riotous fact, this lady Anne exhibits another bill in the Starchamber; And fending her man Thomas Stephens to ferve the defendants with proces, the faid Arden and others foundly beat him, for which battery and contempt of Justice, another newe fuite was likewife raifed and profecuted.

Sir Nicholas Poynz and Maurice Berkeley being strictly pressed with the suits of this lady, for the riot committed upon the faid mill and poole, fomewhat to give colour to their fact, procured an Inquisition to bee privately found at Wotton by the Escheator, virtute officij, in the 30th yeare of king Henry the 8th, declaring how Henry the 8th in the 24th of his raigne leafed the Manor and Hundred of Barton to his father S. Anthony Poynz for one and twenty years, whose executor hee was; And that the watercourse running between the manor and | hundred of Barton and 722 the manor of Bitton was estopped by Thomas lord Berkeley the fifth of that name, when he new built that mill, And thereupon had overflown two acres of ground, one of the manor of Barton, the other of the manor of Bitton, which is now called Mangottesfeild poole ats Charnells poole, which Anne lady Berkeley now holds, but by what title they of the Jury fay they know not: This prefentment the lady traversed.

Inq: 30. H. 8. in ſcªĉio.

traversed, And hereupon so many bills in divers Courts, Indictements and other Suites, were multiplyed between them, That at last the said lady to give some ease to her self, sled to her old master king Henry the 8th, who granted her a speciall Comission under the great seale, to enquire heare and determine these riots and other misdemeanors, and made her one of the Comissioners, and of the Quorum; Whereupon shee came to Glouc., and there sate on the Bench in the publique Sessions hall, impanelled a Jury, received Evidence, sound St Nicholas Poynz and Maurice Berkeley and their sellowes guilty of divers riotts and disorders, and syned them; And hence it is, that the comon people in those parts of Yate and Mangottesseild will with some stifness of opinion to this day, to the honor of this lady, (as they suppose,) maintaine that shee was a Justice of peace, and in the Comission of the peace, and sate with them upon the bench, But I have not otherwise observed it, then as aforesaid.

Carta in castro de de Berkeley.

It will not further weary this noble family with more of the braules and jarrs between these two samilies; I come to the end they tooke for the time; S. Nicholas Poynz for two hundred markes, in the second and third years of Phillip and Mary, sold to this lord Henry the patent hee had from the Crown of the Rangership and keeping of Kingswood sforest, which his Ancestors Anthony and sfrancis before had held, And which Maurice lord Berkeley the Sixth, before them had also held; for payment of which money the said lady Anne became bound with her son as a surety; And the next yeare this S. Nicholas, leaving another S. Nicholas his son to succeed him, dyed; the said Maurice Berkeley his brother being dead before.

Escheat: 13. H. 4. post mort: Tho: Mowbray Com: Maresc.

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Diversa munimenta in castro de Berkel:
Diu'si compi inter record et supervis:
Tho. Jenison, et Dhæ Eliz: nuper regine.

fuffered this lord her fon to fustaine losse of treble more moment abroad; for whereas by discent of inheritance hee had the one moity of the seignories and lordships of Catherlagh, Oldcrosse, and divers other Manors and lands in the County of Wexford, (yea two baronies,) in Ireland, as a copercener with Thomas then Duke of Norsolk, A parliament was holden for that kingdome at Dublyn, the first of May in the 28th of king Henry the 8th, whereat all lords and owners of lands were, by a law then made, under forseiture enjoyned by a short day to come and inhabite upon them, whereby this lord became disinherited.

Of the Justice of this act I will not speake, because it was grounded upon reason of State, as affaires then stood; But, as to the lord Henry, then but seaventeen monthes old and the kings ward, and his whole lands under the kings rule and protection,

protection, and of his Courts, in refpect of his minority, it feemeth hard, and with fome unreasonable; And the more because the Crown then seized upon them, and longe time after let them for yearly rents paid into the Exchequer there, untill king tempore Jacobi. James fold them away in ffee simple.

Peither would I have this family ignorant, that many tres and some messengers in the life of this lord Henry after his full age, and the marriage of his fifter with the Earle of Ormond, were fent to him about these lands; But what through the Jarre that fell between that Earle and his wife, and of the fuits that continued between Oueen Elizabeth and this lord Henry, and with her potent favorites and patentees, till her end, and for feaven years after her dayes, and for many other troubles that preffed hard upon this lords estate, as also through his own indisposition for Court fuites, nothing was effected or brought to any apparent forwardnes for ought I have understood: Since his death I remember the new Earle of Thomond had twice fpeeches with the lady Elizabeth Berkeley mother and gardian of his grandchild and heire touching these lands, whereof I think hee hath part, and of the act that did disinherite this lord Henry; And after wrote to her about a search to bee made amongst this lords evidences, but I knowe hee obtained nothing to the prejudice of her fon the lord George; To whom I can leave noe other hope herein, then that the Crowns injustice, (if I may use foe harsh a word,) to his imediate Ancestor, may bee the ground for fome future fuite from his Matie

Anno: 14. Jaco: et. 16. Jacobi.

Isable lady Berkeley, widow, having by her first husbands conveyance an Estate in the manor of Callowdon for her life, And the revercon after her death to Maurice lord Berkeley her fon in ffee, joyne in a leafe in the 5th year of king Henry the 8th of the faid Manor, to Thomas Try their Cosen and servant, (often before mentioned,) for his life, paying for the life time of the faid lady-33":185 4d And after her death less by twenty pounds a year to the said Maurice and his heires; which leafe, the faid lord Maurice enjoyned his heire by his will, should bee quietly enjoyed; After that ladies death the faid Maurice in the 12th yeare of king Henry the 8th, not only confirmed that former leafe made by his mother and himself, but granted twelve years more to the faid Thomas Try, to bee accompted from his death, in recompence of the great charges hee had been at, and the many good and faithfull fervices hee had done to him, at the feidges of Tirwin and Tournay, and other places; Thomas Try dies at Callowdon the Tenth of ffebruary in the 36th of king Henry the 8th; This Manor being part of this lady Annes Joynture, shee comes now to take possession, but is kept out by Walter Horton Esq., in behalf of

finis: 10. H. 7. in banco.

Carta. 5. H. 8. in castr de Berkel:

Com. pleas: Pasch: 38. H. 8. rot. 448.

carta. 12. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

Pleadings in Canc. 36. et. 37. H. 8.

Paích: 38. H. 8. rot. 448. in Comon pleas.

his mother the widow and executrix of Thomas Try, by colour of the twelve years granted by this later leafe; This leafe the faid lady Anne accuseth to bee forged, And exhibits her bill against them in Chancery; they answere, Witnesses farre and neare are fetched and examined, and amongst others one Gerrard Try a Soldier from Bullen, a bafe fon of the faid Thomas Tryes; And the cause coming to hearing was fent to bee tryed by action at comon lawe, which by extraordinary labour and means paffed with the faid lady; And fo after two years and a half Strugling, shee obtained the poffession and overthrew that leafe, I will not fay unjustly: But knowingly, I may fay, favour and freinds much helped and prevailed; And in that space many forcible entries and riotous affaults were made, a part of the mote about that house filled up with faggotts, and soe affaulted by the faid lady, howbeit kept out both of the house and the greatest part of the Manor till tryall: After which the lady Anne to fortify her recovery fues out a speciall Comission in the nature of a Mandamus, to enquire what lands in the County of the City of Coventry her husband dyed feized of; Whereupon an Inquisition was taken before Bradshawe the kings Atturney generall and others, by jury, in the 3th yeare of king Edward the fixth, who found the faid first lease, and as much more special matter as would befreind the faid lady: All which, befides the records which fpeake at large, I have had from the relation of old Robert Burbage father of Thomas the now bayly of Goscote hundred, then servant to the said lady, and many years after to this lord Henry her fon, and imployed in this fervice, with many other passages by mee omitted.

carta in castro de Berkeley.

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(wherein John Prowtinge and Hugh ffowler, two of this lords fervants, of late dwelt,) And by his will left the inheritance of it to the faid Gerrard his bafe fon, formerly mentioned, then at Bullen, | who having deposed most advantageously in the former fuites for the fd lady, lost him the love of his faid mother in lawe and of her fon M! Horton; And also kindled in them a desire to doe him any mischeise; And on the other part, the hatred the lady carried to the memory of his father Thomas Try for forginge the faid lease, as shee affirmed, (but untruly,) caused her to cast injustice upon him his base fon; for, having now the possession of Callowdon shee seized upon this house and lands at Binly as parcell thereof, under colour that they were by one and the same man longe occupied togeather; Gerard Try comes from beyond seas, and petitions this lady for his right, but is rejected: Hee seks to the Bishop of Ely, then lord Chancellor, by petition, who refers him to the lady againe, especially charging him that hee should bee at quietnes with that good lady,

(for

(for fuch were his words;) whereupon hee went with his writings to Kentish Town by London, where at this begining of Queen Maryes raigne shee often lay with this lord her son, And telling her what the lord Chancellor had said, and the cause thereupon of his coming, hee declared to her his right to the land in Binly out of his evidence, which (as hee accuseth her) shee craftily catcheth up, and kept referring him to come to her to Callowdon where shee should bee sattisfyed; Thither shee repaires, and thither hee follows in lent after, where hee sound her with Bishop Bond, that kept with her there that lent: Hee importunes, shee denies, And in the end giving him 20d to beare his charges because hee was come thither by her appointment, shee bids him begone, and trouble her noe more, for the land shee would have, or by Gods blessed Sacrament, (that was ever her oath,) shee would make him burne a fagott: And another time, upon his further importunity, shee charged him to bee quiet, or (swearing the like oath,) she would cause him to bee burned for his religion.

Serrard packs againe to Bullen, and with the change of religion turns preift, and presently after the ladies death getts into possession of the said house, but by force; whom this lord Henry indictes at Warwicke Sessions upon the statute of the 8th of king Henry the 6th, of forcible entries: But hee (having his right favoured) avoids restitution of the possession. This lord thereupon brings his ejectione firmæ, whereupon iffue is joyned whether this house and lands bee the freehold of this lord or of the faid Gerrard: This fuite being miscarried, this lord repaireth it by another, wherein hee prevaileth not; Gerrard now poorly beneficed at Childewickham in the faid county, holding these multiplicity of suites for vexations, delivers a writing of his own hand writing to the proper hands of this lord Henry, wherein, (besides his laying down all the former passages,) hee plain ly adviseth him not to inrich himself with wrongfull gotten goods, least it consume the rest of all his substance; for confirmation whereof hee vouches to him five texts of Scripture, (not unaptly applyed,) And tells him as plainly, That his father Tryes labour care and diligence redeemed to his Ancestors and him better than 1700 markes a yeare; And that hee himselfe came from Bullen to testify for his lordships mother in the title of Callowdon, whereby hee lost his mother in lawe, and Mr Horton her fon; And was by them thrice maimed and hurt for answering of matters on her Laps side, (hee means, I think, in the affaults given about the poffession of the house,) who promised him fourty pounds by the yeare for those services, but never had penny of her, but in the end was forced to get over againe to Bullen.

10 Eliz:

Pasch: 10: Eliz. Rot: 238. in banco regis. Triñ. 12. Eliz:

Rot: 430. ibm.

Manuscr: in castro de Berkeley.

Hee meanes the feverall restitutions temp: H. 7. &. H. 8. vide fols: [613, 674]

carta dat: 28 Maij. Anno. 20. Jacobi. was powerfull; Gerrard had good title but this lord had now the possession and was powerfull; Gerrard upon composition releaseth all his right and title, And in recompence had from this lord an Yearly Anuity of fourty shillings duringe life, and competent sum of money in hand: This is that house and land of late sold in fee to Edward Woodward and Henry Lucas, to the use of the countes of Bedford, and by her and them to the lady Craven of London by the lady Elizabeth mother and guardian of the lord George, for two hundred pounds, with whom hee joyned in a syne in his minority: And thus is this ill got peece slipt from the rest, before the full age of the third heire.

Exodus. 1. v. 8. Acts: 7. v. 18. Morewith to beat a dogge: when a new Pharoe arose that knew not Joseph, it was easy to quarrell at the multiplication of his and of his fathers posterities: Howbeit Moses, from God, had told all generations of Josephs deservings towards Pharoes foresathers, and of their ill requitall of Josephs posterity: And the story of this Thomas Try, droppingly by mee delivered as occation required, in sower of the sormer lords lives, hath sufficiently assured this samily of his great services to each of them in their successive generations. And now by the cominge of this lady Anne, who knew him not, as shee ought to have done, his reward for those services is quarrelled, and his sidelity and reputation wounded after his death, I may say, unjustly overthrowne: A fortune which I wish none other servant to this noble samily may, without worse deserving ever find.

727 Carta in castro de Berkeley. At this time, in the fourth of Q[u]eene Mary, Anno 1556, Cardinall | Poole out of his Apostolicall authority and Legateship from the Bishop of Rome, absolved this lord Henry from all dangers of Excommunications, which in the late time of Schisme in England hee had incurred: And granted to him the faculty to use his Chappell in his manor of Callowdon, as of ancient time before the schisme his Ancestors had used the same: And to have there a portible Altar to say masse, to receive the body and bloud of Christ, and to keep the same in a box covered with a faire sindon or Linen cloth, with candle burning before it.

Carta in castro de Berkeley. Authority, grants to this lord Henry to have all the Tithes to his faid Chapple of Callowdon, which heretofore were granted by Pope Gregory; And which fince have been accustomed to bee paid thereto untill the late most pernitious schisme in England happened, what time the grant of the said Pope was lost, which the Cardinall

Cardinall doth now by his faid Apostolicall authority and legateship, repaire, renewe and restore.

His restitution to Berkeley Castle, and to the Barony of Berkeley.

Edward the fixth and entrance of Queen Mary, and him to the 19th yeare of his age; At which time fuch accidents fell togeather upon this family, as I shall seeme to those that read parcelwise and by broken houres, to relate them somewhat out of order.

I have not only in the life of William Marques Berkeley, but upon occations almost in each lords life since him, touched in what fort that Marques for default of iffue of his own body, entailed the greatest part of his Inheritance upon king Henry the 7th, and the heires males of his body, And for default of such iffue male, the same to return againe to his own right heires; And how the said Marques dyed in the 7th yeare of that kings raigne without any iffue of his body, And how that king entred thereupon, and was seized, and tooke the profits accordingly.

Maurice his fon were afterwards reftored to part, and regained other parts of those possessions; Insomuch as of all those manors so by the Marques entailed upon king Henry the 7th, none remained in the Crown upon the death of king Edward the sixth, (the last of that kings issue male,) save the Castle, Manor, and Hundred of Berkeley, the manors of Hame, Appleridge, Alkington, Came, Hinton, Cowley, Wotton underedge, Simondsall, Erlingham, Slimbridge, and Hurst, in the County of Glouc., And the hundred and manors of Portbury and Porteshead in the County of Somerset, And the manor of Kington in the County of Warrwick: As for the manor of Weston iuxta Baldocke in Hartfordshire, which was granted away in see by king Edward the sixth in the first of his raigne, it hath (as the case deserveth) a memoriall by it selfe.

I have also shewed how at the death of king Edward the sixth, this lord Henry was within age, and in ward to the king for his manors of Tetbury, Bitton, and other manors in divers Counties, which discended upon him by the death of the lord Thomas his father, holden by knights service in capite; whereupon arose a case of rarity and intricacy, which that venerable Judge of the Comon pleas, the lord James Dyer in his booke thus reporteth.

William

Dyer. Triñ Term. 1. Mar. fol: 102.

William Marques Berkeley levyed a fine of the manor of Berkeley to one Logge, come ceo que il avoit de fon done, by which fine Logge rendred the faid Manor to the Marques and to the heires of his body, the remainder to King Henry the 7th and to the heires males of his body, The remainder to the right heires of the Marques: That the Marques enters into the faid manor and dies without iffue, After whose death Henry the 7th enters, and was seized in taile, and dies; And the fame discended to Henry the 8th, and from him to Edward the sixth, who enters and dies without iffue: By reason whereof the remainder came to Henry lord Berkeley as Cozen and heire of the Marques, being within age and in Ward to Oueen Mary: And that the faid manor of Berkeley was holden by knights fervice in Capite; whereupon (faith Dyer) the question arose, Whether the faid manor should bee in Ward to the Queen or not, by reason that the Seignory was suspended in Edward the fixth at his death; And at last (faith hee) it was resolved by the judges, That the Queen should have the wardship of the said manor, not by her prerogative because other his lands were holden in Capite, but by reason of the tenure which is revived by the death of Edward the fixth in the person of the Queen: And it ought to have escheated to her for want of heires of the Marques; Therefore (faith hee) the fee simple was in consideratione legis. Thus Dyer. |

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Pr: Seale: Dat: 8: Sept: 1. et. 2. Ph. et Mar.

Pat: 11: Decr 1. et. 2. Ph. et Mar. But to take away all fcruples whether the Queen should have the profits of these manors thus reverted during the lord Henries minority or not, Shee the 8th of September in the second year of her raigne, awarded her privy seale, reciting therein the said case, and the doubt in lawe arising thereupon; And to take away that doubt doth command the master and officers of her courts of Wards to passe a spetiall livery of all the said Manors to this lord Henry, though hee bee not yet come to his sull age: By which grace, clemency, and pitty, (for soe are Queen Maries words,) hee gained two whole years rents and more of these manors, as not coming to his sull age till November in the third of her raigne.

Ind: dat: 6. Dec: 1. et. 2. Ph: et Mariæ.

Lib. fub: figillo dat. 11. Dec. 1. et 2. Ph. et. Mariæ. Idem fub privato figillo de dat pd.

Into for the more certainty of what manors and lands this lord was thus to fue livery and to take benefit by the faid privy feale, hee in December following exhibited a perticular note of the names and values of each manor and lands as were to him reverted after the death of king Edward the fixth, and whereof hee meant to fue livery; which were not only the manors formerly mentioned in the Counties of Glouë: Somerfet, and Warwicke, but also this lady Anne and her follicitors ignorantly cast into the same livery the fourth part of the moitie of the manor of Tiborne als Maribone in the County of Middlesex, whereof noe benefit could bee taken,

taken, for that Maurice the fifth after restitution thereto had, amongst others, fold it away to the lord Burgeveny, as in his life hath been declared.

And in this livery, which is inrolled in fix Offices or places of record, is laid down all the Marques Berkeleys fines affurances and estates by him created, as before hath been related; And how by the death of king Edward the fixth the faid Castle Hundreds and Manors reverted to this lord Henry as right heire to the said Marques, which also Queene Maries Atturney generall, by the advice of the Judges of both benches, confessed to bee true. And thus entreth the lord Henry upon these possessions, being the whole lands of his Barony of Berkeley and more, whereof none of his fower last Ancestors had any possession, but had rested in the Crown for 61. yeares, 4. months, and 20. dayes; And which then were of the value of-687.5 p Ann, in old rent, not accounting the Parks and Chaces therein. And the more to fortifie his new gotten possessions, this lord had also a pardon and a release the 22th of February in the faid third yeare of Queen Maryes raigne.

Mich: rec: 1. Mar. rot: 50. in scaĉio. Orig. 2. ps. 1. et 2. Ph. et Mar: rot. 68. in scacio. Orig: 2. ps. 2. & 3. Ph: et Mar. rot. 73. in ſcacio. Mich. 4. 5. Ph. et Mar: cum Auditor bis. Pasch: 1. Eliz. rot 36 in scačio

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Pat. dat. 22: ffeb: 2 et 3. Ph et Mar.

And the 8th of January in the 4th of her raigne the faid Queene, having recited fower of the old charters and grants of this Barony, as well of the lands as liberties, made by her progenitors, king Henry the fecond, Richard the first, king John, and Edward the third, (formerly by mee mentioned,) doth for her and her fucceffors, for 33. 4d fine, grant and confirme the fame to this lord Henry and his heires: And by her other Charter of the same date confirmed likewise to him and his heires many of the old charters and grants of free warren within his demefne lands of Berkeley and all the hernesse nookes or corners thereof: And in Portbury and Porteshead in the County of Somerfet.

2: Cartæ dat: 8. Jan: 3. &. 4. Ph. et Mar. in castr de Berkel:

But whereas this lady Anne and her agents in behalfe of this lord her fon Ind: 20: Nov. 1. covenanted with the Master and surveyor of the Court of Wards, not only to sue livery of the forementioned Barony and of the manors and lands in the Counties of Gloucester and Somerset, which was well; But also of divers other lands in the counties of Suffex, Surrey, and Middlesex, (indeed the self same whereof Maurice the Marques brother had restitution in the time of Henry the 7th, And which hee fhortly after aliened, as in his life appeareth,) It was a fecond groffe ignorance in them all, for which this lords purfe fmarted—2201.

et. 2. Ph. et Mar.

Effore I close up these passages, I must, though with some sorrow, recount to this noble family, That at fuch time as this lord was restored to these manors and lands

lands by Queen Mary, That title whereby this lord after loft a great part of them was also in her by the Attainder of John Dudley Duke of Northumberland; which whether then perceived by this lords Councell, or out of their general providence to make all fafe and fure, with knowledge thereof in particular, I know not; but certainly they earnestly advised this lady Anne and this lord her son to take them from the Oueen, not by way of restitution, which was the longer way and more chargeable, but as of her guift by dedi et concessi, and with the usuall words in all fuch grants, of ex fpetiali gracia, certa fcientia, et mero motu, which was much fhorter in time, labor and pleadings, more fafe and leffe chargeable; whereto Queen Mary her felf also more inclined, aswell to enlarge her grace and savour the more amply to this lady Anne and this lord her fon, As to oblige this lord the more 731 ftrictly to her fervice: But this lady Anne who then ruled all the roft, (this lord her fon then under one and twenty, unexperienced, indulgently fostered, thinking on nothing but the delights of Youth,) would by noe persuasion assent thereto, out of a covetous purpose which shee had to avoid divers leases made of those lands by king Henry the 8th, and Edward the fixth, which, as shee was told by Counsell, were determined in lawe with the Crowns remainder; As both this lord himself, (out of greife for that groffe overlight of his willfull mother,) hath told mee, and as I have heard from old M! Thomas Denis of Gloucester at that time Sollicitor in these builinesses, and from divers others, and as the sequell of her proceedings convinceth to bee too true: And therefore I may heare throw in the face of her memory those evills which this family fuffered by that her womanish wilfullnesse, to the expence of above fifty thousand pounds, as the residue of this lord Henrys life, his sales of land, and other troubles, (nay all his troubles,) hence occationed and arifeing, will manifest to bee true, whereof I will not forget upon the close of them, (for examples fake to posterity,) to give her a second reproofe by the double accusation of this lord her fon.

fol: 793.

This lord Henry thus by way of restitution in possession of the said Castle Hundreds, and Manors, A generall veiwe, by vertue of his Comission directed to Hugh Denis and others, was taken the fame yeare, declareing the estates that each tenant had in each part of the faid Manors lands and liberties, in the Counties of Gloucester, Somerfet, and Warwicke, soe reverted upon the death of king Edward the fixth, either by Copy, or by Indenture or at will, and digested into a folio booke, called Shellitoes booke, remaining to this day in Berkeley Castle; which paines of theires, though not great, was largely rewarded to each one of them with one or more of the best of those estates; Howbeit in some of those officers this humor abounded,

Shellitoes booke. 2: Mar.

abounded, that much defired more, And fome of the old tenants must bee thrust out of their best leases, made by kinge Henry the 8th and king Edward the sixth, before their covetousnes could creepe in, under colour and pretext That their estates for years or lives were in lawe determined with the Crowns remainder by ye death of Edward the fixth without iffue male, as hath been faid: Six of those tenants (whereof fower had the Sirnames of Trotmans) spying the net, Joyntly fly by their petition 732 to the feete of that mercifull lady Queen Mary; whereupon shee addresseth her tre to the lord Henry, fubscribed with her own hand, telling him that shee marvailed that hee would foe flenderly waigh the validity of her fathers and brothers leafes, confidering that hee foe lately enjoyed the inheritance of the faid lands by her liberality and favour, And therefore shee being moved in conscience with the piteous complaint of the faid poore men, required him to permit them quietly to enjoy their faid lands according to the grants of her father and brother, And to doe fuch Acts for their further affurance, at their charges, as they should require, which would bee to her very acceptable and give the poore men cause to pray for him. Thus the Oueene.

732 Lr̃e dat: 13. Maij 3. Mar̃. in Berkeley Castle.

The fruite was, noe more quarrells were picked against their leafes, but this noble lord, (that out of himself never meant them damage,) permitted them to bee at quiett.

Effore I enter upon the two unthrifty titles of this lords law fuites and of the fales of his land, I will deliver him to his posterity in the other actions of his life, from the first of Queen Mary forwards, (then in the nineteenth yeare of his age,) That the causes of the faid unthristy titles which next shall follow may more groundly bee conceived.

Edward the fixth being dead in July: Anno. 1553. and Queene Mary fetled in the Crowne, her marriage was concluded upon with Phillip prince of Spaine, during which time this lords mother was busied in regaining her sons foresaid Barony and possessions; And Sir Thomas Wiat and his Kentish complices in raising Armes against that forraigne marriage, and the entry of strangers into the land: Brett and others of the Queenes captains and Subjects then also falling unto Wiat from their own faith and her Allegeance, the Queene, dissident of many of her nobisity, resolved amongst others, (partly out of the correspondance of this lords mother with her self in religion, and partly out of the bounty shee then had and was in powring upon her son then but nineteen years of age,) to trust him more then

many

many others more aged and experienced; Whereupon shee fends her tres to him 733 togeather with her Commission, in January in the first yeare of her raigne, I (hee then at Yate in Gloucestershire,) forthwith to Arme 500 of his trustiest tenants and fervants, and with all possible diligence to attend her person then at Whitehall. This lord, to his great charges, readely prepareth armeth and apparelleth that number, All of them drawn out of the parts about Yate and Berkeley; for help whereto hee obtained a lone of money from his tenants from fourty shillings to Twenty pound a peece, and gave bills of repayment, in like refemblance as kings by their privy seales borrow of their subjects; And for further supply pawned his mothers and Ancestors plate, (much of which was never after redeemed,) And having conducted those five hundred men about half the way towards London, (with many of whom I fince have talked,) the Queens Lres met this lord upon his way in the beginning of the next month, fignifying That Wiat was taken and prisoner in the Tower, and his complices dispersed, willing them to returne into his Country and with his utmost care and industry to keep the same in quiett; Two hundred or more of which Armors yet remaine in Berkeley Castle, rather as memorialls of this intended fervice then fit for any moderne use: Which forwardnes of this lord in his Princes fervice in a time foe wavering and unfetled, and in his minority, when shee knew not well whom to command or where to trust, Queen Mary the next yeare both remembred and commended in the warrant shee figured for this lords speciall livery of the reverted lands; makeing it a leading motive why shee granted to him livery of those lands with their rents and profits from the death of her brother, two years and more before hee came to full age.

Priv: figill. 8. Sept: 1. et. 2. Ph. et. Mar.

> in castro de Berkeley.

And also the faid Queene sent other tres to this lord, signifying That where sheeter. There was by sundry wayes enformed That Thomas Wiat and some others had of late by spreading abroad most false and vain rumors, procured to stirre her subjects of her County of Kent to arise against her crown and dignity royall, Albeit shee hath already taken such order as shee doubted not shall bee sufficient to represse and overthrow the unnaturall conspiracy, yet hath shee neverthelesse thought good to require and charge him forthwith upon the sight hereof, to put himself in sull order with as many of his servants frends and tenants as hee can make, both on horseback and on soote, to bee in a readines to march and set forward upon one houres warning, either against the said rebells, or such other waies as shall bee signifyed unto him from her; And in the meane time, to have good regard to the quiet | order of the parts where hee dwells, causing all such idle and lewd persons as shall either by spreading abroad of untrue rumors, or by any other ways, attempt to stirre or disquiet

quiet her loving Subjects, to bee apprehended and punished as the quality of their offences shall deserve; given at her Manor of St James the 26th day of January in the first of her raigne, Mary the Queen, with her own hand.

Pot longe after, (like a young lord left to much to the overfight of his own education,) hee came to London, fetled at Tower hill, frequented the Court, and fpent all his time at tenys, bowles, cards, dice, and in the company of his huntfmen and faulkeners, delights that drew on greater totalls in his Accompts at the years end then his revenue would fupport, espetially two Joyntures of his fathers and grandfathers widows draining a third part thereout.

In ffebruary in the fecond and third of Phillip and Mary, this lord fueth livery for all those manors and lands which discended to him after the death of his father, which, with their values are particularly mentioned in the end of his life: which noe fooner finished, but the lady Anne his mother bringeth against this lord her fon her writt of Dower, wherein shee was soe quick that shee over ran her suite in time: but being an error betweene mother and fon, and hee looking after nothing but his fports, and all his fervants at her devotion, hee fealed what by her or them was tendered; And foe befides her Joynture made by her husband upon marriage, shee now in lieu of Dower from this lord her fon, had the manors of Coldeverton, Mountforrell, and Goscote hundred in the county of Leicester, And the thirds of his manors of Sages, Tetbury, Daglingworth, and fframpton upon Seaverne in the county of Gloucester, And of Manyngford Bruce in the County of Wilts, And of Afpele in the County of Warr, And of Hovingham in the County of Yorke, And his lands in Calais; Which later this lord her fon obtained after to rent of her at one hundred pounds pt Ann, for fourty yeares if thee lived foe longe; for true payment whereof hee gave her a statute of two thousand pounds; for it is to bee understood, That till the Statute made in the 27th of king Henry the 8th of transferring uses into possession, That Joynter might bee had, and Dower also, of lands foe transferred to possession; And thus with releases of actions one to another, the mother and her fon parted their possessions.

At this time, in the middle of Queen Maries raigne, what through this lords living with his mother at Kentish Town and Shoolane in London, and his daily hunting in Grays Inne feilds and in all those parts towards Islington and Heygate with his hounds, whereof hee had many and those excellent good, And what through the company of many gentlemen of the Innes of Court, and others of lower condition that daily accompanied him, And what through the same amongst

Indenî dated: 10: et. 22. ffebruarij Orig: 2: ps: 2. et. 3. Ph: et: Mar. in fcacio.

Carta: 5. Nov. 2. et. 3. Ph: et: Mar Carta. 3. Marcij: 4. et. 5. Ph. et: Mar. Comp: 29. H. 8. in castro de Berkeley.

Stat: 27. H. 8. c. 16. Coke. 4: rep: fol. 1. Coke pla: fol: 171. 172. Dier fol: 61. 97. 228. 248. 266. 717. 340. cartæ in castro de Berkeley.

735

those

Plow: Com. fol: those students of his cases of Reverter of his Barony and lands, and of the case touching Weston Baldocke, (reported by M. Plowden in his comentaryes,) and of others partly before mentioned, that termly walked all this Queens raigne up and down Westminster hall, and were points for every reporter and students note bookes in those Innes of Court; And what through his marriage in one of the greatest families then of favor and observation, And of his one hundred and fifty fervants in livery, that daily then attended him in their Tawny coates, And the opinion of his mothers vertue and chastity, then the only Sollicitor of her fex in her own perfon, in her own and fons caufes, hee was of as great note and hope as any of his age and of that time; But how longe that heigth of opinion held, and how by degrees it wayned, the rest of his life will tell his posterity.

Check roll in Berkley Castle.

Mich: 5. et. 6. Ph. et. Mar: in banco. Plowd. Com. fol. 223.

Stat : 12. E. 1.

Liber: comp: caus: jurid: in castro de Berkeley. 736

And in this time also began that great suite in the Comon pleas, in an Ejectione firmæ concerning the manor of Weston iuxta Baldock in the County of Hartford, between Henry Willon ptt tenant for years under S! Henry Cocke, And this lord Henry defen!; which continued from this time in argument and agitation at barre and Bench, through the power and means of the ptts leffor, and the intricacy and confequence of it felf, untill the fifth year of Queen Elizabeth, when this lord had Judgment and recovered; wherein the principall point was, Whether the king was bound by the Statute of donis conditionalibus or not, arifing upon the entaile of this manor created in the 5th year of kinge Henry the 7th, by the Marques Berkeley to the heires males of the body of that king with the remainder to the right heires of the Marques, as in his life I have already mentioned; And upon the Alienation of his grandchild king Edward the 6th, (now dead without iffue male,) in the first of his raigne to Sir Willim Herbert, after Earle of Pembrooke, and to his heires, who fold the fame to S! Henry Cocke afore faid; Than which the laws have not afforded a more learned case of that argument: 21nd having out of the houshold books of this lord yet remaining, observed the lawiers fees of those daies, I find That what time two or three Sergeants at lawe | and other great counfell were drawn from their Chambers to conferences at a tavern in ffleetstreet, whereat this lord and his industrious mother were present, there was given noe greater see then ten shillings the peece to any of them.

Whilst the former fuite depended, brake forth another in the third year of Queen Elizabeth, which had been some former years in Hamering, And was grounded upon an old pretence of title pretended by this lord and his Ancestors to a place called Barrow Court in Tickingham in the County of Somerfet, with other

other poffessions there, sometime the inheritance of Phillip Mead of Bristoll and of Richard his fon, father and brother of the lady Ifable, wife of the lord Maurice the fifth, of whom I have written in his life, against Roger Kemys of Wickwicke then in minority, forty years after receivour to this lord Henry; Infomuch as William Conestable and Jone his wife mother of the faid Roger and Executrix to Thomas Kemys her former husband exhibited their bill in Chancery against the Maior and Aldermen of the City of Briftoll, And amongst other passages set forth, That two chefts of evidence of the faid Thomas Kemys were in the 37th of king Henry the 8th upon her departure from thence into Devonsh! committed to the safe keeping of the Churchwardens of the parish church of Ratcliffe by Bristoll, from whence, shortly after, upon a tre written by Marques Pawlet after lord treasuror and then Mafter of the wards, to the Maior of Briftoll, the faid chefts were thence removed into the Town hall of the faid Citie, and fealed, with three locks; And was foe done upon a pretence of Title That Anne lady Berkeley in behalf of this lord her fon, then the kings ward, made to the faid lands; Answere was made to that bill, And the caufe coming to hearing, And the chefts by this lords means, (who put himfelf as a party into this fuite,) brought by order into the Chapple of the Rolls, and opened, and perused by Cordell then Master of the Rolls in presence of Counsell on both fides, This lord Henry was found to have noe title to the faid lands, but was barred by matter of record found in the faid chefts; Whereupon by order of Court the chefts and Evidences were delivered to the Complainants. A title, had it fo been known, that was fetled longe before in the 21th of king Henry the 8th by ffitz James and Porter Justices of the Comon pleas upon a reference to them by Thomas the fifth then lord Berkeley and Arthur Kemys father of the faid Thomas Kemys; And this fuite was originally | rayfed through a certificate made by the Maior of Bristoll under the common seale of that City, declaring that the fifth of October in the fifth of Edward the fixth Thomas Pacy Alderman and justice of the peace, and William Appowell, marchant, deposed, that they heard fay, That certaine lands difcended from one Phillip Mead fometime Major of that Citie, lying in the faid Citie and Suborbs, which ought and should appertaine to the honorable lord Berkeley and his heires, And that they know that one Arthur Kemys deceafed held all the faid lands; And the lord Berkeley and Kemys were in contention for the fame, which variance was referred to ffitz James cheife Justice, who awarded the possession to Kemys for his life, And after to the faid lord and his heirs: But questionles, this was a lying certificate in the materiall point, gotten by the faid lady Anne and made partially in her favour, as the originall award under those Judges hands which I have read plainly declareth, convincinge it of groffe falfhood.

Bill in Cancell
3. Eliz:

Order: 3. Eliz:

Order: 19. Junij 3. Eliz.

Carta cum Arthur Kemysfilio Rogeri 737 de Wickwick in com Glouc.

Award with Arthur Kemys of Wickwicke.

Comp: Walter Shipw: señli: hospicij 2 Mar. in castro de Berkeley.

Comp: Hospicij. r. Eliz. in Castro de Berkeley.

In September in the fecond of Queen Mary this lord maryed the lady Katharine Howard, at the Duke her grandfathers house in Norfolke, (of the life, death, and funerall of which lady Katharine I have much to write,) whom shortly after hee brought to his house at Tower Hill; from whence going by water to Greenwich, (where Queen Mary and her husband king Phillip kept their first Christmas,) to the Masque on Twelvth day, these chargeable ornaments were provided, as the Stewards booke of houshold hath them; viz!; Paid for 2 pair of fine hosen for my lady to weare on twelvth day-4: 8d for a Velvet hatt for my lord-3: for a fine boungrace and a mufler for my lady the fame day—8s ffor two fine fmocks—3s 9d And more, (the fame yeare,) for two pairs of hofen for my lady—4: And being now accidentally entred into this lord and ladies Wardrobe, Take their apparell five years after made against the Coronation of Queen Elizabeth; viz! for one Dublet of crimfon fatten laid with filver lace, with filver buttons, lined with crimfon farcenet, And his breeches of crimfon velvet lined with crimfon fatten; One other dublet of white fatten, and breeches of white Velvet lined with white fatten, laid with filver lace; His points of black, white, and red ribbond; his hatt of crimfon filk and filver, And another hatt of velvet fet with aglets, with a white feather, (some of which aglets I after faw with this lord;) The fcabbards of his two rapiers and daggers were the one of white velvet, the other of crimfon; His guilt fpurrs with velvet leathers of the fame colours, And his shoes of crimson and white velvet: As for the aparell of his wife, I observed only, (out of the faid Accompt,) That her I 738 petticote was of crimfon fatten, And her gowne of cloth of gold, and her shoes of crimfon velvet.

Comp: hospicij 3. Eliz: in castro de Berkeley.

And two years after, hee furnished himself with a white spanish leather Jerkin laid with white filver bone lace, (foe are the words,) with filver buttons, and white leather buskins.

And thus up and down all the time of Queen Mary removed this lord and his wife, with feldom leffe (often more) then one hundred and fifty fervants in livery, between Yate, Mangottesseild, London, Callowdon, and other places; And used to hauke as hee travelled those waies, making his removes from those places to London eight days at least, and as many back againe.

Comp. hospicij in eisdem annis in castro de Berkeley.

Daving in his first fower years after his marriage much over ranne his purse, Hee in the last of Queen Mary and somewhat before sojourned wth the Countesse of Surrey his wifes mother at Ryfinge in Norfolk, himfelf and his lady at ten shillings

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the weeke, her gentlewomen at 45-And their gentlemen and yeomen at 35 the weeke; from whence they came to London the 5th of January, And thence returned againe the ninth of ffebruary by Ware, Barkeway, Newmarket, Soffam, and foe to Ryfinge, whither when hee had brought his wife, hee in fewe days after returned to London: And living with his mother at her faid house in Shoe lane, spent most of his time at cards, dice, tenys, Bowling-ally, and hawking and hunting neere that Citie.

In July in the faid first of Queen Elizabeth hee returned to Rysinge, And from thence with his wife and family by the waies of Newmarket, Cambridge and Northhampton, came to Callowdon by Coventry: where the first worke done was the fending for his buckhounds to Yate in Gloucestershire: His hounds being come Away goes hee and his wife a progres of buck hunting to the parks of Barkewell, Groby, Bradgate, Leicester forrest, Toley, and others on that side his house: And after a small repose, Then to the parks of Kenilworth, Ashby, Wedgenocke, and others, on the other fide his house: And this was the course of this lord (more or lesse) for the thirty next somers at least: not omitting his own at Callowdon and in the county of Gloucester. And his wife being of like honnor and youth, from this first of Queene Elizabeth to the beheadding of her brother the Duke of Norfolk thirteen years after, gave her felf to like delights as the Country usually affordeth; wherein shee often went with her husband part of those hunting Journeys, delighting her crosbowe: kept commonly a cast or two of merlins, which sometimes she mewed in her own chamber; | which falconry cost her husband each yeare one or two gownes and kirtles spoiled by their mutings: used her longe bowe, And was in those daies amongst her servants soe good an Archer at butts, as her side by her was not the weaker: whose bowes, arrowes, glove, bracer, fcarfe, and other ladylike accomodations, I have feen, and heard also her felf speak of them in her elder yeares; which partly by the death of that noble Prince her brother, and partly by the troubles that then invaded her husbands estate, were broken of, and much difcontinued.

And thus lived this lord and his wife betweene London, the Dukes houses in Norfolke, Callowdon, and Berkeley, never longe at one place, the first thirteene yeares of Queene Elizabeth: In which their travells, (if both togeather,) they were feldom or never attended with fewer then one hundred and fifty fervants in their tawny cloth coats in fummer, with the badge of the white Lyon rampant imbroi- See fol. 8. dered on the left sleeve; And in coats of white frize lined with crimfen taffety in

the

the winter, This lord allowing only cloth, buttons, and badge; amongst whom many were gentlemen and Esquiers of remarkeable families and discent, and of alliance to this house: Many of whom I lived to see and know and to talke of these times: And have with some of them then in nearest relation and place of his revenue, expostulated why they would suffer their young lord and lady his wife to runne yearly 15001: at least into expence above their utmost incombe, each year, (or second at least,) shortning the same by sale of a Manor, having noe suites in lawe, nor daughters then marryed away, forraigne embaffies, domestike fervices in Court or Country, nor any other extraordinary causes of expence in the world; And not either as kinfmen out of affection, or as fervants out of Duty, to advertize them thereof; And to pray them to think on the end in this their beginning and middle. Whereto Jeffry Ithell, (that lords Auditor from the first yeare of Queen Elizabeth till after the fortieth,) once gave mee this infleed of answere; My prayer shall bee that you fee not his fon Sir Thomas (now your young mafter) doe the like, or worfe hereafter in a worse manner then houskeeping, and to bee attended with many followers; And (all they now dead) I reply, (after twenty fix years filence,) and pray, That his fon the now lord George may not after his full age tread in these unprofitable stepps of his father and grandfather: What S. Thomas did, these relations will declare: What his fon the lord George will doe, I hope himfelf (Julius | 740 Cæfar like,) by his own comentaries of his own life, will tell that male posterity of his, which I pray the God of heaven shortly to bless him withall; A true way to attaine the knowledge of himself, and to discerne the honor or errors of his own actions; But most fure it is, That in the time of Queen Mary when this lord Henry entred upon his lands discended to him from his father, and also upon his Barony of Berkeley and those manors which reverted to him after the death of king Edward the fixth, as before hath been faid, That hee had many flatterers and ficophants, as well of his own family as out of London, Captaines, Schollers, Poetts, cast courtiers, and the like, That for their private ends humored him and his wife, making them to conceive that their estate and yearly revenue was greater then that they could exceed it; which would afford an expence at pleafure, And to give without fear of want; whereto they listening with too open an eare, for facile credimus quod volumus, It came to pass that within two or three years they were unknowingly cast into a great debt, ere they came to discerne their estate; And to take off the fame, (after borrowing upon mortgages, Statutes, and pawnes,) this lord began to fell his land; A course hee overlonge after continued in, as that title too manifestly declares, expending one year with another all that time of Queen Mary and divers years after 1500": p ann at least, as by the medium, (which I with some hours expence

div'si compi: Rec: et at offic: in castro de Berkeley. expence drew out of his officers accompts of those times,) appeares, above his ordinary revenue, and the fines and other casualties that his estate presented: The observation whereof I held the more remarkable through the knowledge I after tooke of his principall Officers which in those times managed his estate and affaires, as Thomas Duport, a wife man, Hugh Denis, Martin Petit, Walter Shipward, Thomas Denis, Thomas ffransham, Robert Cox, William Shillitoe, Anthony Corbet, Edward Bucknam, fferdinando Ligon, Henry Ligon, Richard Bedale, Thomas Jevais and Jeffry Ithell his Auditor; six of them his kinsmen, as in the proper places of their discents appears.

In the fecond of Queen Elizabeth began this lord to prefent her Matie with ten pound yearly in gold at new years tide, and his wife with five pound; which course shee held during her life, And this lord the rest of the Queens daies: And was never unmindfull of yearly sending, Lamprey pyes, Salmon, Venison red and fallow, and other small tokens, to Judges, great officers of State, privy Counsellors and Lawyers, whereof hee reaped both honor and profit, an hundred times more than the charge. The same year hee sent the lord keeper for his | new-years guist ten old angells, which gave him the mindfullnes of putting him into the Comission of the peace, wherein as well in that County of Gloucester as in two others hee continued all the residue of his life; sfor which imployment, because through his mothers fault his education was not sitted, hee brought his servant Thomas Duport into equall authority with him, whereby his own unaptnes was less perceived, and the buisines of the Country not worse discharged.

Comp: Thome ffransham: 2. Elizin cast: de Berkeley.

Anno. 2. Eliz:

Dig Christmas, (as most part of this second year of Queen Elizabeth,) hee kept at Yate with great port and solemnity, as the extraordinary guilded dishes, the vanities of Cookes arts, (having none other guests but the gentlemen and ruralty of the Country,) served to the table on Twelvth day, well declare; whereof one was a whole bore inclosed in a pale workmanly guilt by a Cooke hired from Bristoll, as the Clarke of the Kitchens booke declareth: In perusall whereof, I could not observe how that dish was brought unto the table.

Comp Walteri Shipwardinijfdem temp: in castro de Berkeley.

In which yeare having in March extreamly heated himself by chasing on foot a tame Deere in Yate Parke, with the violence thereof sell into an imoderate bleeding at the nose, for the stay whereof by the ill counsell of some about him, hee clapt his whole face into a bason of cold water, whereby that slush and sulnes of his nose which forthwith arose, could never bee remedied; though for present help hee had Physitians

Physitians in fewe daies from London, And for better help came thither himself not longe after to have the advice of the whole colledge, and lodged with his mother at her house in Shoe-lane.

Dis Lawe suites.

I am by courfe of ftory and promife now fallen upon the time wherein I shall deliver to this noble family the fecond greatest blow and wound that the possessions thereof at any time received; The roote whereof, (watered with the powerfull prerogative of the Crown,) thus grew up and bore these disastrous fruits, as now followe.

The fifth of October in the first of Queen Mary, (her brother king Ed-| ward 742 the fixth being dead in July before,) began the parliament at Westm! which continued by feverall prorogations till the fixth of December; In web John Dudley Duke of Northumberland, John Dudley Earle of Warwicke, S. Ambrose Dudley knight, (after Earle of Warwicke,) Guilford Dudley Efg! and the lady Jane Gray his wife, Henry Dudley Efqt, St Andrew Dudley knight, and fome others, having before been convicted and attainted by course of the Comon lawes, And the faid Duke (with others) executed the 22th of August before; their said convictions and attainders were approved and confirmed, And they by this Act againe convicted and attainted of High Treason, and adjudged to forfeit all their honors, manors, lands, tenements, rights, &c. By reason whereof that right of entry (not of action) which the faid Duke had at the time of his attainder as heire to the lady Margaret Countes of Shroesbury eldest daughter and coheire of Elizabeth daughter and sole heire of Thomas lord Berkeley the fourth of that name, to the manors of Wotton, (comprehending the burrowe of Wotton, and the fower hambletts of Nibley, Sinwell, Combe, and Wortley, which make the manor of Wotton fforren,) Simondfall, Erlingham, Sages, the third part of the manors of Came, Hinton, and Slimbridge, And to divers lands in Came called Corrietts, And to divers lands in Alkington called Holts, difcended and came to Queen Mary; The pedigree of which Duke in the life of the faid Thomas the fourth from the faid Elizabeth that lords daughter and heire, is at large already there laid down.

fol: 480.

Pasch: 4. & 5. Ph: et Mar: rot. 54. in scačio cum rem regis.

Queen Mary upon this title against this lord Henry, (whom to these manors and lands, amongst others, shee had restored not fower years before, upon his remainder for want of Issue male of the body of king Edward the sixth,) exhibited an Information of Intrufion in the Exchequer for intruding thereinto without title.

This

This lord pleadeth thereto, And foe that fuite stayed, upon what cause I know not, neither could this lord remember, when a fewe years before his death I asked him, but thought, upon the death of Queen Mary; But the fame Terme Twelvemonth after, was the like Information put in in the name of Queen Elizabeth upon the fame title, And fomwhat better couched then the former; At what time S. Thomas Parry then Treforer of the Queens houshold and one of her privy Counsell, after mafter of the Wards, openly shewed himself therein as an abettor of the fuite, as hee was in the former: It was the | wifdome of this lord and of Thomas Duport 743 his fervant, whom only hee advifed withall, to put nothing to the hazard of a tryall, (espetially fuch a Counsellor of State in the Queens behalf declaring himself an adverfary and Sollicitor). And thereupon a nihil dicit was entred, with a falvo jure for the Queen, and foe refted; which to mee would feeme more strange, fave that S. Thomas Parrys eyes were blinded and his hands bound with a leafe of Simondfall farme made the 8th of May that fame Terme this information came in, for three fcore years from Michaelmas 1578. at the rent of ten pound two shillings; And a fine the next Terme leavyed by this lord for confirmation thereof, by the name of the manor of Symondfall and Wotton underedge; which I fuppose liked him the better because it adjoyned to his manors of Caldicote Lasborrow and others in those parts; Howbeit, it proved little beneficiall unto him, dying within two yeares after.

Pa: 1. Eliz: rot.

Anno. 20. Eliz : Triñ. 1. Eliz: fub. figill. fol: 840.

For discharge of which alienation by the said sine, being without licence, A: pardon was after pleaded; And the mouth also of Richard Hewes an Atturney then dwelling in Wotton, and the title bringer and Sollicitor to S! Thomas Parry, was closed by Thomas Duport aforesaid with an Annuity of ten pounds p! Ann for his life; The death of which Hewes was after in a ditch upon London way by the bridge a mile and half on this fide ffairford.

Mich: 9. Eliz: rot. 169. cum rem thes: in fcacio.

Thus flept this title, (what ever it was,) in the Crown, quietly without awaking, till Thomas Duke of Norfolke, (whose fister Katharine was wife to this lord,) was at the kings bench barre condemned for Treafon, the 16th of January in the 14th of Queen Elizabeth; whose fall, whether furthered by the policy of that prudent Statefman Robert Dudley Earle of Leicester fon of the faid Duke of Northumberland, (as fome have written,) or not, I have not to determine; But when that great and affectionate friend and brother in law of this lords was foe cast down, (and his head taken off the fecond of June after,) forthwith came in the next Terme an Hillar: 14. Eliz: Information of Intrusion into the Exchequer against this lord, (longe before plotted

Leicesrs comon welth fo: 164. printed: 1584.

and

and prepared,) for intruding into the faid Manors of Wotton and Symondfall and for taking the profits thereof fince the first of her raigne; wherein after pleading and issue Joyned, a tryall was by jury at the Exchequer barre, whereat the Earle of Leicester was present in person as the promoter and sollower of that suite, who now like a storme amongst weakened waves wrought high, and all to bee russed this samily into a some of sury, bringing with | him divers other Courtiers of eminency to countenance the cause: Hee at this time having a private promise in writing under the Queens hand and signet to have this land, which I after met withall and is now in Berkeley castle. The verdict passed against this lord; (hereaster I shall shew how and by what means,) Judgement was given against him in Ester Terme in the 15th of Elizabeth, And the 18th of May removed out of the possession; But, veniet iterum, qui te in lucem reponet, dies;

Time againe will bringe the day Of thy returne, to ftay for ay.

Sherriffe at—251^{ll} 3^s 4^d ob old rent per Anñ; And the first of July following was a perfect survey made of these Manors by Comission out of the said Court, by St Giles Poole and others, whereby also this lord was found to have unjustly received of the rents, sines, heryotts, woodsales, and other profits, 5024^{ll} 12^s 8^d, Each tenant and occupier of any part being sworne to deliver his knowledge, for answering whereof this lord stood charged: The 7th of the said July by vertue of another Commission directed to the said St Giles Poole and others, the Queens title to these manors was found in this county by Jury at large, with all the mean conveyances, As Atseids old deed of entaile, The sine to the heires males in the 23th of king Edward the third, The particon amongst the three lady-co-heires in the sixth of king Edward the fourth, the attainder of the said duke of Northumberland in the first of Queen Mary, And by her death discent and right of these manors to Queen Elizabeth.

Anno: 15. Eliz:

granted these manors of Wotton and Symondsall to the two sons of the said Duke, Ambrose then Earle of Warrwicke, and the st. Robert then Earle of Leicester, and their heires. Which Earle of Leict shortly after, with an extraordinary number of Attendants, and multitudes of country people that resorted to him, (whom my neighbors parrallell to Bartholomew saire in London,) came to Wotton, And thence to Michaelwood lodge, casting down part of the pales which like a little parke

parke then enclosed that lodge, (for the gates were too narrow to let in his traine,) and thence went to Wotton hill, where hee played a match at Stoball; And a fewe days after this popular entry, having stayed at Wotton, departed from this ill gotten pur-|chase; And to tye cup and cover togeather, though somewhat out of time, both the said Earles of Warwicke and Leicester in the second year after the later recovery had against this lord Henry and Queen Elizabeths grant to them thereof made, came the second time to Wotton and to those new gotten possessions with a greater troup of Attendants then before; what time the said Earle of Leicester, the more to grace S. Thomas Throgmerton, made him his daily coach companion; And amongst other visits they came to Rolls Court in Slimbridge, to remove that possession, which Arnold Ligon Esq., son of Henry Ligon oft before mentioned, a stout gentleman, there maintained against them, in right of his lease for life, which hee held under this lord Henry; which at that time they did not. But to returne.

All the year after this lord and his wife kept London and the Court, as petitioners for pardon of foe much of the foresaid meane rates and arrerages as were then unlevyed by Sheriffes, who had by proces out of the Exchequer shortly after the said recovery, extended all the lands of this lord in what County soever; So that (upon the matter) all his means for maintenance of his estate and calling was taken from him; And at last for 500! paid into the receipt, obtained from the Queen a pardon for the same, dated the 23th of June in the 16th of Eliz: And, as I have heard this lord himself report, this Court suite cost him in the meanes hee used—1800! in ten weekes: In one passage about which pardon, his Lordship added to mee, That what time his wife was upon her knees before the Queen delivering a petition touching these arrerages, Her Matie replyed, Noe noe, my lady Berkeley, wee know you will never love us for the death of your brother; meaning the Duke of Norsolke, beheaded about two yeares before.

Sexta ps. Patent. 23. Junij. 16. Eliz: fub figillo.

And for defraying of this their excessive expence and payment to the Queen, they were enforced, (amongst other causes,) to morgage to Thomas Markam Esq. the manor of Alkington, extending welnigh to the walls of Berkeley Castle; which being by deed inrolled and without licence, and holden by knights service in Capite, this lord Henry was 28 years after in the 44th yeare of Queen Elizabeth, driven to his pardon, which cost 30th in the Alienation office, besides other charges; And also by pleading the same after in the Exchequer in the office of the Treasorers remembrancer; And what other sales this lord now made, the list thereof hereaster mentioned will declare.

Indenture dated 27. Octob: 16. Eliz. Pardon: 44. Eliz.

fol: 817

Carta in castro de Berkeley dat. 25. Nov: 3. Eliz. 746

And so deeply were his two principall officers Thomas Duport and Thomas Fransham, (besides others,) engaged for his Debts, That in the third of | Queen Elizabeth they had from this lord for their indemnity a lease of the Manors of Bosham, ffuntington, Thorney, Tetbury, Sages, fframpton, Daglingworth, Maningford Bruce, Auconbury, Weston, ffenystanton, and Hilton, for one and twenty yeares, with power to receive the rents of those manors, and pay the debts they were ingaged in for this lord; Which as they are scheduled then were above—2000!

In mow, for ought I know to the contrary, almost left alone alive, that can testify the truth of this digression, (if a reall circumstance may soe bee called,) which, together with my love to truth, shall bee my motive to leave the same to the knowledge of this noble family; As namely, how one of the preparations or practices of the said Earle of Leict, before the beginning of this suite, was his outward demonstration of great affection to this lord Henry, inviting him to his Castle of Killingworth, six miles from Callowdon, lodging him as a brother and sellowe huntsman with him in his own bedchamber, with semblance of great familiarity; gave him liberty without restraint over his Deere in his Parks and chace there; sairly relating unto him how it was his greatest honor, (as in deed it was,) to bee discended from his ancient house; desiring that the same by some good herald might by his means bee warranted unto him, with their matches, out of his evidence;

To a fweet note the fowlers pipe is fet When hee the bird betrays into the nett.

Anno. 12. Eliz: 1570.

This motion was affented to by this well meaning lord; One Harvey an herald, not longe after, was by the Earles fre commended for ythervice and fent to Callowdon, where after a small paines in perusall of those sew evidences that then there remained, And some notes taken importing no other end but discents, Hee was thence with fres of Comission sent (as hee desired) to Berkeley Castle, where the maine body remained of those Berkeley evidence, having about him psidious instructions to draw away from this lords evidence house some Deeds and exemplifications of records, (whereof the originals was either lost, or taken from the files,) which the herald performed; And being somewhat in drinke, through the kind entertainment hee received at Berkeley Castle, in the house of one Thomas Bolton, then an Inholder (and an old brewer to this lord,) said unto him upon occation of speech, (as Bolton twice told mee and oftner others,) That this Journey by reason of what hee had | sound and had would bee his making for ever; which words I received from Thomas Boulton to whom Harvey spake them, upon occation of Boltons question, when hee would end his fearch. sfalse friends are the greatest enemies, worst when

747

they

they feem best, and most dangerous when they speake fairest; Ovid said truly;

Ovidius

Tuta frequensque via est, sub amici fallere nomen, Tuta frequensque licet, sit via, crimen habet.

It is a fafe and comon way, by freindship to deceive, But fafe and comon though it bee, its knavery by yo' leave.

And I my felf doe here avow, That about twenty fix years now past my felf discourfing of these and the like words with M. John Savage, hee told mee That this herald in his way from Callowdon towards Berkeley came to his house to Sainbury, (two miles from Camden, wth the lord Berkeleys tre of comendacon for his first nights lodging on the way, (as my felf have often done,) where, having liberally supped, hee opened his portmanteau, and turning over a long roll of Armes to shew him the coate borne by the name of Savage, hee observed the coate of Berkeley, well known to him; And how that a note of paper was pinned over the fame, which M. Savage suspecting, (yet hee knew not what nor wherefore,) tooke a copy of the fame out of the roll, whilft Harvey the herald flept in bed, (left by forgetfullnes in his parlor below;) And when hee could make noe construction thereof hee cast it into a cubbord in the same roome, amongst a heape of old cancelled bonds ters and the like trash; which note after some search I found, and thereby visibly discovered the treason; Quicquid sub terra est in apricum proseret ætas,

This was in anno 12. Eliz: 1570

Time will reveale each fecret, fublunary thing; Noe hidden thinge there is, but time to light will bring.

And doubtles, one of the evidences then taken away was an exemplification under the great seale, of the office sound in the first of king Edward the third in the county of Glouc., after the death of the lord Maurice the third, the originall whereof was not longe before filched from the file in the Tower; And one other concerning Erlingham, as the faid note imported. And let mee by a short digression in this place ingeniously professe to this noble family, that by the happines of my poore endeavors, more then 300 peices of evidence have been returned into their Evidence house from many corners, but whether soe scattered by falshood or forgetfullnes, or by what other accidents, I may not determine; But fure I am, 748 that many of those peeces have been out of their possession since the death of Queen Mary: which is not here otherwise remembred, then to pray this noble family to bee carefull to whom they committ the keyes of their Evidence house; For such as S! Luke mentions the unjust steward to bee will in great families bee Luke. 16. v. 1. found in all ages, that will ferve themselves and theire own ends.

This note is in Berkeley Castle

After

Sr N. P. [Nicholas Poyntz]

After the faid Información was put into the Court, and the iffue in joyning, The Earle of Leicester fent for his inward freind Edmond lord Chandois, (esteemed in those daies as king of Cotswold,) And at Langly agreed of fixteen special freeholders names, to bee with others returned of the Jury for tryall of that caufe; what time they had also the help of another knight fince deceased, who gave the names of the other eight; whose name I forbear for his grandchilds fake, noe malevolent kinfman to this family; which twenty four foe corruptly packed, tryed the iffue against this lord: And this was told mee in the hearing of M. Edward Green vicar of Berkeley, (who is yet living,) in Berkeley Castle the 25th of September . 1603. by M. Charles Hyet, which (as hee faid) hee knew of his own knowledge to bee true; what time hee was very neare the lord Chandois in attendance; who then affirmed further, That M. James Bramidge his familiar freind and neighbour after told him That hee was prefent as a speciall ferv! by the death bed of the lord Chandois, (who dyed the 17th of March in the 16th of Elizabeth,) when hee heard him in that ficknes fay, That nothing greived him more at that time Then what hee did about the Jury for the Earles of Warrwick and Leicester against the lord Berkeley.

And further, on Munday the 18th of September in the first of king James, as William Chefter of Almondsbury Efqr, my felf, and Mr Edward Trotman walked togeather in Eastwood parke, (fower miles from Berkeley,) after dinner, whither M: Trotman (then there dwelling and now living at Came,) had purpofely at my request invited M! Chester and my felf, M! Chester then told mee, (as a token of the love and friendship then by M. Trotmans means purposely settled between us,) that hee being a page to the Earle of Leicesters chamber, observed the herald Harvies repaire unto him with Evidence from Berkeley; And that the Earles words to him, (which hee then heard,) were, That thefe titles had ever fucceeded. between | their houses, according to the kings favour in their times. And hee then further told mee, That M. Henry Goodyeare, (after knight,) a gentleman in great trust with the lord Berkeley, held in this cause secret intelligence with the said Earle of Leicester, and brought him some evidence also about the beginning of this suite, as hee then observed also, waiting the more near to Leicester because hee was allied to him; Words heard by M: Trotman as well as my felf: I hate the tooth that bites the dead: But this gentleman, whom . 34. years past I remember to have seen, and fome of whofe tres (admirably penned) written to this lord I have read, had his eare and his heart as much in those times as any man that lived; And was often present at this lords request at divers meetings and conferences of his Counsell, as

the

the faid lord hath fince told mee; To whom I once related what M: Chefter had faid to mee: But being againe to write of the like packing stuffe in another tryall and recovery; I will now returne from this digression.

After the Survey of these manors of the first of July in the 15th of Elizabeth was returned into the Exchequer, It appeared, (amongst other things,) to bee presented by that Jury under the title of woods, That the Queens Matie was seized of a wood called Michaelwood chace, which extendeth from the Towns of Nibley and Huntingford unto the redford, and foe going all alonge the faid river or place where the water commonly runneth called redford, unto the woods end, unto Robert Jobbins house of the woods end; Wherein the Major and Burgesses of the Town of Wotton and the Inhabitants of Huntingford and Nibley doe comon with their Cattle: And wherein the Inhabitants of Alkington, Woodford, and Wyke, have entercommon because of vicinage, That is to fay, in respect of the Comon that the Major and Burgeffes of the manor of Wotton and the Inhabitants of the faid Townes of Nibley and Huntingford have in the other part of Michaelwood over the red ford, being the Inheritance of Henry lord Berkeley: Which wood on this fide the red ford is the free hold and wast ground of the Queens Matie, and parcell of the manor of Wotton; and extendeth as aforefaid, and is by estimation-207. acres. Thus the Survey.

In the composing of this survey it was soe partially carried, That Maurice Harding of Cowley, (yet living,) Richard flourds of Pinelfend in Cowley, Robert Hale of Wotton, and Nicholas Cornock of Nibley, (grandfather to John Cornocke now fervant in houshold to the lady Elizabeth Berkeley,) being of the Jury, would by noe perswasion or threats give consent to soe untrue a presentment in the 750 former point, which ready drawn by the Commissioners was tendred unto them, as the three first have often severally told mee; whereupon their names, after they had been fworne, were strooke out of the panell from their fellowes who prefented the fame, being all of them tenants to this manor of Wotton: of which manner of proceedings wee have fince had many times conferences togeather.

This Survey thus returned and remaining of record in the Exchequer, and the faid manor the fame month granted to the Earles of Warwicke and Leicester and their heires, as hath been faid, They immediately thereupon placed one William Cecill as Ranger, to overfee their Deere in that part of Michaelwood chafe foe presented to bee part of their manor of Wotton: Between whom and Dunning and

Div'fe exam: in castro de Berkeley. Diu'sæ tre Nichi Poyntz et Thome

Kimmerly

Throkm'ton Com deWarr: et Leices; 1578. 79. 80. 81. 83. in castro de Berkeley. Kimmerly his men, And the Ranger and keepers of this lord Henry, many bickerings often times happened, to the drawing of bloud, continuing in that troublesome course till the death of the said Earle of Leicester, 1588, in the thirtieth of Queen Elizabeths raigne.

Trin: Pafch: 31. Eliz: rot. 462. in banco regis. Juntoiately upon whose death, this lord, relying himself upon the comon Justice of the Realme, (for potent Leicester only medled in these matters, and the whole manor survived to the Earle of Warwicke his brother then much infirmed with sicknes,) brought an action of trespas against the said William Kimmerly for treading of his grass in Michaelwood chase, and killing of a bucke there in July before the started dyed, to his damage of ten pound; In which suite this lord recovered upon a non sum informatus.

Ehis Kymerly fome years after upon a fuite in the Court of Wards profecuted against this lord, and examined touching his behaviour in these times of his keepership in this part of the said Chase, deposed, That twelve years togeather hee was a keeper in that part of Michaelwood lying between Redford and Wotton, under William Cecill Ranger there to the Earles of Warwick and Leicester; And that all that time hee walked in great seare, and for the most part in the high waies, and durst not goe out of them into the said chace, but was always interrupted and threatned by the lord Berkeleys Rangers and Keepers, and had a warrant for a bucke taken from him by one William Hallam; And in that twelve years did not kill any Deere in that side of the chace where hee was appointed Keeper: And that afterwards hee was discharged from being keeper by M! Arnold Oldisworth, for that his M. the Countesse of Warwicke would not allow any see for any keeper to walk there, as hee said, since which time to this his examinacon, there hath been noe keeper there by the said Countesses appointment.

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Hill. 37. Eliz: rot. 92. eod. rot. 106.
Trin: rec: 38.
Eliz: rot; 123.
Mich: 40: Eliz.
rot. cum rem thes:
in fc*čio.

Chese Manors of Wotton and Simondfall by the death of the Earle of Leicester coming by Survivor to the said Earle of Warrwick, as aforesaid, hee conveyed them (amongst many others) to Anne his wife and her heires, and dyed within two years after his brother the Earle of Leicesters death.

It chanced shortly after, That Henry Parmiter then of Stone an Atturney at lawe, Giles Daunt then of Oulpen, George Smallwood then of Dursley, and seaven others, all men of mettall and good woodmen, (I mean old notorious deerestealers,) well armed, came in the night time with deere-netts and doggs to steale deere in this

this chace of Michaelwood, who M. Anthony Hungerford, yet livinge, then Ranger there for this lord, foone found in that part of the chace which was formerly prefented to bee part of the manor of Wotton, then the inheritance of the faid lady Anne Countes of Warrwicke; And prefently drew from Nibly and other bordering places nine or ten of his own tenants and friends, as good men with their staves as the hunters, whom they roughly fet upon in that part of the chace: betweene which two companies of true men and theeves, many fore blowes were exchanged, divers on both fides beaten to the ground, and much bloud drawn; which violence they ceafed not on either fide till the fall of Smallwood by his deaths wound, whereupon leaving him as dead, the rest of the Deerestealers sled: But by this means being known, And fuite commenced against them in the Starchamber, the faid Counteffe of Warrwicke fent unto the faid Parmiter a copy of the faid Survey and presentment, And earnestly by Arnold Oldisworth and other her officers, laboured him and the rest to justifie their entry and hunting in the said chace under her authority and licence; And the rather for that Parmiter being an Atturney of the comon place, and drawing his maintenance from his practice, might otherwife incurre noe fmall damage and fine also with imprisonment, with other like perswasions: Howbeit the hunters having made their peace with this lord and his Ranger, And that practice of the Counteffe, (which Parmiter discovered to mee with delivery of the copy hee had received,) not prevailing, And this lord having a good opinion of the justness of his title to that part of the chace, notwithstanding the faid prefentment, aswell as the rest, hee did in the 41th of Queen Elizabeth, enlarge the enclosure which of old time had been about the lodge in the faid chace, And with a pale for the more comely proportion enclosed about 10 acres more then formerly was in the old enclosure; for | which fact, (though not to the damage of the faid Countesse or 752 any of her tenants of 2th by the year,) shee caused Robert George her Receivor and William Trotman one of her woodwards to fawe down the raile and pale in fuch places as the faid addition was made; And thereupon also brought her action of trespas against Thomas Hewes and other of this lords palers and workmen therein; During which fuite at the common lawe, fhee also exhibited her bill in the Court of Wards in Miclimas Terme in the 41th & 42th of Queen Elizabeth against this lord and Anthoney Huntley his ferv! and Woodward there, Setting forth therein how shee was feized of a meffuage and one hundred acres of land called Holts, and of Comon of pasture thereto belonging in the faid part of Michaelwood; And also set forth, That that part of the faid Chace which extended from the Towns of Nibley and Huntingford unto the river or water called the redford, and foe alonge the faid river or place where the water runneth commonly called the redfourd, unto the house late

Anno. 1598.

Mich: term. 41. et. 42 Eliz: in Cur Wardo Anno. 1599

of Robert Jobbins at the woods end, is parcel of her manor of Wotton underedge; And that this lord by the instigation of the faid Huntley had not only forbidden her farmer of Holts to have any Comon in the faid Chace, and driven back his Cattell, but also had inclosed about two hundred acres of that part of the chace with a pale, which did lye as aforefaid and which was part of the manor of Wotton. with fuch other fuggestions as are too comon in English bills; To which this lord and Huntley made answer and shewed, That if any such comon had of old belonged to the faid farme of Holts, that the fame was extinguished by an unity of possession; And also, that the whole chace of Michaelwood was the inheritance of this lord, as in their answers at large is contained; Whereupon after both the defts had according to the usage of that Court been examined upon Interrogatories, the pl! replyed, and the defts rejoyned, And a Comission was fued out and executed at Wotton aforesaid the nynth of September in the 42th yeare of Queen Elizabeth, whereat in fowerteen days were fifty witneffes examined; And afterwards my felf and William Hallam (an old keeper) with the Examiner in Court: publication shortly after awarded, and copies amounting to-400. fheets of paper taken; whereby appeared that both plt and defendants had aimed at one and the fame end, by bending their maine proofes for the interest of the foile, and for the bounds of the said manors of Wotton and Alkington, which was labored by as many ways means and devices as well might fall | into the hart of man: The conclusion was That the Counters finding her proofs overwaighed, fuffered her bill without hearing to bee difmiffed: Neither would shee afterwards bee urged to proceed to tryall upon her action of Trespas against Hughes, but discontinued it, and paid costs.

September, 42. Eliz.

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Mich: terme. 43. et. 44. Eliz: rot: 382. et 383. in banco regis.

Michaelwood. Anno 8. Jacobi: 1610. fol: 792. MII which may more largely bee read in my parchment booke dedicated to this lord, Intituled a register of the tenants by knights fervice from the 378th lease to the 388th lease; And these two suites are both in Berkeley castle exemplifyed under the seales of those Courts. Thus was the greater half of that Chace preserved which the Countesse and her officth had devour'd, with soe stronge an affurance that the sales of the woods and timber were proposed in the country, whereof the truer owner not longe after raised 2000! Yet lest the like value for his posterity, as after solloweth. But that composition which was afterwards made in the seaventh of king James between this lord and S. Robert Sidney then Viscount Lisle, after Earle of Leicester, gave ending to these and many other suites; And thereby also the means of this lords sale of all the trees in this chace growing without the said Parke, (except—3000. of the best,) to one Thom! Hacket after a certaine rate by the Tunne for Timber and by the cord for sire-wood; which hee coaled, And errected both

both a forge and furnace, bringing his iron oare out of the fforrest of Deane; And which hee, (having made little benefit,) affigned to S! Willim Throkmerton, And hee (as little,) to others: of which this lord Henry made. 2000 towards payment of the faid composition: And the end of that iron work begott the agreement that presently after followed between this lord and the Inhabitants of Alkington, Comoners in this Chace; which was, That this lord should inclose with a pale and keep in feveralty to him and his heires for ever, fower hundred acres on the South east part of the Chace, at eighteen foot to the pearch, (accompting the forementioned little park and lodge therein to bee parcell,) free and difcharged from yt claim of Comon therein by any of the Comoners, And that this lord should leave the residue of the faid Chace to bee a free comon for the Cattell of the faid Inhabitants of the manor of Alkington; And the deere of this lord feeding within the faid parke or chace should bee for ever excluded from that part of the chace and from their grounds adjoyning therto, which was agreed to bee left to the faid Comoners Inhabitants of Alkington for their faid Comon; And that this lord should leave standing upon the foile of the Ground parcell of the faid chace, to bee left out of the faid parke, one thousand 754 oaks (fince marked out) for mast and shadowe, which neither this lord nor the inhabitants of Alkington, freeholder or comoner, should any otherwife use sell or difpose of; And that affurances should accordingly bee made by indifferent Counsell on both fides; whereupon this lord forthwith enclosed his-400, acres, And in Trinity Terme following exhibited his bill into the Chancery, fetting forth the faid agreement between him and the Comoners, with fuch other circumstances as seemed dependant upon fuch an agreement, And how thereupon hee had purchased other lands adjoyning for the circular and more uniforme proportion of his pale: 10hcre unto the defts Comoners made answere, confessing the agreement. And thereupon by the confent and defire of both parties, It was decreed by the faid Court of Chancery That the agreement should stand and bee inviolably for ever after observed of all parties, which at this day continueth accordingly, Aº 1626. Which fmall fervice this lord fo acceptably received, That in recompence of my contriving and finishing thereof hee by Deed granted mee a fee bucke and a fee doe yearly during my life, out of the faid new parke. Bet foe rested not this chace or park, But that George lord Berkeley after his full age wholly disparked it, And carried away the pales railes and posts thereof for the mending of his three other parks of Whitcliffe, Newparke, and the Worthy; And then demifed the fame for years to divers tenants, who forthwith at their charges according to their agreemts with his Lop, divided the same into many closes, grubbing up the thornes surres and other brambles thereof; In the three first years of whose leases, the faid lord carried thence

Triñ term : 1612. Anno 10. Jacobi in Cancell.

Anno. 1612. 10 : Jacobi.

thence also great store of that timber for his buildings at Simondsall and at new-parke and at the grange by Berkeley, and at other places, And sold much of the rest, coleing also a great part of the sirewood thereof and selling and burning the residue at Newparke and Berkeley castle, where hee then abode.

this difparking it may feeme the lord George was led by the prefident of his Grandfather, this lord Henry, who in the time of Queen Mary upon his first entry quite difparked Hawe-parke by Wotton, and let the same at 6.8 the acre, taking a fine of 26.8 for each acre | for one and twenty yeares; which a sewe years before S. Thomas Thinne, under the then Protectors savour, had in the later days of king Edward the fixth made thin, both of deere timber and woods therein growing.

Daving thus pursued this recovery of the Manors of Wotton and Simondfall had against this lord, with such Inquisitions and circumstances as sollowed thereupon, I now returne to a like recovery of other manors had in like manner ten years after, against this lord also.

Triñ Term. 22. Eliz: rot: 124. in fc²cio cum rem regis.

Queen Elizabeth, in the 22th of her raigne, exhibited another Información of Intrusion against this lord Henry, (which was likewife profecuted by the faid Earle of Leicester,) charging him thereby to have intruded into the Manors of Sages and Arlingham, and into the third part of the manors of Came, Hinton and Slimbridge, and into the ffarmes of Holts and Corrietts, Newleys, the warth, and other lands in the county of Glouc., from the first of December in the first yeare of her raigne untill the exhibiting of this information; And by all that time to have unjustly taken the rents and profits: To this Information this lord pleaded divers pleas according as his Counfell conceived his feverall titles to bee, All which for all the faid Manors and lands were in Hillary Term in the 26th of Elizabeth found by jury at the Exchequer barre against him, And next terme Judgement entred accordingly. The fifteenth of August sollowing by vertue of a Comission dated the 8th of July before, was this lord by the Sherriffe of the County put out of pofferfion, And the 20th of the faid August, the faid manors and lands were extended and valued to the Sherriffe. The 17th of September following by vertue of a more special Comission directed to the forefaid S. Giles Poole and others, a perticuler Survey was made of all the faid manors and lands, and of all the rents and profits received by this lord from the faid first of December in ye first yeare of the faid Queen to that time, which, (besides fines and all other cafualties,) amounted to the fum of-39531 155 10d wherewith

Anno. 26: Eliz:

Survey under feale in caft: de Berkeley. Liber recogň: hill.

28. Eliz: in scacio.

this

this lord was charged. Against the payment of which meane rates and arrerages, this lord foe structed, that I verily suppose noe one Terme for Thirteen years next following is without orders in the Exchequer touching the fame, besides the many petitions to her Matie, wherein at last hee was much helped by S! Edward Coke her Atturney generall.

The fecond of July following, the Queen granted all the faid manors and premifes foe lastly recovered against this lord to the said Earles of Warr. and Leices! and their heirs, to hold by the 4th pt of a knights fee.

Anno. 27. Eliz.

The Earle of Leicester dyed in the thirtieth of the said Queen, Anno, 1588. 756 without lawfull iffue, whereby all those manors and lands mentioned in these two recoveries had against this lord survived and came to the said Earle of Warwicke, being his elder brother; who by his conveyances, (most whereof is inrolled in Chancery,) in the 32th of the faid Queen, granted the fame to certaine feoffees, To the use of himself for life And after his decease to the lady Anne his wife and to her heires for ever, as formerly hath been touched, And dyeth the 21th of ffebruary the fame yeare; All which are at large found in the Inquifiton or office after his death the 15th of December the yeare after in the 33th of Queen Elizabeth.

By this office, the Queen was intituled to the moitie of a third part of all the faid Earle of Warrwicks lands during the minority of Elizabeth the daughter and heire of Sir Phillip Sidney, (after maryed to the Earle of Rutland,) as by the office at large appeareth: Upon returne whereof, the Queen by Indenture under the feale of the Court of wards and liveries dated the 4th of June in the 33th of her raigne, in consideration of Twenty pound fine and 261 13: 4d yearly rent, demised to the faid Anne Countesse of Warr, the third part of the faid manors of Came, Hinton, and Slimbridge, the faid Newleys, the warth, Holts, and Corietts, in lieu of the moitie of the third part of all the Earle of Warrwicks lands, To hold during the minority of the faid Elizabeth Sidney then but fower years old, which was an Extraordinary favor that the greatness of this Countesse found under a gracious Princess, on whom in nearest place shee waited, and of a freindly master of that Court, then William lord Burleigh, lord Treasurer also; By which favour this lord was as deeply prejudiced in effect as by the recovery had against him in the Exchequer: for, being thereby under the prerogative of the Crown and the proceedings in that Court turned out of that possession, which notwithstanding the recovery in the Exchequer hee had still maintained for the third parts of the Manors of Cam, Hinton, and Slimbridge, efpecially; And his poore tenants fent for daily

Inqu: 33, Eliz. post mort : Ambr Com Warr.

Carta 4 Junij 33. Eliz.

by proces, and committed for their faithfull adhereing to their landlord, This lord to help himself and them exhibited even a world of bills, and made as many answers, whereupon, as also upon bills of Traverses to the said office, sollowed an Army of orders, Injunctions and affidavits for seaven or more yeares togeather; A fruitless resistance of himself and his counsell in those times, whereby hee not only lost all that was demanded against | him, (for what the said Countesse would shee obtained,) but also with the excessive expense and payment of costs, exhausted his coffers; Suits much better not to have been defended at all, then not defended in the successe; And if better times should serve, the regaining made more difficult.

33. Eliz: Sr. Henry Winfton Hill: 33 Eliz. Trin. 32 Eliz. Mich: 32. et 33. Eliz.

I should make the life of this lord a volume of it felf if I should perticularize but a fowerth part of the toiles and turmoiles, troubles and difquiets, that arose about the possessions also of the faid Newleyes, Holts, and other of the faid lands, kept loft and regained, and loft againe, by this lord and his fervants: of the indictments and traverses that followed thereupon at Gloucester and other places, pursued by S! Henry Winston espetially in behalf of the said Countesse: And of the multitude of Starchamber bills in those years also exhibited by her against this lord, Rich! Thomas, Anthony Huntley, and other of his fervants and tenants, touching entries ryotts and forces, Termly attendants in the chamber of M. Thomas Chamberlayne, then this lords Sollicitor, (after a Judge;) And how this lord by the injurious fuggestion of the faid Countesse was twice convented before the Counsell table at Whitehall, to answere supposed misdemeanors by her objected, which could not bee proved; And at another time at Oatlands, where the 16th of August . 1590 . in the 32th of Elizabeth hee was ordred to enter into a recognizance of ten thousand marks, That hee his fervants followers and freinds should from thenceforth keep the peace towards the tenants fervants followers and freinds of the faid Countefs during the controversies between them: At what time also another recognizance of 500 marks was taken of Humphry Alfop this lords then Steward of his Gloucesterfhire lands, and one of the Sollicitors of his lawe causes: As also of the many processes ferved upon many of this lords fervants and tenants at these times to appeare in the kings bench and Crown office, to give bonds for their good behaviours, with an endles number of brawles and broiles about thefe times raifed and purfued by the faid S! Henry Winston and Arnold Oldisworth her greatest Agent and Sollicitor.

This is that lady of Warrwick whom M! Rowland Vaughan, in his booke of Waterworks, reporteth, That to ferve turnes was able in Court to work miracles in

lay

lay matters; which this lord Henry found true, to his extreame cost and trouble, as herein appeares.

I forbear also to speake of the action brought by this lord in these times Anno. 32. Eliz: against the said S. Henry Winston, upon the Statute de Scandalis magnatum, who malitiously and falsly had given out That this lord said hee would come with. 140. men, and get his possession againe of the Newlease with the sword; As also I omit to write of the bill Answere proceedings and decree in the Court of wards, touching the watermill and carucate of land called Corietts, in Cam, wherein who desireth to bee inftructed in the learning of favour and prerogative, and to fet a fair gloffe upon a foule Text, may have recourse to the said decree, which passed in Easter Terme Pasch. 42. Eliz: in the 42th of Queen Elizabeth in the Court of Wards for the faid Countesse against this lord and his tenant John Somers, thereby cast out of possession; A suite sollicited by the wily diligence of the faid Arnold Oldisworth then interressed in the same for many years by her demise, who, (after the composition in the 7th of king James with the lord Lisle,) having purchased the see farme thereof of this lord Henry, shortly after fold the same to Willim Harding and his heires, As not longe after hee did all the rest of his estate to others, And yet sattisfyed not his debts by-4000 in at the least; And lastly dyed in Virginia.

Mich. 40, et. 41. Eliz. 1599.

Peither doe I here remember the extents upon all this lords lands in what County foever hee had any lands for the leavying of the faid meane rates, nor the great fums which in part payment thereof hee paid into the Exchequer, nor the Hill. 28. Eliz: recognizance of-4000 which hee was by orders in the Exchequer inforced to enter into, with condition to pay all the rents and profits of the faid manors and lands foe recovered against him; wherein the pressures were farre more violent upon this lord then the usuall course, either of the Crown, or that Court ordinarily inflicted upon the fubject, in regard the one moitie of the faid arrerages or meane rates was granted by the faid tres patents to the faid Earles with the lands, with all the means which the Crowns prerogative had to recover it, and fo came to the faid Counteffe, who not only with the same coveted to defray the charges of these fuites, but to reward the diligence of her fervants, freinds, and Counfell employed therein: And this guift of the moitie of the meane rates filled five years vacations with Inquiries in this County of Glouc. by Juries, to find out the value and profits of the lands recovered, in rents herriots fines and woodfales received by this lord, to the extreame expence of both parties: ffor fome eafe and releife wherein, this lord exhibited his petiton to the Queens person, presenting also his greife therein by Anno: 36. et at.

Annis 28. 29. 33. 39. et. 41. Eliz.

word

Cert: dat: 26. Maij 1599. 41. Eliz.

word of mouth to her Matie For the countermining whereof, and to frustrate that court fuite which to this lord was both tedious and coftly, the faid countefs exhibited also her petition, (for shee that perpetually waited next her person, could not be any 759 fmall time ignorant thereof,) praying the Queen to have allowance by her privy feale of the faid arrerages according to her Mats grant under the great feale; And that the further difpatch thereof might bee referred to fome of her Officers. To the end the debts of her late husband the Earle of Warrwicke might the sooner bee paid by her his executrix; Which being referred to Buckhurft lord Treaforer, hee certifyed almost all the former proceedings in perticularity, but in fuch fort as this lord gained nothing but further loffe for all his paines and expence.

Reither doe I here, other then in curfary manner, ficco pede, remember how this lord Henry after the faid verdict and Judgement upon the faid Informacon given against him, often moved that Court of Exchequer to have allowance of certaine errors to reverse the faid Judgement and verdict, and to have his writ of error figned by St John Popham then atturney generall; who after counfell at feverall times heard on both fides, held them to bee errors unanswerable: but his remove to the place of Cheife Justice hindred the fame: whom S! Thomas Egerton fucceeded, who, all his time of Atturney generall delaied it: After him Sir Edward Coke fucceeded, To whome upon new motions the Court referred the examination of the errors anew, who also for his better resolution before hee would deliver his opinion, heard Counfell on both fides, And at last in Court told Peryam cheefe Baron That if fuch errors were depending in any other court, hee thought them fufficient to reverfe judgment, but what they were in this Court, hee referred to his Lops confideration.

At last, after long preffures, the said lord cheife Baron referred this lord to his petition to the Queen for allowance of the faid writ of Error; her Matie referred the confideration of the fame to the two cheife Justices, the master of the Rolls, Egerton, and to her Atturney generall, who with much Sollicitation met in Hillary Terme in the 37th of Elizabeth, and having heard Counfell on both fides, refolved, that the proceedings upon the faid Information were erronious: But notwithstanding directed this lords Counfell first to fearch for presidents in the Exchequer from the time of king Edward the third, wherein any writ of Error had been brought for any matter of forme, or for misjoyning of issue, or tryall, or pleading; And also to search for petitions, whether by the Statute of 31. E. 3. a writ of Error may bee brought between her Matie and a Subject without a petition; And to fee also the manner of the petition for the proceeding therein in forma juris, And then they would certifie their opinions.

Search, (the coftly work of a longe time,) was made accordingly, And many presidents found wherein the subject had been allowed his writ of error in that 760 Court, both by and without petition; Copies thereof were praied by this lord Henry: Answere was made, None might bee given without an order from the lord cheife Baron: Hee being by this lords Counfell often moved thereto, finally answered, hee should have none except it were by warrant from her Matie, seeing the presidents intended the subvertion of the estate of the Queens patentees, (meaning his dearest lady and freind the Countess of Warwicke,) and therefore this lord should use his petition to the Queen if hee would have any; which referment of his is entred of record in the booke of orders of that Court; whereby Certificate was never made.

Liber ordinum in fine term Michis 37. et. 38. Eliz.

A marriage at this time went on between Thomas the only fon of this lord and Elizabeth the only child of S! George Carey knight marshall, shortly after lord Hunfdon and Chamberlaine to her Matie To whom a breife collection with the orders annexed of all these proceedings was delivered; hee undertooke with the Queen, and effected it: The cheife Baron by like art, as hee had delayed, deluded the faid writt of error: And after, this lord turned himself to looke after other Counfells and Courfes that gave at last a winding out from these irksome laborinths and perplexities.

And I remember a Sollicitor of the lord Berkeleys in the close of that day cast before those referrees, the consideration of the Statute of the 33th of Henry the 8th, which giveth the actuall possession of the lands of persons attainted without any Office found, Saving the poffession of all Strangers: which, faid hee, is expounded as if an office had been found at Comon lawe: And if the office at the comon lawe had found the feifin and diffeiffin, yet the king could not have granted away the land before feifin, or a Scire facias fued; Inferring thereby, That noe informacon of Intrusion at all would lye against the lord Berkeley by reason of the favinge in the faid Statute: which they (not difliking) held worthy of further confideration, but, I suppose, forgott it soone after.

Cokes rep: Doughties cafe.

iffue

My desire in these relations is nothing more then to informe the now lord George truly, though with prolixity, of the passages of this his immediate ancestor in these paper warrs; whereby I will looke back to the Jury that tryed this last

Bill and Answere in Cancell.

Ex pte Nicholfon in canc. Michis 36. Eliz.

Orders. 19. Junij. 36. Eliz: and . 6. 15. 25. Nov. 37. Order. 25. Nov: 37. Eliz. in Canc: inter Henricum dm B. quer et Hall et Alfop def!s

iffue in the 26th of Queen Elizabeth in the Exchequer against this lord, And tell him truly, as I have done in the former recovery, That they were likewise plotted 761 and named by the faid Earle of Leicester, with the affishance of S! Thomas Throkmerton and St. Nicholas Poynz, (then at enmity with this 1th,) And the whole 24 names ready written were delivered by the first of them to Richard Adams of Wotton fervant to the faid Earles, And by him delivered to Mr. Hall then undersherriffe to Thomas Baynham of Clowerwall Esq., as fent with them from the said High Sherriffe, with a comandment in the name of the faid Earle of Leicester that hee should ingrosse and returns them, mixed with the delivery of forty shillings then given to Hall, and some threats if hee did not: And this did Hall himself out of remorfe of conscience, (when hee faw the ill effect,) make known to Humphry Alfop then follicitor to this lord, who thereupon, to continue the memoriall thereof, exhibited a bill against the said High Sheriffe and Undersherriffe for this misdemeanor in the Chancery, (not in the Starre chamber as hee should have done,) whereto they made answere and confessed the whole matter as aforesaid, this being the next yeare after the tryall; And foe it rested; Whereof the Countesse of Warwicke having notice fome years after, And knowing well how deeply this packing and nomination of a Jury, (though in the Queens case,) might trench into her title, that still continued restles and in Termely agitation, Shee to damme this bill and these answeres, complained in Chancery in Michimas Terme in the 36th of Oueen Elizabeth: Whereupon Hall and Alfop being examined at the fuite of the faid Counteffe, confessed upon oath the truth of the premises, which to this day yet remaineth with the faid examiner. But in regard that her title was hereby fcandalized, and for other reasons, movinge the court, After order upon order, this lord Henry was compelled to bringe in the Exemplification of the faid bill and answers, which hee had under the great Seale, into the Court, where it was broken and cancelled, and bill and answers orderd also to bee taken from the file and cut to peeces, wch was done: howbeit true copies were taken and fufficiently testified and cast into the Evidence house at Berkeley Castle, where they yet remaine: About fower years after, my felf ferved M! Hall with a Subpena to testifie his knowledge herein upon a tryall at the comon pleas barre, touching fome of these lands, (whereof I shall after write,) thereby to extenuate the validity of the former verdict; what time hee told mee and others the whole matter, with all the circumstances aforesaid; And accordingly appeared, but in regard his answere had been damned by Decree in Chancery as aforefaid, the Court would not heare him upon oath, but left the 762 confideration to the | Jury of what they had heard by this lords Counfell at the barre, weh I know did noe harme. As for Richard Adams, (who dyed shortly after,)

the

the instrument of this unconscionable and unjust practice, returning from London to Wotton, where his dwelling was, having failed after much fuite in obtaining of a protection to preferve him from divers creditors, to whom hee flood indebted, the next day after his returne dyed with thought and greife, as publickly then reported, and stands yet beleived. Neither could the fresh labour of Thomas his son obtaine more favour after his death then an increase thereby of his fathers ingagements, and his own lefs means to pay what himfelf as fuerty for his father flood also bound for; who being now also dead, after much penury, hath left a miserable male and semale posterity, not of worth to divide five pounds amongst feaven of them: And his wife at this day 1626. by my meanes an Almeswoman in the hospitall of Cheineis.

And to knit the Cup and Cover here togeather, the faid Richd Hughes, first an Atturney at lawe and of the standing fee of this lord, then dwelling at Wotton and this lords Steward there, hee falfly turned away to this lords Adverfaries with a perfidious revealing of all his ill gained knowledge; And after a fecond regaining, thirdly revolted; And laftly miffing of his promifed (at least hoped,) reward, preffed with poverty, returned from Distasse lane and other places in London where hee had fome years covered himfelf, towards Wotton, perished in a ditch on this side Fairford in Gloucestershire, as hath been faid, where hee was found dead early in a morning; whose children, (long fince in the condition of beggars,) have nothing remaining to them but the ignominy of their father; Of whome, not the leaft unhappy, was John Hughes, made, foone after the first recovery, a woodward of wotton, who shortly after, (grown not worth the bread hee wanted to eat,) dyed bellowing and roaring in Wotton, whereof hundreds yet living give testimony.

And to touch but light[1]y on Thomas Trotman of Stancombe, an other prime fervant and trader in these practices, rewarded after the said recovery of Wotton with a baylywick and woodwards office, being at a faire in Wiltshire, and offering (perhaps in drinke) to put his foot into the stirrup with intent to ride home, fodainly died; of whose eldest fon Wittm, lately departed his house for debt. I forbeare to l write what justly is occasioned; my felf dislikeing those just occasions that have 763 through truth of story, cast mee upon soe unpleasant relations, especially wherein the person is taxed or aspersed.

ffor more assurance of the packing and plots about this Jury that tryed the faid cause, heare a tre of the proper hand writing of S! Thos Throkinton, directed to his loving Nephewe M. John Tracy, (then a ferv! to the Earle of Leicester, now knight,)

tre in castro de Berkeley dated at Tortworth.30.Jan: 1583. 26. Eliz.

and who after had an estate given him in Rolls Court in Slimbridge, and yet liveth at Tuddington.

John Garlicke was the bearer. Earles of Warr & Leic! Jury for the tryall of the matter between the Queen and ye lord Berkeley, And to the end their appearance may bee the more ready, I have fent up this bearer to attend upon them; If I had thought mine own fervice there in any fort necessary to the behoose of my lords, I would not have spared my travell, thinking it unnecessary to make a greater shew of good will then needeth; And that I have sufficiently performed what I have undertaken for the apparance of the Jury it shall well appear; And least the apparance of S. Thomas Porter should bee requisite, what pollicy I used for the same this bearer can informe you; All which I pray you informe both my good lords the Earles of Warrwicke and Leicester, As also I pray you informe them that they are to give thanks unto S. Nicholas Poyntz and your father, for the apparance of some of the Jury, whose names this bearer will informe you; further I pray you credit the bearer, And soe commending mee heartily unto you, and your brother, I comit you to God. At Tortworth the 30th of January. 1583.

Old S. John Tracy.

Anno: 26. Eliz.

Your loving Uncle

Thomas Throkmorton.

It is not yet three months fince I talked of these passages with John Garlicke, that's mentioned to bee the bearer, of what hee had to deliver upon the credence given by this ire unto him; It suffices the plot and pack was soule; what before is written was too true for the lord Berkeley: for the verdict of the said Jury turned him out of his ancient inheritance, And some of it, (as Cam and Hinton,) such whereof hee and his Ancestors and those who held under them had been in quiet possession, and never year or month out of possession, since the beginning of these relations in the lord Robert the first of that name.

764 Lre in castro de Berkeley At the same time went also the fre of S. Nicholas Poyntz to the Earle of Leicester himself, wherein hee intimateth that convenient means is now offered, by change of Officers in Ireland, to benefit M. Throkmorton of Tortworth, than whom an honester man liveth not, very wise to govern in place of Justice, and is intirely your lordships: I write the very words of his proper hand writing, The rest need not; It sufficeth hee was an old Courtier, And wholly also the Earle of Leicesters, And dyed in sew weeks after.

In these times also, was one Edward Andrews of the county of Leicester, an utter barrester of Graies Inne, of Counsell in these and other suites with this lord Berkeley, who was wrought to bee falfe to his Client, and to make known before hand his Evidence and breviats to the adverse party; which as M. Alsop hath told mee, yet living and then this lords follicitor, and the discoverer thereof, hee did to have the faid Earles favour in his own great and tedious fuite with the lord Cromwell for the manor of Allexton in that County, wherein at last, (out of the wilines of his own brain,) hee was overtaken with loss of the Land, after that fower or five verdicts formerly passed for him; which case is reported in print by S. Edward Coke in the fecond part of his reports.

Cokes rep. 2. pts fol: 69b Burtons descripcon of Leic! Shire fol: 10: 11.

And heere, (though fomewhat out of place and order,) may bee remembred the often references that were to freinds, and their meetings thereupon, to have (by way of arbitrament) determined these suites, as well before as after the second recovery; As to Phillip Earle of Arundle, Thomas Earle of Suffex, lord Chamberlain, and S. Christopher Wray, cheife Justice, for this lord Berkeley; And to Henry Earle of Huntington, S. Christopher Hatton, and Judge Anderson, cheife Justice of the Comon pleas, for the faid Earles; and of their often meetings and hearing of Counfell on both fides, at Ely house in holborne, at Leicester house in the Stran, And in the Inner chamber of the Starchamber, and other places: and how upon the death of the faid Earle of Suffex, which happened in June 1583, A° 25. Eliz. this lord Berkeley chose Henry Earle of Northumberland, who also after divers meetings concluded of nothing: And foe breaking off, the tryall went forward in the 26th of Elizabeth, at the Exchequer barre, whereof it now followeth that I write; with this remembrance to posterity. That these meetings of soe great lords were folicited and procured by the perfonal travell of the lady Katharine this lords Wife, of whom I have after to write.

Annis. 22. Eliz. et . 24. Eliz. et. 25. Eliz: 1583.

Leicrs comon wealth fol: 33. 43. 59. printed: 1584.

Div'sa munimenta in castro de Berkeley.

Daving formwhat outrunne the order of time, the better to avoid fuch fractions 765 as the multitudes of fuits and occurrences that came togeather would otherwife have cast mee into, I now returne to declare, That amongst the manifold lawe-fuits of this lord Henry, none was of greater consequence, nor wherein his honor more fuffered, then that for the Tythes of Oldminster in Hinton within the parish of Berkeley, between himself and the said Thomas Throkmton of Tortworth Esqure. after knight, father of S. William the now Baronet; nor profecuted with more violence and discontent both between the parties themselves and also their follicitors and fervants; which took begining about the Twentieth of Queen Elizabeth. This

Annis: 19. 20.

lord

lord was in possession of the lease thereof as administrator to the lady Anne his mother, who about two years after the death of the lord Thomas her husband, did, in the 28th yeare of king Henry the 8th take a leafe thereof from one Burton then Abbot of S! Augustines by Bristoll, for threescore years, at eight pound rent, who, the next year dying, Abbot Morgan him fucceeded in that Monastery; In whose government two years after, that Monastery was by king Henry the 8th dissolved, And three years after that, by the faid king, converted into a Bishoppricke, Deane, and Chapiter, as formerly I have written; from which leafe, (not expired at the time of this fuite,) this lord Henry made his title; And S! Thomas Throkmerton claimed by a leafe made by the faid Deane and Chapiter in the time of Queen Elizabeth in reversion of the former leafe: The fuits raised between them were many, and in most of the Queens Courts togeather, whereof the Starre chamber in the 22th and 23th of Elizabeth was at one time poffeffed with thirteen feverall bills. The kings beanch and Comon pleas with twelve, And the Chancery had her share: Tryalls by Jury both at the barre and Westminster and in the proper County at the Affises were more then too many: Inditements for riots and forcible entrie at feverall affifes and Quarter Seffions, held at Gloucester Cirencester and Tewksbury, were almost numberles, wherein at one time in sower inditements forty of this lords fervants were indited and fined: The fuccesses of both partes were variable, but much the worfe fell on the part of this lord and his forwardest fervants, who much fmarted by cenfures in the Starchamber; wherein over many of them, (whereof their children and themselves yet complaine,) were (otherwise then this lord had promifed by his tres,) left to themselves and payment of their fines, And this lord to the loffe of his leafe for all the years hee had to come: | And yet, without doubt, the title of this lord thereunto was good and unavoidable, had his Sollicitors underflood as they should: The maine question, upon issues joyned between them, was, dimifit, or non dimifit; whether Abbot Burton made fuch a leafe to the lady Anne Berkeley, or not: Sir Thomas Throkmerton furmifing, That if any leafe under Burtons name were at all made, it was made by the kings Comiffioners without any authority after the diffolution of that Monastery, which in that year wherein this and other Monasteries were dissolved, was too often practiced; And that noe possession was had by the faid lady Anne till after the diffolution; proofes of which furmifes, hee had none at all that were direct, And taken in their best condition were but weak probabilities, uncertaine and in themselves meerly salse: Howbeit (whereof I would not write but truth enforceth, (for I hate to fcratch the dead) this lords cheife Sollicitors that then in this County of Gloucester governed his affaires, (himself and family then abiding at Callowdon,) were Henry Grantham, a better Italian then lawyer,

fre dated at Callowdon. 1 Aug: 1578. Ao 20. Eliz:

766

Hiff. 22. Eliz: rot 596. in banco. inter Thom: Throkm'ton pl! et Bourcher defendant. lawyer, And Anthony Huntley th'elder, then also in the beginning of these suites his high Steward in this County, whose false orthography in more then an hundred of his tres yet in Berkeley castle will assure all that read them that hee understood not a line of latin; who used to keep his Courts with a white feather in his cap, and to read his charge to the Jurors at the Courts hee kept out of his papers; A man fitter for ffaires and Markets of Cattell and fales of wood, wherein hee had good skill, then to graple with soe watchfull an adversary in the combates of Littleton, who knew how to take all advantages, but to give none. As for Humphry Alfop aforenamed, (yet living,) hee was then an unexperienced young man, and in Trinity Anno: 1618. Terme in that 22th yeare first preferred into this lords service, from being a Clarke to M. Lewkner then this lords Steward of Bosham manor in Suffex; All web took their directions, (when they pleafed to travell foe farr as Glouc! for them,) from old Thomas Denys, (father of him of the same name that yet liveth there,) a true hearted gentleman to this family, (though neither read nor practiced in thefe affaires,) then receivour of this lords Revenue, and allyed to him in the fourth degree, of whom I formerly made a double mention; And to have proved the iffue | whereupon the leafe was loft, this lord Henry then had amongst his Evidences 767 both the leafe of Abbot Burton under the covent feale fubscribed with his own hand, who dyed two years before the diffolution, And five or fix Acquittances for each half years rent both under the faid Abbot Burtons hand, and Morgans his fucceffor, upon whom the diffolution came, with a constant unquestioned possession to the very time of these suits: of which lease it self and the acquittances these ignorant Sollicitors were ignorant, relying only upon testimony of Witnesses, viva voce, which after forty three years could not bee certaine or direct; In mp fortings of the evidence of this lord, finding those and other evidences, (which in all Tryalls this lord Henry was still urged to shew forth or directly to prove,) And which done (as done it might have been) had ended the controverfy And knowing that the charges of fuits And the payments of fynes cost this lord above—15001, besides the losse of the lease and the dishonor which these overthrowes cast upon him, And the damage done to freinds whom this lord embarked in these suits, and confequently lost; And also how the estates of many of his tenants whom the said follicitors led into ryots were never able to pay the costs of fuite damages fees and fynes, wherein they were condemned, and wherein they were left to themselves, as hath been faid: And knowing also how this politick gentleman S! Thomas Throkmton, by many wily devices, put on the foresaid Exchequer Information of Intrusion in the 22th of Elizabeth with the Earle of Leicester, as a diversary means to shorten his own fuite, wherein this lord received one of his greatest losses; knowing, I fay, thefe

these and other crosse accidents after happening which hence took sapp and rooting, I cannot but bewaile what's past, And for the time to come advise the now lord George and his heires after him, to ferve themselves with wife and understanding men, trained up and professing the same faculty; (my selfe already entred into the fuburbs of my grave, and a derelict of that profession:) for if the Sollicitor bee not at home with himself, If ignorant or careless, Counsell that are strangers to the caufe and must take up their knowledge at the second hand cannot bee instructed; neither can breviats for them (especially in matters of title) bee drawn really and to life, wherein much of good fuccesse in each tryall consisteth; I could never in this later half of my life perceive otherwise but that the life or death of the suite, as well in instructions for pleadings, as for evidence, was in the Sollicitor: His following, his follicitation in all Courts, especially in the English, maketh or marreth; yea often in a bad cause it gaineth, and in a good, looseth; Let others think what them listeth, I write what I have seen eaten and digested; Clyents witnesses Jurors Counfell and Judges, are men and noe angells, the fons, as the poets allude, of Prometheus, not Epimetheus, neither will bee otherwife foe longe as men are men, neither may a paradice bee expected to bee where any man may innocently fall by the lawe, As by ignorance or misprission; by his Atturney or Counsellor; by practice or combination of the adversary; by perjury of witnesses; by forgery of Deeds; by fubornación or corruption of witnesses Jurors or officers in Courts: by affection, inclination, or corruption of the Judge; and by many other by and black ways, whereof many men have made experience, in leffe or greater measure, fufficiently veryfying what I write.

After fuch time as a reconciliation was wrought between this lord Henry and Sir Thomas Throkmton in the later end of Queen Elizabeths raigne, by the means of his wives father St Richard Berkeley; In the first feaven years of king James that now is, what time hee did good offices towards this lord in his fuite against the lord Lisle, And was to mee an intelligencer of times passed, I often talked hereof, both with this lord Henry and with S! Thomas, And told them at feverall times, what evidence I had found, and bound up togeather with the former unhappy papers, which both of them feemed earnestly to wish they had at first, or before the fuits, been found; for then, (faid this lord Henry,) I had faved many waies much, and kept my leafe and prevented other mischeifs that fell upon mee, and my house. And, quoth S. Thomas, I had then faved what I fpent in these suits, more by one thousand pounds then the lease I overthrew was worth; besides that some great freinds of my lord Berkleys deeply afterwards revenged his quarrells upon mee in

other

other law fuites I had; and opposed my preferrment at Court with ye Queen; with other like words on either part: 2nd both of them blamed the provocations 769. of their fervants; And (as this lord then told mee) the reprochfull words cast out by S! Thomas Throkmerton against Henry Grantham, calling him bottle nofed foole, wherein hee reproched the worke of nature in his face: And objecting to Anthony Huntley, beggarry and the illegitimation of his birth, with rudenes of condition; And taunting the youth, forwardnes and religion of the faid Humphry Alfop, foe overheated the two former, That they multiplyed fuits against Sir Thomas like the heads of Hidra: Soe farr forth fuffering their passions to transport them, That infleed of rakes and Sheafpikes to gather Tithe in Harvest in the 22th of Elizabeth, they carried their workfolks out of Berkeley Town armed with fwords and bucklers, halberds and fuch like weapons; By which improvidence they gave great advantage to their adversary, whose warines quickly apprehended it, And cast upon forty of themfelves, the fortune to bee juftly endicted at one Seffions and fined for their folly. And afterwards when the right of the leafe in point of title came to receive tryall at the kings bench barre, This lords faid Sollicitors thought it fufficient to give in Evidence fower or five witnesses, (of hearfay and credibly beleiving,) exemplifyed under the great Seale; And never looked at or after those materiall proofes, (omni exceptione maiores,) before mentioned; Nor into the certificates, Nor Surveyes of those Commissioners imployed by king Henry the 8th at the diffolution of that Monastery, Nor into the accompts of the lady Anne Berkeleys receivor in the first fower years of her leafe, Nor afterwards in the Court of Augmentations till the erection of that Bishopricke, Deane, and Chapiter, where they might have found both the leafe proved, and the rent also each half year paid.

Hiff: 22. Eliz. rot: 596. in banco

After the faid Tryall at lawe at the barre in Ester terme in the 22th of Banco regis Elizabeth, those two Sollicitors, Grantham and Huntley, complained to this lord of the partiallity of the Jury, wherein they further erred, for they should have complained of the indifcretion and infufficiency of themselves, as meerly unable to make head against foe powerfull and plotting a gentleman as they had to buckle withall; And I have heard the faid Humphry Alfop, (who after grew to a better understanding in the lawe fuites and tenures of this lord,) expressely censure Grant. ham and Huntley out of his knowledge | to have both foolifhly and infufficiently 770 followed these causes: which Alsop shortly after did this lord Henry good service in causing him to depart from a proposition made by the Earle of Leicester, closely put on also by Sir Thomas Throkmton, for an exchange of these and more lands of this lords in the county of Gloucester, parcell of his Barony of Berkeley, for longe

22. Eliz : Hiff : rot. 596.

Itchington

Anno. 1581. 22. et. 23. Eliz.

Itchington and other the faid Earles lands in the County of Warwicke, which was likely by their wilines to have taken effect, whilft this lord Henry and his lady lay at Ivy-bridge, at that time commanded by Queen Elizabeth to attend the cominge of Monsieur out of ffrance; An attendance which in thirteen weeks cost this lord and lady two thousand five hundred pounds.

Pasch. 19. Eliz: rot 324. et. 224 in banco regis.

Before these suits began there were some others precedent concerning certaine Trees which Sir Tho. Throkinton had cut down upon his leafe of Appleridge by newparke, which hee held of this lord for one and twenty yeares by a demife in the 12th of Eliz:, raifed fomewhat harshly against him, those times considered.

Annis. 29. et. 30.

And after these suites, (as a fiery comet drawes her taile,) pulled on many more, for huntings in this lords parks by S. Thomas and his fervants and others in relation to him, which in the Starchamber and Marches of Wales were not quenched of feaven years after.

And besides, when, upon a spetiall verdict given, the said S! Thomas Throkmton perceived the Court upon the first argument or reading of the record to encline against him, hee corrupted one Green, (as this lord Henry then charged him, and like enough to bee true,) his then Atturney, to fuffer Judgement against him for want of looking after; Notwithstanding the Court in favor of this lord and of that caufe, whereof they had well conceived, gave rule upon rule for divers termes togeather.

Hum: Alfop Tho: Dennis

And two of these Sollicitors, (as this lord longe after told mee,) caused to bee burned in his chamber in his presence, a great bundle of Court rolls Accompts and other Evidences, as feeming hurtfull to that title; which in the 26th of Elizabeth (formerly menconed) was in the Exchequer tryed against him; and especially about 771 the Leet of the upstarted hundred of Wotton; whereas to one that | knew how to handle those weapons, they were stronge defences in his hands, and to have been turned to the adversaries reproofe; As some of the like kind which escaped that fire were in the first fix years of king James, as after will appear.

This I know, that as I once expostulated this unadvised martirdom of those evidences with one of those Sollicitors, who yet liveth, whose advise especially condemned them to the fire, which hee could not then defend, Soe I now miffe them for the more compleat enlargm! of these relations in the lives of those lords that lived

lived in the time of king Henry the fixth, Edward the fourth, and king Henry the feaventh: And to make more apparent foe much of these former passages, (which, with diflike, I confess to scrape somewhat harshly upon the dead,) I have within two years last cast into the evidence house at Berkeley divers breviats, notes, tres, and copies of Lies, written by this lord, Sir Thomas Throkinton, Sir Nicholas Poyntz, and others, to Judges, honorable freinds, Officers and fervants, received from John Garlicke, in theis times specially imployed by Sir Thomas Throkmerton, whose follicitor and undersherriffe hee was; and principally also imployed in those affaires under Sir Nicholas Poyntz his first master, who (as his tres declare) made himself a freind and party in favor of Sir Thomas Throkmerton against this lord Henry; and lastly was fervant to this lord Henry by my preferrment, as Clark of his Kitchen at the time of his death, and yet living at Tortworth; which make good Anno. 1618. all and more, (eiusdem farinæ, of the like course bran,) then is formerly written; two of which tres, the one from Sir Thomas the other from Sir Nicholas, I have fol: 763. 764. inferted verbatim a few leaves before.

Anno 1616.

After Queen Elizabeth had in the 26th of her raigne granted to the faid Earles of Warwicke and Leicester and their heirs (amongst other lands,) the third parts of the manors of Came Hinton and Slimbridge, as before is written, They in the year following brought against this lord a writt of Partition, to have the faid Third parts of the faid Three Manors allotted to them in feveralty; whereto this lord pleaded, non tenet infimul et proindivifo, And upon tryall at the comon pleas barre the Jury gave a speciall verdict, which being of length, (this lord nothing hastning himself in a bad market,) the Earle of Leicess, before it could bee entred of record, dyeth the fifth of September in the thirtieth of Elizabeth, and foe that fuite abated: Howbeit to the end that that verdict might bee in one kind or other of record, A bill was afterwards in the 42th of Elizabeth exhibited into the Court of Wards by the faid Anne Countess of Warrwick against this lord Henry and others, wherein this longe speciall verdict was made an Interrogatory, (the longest I think that ever was,) And M. Scot the prothonotary, Mr Waller then his Secondary, (now in like office to his master,) and M. Ethrington a clarke of that office, were examined thereupon as witnesses; by that means to make the same of record to posterity, which afterwards the faid Counteffe exemplifyed under the Seale of that Court, and is now amongst the lord Berkeleys Evidence in Berkeley Castle.

Triñ. 28. Eliz: rot 639. in Scots office

Anno. 1588.

Anno: 42. Eliz: in Cur. Wardorum

And truth bids mee tell this family from the mouth of the forenamed Humphry Alfop, then this lords Sollicitor, and of old William Bourcher then his Atturney in this this Exchequer Court, That upon this tryall in the 26th of Elizabeth the Oueens Counfell at the barre waved all the quillets, faying they would give noe evidence for them; Howbeit by practize and greatnes because they were in the Information they were foifted into the verdict, which themselves drew up and entred of record, whereby without any evidence or verdict given, Judgement was entred, and this lord turned out of Corriets, Holts and other parcells, which hee could never help; Whereat let those only marvaile that knew not the parties, pl! and def!, nor what time and Court greatnes can doe in the Exchequer court in the kings cafe.

Hill: 39. Eliz: rot 327. in cõi banco.

> vide antea fol: 8. et 81.

poin these lands with many others after the deaths of the said Earles of Warrwick and Leicester came to the faid Countesse of Warr and her heirs, I have before written; who defiring as the faid Earls had done to have the faid third parts of the faid three manors of Cam Hinton and Slimbridge fet out in feveralty from this lords other two parts, thereby the better to make her profit, shee likewise in Hillary Terme in the 30th of Elizabeth, brought a writt of partition against this lord, who pleaded as before a non-tenure in comon; the Jury at the barre the 22th of November in the 40th of Eliz., being all knights and Efquires of remarkeable houses, found fpecially as the former Jury had done twelve years before; After argument by Counfell on both fides Judgment was given, That partition should bee made for the third parts of the two manors of Cam and Hinton, but not for the third part of the manor of Slimbridge, wherein the law fell out for this lord: At which tryall 773 was this lord Henry himfelf, accompanied with his brother in lawe the lord George Hunfdon lord chamberlaine to her Matie, and others; As also were many honorable perfons on the behalfe of the faid Counteffe: The evidence at barre lasted from eight in the morning till fower in the afternoone, nothing I think left unurged or defended that art or learning might afford, or at Barre or Bench bee uttered: The Sollicitors on both fides had the publicke commendation of the Court and of the parties, wherein though this lord Henry prevailed only for Slimbridge, yet

> — Careat fuccessibus opto, Quisquis ab eventu facta notanda putat. Ever let him want an hopefull happy end, Which by the iffue, doth the Act comend. The event is noe just mete-wand of mens endeavours.

One of which Jury was ffrancis Heydon, an Efquire dwelling in Hartfordshire but a ffreeholder in the County of Gloucester, (as many others were resident in feaven other Counties,) fomtimes a Counfellor at lawe, which was not unknown to this

this lord Henry nor his Sollicitor, And therefore had been challenged, (upon other fuspition of not standing indifferent,) but that one Willim Cotton, a gent depending wholly on the faid lord Hunfdon, undertooke for his indifferency yea and favour as for his own foule, for foe to my felf were his words when I told him the caufes of my fuspition of him; whereto againe hee replyed, That if hee were challenged wee above measure weakened our tryall and good hopes, And that for him hee would undertake at his perill, with other like confident words, wherein I affure my felf hee meant faithfully, though hee was extraordinarily deceived: But furely many of this Jury were beforehand acquainted with the cause by both parties, which was not unknown to either fide: After their departure from the barre and longe debate amongst themselves, they all agreed to find for this lord Henry the tenant a non tenet pro indiviso generally for all the three manors, whereto this M! Heidon gave confent with his fellowes: Howbeit telling them That to find specially as hee would draw it up in notes would amount to as much for this lords benefit as a generall non tenet would, And foe also should they deale respectively towards the memory of those Jurors who had in former tryalls found otherwise, And | also more modestly 774 towards themselves in not taking upon them over boldly to determine the lawe in points that feemed formwhat doubtfull, And also less offend the loosing party: whereto they affenting, hee purposely (doubtles having the same formerly prepared,) foe drew up the note of their verdict That the law fell out against this lord for Came and Hinton, as hath been faid; And foe (by his advantage of learning) abused the truth of his own conscience, and of all his fellow Jurors: ffor which Tracy, (now baronet,) Pleadall, Lambert, Carter, and Webb, Efquires of good understandings, his fellows in that Jury, termed him a devill in their joynt and particular conferences afterwards with mee and fome others, gentlemen; with whom many years before and after I familiarly converfed, And with the fifters daughter of M! Webb, after maryed.

In Hillary Terme in the 41th of Elizabeth went out the writ to ythe Striffe, then St. Edward Wintour of Lidney, to make partition of the faid Manors of Cam and Hinton, which hee in perfon began to execute affifted by a fubstantial Jury the 27th of March, continuing his paines therein till Ester Terme, with such uprightnes as I could not in all that time, though daily present, observe to whether party hee inclined; yet was hee challenged from of the principall pannell in this tryall for kindred by his wife, daughter to the Earle of Worcester, to the demandant; The verdict of which Jury, which containeth a perfect Survey of these two manors, resteth filed in the office of the said Scot the prothonotary.

Terme Pafch 41. Eliz. The next Terme after, this lord brought a writ of error removing the record

Trin: 41. Eliz:

Pasch: r. Jacobi

into the kings bench, hoping to reverse the Judgement formerly given for the third parts of Came and Hinton, and assigned errors which were in Ester Terme in the first year of king James that now is, argued by M. George Crooke and M. John Dodderidge, (after Judges in the same Court,) and S. Edward Coke then Atturney generall, (after lord cheife Justice and Counsellor of State,) for this lord Henry; And by M. Thomas Stephens, (after Prince Henries Atturney,) and Serjeant Tanseild, (now lord cheife Baron,) for the said Countesse of Warrwick: In Trinity terme after, the Judges themselves purposed to have argued but that Terme was adjourned in regard of the plague then | raginge in London, And also the greater part of Michmas Terme was cut off for the same cause, and the residue adjourned to Winchester; whereupon the Judges were againe moved to have argued in Hillary terme following, which was prevented by the death of the said Countesse the demaundant, happening on the ninth of sebruary; whereby the said writ of Error abated.

Trin. r. Jac.

775 Term: Michis 1. Jac. Hill: 1. Jac.

Sept. 1. Jac.

Carta fub figillo in Castro de Berk: And, (as by office after her death found in Her[t] fordshire in Sept! following appeared,) all the Manors and lands formerly mentioned to bee recovered upon both the said Informations against this lord Henry, were by her conveyed to Sir Robert Sidney then lord Sidney, after viscount Lisle, and now Earle of Leicester, and his heires; Against whom this lord to the utmost of his Strength pursued his Westminster hall warrs, hoping to change his fortunes with the change of time and persons; The said Countesse having charged those lands with payment of Thirty pound p ann for ever towards the releise of twelve poore men and women in her hospitall of Cheyneis, whereof it is of late agreed, That two men and one woman shall perpetually bee taken from this lords markett town of Wotton and succeed one another.

As well at the death of Queen Elizabeth as at the death of the faid Counters of Warrwick, eleaven monthes after, were divers fuits in divers Courts depending,

Banco regis. Michis 1. Jac: rot. 147. not only between this lord Henry and the faid Countess in their own names, but in the names of their freinds tenants and servants also; whereof one was brought by my self against John Denton and Thomas Horsman, two under baylies to the said Countesse of her pretended hundred of Wotton, wherein the issue was, Whether any hundred called Wotton hundred was within the County of Glouc... or not: They

hundred called Wotton hundred was within the County of Glouc., or not: They affirmed it; I denyed it, whereby the proofe rested on their parts being dest; The

other was brought by Thomas Payne of Uley against the faid John Denton and one

Michis 41. 42. Eliz:

John

John Morris another of the faid Counteffes underbailies of her faid pretended hun- rot. 25. 56. in coi dred, wherein the iffue was Whether that village of Uley was within the Leete of her manor of Wotton, and within the hundred of Wotton, or not; Payne, the Pl: denyed it, the defts Morris and Denton affirmed it, whereby the Proofe also rested with them. Of both which it after followeth.

After Oueen Elizabeth had recovered the manor of Wotton, and had granted the fame to the Earles of Warwick and Leicester in see, and that they had ex- 776 tended the fame to confift of the Burrow or market town of Wotton and of the fower villages and hamletts of Nibley Sinwell Comb and Wortley, They endeavoured also to erect a liberty therein and to call the same the hundred of Wotton, and to make fuch an hundred appendant to their manor of Wotton; wherein they at last prevailed, And an hundred of Wotton was really in effe, And an high Bayly, underbailies, high Constables, high Steward, and understeward, and all other officers appertaining to fuch a liberty were elected and erected, who executed their feverall Offices and places the space of thirteen years or thereabouts: And the like officers of this lord Henries within his hundred of Berkeley were inhibited to intermeddle in any fervice appertaining to any of their offices or places within the parrishes and villages of Wotton, Simondfall, Nibly, Bradly, Huntingford, Combe, Wortley, Sinwell, Oulpen, Erlingham, Uley, Cam, Cowley, Durfley, Woodmancote, Cromhall, Kingscote, and Warrens Tenants in Nibley; As though those Townships had been removed out of this lords ancient hundred and liberty of Berkeley and fetled within this new created hundred and liberty of Wotton.

In mariage of the widowe of John Drewe Esquire in October in the 39th of Elizabeth my felf fetled in Nibley aforefaid, and all I could opposed daily in all meetings in the County against this Usurped hundred of Wotton, the rather because I was then become acquainted with the law fuites of this lord, quarum pars parva fui, and his lord. Steward of his liberty and hundred of Berkeley, under his fee: And not only an hundred or liberty of Wotton was thus erected, but a Court of pleas also for tryall of all actions every three weeks at Wotton where the debt or damage exceeded not forty shillings, And also a Court Leete or view of frankpledge of the refiants within almost all of the foresaid parishes and villages, to the great dishonor and diminution of the inheritance of this lord, his profits and regalities: Against these usurpations I oftentimes upon occations publikly protested, aswell before the Judges and Justices of the peace at affizes and quarter Sessions, as at other meetings; And fomtimes, (which I commend not,) I fell upon the perfons

Paine v'sus ffouch Hill. 40. Eliz: rot. 1154. in banco touching this Court of pleas.

of those officers and fervants, telling them, partly plainly partly ironically, what dangers they cast themselves into by this usurpation over the kings subject, ministring oaths at their Courts and otherwife without authority, having neither warrant by Comission nor prescription soe to doe. By which means many Inhabitants in those places withdrew themselves, and the whole building began to totter, and much 777 talk was of these | their and my proceedings; whereupon by direction of the faid Countesfe or her faid learned Counfell in London, or by her officers in the County of Glouc., an action of debt, (meerely imaginary,) of a beggerly fum of fixpence was in the name of Ambrofe Jobbins, a tenant to the faid Counteffe and dwelling in Nibley, fcornfully entred against my felf in the hundred Court held each three weeks at Wotton for that hundred, where they were affured I would not appeare: Somoned I was with a loud voice to appeare in the hearing of all my neighbours as I came out of my parish Church on a funday; And my man at the same time arrested at my heeles in the churchyard upon noe better a ground then the former action, by vertue of a Warrant from the Sherriffe directed to the Bailies of the hundred of Wotton: The Court day came, I appeared not; An Attachment was awarded and two of my cowes taken by the faid Denton and Horfman, to draw mee to appearance; for which taking and chasing of my kine I brought the said action against them, wherein the iffue was as before is mentioned, I denying that any fuch hundred as Wotton hundred was in the County of Glouc.; And if the now lord George or his posterity shall desire to understand what proofes either party had, they to prove their Wotton hundred, I the negative that there was noe fuch: but that aswell the markett Town of Wotton it self as all the other parishes and villages were within the hundred of Berkeley, I referre them to the large breviats which with the pleadings I have bound togeather and cast amongst the Evidences at Berkeley; And if they Judge the proofs overlarge in each kings time, from the Conquest to the 37th of Elizabeth, let them think that my reputation was ingaged in the fuite, and the purfe this lords that defrayed the charges of those fearches and exemplifications; This iffue was joyned in Michaelmas Terme in the first of king James, And by the defts motion ordered to bee tryed at barre in Ester Terme following; but in Hillary terme before, the faid Counteffe dyed, as hath been faid: The Jury appeared in Ester Terme according to their fommons, And being ready to bee called, the lord Sidney being himfelf in Court, prayed by his Counfell to have the tryall deferred till Michmas Terme following, for that the title thereof by the conveyance of the faid Countesse now appertained to him, And that none of her Evidence that should prove this issue were yet come to his hands, with divers other allegations; wherto I did in open Court affent, foe that this lord might exhibite his

bill

bill in Chancery | against the lord Sidney, and that hee would without proces forth- 778 wth appear and answer thereto, And that the Witnesses which then were brought up out of the County, being very aged men, might bee examined thereupon and publication forthwith granted, All which was by the Court ordered accordingly: The bill was exhibited, Answere made, and eight witnesses on the part of this lord Berkeley examined that Terme upon Interrogatories, who deposed fully and directly to many excellent purposes touching Berkeley hundred and the liberties therein used, in granting Replevins, felons goods, &c. And touching Willim Chefters divideing of Berkeley hundred in the 37th of Elizabeth, then high Sherriffe of the County of Glouc., and his establishment of Wotton hundred, not fully before created, And of this lords tres and meffengers to him about the fame, and his answers thereto, with other necessary matter, which otherwise then by this means had never remained to the knowledge of posterity: All which are exemplified under the great Seale, and rest in the evidence house in Berkeley castle, whose materiall use also for other purposes elswhere is declared in these relations; but on the part of the lord Sidney was noe witnes at all examined.

In the beginning of Michaelmas Terme following, the lord Sidney twice in perfon, S. Robert Wroth his brother in lawe, and S. Henry Mountague his cozen, (now cheife Justice,) came feverally to the black fryars in London, where S. Thomas Berkeley this lords only fon and the lady Elizabeth his wife then dwelt with her mother the lady Hunfdon, and earneftly follicited an end of this and other like fuits then depending; And at my coming to London from labouring my Juries apparance ten daies within the Terme, ffrancis Woodward the faid lord Sidneys Sollicitor came divers times to my chamber in the middle Temple, and in his lords name moved mee to have thefe fuits referred to the ending of freinds, alleadging the love that was between this lord Henry and his lord: how kindly in extraordinary fashion his lord tooke the noble entertainment which the lord Berkeley gave him at Berkeley Castle not feaven weeks before, And how this reference was like to draw to conclusion all other titles of land between them, with the like p!fwasions: The end was, That the evening next before the tryall should have been at the barre, all matters touching the faid liberty and hundred of Wotton, and | the Leet aforefaid, and 779 returne of Writts, were by the over-rulinge hand of S. Thomas Berkeley and his wife, referred to the arbitrement of S. Thomas Foster Serjeant at lawe and the faid S. Henry Mountague; And as well that Jury of mine as one other which was the fame Terme to have appeared in the Comon pleas upon like iffue between the faid Jobbins plt and Oty and Benyard, two of this lords und!-Bailies of his hundred of

Com. pleas. 45. Eliz. rot. 637. de term Hill:

Berkeley,

Judic: de Paschi 2. Jac: Scot Berkeley, deft, to bee discharged. Of the Jury wherein I was plt, nyneteen the next day upon calling appeared; To every of whom by affent was given twenty shillings by this lord Henry and ten shillings the peece by the lord Sidney, towards their charges, and foe returned into their Country.

The two arbitrators met three times that Terme at the faid black ffryars, and twice in the vacacon following, and heard Counfell on both fides; At which times were present both the lord Sidney and S. Thomas Berkeley and his wife; And after perufall of all evidence shewed on either part, and most affured I am, of all that could bee shewed for the lord Sidney, (though I kept back half at least, I mean five hundred deeds and peeces of evidence, which I had drawn togeather in feverall ages from the Conquest, searing noe end would have ensued in the liking of this lord Henry;) An award after much turmoiling was agreed upon and fealed, dated March: 2: Jac: the fifth of March following, wherein it was awarded and declared That all the Villages and Hamletts pretended to have been within the hundred of Wotton were within the hundred of Berkeley; That there was not nor ought to bee any fuch hundred of Wotton in the County of Glouc: That the liberty of returne of writts, afwell within the hundred of Berkeley as within the supposed hundred of Wotton, did of right belong to this lord and his heirs: That the lord Sidney nor his heires, should not keep nor use any hundred Court, or Court of pleas, with other branches, as by the same appeareth; both parts whereof are now in Berkeley Castle.

1604.

and other the conclusion whereof, the bailies high Constables Stewards and other officers of the faid Hundred of Wotton and Courts thereof, by verue of the lord Sidneys Lres fent to them, (whereof I had the cariage,) furceafed their places and all further intermedlinge: And thus was the fall and ending of that pretended liberty leet and hundred of Wotton, and of all the officers and Ministers thereof, 780 which had for twelve years | or more extreamly troubled the Country at each affize and Quarter Seffions, and in eight or ten bills at least before the Counfell in the Marches of Wales: And the lord Sidneys receivor had direction to pay mee for my two kine, And the faid Thomas Payne for two young beafts of his, for which hee brought his forefaid action: which was performed.

This Thomas Payne brought, in behalf of this lord, one other action against John flouch an underbaily to the faid Counteffe, for breaking his house at Uley within the hundred of Berkeley, and thence taking away his gelding; Wherein the iffue was, Whether Paynes house in Uley was within the hundred of Wotton or

Hill: 40: Eliz: rot: 1154. in cõi banco.

not:

not: In this fuite, a repleader was awarded, and afterwards a demurrer: Afterwards, by unufuall pleadings, this matter came about againe, And in the end Payne had Judgment upon the former iffue: In this fuite the labor was laborious and coftly, as the large breviats, foe plentifull of records and proofs on Paynes part, which remaine in Berkeley caftle will witnesse.

Michis: 43 et 44. Eliz: rot: 2447. in cõi. banco.

In the times of the former fuits the faid Counteffe of Warrwick exhibited her bill in the Court of Wards against this lord, Humphry Alfop, and my felf, touching a supposed razure of a Deed of the Manor of Slimbridge, made by Alice de Berkeley the widow of Maurice the first unto Robert her fon and heire, whereby flee destroyed the guift of frankmarriage of that manor; wherein witnesses were examined, and much labor and money fpent, And in the end difmiffed; whereby the title of this lord Henry to that manor was the better strengthened. And in the five last years of Queen Elizabeth were many other suits in severall Courts, put on afwell by this lord Henry as by the faid Counteffe, both in their own names, and in the names of their freinds, fervants and tenants, both touching the faid upftart hundred of Wotton, and other their poffessions; As the faid Ambrose Jobbins was plt against James Oty and Thomas Benyard two of this lords underbailies of his hundred of Berkeley, wherein after iffue joyned, which was whether a place in Nibley called Moore close, wherein the deft distrained the plts oxe, was within the hundred of Berkeley or not; and the apparance of feaventeen of the jury at the comon pleas barre the 2th of May in the fecond year of king James, the plt before evidence became nonfute, and paid costs.

Trin: Terme. 41. Eliz: in Cur wardoz.

See fol: 771. 772.

In the 39th of Elizabeth, Thomas Crofts of Arlingham who is by custom perpetuall tythingman of that Township, by the instigation of the Countesse of Warrwick his landlady, brought an action of trespasse against William Atwood this lords Baily of his hundred of Berkeley, for entring his house and taking thence his goods: Atwood answereth That the plt dwelling within the leet of Berkeley hundred was thereat amearced for non-apparance, for which amerciament hee entred his house and distrained, as was lawfull for him to doe. Atwood died in January

Hill: 45. Eliz: rot: 637. in banco michis. 42. et. 43. Eliz:

781 Hill: 39. Eliz: rot. in banco regis. Glouc:

And the faid Counteffe of Warwick was plt in the kings bench against Thomas Williams another of this lords underbailies of his hundred of Berkeley, in an accon of the case, for infringing her supposed hundred and liberty of Wotton; wherein a non vult prosequi was had against her, and costs of suite awarded to the dest which shee paid.

the next yeare, by whose death that fuite ended.

Mich: 38. 39. Eliz: Glouc: rot. 313. in banco regis.

Earles

Pasch. 41. Eliz: Glouc: rot. 331. in banco regis.

Also the faid Countesse of Warrwick was plt in the kings bench against William Davis this lords high-baily of his hundred of Berkeley, in an accon of the case for his entries into her hundred of Wotton, in execution of his office as Baily of the hundred of Berkeley, wherein shee after much struggling, fearing tryall by Jury, entred a non vult prosequi.

Pasch. 40. Eliz: rot: Also this lord Berkeley, in the fortieth of Elizabeth, was pli against John Denton an Underbaily to the countesse of Warr of her supposed hundred of Wotton, for serving of proces within his hundred of Berkeley, whom this lord punished by that action.

Pa: 2: Jac: in banco regis, et in at term 1. et. 2. Jac: in banco et in banco regis. Also, in the first and second years of king James, Richard Browne of Cam and Edward Trotman of the same, John Andrews and others of Cowley, tenants to this lord Henry, were plis severally against the fd Denton for entring their houses at Came and Cowley, somening them by vertue of his office to appear at the Assissand Quarter Sessions; at what time my selfe in Trotmans house was holding the Halimot Court of that manor; which hee justified as Baily of Wotton hundred, and that Came and Cowley were within the same hundred: In which times the wily officers and freinds of the said Countess closely endeavoured the inditing a Sollicitor of this lords at Gloucester Assizes upon the Statute of 8. Eliz: cap. 2. but prevailed not.

Stat: 8: Eliz: ca: 2.

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Which Sollicitor, (fludying for mettall of the like refining the better to | repay his debt with like coine,) observed that one John Goodman, an ancient Barrister of Lincolnes Inne, who had for divers years been a sollicitor and of Counsell with the Earles of Warrwick and Leicester in their said suits against this lord, and after steward of their Courts, had for divers years been neglected and of late disgraced by one of those officers under the said Countes, repaired privately to his Chamber, and at last soe fairly agreed with him That hee became of Counsell with this lord Henries son and heire; and soe well conceived of the language which this lords said Sollicitor used, That shortly after hee gave him leave to search, as well amongst the papers in his study at Lincolns Inne, which were very many, as at his house in Hartfordshire, from whence a servant of that Sollicitors brought at severall times a great Cloke-bag-full of Deeds under seale, exemplifications of records, accompts, courtrolls of those Manors soe recovered of this lord, breviats prepared for Counsell and other mynuments, with many tres and copies of Lies, copies of Accompts of the said Earles, lawe charges against this lord, and notes of what rewards the said

Earles of Warrwick and Leicester gave to every Juror that tryed that issue in the 14th of Elizabeth against this lord Henry; whereby the evidence house in Berkeley castle is restored to what it had formerly lost; And these relations the more inlarged and better warranted then otherwise they could have been in those works of darknes thereby made manifest to this family.

And it may not bee omitted, That the faid M. Goodman and one M. Nuttall the two Stewards to the faid Earles of Warrwick and Leicester, at the first Courts of Recognition which they held after the faid recovery, did by direction of the faid Earles draw into their hands from each tenants of those lands and Manors not only all the leafes and Copies which any of them had by grant of this lord Henry, but alfo all the Deeds Court Rolls and other evidence they possibly could get wherein the name of Berkeley was mentioned, with intent to extinguish the memoriall thereof from out of those manors for ever, as M. Goodman faid; which being near fower hundred peeces foe drawn in are now by the divine difpofall of the Almighty in the possession of this lord Henrys grandchild, whereby his name is by that their act the more perpetuated to posterity; And not one tenant now living | holding any parts of those manors that hath not that name of Berkeley in the forehead or frontispeece of such their lease or Copy: whereas on the other part there is not one Lymme discended from the loynes of either of those Earles to piffe against a wall; And the booke also by them then made ingroffed in Vellam, with all their glorious titles in Rubricks and guilt letters, is now likewife in the evidence house of this family.

See after fol: 838. 839. 783

Henry (then in the 70th year of his age) a disposition to cast off all further suits in lawe, and to leave these titles to his son and posterity; which to prevent, the said sollicitor obtained of his Lop to draw to a Conference at Callowdon two or three of his freinds and as many of his Counsell, with some other of his officers; before whom the said Sollicitor opened such new matter not before known or given in evidence in any former tryall, as this lord, by their unanimous advice, resolved to call againe the wholl lump of all that had been lost by him into question, by severall actions according to the diversity of his titles; And to begin with the manor of Sages; And thereupon made a lease for years to his servant John Machin, for the bringing of an according to the servant of parcell thereof under the said Robert Sidney viscount Lisle; who pleaded not guilty: wherein to the Jury at the barre

Sages.
Pafch: 3: Jac:
rot: 744 in Com

were delivered more then three hundred peeces of evidence in that fix hours the tryall lasted; whereat were present both this lord and the said viscount Lise, with divers honorable perfonages which came as freinds to the hearing thereof; wherein the plt Machin recovered; At what time S! Thomas Walmefley one of the Judges of that Court, speaking as much almost at the bench on this lords behalf as any of his Serjeants at the barre, gave this for answere publickly, That having been of this Ld Berkeleys Counsell from the 13th of Queen Elizabeth, and thereby privy to all the passages of his suits till hee was made Judge, hee held himself bound in confcience to direct the Jury as hee did, which was a great furtherance of the Verdict: At what time this lord towards the end of the Evidence demanded of his faid Sollicitor where hee thought the verdict would bee; who answered, wee are beaten from all our discents whereon wee mainly relyed, and have cast it upon 784 equity and the deeds of dures, And therefore the Jury may goe either way | with fafety; Then, quoth hee, I shall the better judge of your labors and my Countries love if I have the verdict; as the next morning hee had.

Pasch: 5: Jac. rot: 20. in banco regis. Mich. 4. Jac: rot. 547. in banco regis. Hill. 4. Jac: rot. 6. in banco regis.

After Judgment was given upon that verdict, the lord Lise brought in an Attaint in the kings bench against the Jury, being much unsatisfied with their verdict, wherein after fome strugling a Jury of knights and Esquires was returned; which Attaint having depended two years was discontinued by him, though this lord Henry and the first Jury urged him by many provocations to proceed, which noe doubt out of prudent grounds and observations hee thought not fit to doe, hee being in his own person a very able lord and a dilligent sollicitor: The Evidence house in Berkeley castle will witnes to after ages the preparations towards the tryall in the attaint by feverall forts of Collections from lawyers, Antiquaries, Sollicitors, and others, and what forts of breefes for lawe, prefidents, reason, fact, and equity, were delivered to each of the petite Jury, and by them to others, containing also the reasons that moved them to give their verdict for the plt, as they did.

Pa: 4: Jac: in Cancell:

This lords now thinking the times more opened towards his titles, refolved to loofe as little thereof as hee could; And thereupon exhibited his bill in chancery against the said viscount Liste, fetting forth That in the 12th of Elizabeth and longe before hee was feized of the Manors of Simondfall, Wotton, Arlingham, and Sages, the third part of the manors of Cam and Hinton, and of lands called Holts, & Corriets, and divers others in the County of Glouc.; That about the 15th of Elizabeth the Earles of Warrwick and Leicester wrongfully entred into, and expelled him out of the same; And that they have since levyed or caused to bee levyed

levyed divers fines of the premiffes, thereby to barr his right and title; Into which manors and lands, hee to preferve his right and title, hath made entries in the prefence of honest witnesses which will testify the same: That the Earle of Leic's dyed, And the Earle of Warwick him furvived and conveyed the premiffes to Anne his wife and her heires, and dyed; That shee likewife conveyed the premisses to the def't, And that likewife both the defend! and the faid Counteffe have levyed fines to barre the plt as aforesaid; And that hee, for like preservation of his title, hath made like entries in the prefence of honest witnesses willing to testifie the same, | who are 785 foe aged that they are not able to travaile to any Court of Justice to testifie the same, whose testimony not being had would greatly prejudice him, And therefore this lord prayed that his witneffes might bee examined: **Whereto** the viscount Liste after many delaies on his part and as many preffures on the plis, made answer in November following, fetting forth all the particular verdicts in effect which had been had against this lord, and all the other proceedings formerly mentioned, And concluded thereupon That if hee had any right the fame by that means was bound, And foe demurred: But the demurrer at last was overruled and many Witnesses were examined both by Comiffion and in London by the examiner, And foe refted, which was the fole end of the fuite: Amongst which entries one was proved to bee by this lord himfelf in his own person into Westridge woods in the most conspicuous place of all that manor, attended with too many for that builinesse, though not for the honor of his Nobility.

Ordo: 26 Nov. 5. Jacobi Robinfon examiner.

At this time also William Bower servant to this lord, brought an action against John Willis Willm Trotman and others, wherein the title of the meffuage and lands called Holts came in question; which by Jury was tryed at the barre the 21th of May the year after, wherein the plt recovered his damages to 15^{li}, after abated by the Court to—101: And 131: 11: for costs of Suite.

Trin. 3: Jac: in banco regis. rot.

Term Pasch 4: Jacobi.

And in Michaelmas Terme next after the former action, the faid Willm Trotman brought his action in the fame Court against William Bower for a trespas on the fame grounds called Holts, wherein the pleadings were curious, but proceeded not to tryall; And before those, between the faid Trotman and Richard Thomas, were also suites in the Marches of Wales, and many Witnesses examined between them touching the faid lands, wet in the end was difmiffed that Court. .

Mich: 3. Jac. in banco regis.

Anno primo Jacobi

The same Michmas Terme, James Atwood a servant to this lord was Plt Pasch. & Mich against Thomas Gilman a Copihold Tenant of the said Manor of Sages, wherein

3. Jac: in banco

after

after longe pleadings upon the title, they at last grew at iffue, which came not to tryall.

Mich: 3. Jac: rot: rrr. in banco regis.

The fame Terme William Mallet servant to this lord was plt against the said William Trotman, Wherein the iffue was Whether Shobenash park in Hinton was the freehold of Robert Vifcount Lifle, (whose tenant Trotman was,) or of this lord, who had leafed the fame to Mallet, which was never tryed through the default of Jurors, and after discontinued by the plt.

Trin. 4. Jac: rot. in banco regis. 786

And the like iffue, upon the freehold of the faid parke, was next yeare | joyned between John Merrit plt and the faid Mallet and others def'ts, wherein are pleaded the conveyances from the Countes of Warwick to the lord Lisle.

Hill. 4. Jac. rot: 848. in cõi banco.

In the 4th of king James, William Knight a tenant to this lord brot an action of trespas against John Green Sollicitor to the lord Viscount Lisle and Edward Horwood his tenant for part of the Manor of Sages, who justifyed their entry under the recovery of Queen Elizabeth in the Information in the 26th yeare of her raigne, and of her conveyance to the Earles of Warr and Leicester, and from the survivor of them by mean conveyances to the lord Lifle their master: Knight replies, That Maurice lord Berkeley brother of the Marquis dyed thereof feized, and the fame discended thereby to Maurice his son and heire, And soe to this lord as heire, and 6: Jac: foe confesseth and avoideth their plea; But after these and other pleadings, which were large learned and chargeable, they fecretly corrupted the plt Knight, And the 17th of November in the fixth of king James obtained of him a release of all actions and demands, which in Hillary Terme after they pleaded of Record, And foe ended that action with the infamy of the plt; whose perfidious treachery caused this lord fhortly after to bring his accon of the case against him, for falsly delivering up the poffession of a Messuage and divers lands parcell of his manor of Sages to the lord Viscount Lise, which hee had taken for three years; To requite which suite the faid Vifcount, in the name of his faid Tenant Horwood, exhibited an angry bill in chancery against a Sollicitor of this lords and one William Cloterbooke, then tenant to the faid meffuage, whereto was made fuch an answer the same Terme, as that hee in that fuite proceeded noe further: And these were solded up in the Composition made between these two lords in Michmas Terme following, to the private loffe of that Sollicitor of-801 and more, through the interreft hee had purchased in that faid Meffuage and lands; to the loffe whereof hee rather gave way then to hinder the faid Agreement between the faid lords.

Pasch: 7. Jac: in banco regis.

As for the longe and tedious fuits touching the new warth and new grounds in Slimbridge, raifed by Arnold Oldifworth and George Thorpe Efq. tenants to the faid vifcount, against the Inhabitants of fframpton upon Seaverne upon the close of the said composition, I have mentioned them before in the life of Thomas y. 2th

fol: [225]

The faid John Machin fervant to this lord was in the fecond of king James plt against James Dangerfeild and John Hobbs in an Ejectione firmæ touching Hawpark at Wotton, which upon bringing the writs of right for that Manor was in the fifth of king James discontinued by the plt.

787 Trin: 3. Jac. rot: 114. in banco regis.

Also the faid John Machin was plt in the Comon pleas against Thomas Adams Wiffm Trotman and Richard Trotman three of the faid lord Lisles fervants, concerning another part of Sages Manor; wherein they largely pleaded all the meane Conveyances of their lord, whereof good use may bee made; The entry whereof taketh up fower rolls of parchment at the least, which came not to tryall through the writs of right which at this time were by this lord brought for ending of all fuits, as after followeth.

Pa: 4: Jac: Trin: 5. Jac: rot. 1943. in banco regis.

William Machin was plt, John ffouch and John Morris two under bailies of the lord Lisle of his hundred of Wotton defendants, for an arrest made upon the plt at Berkeley, and consequently a false imprisonment of him, the place being in the hundred of Berkeley; Judgement was given for the plt, and damages to—26!! 13. 4d. After by double rules in Court qualifyed to ten pound damage, and —3!! 15. 6d costs which was paid.

Mich: 4. Jac: in cõi banco: rot. 1656.

At the fame time this lord was plt against the said sfouch and Morris for infringing of his liberty in the hundred of Berkeley upon the former arrest, wherein the plt recovered 20st damages and his costs to 7lt.

Mich: 4. Jac. rot. 1655. in banco cõi.

At this time also this lord in my name profecuted an Ejectione firmæ against Charles Clough and William Clough tenants to the grounds in Slimbridge called Newleyes, which after was compounded.

Mich. 4: Jac: in banco regis.

In this toffed and reftles manner many parcells of these controverted possessions having been banded by each party against other, as either of them held most advantageous to gaine profit or reputation upon the other; This lord Henry now prudently observing that time with a fairer countenance smiled upon him then formerly it had done,

done, And that his Counsell and sollicitors had dived deeper into the abstruct understanding of his title then heretofore, resolved with his Counsell and freinds to hazard the wholl at the next cast; And thereby either to bring back all his lands into the old sould, or else unrecoverably to loose them, and soe to end his daies in freedom from suits; And thereupon according to the three sold difference of his titles to the manors and lands formerly recovered against him, hee sorted the same | into three severall writs of right, which hee now sued out against the said Viscount Lisle, as being the last highest and finall suits of the laws of England, and such as none can bringe but tenants in fee simple.

Pasch: 7. Jac: rot. 172. in coi banco.

In the first writ was comprehended the manors of Wotton and Symondfall, and the third parts of the manors of Came and Hinton.

Eisdem terme et rotulo.

In the fecond, the manors of Arlingham and Sages and newleys, and the warth in Slimbridge.

Triñ. 7: Jac: rot: 123.

And in the third, the lands of Holts and Corriets, by the names of a meffuage and two hundred acres of land in Alkington and Cam: In all which fomons was folemly given, and proclamations at the parish Churches doors made in formall maner, according to the laws; which though the wife and prudent tenant, the lord Viscount Lisle, seemed to Sleight and to bee glad of, as whereby hee would finally barre this lord Henry, and foe hold these manors and lands at quiet; Yet this lord Henry had affured intelligence by a follicitor of his, That hee was much troubled thereat, And the more, because by the unexpected coming of Thomas Adams, (the fon of the former false Adams,) into the Chamber of the faid M. Goodman of Lincolnes-inne, fomtimes Thomas Adams mafter, and whom of feaven years before hee had not feene, (fuch are the chances of humane things,) yet hee found this lords faid Sollicitor fecretly in his inward chamber, perufing of fuch old breviats and other writings as M! Goodman had, (upon a precontract between him and the faid Sollicitor with the privity of the faid S! Thomas Berkeley,) drawn togeather, as before is touched; from whence also by fecret watch not possible to be prevented, because unsuspected, The said Thomas Adams saw John Cornock the said sollicitors then ferv! to bring away a Clokebaggfull of evidence and papers, as before also hath been mentioned: All the delaies that either the laws admitted in fuch reall actions, or which learning and experience could devife, were used on the part of the lord Lisle, But in the end severall issues were joyned upon the meere right, Whether the tenant the lord Vifcount Lisle had more right to hold the lands as now hee held them,

them, or the demandant this lord Henry to have them in fuch fort as hee demanded them: The principall Elizors who appeared with their fwords and spurrs to returne 789 the three Juryes for tryall of the faid iffues, in the beginning of Michmas Terme in the 7th of king James, were S! Henry Poole, S! Edward Wintour, S! With Cooke, S! George Huntley, S! William Throkniton, and S! Thomas Escourt, knights: These earnestly labored an end by applying themselves to the said Viscount Lisle, and to Henry lord Howard Earle of Northton, whose sister this lord had maryed, and who openly shewed himself a favorer of his brother in laws suits, this lord Berkeley himself then being at Callowdon; with each of which Elizors my felf had often conferrence, as also with the faid Viscount Lisle S. Thomas Tracy and others, from him: In the end by their mediation an accord was made, and Articles drawn Octobris. 1609. and figned the fame Terme bearing date the last of October in the faid seventh yeare of king James, made between the faid Viscount Lisle on the one part, and this lord Berkeley on the other part, by the mediation of the faid S. Henry Poole, S. Edward Wintour, Sir William Cooke, S. George Huntley, S. William Throkmerton, and S. Thomas Efcourt, knights; Whereby it was agreed,

Michas. 1609. 7: Jacobi.

Articl: dat: 31: 7: Jac:

- 1. That all the manors, lands, liberties, and hereditaments of the faid lord Liste sometimes belonging to the said lord Berkeley or his Ancestors, and then in question between the said lords, should bee affured to this lord Berkeley his heires or affignes by the faid lord Lifle, as Counfell should devise.
- 2. That all estates rents and Annuities granted in writing by the late Earles of Warrwick and Leicester, or the late Countes of Warr, or by the said lord Liste before Michmas laft, contained in a fchedule, to bee allowed and enjoyed in like strength as then they were.
- 3. That the lord Berkeley shall pay in two years next at certaine daies expreffed—8333! 6: 8d which was after agreed to bee paid in hand, And—7320! to bee accepted in lieu of fuch ready payment, whereby much labour was faved in drawing up the affurance in that point; wherein fome of the lord Lisles Counsell declared themselves more than desirous to break off the said agreement. And conveyances were drawn up and fealed accordingly, whereby afwell the faid Vifcount Liste and William his then fon and heire, (fince dead without iffue,) as Carta 27 Novemb. the lord Henry, joyned in the conveyance of all the faid Manors and lands to Willim Dutton Esquire and my self, for the better uniteing of both titles, and fecuring our engagements for all that money; And was executed by livery of

feizin the 23th of December following on Westridge Hill, the most conspicuous place of all those Manors by | the sower Atturnies therein named, in the presence of one hundred persons at the least, Whereof the Maior of Wotton and thirty three others in the same place subscribed their names as Witnesses, as by the indorsment of the Deed appears.

ffine: Hillary 7: Jac:

Hillary Terme after, as well the said Viscount Liste and the lady Barbara his wife and the said Willim their son, As also the lord Henry and S! Thomas Berkeley his son, leavyed a fine, as well of the said Manors and lands thus moving from the said Visco, as of the Manors of Cam, Hinton, Cowley, Slimbridge, and Hurst, to the said William Dutton and my self; And in Ester Terme sollowing was a comon recovery of the said Manors and lands with a double Voucher against the said lord Liste alone; for the better perfecting whereof, Surrenders upon Conditions were had of all the tenants for lives of any of the said lands; And the kings Licence for these alienations was dated the first of December before.

And thus these manors of Wotton and Symondsall contained in the first Infor-

Recovery. Pasch: 8. Jac: rot. 57.

Licence. 1. Sept. [Dec. ?] 7. Jac.

mation, after thirty eight years; And the manor of Sages and the others contained in the fecond Information, after. 24. years, And the forefaid Hundred and liberties by violence for . 15. years, wrested from this lord Henry, returned againe into their old sheep fold; whereby this lord was as it were of new reinvested in those his Ancient inheritances, being effentiall parts of his barony of Berkeley, then valued to bee worth—350001. Which composition money foe paid for the same, this lord raifed againe with the interest in the next fower years, out of rents fynes and other cafualties of the fame Manors and lands, as by a particular accompt delivered unto him, and now in Berkeley Castle, appears. And the Records heere marginally quoted will declare what conveyances were made by every of the owners of every of them in their feverall times after the fres patents of Queen Elizabeth; And how all Allienations without licence, and meane rates and iffues, were discharged and pardoned, very necessary to bee known, aswell for avoydance of Exchequer troubles, as repose of the title. And a pardon in the 3rd of King James to Robert Viscount Liste of all arrears inrolled in memor scarcij. 5. Jac: ex parte Rem Thesaur, and with 5. Auditors.

Triñ rec: 38. Eliz: rot: 123. in scačio Hillar rec: 37. Eliz. rot: 52. et. 106. in ſcaĉio. Mich rec: 40. Eliz: rot: in scacio Origin 1:2. Ph: Mar ps. 2. rot. 68 in scacio. Trin. 5. Jac: rot. 1943. in cõi banco. et 4 Jac. rot. in banco regis. Hillar. 4 Jac. rot. 848 in cõi banco.

791 And thus ended that trita et vexata questio, that old intricate and perplexed 192: years title. title, as it was usually in all Courts called, that had continued the space of 192. years, from the 5th of king Henry the fifth to the seaventh of king James, between the

heires

heires generall and the heirs males of this noble family; wherein besides more then sower times the value of the inheritance of the lands, that had by both parties in that longe tract of time been spent, the bloud of divers eminent persons on both sides had been spilt, from the guilt whereos, (more then sower generations on either side now being passed,) good God effree and deliver all the discendants and branches on both sides to all posterity, Amen,

In the close whereof, the forenamed Sollicitor in that cause received this comfort, that his endeavours were accepted and valued by this noble lord Henry above their defervings, who recompended the fame with an Anuity of ten pound p! ann during his life; with this his further testimony, That had not his perswasions been, hee had never looked more after these lands nor now had had them; And from the faid lord Lisle had these words, That if hee had dyed in the year before in his sicknes at Glouc., hee would not have given this lord Henry 2001 for his release; which, (as conscious of his faithfull and utmost endeavours, is held noe arrogance here to bee written,) was publickly spoken by him in Serjeants Inne hall in ffleetstreet upon the lord Cokes commendations, (then lord cheife Justice of the Comon pleas,) of the cariage of a branch of this cause then referred to his opinion and other Judges, whereat both these lords were prefent: As also they had been at fower or five other meetings of Counfell on both fides in the fame place, in the months of June October and Novem! 1607, Anno quinto Jacobi regis; what times all differences of titles were referred by these lords to ffleminge and Coke cheife Justices, Tanseild cheife Baron, and Judge Yelverton, when after great debates on both fides, falling from all hopes of peace by compromife, those writs of right were forthwith resolved on to be brought; which in the fecond year after, rendred an end to a perplexed title of 192, years agitation, as formerly hath been faid.

Not longe after, this lord, (partly the better to pay the faid composition money to the lord Lisle, and partly to pursue the presidents of his Ancestors, then shewed to him,) had a benevolence from all his tenants, whether holding by Copy of Court roll, or by Indenture: And also Aid pur faire fitz chivaler, according to the Statutes of. 3. E. 1. | and. 25. E. 3. from all his freeholders, whether holding by knights service or in socage, whereby the sum of—7001. and upwards was raised, And for any thing I perceived, (being a Comissioner in both the services,) willingly paid.

Benevolence money

Aid money

792 Annis. 9. et. 10. Jac: 1611. 1612.

Dec also at the same time bargained with one Thomas Hackett for all his Timber and firewood in Michaelwood chace, not growing in the parke there, excepting

Aprill. 8. Jac: 1610.

the

excepting also three thousand of the best Timber trees in the Chace, which this y'e fol: 753. 754. lord referved to himfelf; whereby was raifed above three thousand pound towards this Composition money and his other debts; which the faid Hacket affigned over to Sir Wiftm Throkmerton then of Tortworth, after hee had, to his loffe as was generally conceived, more then one year used the same in making of iron, bringing his oar out of the faid fforrest; And which also the faid S! Willim with the losse of one thousand pound, (as hee hath written and protested,) assigned over to two Citizens of Briftoll: A course that was taken in the same place and in the lordships of other men in their manors adjoyning in the times of king Edward the third, as appeareth in Accompts of that time; whose Sinders and other remains of those old works, at this time in many places digged up, was now both ufefull and profitable.

Against which iron making Sir Edward Wintour of Lidney, partly through the displeasure that then raged between the said S! William and himselfe, And partly for S. Williams entring into his trade of iron making foe near his doors, from whence also hee setched his oare, opposed by private tres and informations secretly delivered, which in the end brake forth to objections and answers, untill those premifes brought forth this certaine conclusion, which pleafed both parties, That this lord Henry gained, Sir Willim and his affignes loft: And when these Michaelwood woods failed St Willim was destitute of other woods to continue them: And of those three thousand choice trees soe left, the lord George in the sower first years ve folio. 753. 754. after his full age, made his profit by fales; And for his buildings at Simondfall, Newparke, the Grange by Berkeley, And at Brownfmill, Berkeley town mill, The Inne by Berkeley Castle, and other places, as before hath been touched, besides what hee gave to Wotton and Nibley Churches, and to the Vicaridge house in Berkeley.

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Ditherto I have in the last 60. pages related in a continual feries those law fuits without interruption, which concerned the title of Wotton and those other Manors and lands, parcell of the Barony of Berkeley, with the confequences which thereupon followed, aswell for avoiding of fractions that otherwise would have interrupted that entire narration, As that this noble family might difcerne running what travaile and expence for 38, years togeather this lords mother the lady Anne, by v'e fol: 731. her over-ruling will, in a learning wherein shee had not been bred nor experienced, threwe upon this lord her fon, and confequently upon her own posterity; by her willfull refufall to take these manors and lands with the residue of this lords Barony from Queen Mary by dedi and concessi, contrary to the advice of her Counsell and

the defire of that Queen, as before is noted; upon which lady this lord her fon, shortly after this composition, said to my felf and others. That hee might justly cast all the blame thereof; And then also, (turning to my self,) further said, That hee would make mee judge whether hee had loft or gained by following another perfwasion of his late wife, and neglecting the advise of a noble and fast freind of his, who a few daies before the first Exchequer tryall in the 14th of Queen Elizabeth privately came to him, and earneftly advised that hee should in noe wife give any evidence or make any defence at all, but to fuffer his land to bee loft by default; rendring many great reasons for such his Counsell, whereto of my felf, said this lord Henry, I did incline; Howbeit, the great spirit of my wife whom I privately acquainted therewith would not fuffer that advice to bee followed, though shee rested assured of the true heartednes of that noble freind, and hee knew much of the Earle of Leicesters close workings of the cause; And the more to divert mee, faid this lord, my wife drew Thomas Walmefley then of my fpeciall Counfell to bee strongly of her opinion, who in her prefence told mee That my title was foe cleere that I should not fear the verdict what ever the Jurors were; Adding further, That the remembrance hereof was noe doubt a special motive for M! Walmesley, (come to bee Judge of the Comon Pleas,) to bee foe affectionate to my cause, as at the last tryall you saw hee was: And indeed, quoth this lord, hee only stucke to mee at that first tryall with great boldnes when all other of my Counsell were drawn away, on whose brother I conferred the Viccaridge of Tetbury; The name of this noble freind I could never obtaine from this lord, but by circumstances I conceived it was his wives kinfman Thomas Ratcliffe Earle of Suffex, lord Chamberlaine to Queen Elizabeth; who ten years after, told the faid lady when in person shee sollicited an end by Compromises, That such was the potency of her adversary the Earle of Leicester both in Court and Country, and his reaches, That what hee had hee would keep, And that it was gaine to her to win him not to feeke for more, And that his drift by yeilding to referrences was only to dive into her husbands evidence and noe other; This is that Earle of Suffex whom Cambden in his Britania storieth to bee a most worthy and honorable personage, in whose mind were seated joyntly both policy wisdom and martiall prowesse, as England and Ireland acknowledged; who dyed in June the 25th year of Queen Elizabeth; Anno, 1583. But instead of answere, I obtained pardon; And here also both time and place and resemblance of matter call upon mee further to informe this noble family, That in the 13th yeare of Queen Elizabeth, before the first suite for Wotton began, (what time this lord Henry had by his wives means fetled all his manors lands and Barony upon his daughters,) An overture was made from the Earles of Warr and Leicester for a

of this tryall fee in Leicesters comon welth printed. 1584. fol: 34. et. 89.

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Leic; comon welth fol: 80. printed 1584.

Cambden. fol: 321. in Suffex. Leic! com. welth fol: 52.

double

fee fol: 443. 444.

fol: [743]

Tho: Duport.

Lre in Berkley Castle.

faithfull counfell is the cheefest of benefits.

double marriage, between S! Philip Sidney and S! Robert Sidney their fifters only fons and this lords two eldest daughters, Mary and ffrances; which being more flighted by this lords wife then either reason or direction warranted, soe offended the faid Earles and others of their bloud, That her brothers trouble Thomas Duke of Norfolke went on, and his head off; And the same month of his Attainder the Information against this lord Henry touching Wotton and Simondsall was exhibited against him by their means and profecution, as formerly hath been written: whereupon judgment being given against this lord in Ester Terme, Anno 15th Eliz: and hee shortly after turned out of possession of those manors; And the like black cloud being by a wife fervant of this lords difcerned to bee in gathering, (who prudently was willing but unable to refift the will of a woman, who as before shee liked not. 795 fo now hated | the Earles bloud in their two nephewes,) wrought foe farr with this lord Henry to ask the advice of his best kinsman and freinds touching the faid overture, which that prudent fervant and freind fecretly knew would againe come on, if intended to bee accepted; Whereupon this lord by his fre prayed the advice and Counfell of St Nicholas Poyntz, St Giles Poole, St Richard Berkeley, and of St Thomas Throkmerton, his nearest kinfmen and allies, and all of them at that time in perfect freindship with him, and the cheifest in reputation of that County: who, the 26th of October 1573 15th Eliz: returned this grave and folid answere and advice.—There shall come from us noe advice (in our own judgements) unfit for your Lo? to follow: yo! good and prosperous estate is the thing wee desire; Assured freinds doe fufficiently declare themselves by plaine speeches and freindly actions: Every man may behold good policy to bee your furest desence: We will not nor may not devine what should bee the cause of your Lops late great losses; but by confidering the circumstances of that is past, wee may fear what will followe, and advife you in time to prevent the fame: And because your lop is overresolutely determined to leave your daughters to inherite your land, not to give the fame to any heire male of your house, (which is great pittie,) Wee therefore think it nescessary for you upon refonable conditions to accept the offer of M! Phillip Sidney if the fame bee again made: if also a further offer bee made of M. Robert Sidney for one of your younger daughters, wee likewife hold the fame nothing necessary for you to refuse: Your lop cannot bestow your daughters more honorably in this land, as wee think: for their possibillities are in very deed certaine, or to bee made certaine: the Earle of Leicester greatly tendring the younger fon for that hee is his godfon and beareth his name: That match cutteth of all lawe and losse that may followe; bindeth those to favour you and yours that may doe good to whom they lift; Seeing therefore it is honorable rich fafe and strong for you to bee affected that way, if

ill

ill Counfell or wilfullnes draw you back, we shall bee forry, and shall hope you will strongly appoint your felf by patience to beare those burthens that are like to bee laid upon you: ffor our parts, wee bee affuredly your lordships freinds, foe can the fame doe you noe fervice, for our acts will bee but shewes and shaddows; Wee speak not this that you should spare to command us, or that wee will bee cold to execute 796 what is reasonable and meet for honest freinds and kinsmen, but you may make your accompt before hand; and wee are doubtles affured there will bee nothing offered against you that your Lo? and all your freinds can defend: In these sewe lines wee fhewe your Lop what wee wish you should neither sue for nor lightly esteem, if it bee offered; and doe commit your Lop to the protection of Almighty God, this 26th of October, 1573; your Lops affured. N: Poyntz, Giles Poole, Richard Berkeley, Thomas Throkmton. Directed, To the R! Honorable our very good lord, the lord Berkeley. But the fame womanish power that quasht the first motion queld also this fecond found Counfell, Alliened by degrees her husbands affection from those freinds that foe really advifed, And foe frowned upon that prudent fervant that wrought herein that hee retired himfelf to his paternall inheritance, and but once in fifteen years after, eare hee dyed, came to Callowdon; Howbeit had this advice been followed, her two daughters had enjoyed two as eminent gentlemen for their husbands as England afforded, And they not stayed 14. years after for meaner preferrments; The great lump of land that after was loft, (according to the propheticall forefight of those freinds,) prevented: her felf and husband freed from a world of forrow attendance travell and expence: And yet this lords land and Barony had, as it was then fetled, wholly fallen to her fon Thomas, borne within two years after.

And now I transmit the Judgment to this lords posterity upon consideration of what followed, in the faid thirty eight years till this composition; whether hee fuffered not extreamly by being thus doubly over-ruled by his wife; And whether the will of this wife was in mariage foe given up to her husband, as that shee was noe longer her own but at her husbands disposing.

It's now time to turne to fuch other of this lords law fuits as feems most Other lawe fuites. materially to import the knowledge of his posterity, not formerly mentioned.

In the feaventh of Queen Elizabeth this lord humoring the greatnes of his wives mind, (whom about the fame time Queen | Elizabeth called her golden 797 lady,) bought a lute of mother of pearle, (her felf an excellent lutift,) for which the Queen formerly had offered one hundred marks; for this lute this lord paid a

fum of money in hand, and gave a recognizance to pay to Best the owner thereof three pound a year more during his life, which for ten years after was duly paid; what time this lord growing either negligent or weary of the payment, neglected it, whereby his recognifans becoming forfeited, Best sued out a Scire facias and foone had judgment thereupon: This lord for releife flyeth into the chancery, where after bill and answer and witnesses on both parts examined, these offers in Court were made to Best by this lords Counsell; Either to take twenty marks in money for the only default of one three pounds, and the paym! to bee continued after; Or to take 321 135 4d -in ready money, and the Anuity to cease; Or to bee quit of the 34! which already hee hath received and to have the lute againe to his own use, as fase and faire as at first it was; Or to referre the cause to the ending of any two Aldermen of London whom himfelf would chuse; Or to his own two Counfellors Bell and Puckering, (the one after Baron of the Exchequer, and the other lord keeper,) fetting lawe and affection toward their Client apart: None of which Best would accept of, but refused all; whereat Bacon then lord keeper being moved, awarded an Injunction and stayed him from taking any benefit by the faid recognizance untill the cause should otherwise bee ordered in that Court; Afterwards Best accepted of much less then was formerly offered.

Order: 18. Nov: 18. Eliz :

> This Lute, this lord, about two years after the death of his faid wife, gave to the Dowager Counteffe of Derby, whom in his widowers freedom hee called mistris; and hee asterwards almost maryed Mrs Ratcliffe one of her gentlewomen.

Much about this time this lord had brought home to him by one Holloway his tailor a fuite of clothes, of doublett, breeches wth panes, and jurkin without fleeves, laid very thick with filver lace; And withall the tailors bill was delivered by his direction to Giles Yate one of the grooms of his chamber, who on the next day well observing his imodarate proportion of ounces of the filver lace, (which the tailor himself had bought, as also hee did all the other stuffe of the Suite,) waighed the wholl fuite, which was not foe many ounces of like waight as the bill made the 798 lace alone to bee: And thereupon | fecretly, unknown to this lord, caused all the lace to bee ripped off and weighed alone, And found the bill false by more then fower score ounces: whereupon for nonpayment of noe part of the bill, a suite was longe time after commenced by the Taylors executor against this lord, which was compounded.

Robert Burton of Linley dyed feized of the Manor of Lindley in the county of Leicester, leaving Ralph his fon and heire within age, whose wardship this lord Henry

Henry gave in the fecond of Queen Elizabeth to Thomas Duport his fervant, a prudent man: Duport after affigned to Purefy, and hee againe to Agard, who brought a Valore maritagii¹ against the faid Raph Burton, tried at the Assizes holden at Leicester about the tenth of Eliz. and recovered; which I had the relation from William his fon and heire, Author of the description of Leicestershire. And this grant from the lord Berkeley is entred in his great black booke of Inrollments.

This lord had a cheife rent of five pounds p Ann paid to him as to his Manor of Weston near Baldocke in the county of Hartford, issuing out of certaine lands called Broughtons, in Toddington, the inheritance of Henry lord Cheney: which this lord Berkeley, (out of what humor I know not,) referved to himfelf in the conveyance whereby in the 14th of Queen Elizabeth hee fold Weston to M. Burgoine, who then for that rent, (as this lord told mee,) would have given him one hundred pounds: This rent was formwhat before detained: whereupon many tres and references to Counfell paffed between this lord and the lord Cheney, as the tres yet extant doe shewe, we coming to noe effect, this lord in the faid 14th of Elizabeth exhibited his bill in chancery, wherto the lord Cheney made Answer; But after replication and rejoynder and witnesses examined, the lord Chency before hearing dyed: And foe hath rested ever since.

Carta, 28 Nov! 14. Eliz:

Anno: 1569. 11. Eliz. fres in Berk: Castle. Canc: 14. Eliz. See after fol. 819.

In the 17th year of Queen Elizabeth was a troublfome fuite in Chancery Cancellar. between this lord pl! and one M! Yaxley, which I touche noe further upon, for that it concerned lands in Derbyshire which this lord hath longe since sold away.

In the 19th of Queen Elizabeth this lord brought an Action against | Edward Bucknam fomtimes an officer much trufted and imployed by him, for not accompting for the rents and profits of the Manor of Callowdon, (whereof hee was Baily,) for . 7 . years next after the death of this lords mother, when to him it fell in hand: wherein it was found by verdict, That Bucknam had formerly accompted for the first fix years, but not for the last of the seaven; for which last year hee after accompted in prifon, as the record speaketh; which suite I the rather here remember, for that it containes a refonable furvey of the perticulars of that Man!

Civit Coventry Hill: 19. Eliz: in banco regis. rot.

In the 39th of Queen Elizabeth, in the fame Court of kings bench, was an In banco regis action depending profecuted by ffrancis Smyth Efqt, after knight, against Henry

¹ A Writ by which a Lord was entitled to fue an infant tenant, who had refused a fuitable marriage offered to him by the lord, for the value of his marriage. [ED.]

Melton Shipward Baily of Melton Mowbray, upon a diffres taken by him for Toll; wherein though the pleadings were much laboured by great Counfell, yet the Court upon argument found error in the Avowry of Shipward, which to know may bee of use hereafter.

Anno: 25. Eliz:

In the 25th of Queen Elizabeth William Brown being keeper of Cam woods under this lord, impounded the Sheep of Richard Tindall Walter Hampton and Richard Nelme of Stinchcomb, and of Thomas Trotman and John Selman of Stancombe, for which they preferred their bill in the Marches of Wales against Browne; And thence had a Comiffion to Richard Pate Efg!, lord of the manor of Stinchcombe, and one of the Counfell there, to examine witnesses; who in January in the 26th of Elizabeth examined Tindall, Trotman and Selman aforefaid and others interested as parties and Commoners; who deposed the usage of their comon in the Anno: 26. Eliz: faid woods time out mind. ffor which perjury this lord in the 26th of Elizabeth

exhibited his bill against them in the Starre chamber; And also against Edward Trotman Henry Parmiter John ffrancombe Simon Codrington and others, (creatures to S! Thomas Throkmerton,) for hunting and killing his Deere in Whitcliffe park New park and Michaelwood. In the Court of the Marches of Wales it was, the first of July in the 27th of Elizabeth, at Salop, ordered, That the plts should use their Comon for their Cattell and pawnage for their fwine in the faid woods untill the fame should bee disproved; which order in their answers in the star chamber they fett out; And how it was not Edward but Richard Pate that examined the witneffes; And foe took advantage of the pl! miftaking in this bill; And this order

is carefully preferved amongst them to this day; but certainly in right they have

noe Comon in those woods, which is like hereafter to come in question.

Anno: 27. Eliz:

Bill in the Excheq! chamber: 27. Eliz:

In the 26th of Elizabeth this lord diffrained Henry Goldeson for an amerciament of fower pence imposed for his not appearing at this lords | leete holden for his Manor of Melton Mowbray in the county of Leicester; whereupon Thomas Chancey ats Giles whose tenant the faid Goldson was, exhibited his bill in the Exchequer chamber against this lord Henry, fetting out that hee had a Manor in Melton called the manor of Lewes, which was of late belonging to the Prior of St Pancraffe of Lewes in the County of Suffex, to which manor was a leete or viewe of frankpledge belonging; which Pryor and Covent, by their Indenture dated the 17th of Aprill in the 23th of Henry the 8th, demifed the fame to Willim Gonfon Efqt, for fifty five years, whose estate for the terme to come, hee the plt hath, the reversion to the Queen that now is: And that Henry lord Berkeley having another manor in Melton.

Melton, goeth about to constraine the Queens tenants of her said manor of Lewes to doe suite to his manor and Leete, and hath amerced some of them for resusing the same, &c. Whereto this lord answereth, That to his Leete in Melton all resiants whatsoever in that Town have used to come, And for that the said Goldson made default, hee was amerced at 4^d for w^{ch} hee being distrained, hee replevyed, which is now ready for tryall at lawe; And traverseth the Pryors leete and the rest of the bill: In which suite Witnesses on both parts were examined in September in the 27th of Elizabeth, who swore pro et contra, And upon hearing it was ordered that [result not given. Ed.]

And this is now, Anno 1628, the inheritance of Robert Hudson of London this lords Baily of Melton asoresaid, And was purchased of Queen Elizabeth the 27th of October in the 23th of her raigne by Edward Downinge and Peter Ashton, and soe by meane conveyances came to him. Touching which supposed manor of Lewes and of the originall guist thereof to the said Pryory, see my tract of Melton Manor in a book by it self, where is matter enough to break the neck of this supposed Manor of Lewes and of the Leete thereof, Whereof Humphry Alsop who sollowed this suite, and then Steward to this lord of this Manor, was altogeather ignorant. And in the mean time take these marginalls, which are unanswerable.

This lord and his Ancestors for . 300 . years and more had received a cheife rent of three pound ten shillings out of the manor of Acton Ilger, paid by S! Nicholas Poyntz and his Ancestors to the Reeve of this lords manor of Hame, and reputed as parcell of the fervices thereof, as by many records deeds rentalls accompts Courtrolls and other evidences appeareth. This rent S! Nicholas Poyntz, though cozen german to this lord yet then at enmity with him, and pertaking with the Earles of Warwick and Leicester and Sir Thomas Throkinton in the fuits aforementioned, denyed any longer to pay; whereupon this lord in the 26th of Elizabeth exhibited his bill in Chancery, whereto St Nicholas answered, And after replication, rejoyned; in which rejoynder S! Nicholas having the faid Earles Counfell of Counfell with him, intitled the Queen thereto by the attainder of their father the Duke of Northumberland in the first of Queen Mary, To the Ancestor of which Duke faith hee, the fame was allotted in pitition in the fixth year of king Edward the 4th whereof I have formerly written, as well in the life of this lord as in the lives of James the first, and William Marques Berkeley his fon; By which means upon the motion of S. Nicholas, the fecond of June in the 27th of Elizabeth, It was ordered That the Queens Counfell should first bee consulted with, before any further proceedings

Rotul: 4. E. 4. in recept Scačii coram Rogero de Saham. Rot: cart. 16. E. 4. m: 5. et. 6. et ultima in arce Londin: Eschaet.pt mortem Johis de Mowbray 16. E. 3. Rot: pat: 18. E. 3. pars. 2. m: 8. Rot. claus. 2. E. 3. Rot: Romæ. 2. E. 3. m: 2. Eschaet: 2. E. 3. nº 73. Pro priore de Lewes.

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See fol: 200

Anno: 26. Eliz:

Order. 2 Junij 27. Eliz: Hill. 32. Eliz: 1589.

vide comp: man'ij et liberî. de Wotton. 12. 14. 15. H. 6. in castro de Berkeley. Anno: 31. H. 8. et 1. Jacobi. proceedings were had: And Sr Nicholas dying in ffebruary next after, the fuite abated. But after fuch time as Sr John Poyntz his fon and heir had fued his livery, this lord fensible of the manifest wronge offered him in detaining of this rent, did in Hillary Terme in the 32th of the said Queene, exhibite another bill in the said Court (by way of reviver) against him for the said rent unpaid for Ten years in the life of St Nicholas his father, and five years since by himself; who in his answere denyed that any such rent was going out of his said manor of Acton Ilger to his knowledge; what further became hereof I find not: But of this I am affured, That this lord had and his grandchild the lord George now hath, (if the Statutes of limitation prejudice him not,) as good right thereto as to his manor of Hame, whereof the said rent is peell.

Starchi: 29. Eliz:

In the 29th of Elizabeth a fuite in Starchamber arose between this lord and his then neighbour Sir John Harrington of Combe, (after lord,) and other of his servants and tenants of Binley, who committed a great ryott by night in cutting down all the corne that grewe upon a tenement of this lord there, let by him to Edward Jones | a blacksmyth, upon whom, for not payment of his rent and not doing his farriers work, hee re-entred; who had affigned his terme to Walter Pyle, and hee to St John Harrington; which discurtesies were agravated by the reapers scoffingly setting up an handfull of corne at each lands end, like a poefy; which this lord conceived to bee in mockery and despite: But this was never brought to hearing: And this is that house and land which formerly in this lords life I have noted to bee unjustly gotten by this lord and his mother from Gerrard Try, that like ill gotten goods never prosperred in his hands.

Mich: 29. et. 30.
Eliz: in banco
regis rot:
Hackburne cum
quer.
Shirborne cum
defts

In the 30th of Elizabeth this lord brought an accon of covenant against Nicholas Brown of Melton for not payment of his last half years rent, and not repairing of the comon bakehouse in Melton with the Ovens there, in such fort as by this lease, then ended, hee was to have done, As also for not baking at the said ovens, who reformed and made his peace.

Triii. 5. Jac: in banco regis rot.
Bryan pro quer Brown pro def: Claus: 35. E. 3. m. 3. et. 4. in dorfo. mich terme. 8.

Jac.
A bill in ye Exchequer Chamber.

And touching this bakehouse, Abraham Sheldon lessee to this lord, brought his action of the case against William Archer of Melton for not bakeing his bread thereat according to the custome of the said Town: which I mention because the Declaration was curious; And the action is like to prove frequent, for the lords Court there is scarce able to preserve his inheritance in this custome of bakeing.

And in 8° Jac: this lord exhibited a bill in the exchequer chamber against Edward Wormwell

Wormwell and three others, for not baking at the faid comon oven or bakehouse, who thereupon conformed and made their peace.

In the faid 30th of Elizabeth arofe divers fuits both in the Chancery and at the comon lawe, between this lord and Arden his tenant at Mangottsfeild house parke and conigre, whereof followed much trouble and expence; And the violence at feverall times used between the fervants of this lord, and the said Arden drew often bloud, with much danger in taking of diffreffes refcouffes1 and poffeffions, which lasted fix years; Howbeit I pass them over in generallity, because that manor is fince fold away, as after followeth under that title.

Anno: 30. Eliz: Order: 14: Junij. 34. Eliz: pasch: 32. Eliz: in Cancelt. Peport: 7. ffeb! 36. Eliz:

In the 33th of Elizabeth Wittm Bower in behalf of this lord purfued an accon against John Birton, tenant to an antient meffuage called Baffetts Court in Nibley, for a cheife rent of 33. 4d which fince the 7th year of king James hath been duly paid to the manor of Wotton fforren, and the fervices acknowledged, of which meffuage and the first creation of that rent, fee before in the life of the lord Thomas the fecond.

Mich. 32. et. 33. Eliz. rot. 808. in cõi banco.

803 fol: 171.

The fame year this lord recovered in an action of Wast against Thomas Printhorpe for cutting down divers trees in a clofe called ridhay alias Callowdon close in Exall in the County of the City of Coventry, And an Inquisition for the damage thereof returned accordingly.

Anno: 33. Eliz:

In the same 33th of Elizabeth Thomas Chamberlin of Graies Inne, then an utter Barrifter and after knight and cheife Justice in the Marches of Wales, became follicitor to this lord, under his fee of 1511 p Ann, And the first fuite he travelled in was an Affife of Comon brought by Richard Barker of Aufty against this lord by the name of Henry lord Berkeley, in regard of an Enclofure not longe before made in Sowe wast parcell of his manor of Callowdon, to the pli diffeisin, who claimed to have Comon of pasture therein; whereto this lord pleaded, nul tort, nul diffeisin; In which Barker had to prove, first his title to the messuage and Yardland and an halfe whereto hee claimed his Comon. 2^{dly} That the yardland and halfe had alwaies 2 been belonging to the faid Messuage and to none other. 3^{dly} his prescription modo et forma, as hee laid it down, 4th That the comon of pasture was belonging to the 4 meffuage and yardland an half undivided, for if the comon bee certaine to every yardland, Then hee failed in his prescription, in that it was laid joyntly; whereas it should have been laid feverally for the number of cattle to every yard, and half yard of land. 5thly The diffeifin of this lord of the faid Comon of pasture, who had 5

left

6 left fufficient gaps in his inclosure for the cattle of the Comoners. And laftly, whether the land were fowen or not at the time of the diffeifin: The verdict paffed against this lord, but partially, which hee afterwards avoided by the mistaking of his name, for hee was a knight of the bath and therefore should have been stiled Henry Berkeley knight lord Berkeley: Many other good notes arofe upon this fuite for the instruction of young practicers; As that the messuage and yard land and half were purchased by the plt of severall persons; That some of it was in lease for years or life; That hee had noe cattell of his own but borrowed other mens, and the like. About the time of this tryall was the ditch of this inclosure riotously cast down in the night time by Peers, Pettifer of Aufty, and others, whereof followed a 804 troublesome and un- profitable Starchamber suite; In perusal whereof I gained this knowledge, That a child of fowerteen years old may bee made a defendant in that Court; All which were afterwards in the 35th of Elizabeth concluded by arbitrement: And that agreement upon Barkers bill in Chancery and this lords Answere, acknowledging the agreement, ratifyed by the Decree of that Court, That hee and others should have Comon when the corne is out, and the enclosure to stand; This cause was as well pressed and defended by both parties as I think lay in the power of learning.

In the 32th of Elizabeth, Thomas Clark recovered against this lord an action

of the case for not paying him-491 138 4d, after the rate of 68 8d by the day,

Mich: 32. et. 34.

Order in Hift terme 33. Eliz: Anno: 35 : Eliz:

Mich: 32. &. 33. Eliz: in comuni banco.

Hill: 32: Eliz:

Anno: 35. Eliz:

In the 35th of Elizabeth or near that year, William Harvar of Keinsham yeoman was at Bitton leete amerced—23. 4d for furcharging the Comons in Bitton with his sheep; ffor which John Brittaine Baily there distrained a gray gelding of the faid Harvars in Sidnam mead, impounding him in the common pound at Bitton: Harvar replevyed, The fuite from the county court was removed into the common place: By Harvars default a writ of Withernam was had, and two of Harvars

¹ Withernam is where a Distress is driven out of the County, and the Sheriff upon a Replevin cannot make a deliverance to the party distrained: In this case a Writ of Withernam is directed to the Sheriff for the taking as many of his beafts or goods that did thus unlawfully diftrain into his keeping until the party made delivery of the first distress. [ED.]

according to promife, for Surveying and meafuring the Manors of Sileby, Melton, Mountforrell, and Segrave, in the county of Leicester: for reverfall of which Judgment, this lord brought a writ of Error, But not prevailing, Clark by Elegit took in execution the Manors of Melton, Coldoverton, Segrave and others. Howbeit this lord in Hillary terme in the 32th of Elizabeth, brought Clarke into the Star-Starchamber. chamber for fubornation of perjury in the former proceedings, whereby they came after to composition.

Harvars kine taken in that meade: whereupon hee acknowledged his offence, paid the 235 4d amerciaments, and 405 for costs of suite.

In the 37th of Elizabeth this lord was plt against William Deane and Robert Deane for a trespas comitted upon a close called Potters green, part of his manor of Callowdon, which was tryed against him at Coventry affizes, but without all colour of truth; for noe manner of evidence was given on the defendants behalfe, which I write out of knowledge, being prefent; For which groffe perjury this lord Henry brought the jury into the Starchamber, who were upon motion difmifed with costs, because they were charged | fix and fix in two bills, and M. Chamberlyn the 805 Counfellor reprehended that foe drew those bills and marshalled them; hee then a young barrifter of Graies Inne and this lords Sollicitor, as hath been faid.

Trin: 37. Eliz: banco regis. rot.

Pasch: 38. Eliz:

In the 38th of Elizabeth this lord Henry was plt in two severall actions of Mich: 38. & 39. trespas against John Brock John Champion and others for cutting and carriage away of divers loads of wood out of Woolcombe and other places, parcell of the Downs or wast grounds of his Manor of Portbury in the County of Somerset; which fact the def" feverally justifyed under John Wake Efg! as holding in comon with this lord, in regard of a manor called Portbury Pryor which hee had in Portbury purchased by Godwyn his wifes father of king Henry the eighth, and late belonging to the pryory of Brimmore in Hampsh! upon which tenancy in Comon the iffues were joyned, And the two records of Nifi prius taken out: whereupon John Crefwell fleward of houshold to this lord and cozen to M! Wake, labored an end, And wth faire words and fattisfaction for the wood made the deft peace, the very day that I should have ridden from Callowdon towards the affizes about those tryalls then holden at Taunton.

Eliz: in banco

At the same time this lord brought an action of dett for five pound against Richard Baily, declaring That hee being feized of the hundred of portbury, had time out of mind used to have a veiwe of frankpledge belonging thereto, To which the Tythingman of Clyvedon and fower men with him, (called his fower posts,) have alwaies accustomed to come, And upon oath to present such things as are prefentable in a Leete; And because the deft refused to bee sworne and to present, the Steward imposed upon him the fine of five pound: for which hee brought this action: The faid M: Wake lord of Clyvedon defended the fuite, and alleadged That the Thirdbarrow or Tithingman ought to come to Portbury Leete, and pay 4^d in name of his fower posts that come with him, but not to present any offences.

Mich: 37. et. 38. Eliz: in banco regis Somfet.

This

This came to a communication before Serjeant Nicholls, after Judge, his freindly neighbour, who was foe well Sattisfyed with the evidences which this lord shewed fince the Inquisition in the 12th of Edward the first, That hee openly advised him to acknowledge the suite to bee just: which with payment of costs of suite and the perswasion of Mt Creswell satisfyed the plt, the service ever since being duly performed.

806 Hill: 39. Eliz: roî cõi banco. Scotts office Gloucester. In the 39th of Queen Elizabeth, Thomas Phelps leffee to John Yowen and Mary his wife, tenants for life to John Harvy of Bradston, of Divers lands in Bevington within you manor of Hame, brought an action of Ejectione firmæ against William Danfeild servant to John Huntley and Jone his wife, Copihold tenants to this lord of a messuage and divers lands in the said manor, supposing they withheld from him nineteen acres of his land under colour of this lords copyhold graunt to them; upon tryall whereof one small parcell of a close called gromballs hay containing about a quarter of an acre, (whereout this lord hath a cheise rent of 35 45 p Anñ, and whereon the lease was sealed,) was sound for the pl:; for all the rest the dest were found not guilty, And soe ever since hath slept at peace: Howbeit in the 31th of Elizabeth was a verdict for much more against this lords then tenant, but the pl! dyed before judgment: And likewise a troblesome suite was shortly after at the Counsell in your Marches of Wales, whereat many Witnesses were examined, but without fruite.

Mich: 31. et. 32. Eliz: rot: 524. Glouc:

Mich: 40. et. 41. Eliz: rol: 3127. et Trin 41. Eliz: com. pleas.

In the 40th of Elizabeth Mary Gawsell widowe, late the wife of John Willoughby, brought a writ of Dower against St John Peter for the third part of the manor of Kenet in the County of Cambridge, which this lord in the third of Elizabeth fold to S! Willim Peter his father, wherein this lord is by S! John vouched to Warranty: who pledeth the grant of king Edward the fecond made the 16th of Decemt in the fixth of his raigne, of this manor (amongst others,) to Alice Bigod widow, late wife of Roger Bigod Earle of Norfolk, for her life, the remainder to Thomas of Brotherton his brother and the heires of his body; which Thomas had iffue Margaret maryed to John lord Segrave, who had iffue Elizabeth marved to John lord Mowbray, who had iffue Thomas lord Mowbray created Duke of Norffolke, who had iffue Thomas, John, Margaret, and Ifable; which Thomas died without iffue, And the faid John had iffue John, who also was Duke of Norfolke, and had iffue John, who also was Duke of Norff, and had iffue Anne maryed to Richard Duke of Yorke fecond fon to king Edward the fourth, who dyed without iffue: That the faid Margaret was maryed to S! Robert Howard, who had iffue John John Howard created duke of Norfolke; And that the faid Ifable was maryed to James lord Berkeley, who had iffue William after Marques Berkeley, and Maurice lord Berkeley: That the faid Willim Marques Berkeley had this manor, (amongst others,) alotted to him by ptition with the faid John Duke of Norfolk, And afterwards conveyed the fame to Richard Willouhby and the heires males of his body, The remainder to Edw! Willoughby & the heirs males of his body; which Richard dyed without iffue, And the faid Edward entred and had iffue John Willoughby, who maryed the faid Mary Gawfell, and after dyed without iffue male: After the death of which John Willoughby this lord Henry fon of Thomas, fon of Thomas, brother of Maurice, fon of the faid Maurice, entred, And by fine in the third of Elizabeth alvened the fame to S. William Peter father of the faid S. John Peter, And foe demandeth judgment of the Court, whether by lawe shee ought to bee endowed. The widow Gawfell confesseth all the former pleadings to bee true, but further faith That the faid Edw! Willoughby by Izable his wife had iffue John her husband, And that the faid Edward enfeoffed one Logge parson of Wotton, against whom in the 22th of Henry the 7th a comon recovery was had of the faid manor, (amongst others,) to the use of the said Edward and Isable his wife and of the heires of his body, The remainder to the faid Maurice brother of the faid Marques Berkeley and of his heires; whereupon it appeared that shee was dowable, neither would shee henceforth accept the 11th 10s which till then had fattisfyed her from the death of her husband for near forty years; And thereupon this lord through the strictnes of his covenants in his conveyance to S! William Peter was inforced to compound with her for-181. 105 p Ann for her life, which hee paid her about five years ere shee dyed.

vide antea, fol: [587, 596] 807

Terme Pafch: 3. Eliz:

Rec: 22. H. 7.

And this action and pleadings I have the rather here mentioned because the manor of Bosham is at this day enjoyed by the lord George under the same entaile of the 6th of Edward the second. Yet such was the ignorance of the sollicitors and Counsell of this lord Henry in those times, That they suffered him to covenant with S. With Peter That hee was seised in see of that manor And that noe revertion was in the Crown; which were two untruths, and a double breach of his Covenant; By which ignorance this surther inconvenience happened, That Sir John Peter sinding the said covenants broken and that the reversion was in the Crown, brought his action upon the said Covenant, laying down the grant and discent as aforesaid, concluding thereby that this lord was seized in taile and not in see; whereupon this lords manor of Alkington in the County of Glouc., (whereof hee as Humphry Alsop his then Sollicitor deposed was seized in see,) was recovered over in Value and

Mich: 29. et. 30. Eliz: in Ester: com pleas. 808 warranty, ut tune pro nune, et nune pro tune, with fifty two pounds cofts, which this lord paid.

Hill: 28, Eliz: in banc: regis: rot. 838.
Mich: 27, 28. Eliz: in banco regis. et. 26. &. 27. Eliz: rot. 474.

Hill. 5. Jac: in banco regis.

Pa: 3. Jac: rot. 399. in banco regis. Mich. 3. Jac: rot. 110.in banco regis.

Pafch: 5: Jac: rot.

404. et pars 2. in
banco regis.

Hill: 5. Jac: rot.
810. et. 811.

Hill: 28. Eliz: in
banco regis.

Bill in canc: in
Mich: 3. Jac:

Certificate in chancery 30. Jan; 1608.

809

Throkm'ton. pl! Estcourt des! Mich: 3. Jac: rot. 110.in banco regis.

Thomas Estcourt of Tetbury a bencher of Graies Inne, father of Sir Thomas Estcourt knight and of Edmond Estcourt, set on foot two suits against John Savage gent a farmer to this lord Henry, touching comon of pasture in the feilds of Tetbury for a flock of Sheep of 400, or more called the lords flock, never used to bee stinted, as all other freeholders sheep are within the manor; And (by mistaking the prefcription) had two verdicts and Judgments against the faid John Savage: Thomas Estcourt dying, left his lands in Tetbury to the faid Edmond his younger fon and his heires, who all his life for many years permitted the continuance of the faid flock (as his father also had done after the faid verdicts;) Afterwards, George Estcourt a younger brother to the said Thomas, an other freeholder in Tetbury, fet on foot three or more the like fuits against the faid John Savage, and had like verdicts upon Severall Tryalls at lawe. After divers years, (when all iffues that might well be joyned upon any prescription were foyled,) M. Savage acquainting a Sollicitor of this lords with the former proceedings, and of the vexations of the faid George Estcourt still continuing, was advised by him to feek peace by a bill in Chancery; which in the name of this lord was exhibited against the faid George Estcourt; whereupon many witnesses were examined, And amongst others, these points fully proved. If That the faid lord and his Ancestors and their tenants time out of mind have used to have pasture or feeding in the feilds of Tetbury for a flocke of sheep called the lords flocke, of about . 400, all the year longe when the feilds lye fallow; And when the feilds are fown, then from S! Lukes day till they bee fown againe, peaceably enjoyed without interruption of any, fave the def! George Estcourt and his brother Thomas the lawyer, proved by 25. witnesses 2^{dly} That the lords flock was never stinted, though all others were stinted after three sheep for an acre. 3^{dly} That the faid flocke hath used to depasture in a place called the fleight win Tetbury warren from Holliroode day in May till holliroode day in Septem!, And from thence till the Annunciation of our lady. And none elce to have any Comon of pasture there at those times. 4th That every person holding a burgage house in Tetbury hath accustomed to have pasture for three beasts within the Stubble feilds of Tetbury from the 13th of September untill Michimas eve. 5th That the lords flock may not feed in the faid Warren out of the fleight between Holliroode day in May and Holliroode day in September, nor in the Stubble feilds from Holliroode day in September till Michaelmas eve, Nor in fouth hayes till the town herd of cattle have first grazed it, with divers other particularities incident to

a fuite of this angry quallity. What strong resistance the defendant made appeareth by the orders of the 12th and 19th of November in the 4th of king James, And of the 28th of January, and 4th 6th and 18th of ffebry following, And of the 29th of Aprill in the 5th of king James, and divers others: But in conclusion, in Michimas terme in the 6th of king James, the cause was heard, And the flock was established with this lord till hee should bee evicted by order of lawe, and foe continueth to this day. All which proceedings in Chancery remaineth exemplyfyed with the executors of the faid John Savage, As also doe the verdicts with the heires and assignes of the faid Estcourts; The successe whereof and the paines of the said Sollicitor who advised this fuite, the faid John Savage gratefully requited by a guilt boll of twenty Nobles price, bequeathed by his last will a fewe years after to the faid Sollicitor.

Mich: 6. Jac. in Canc: Certificate in chancery 30. Jan. 1608. Exemplified the o. Jac: 1611. under 2 feales, cum Carolo Savage de Tetbury.

This George Estcourt being tenant to this lord of the Tolsey and weights in Tetbury brought divers actions upon the cafe against John Lany and others, touching the custome of the Toll taken for weighing of woole, yarne, and the like merchandife; The proceedings wherein the records marginald will declare, whereof that of Ester terme in the 30th of Elizabeth may bee a good president for posterity, whereof much use is like to bee.

Hill: 39. Eliz: rot. 73. in banco regis.

Pasch: 39 Eliz. rot. 180 in banco regis.

In the 17th of Queen Elizabeth was an exchange of divers lands in Callowdon and in Wiken a village adjoyning, between this lord and S! ffrancis Willoughby knight lord of Wiken, whereby this lord with much conveniency drew his out lands together, neare to his mansion house at Callowdon; And S. Francis enabled himself for enclosing divers parts of Wiken with like profit and conveniency; which shortly after hee fold to Richard Greene his fervant, then tenant to a farme in Wiken, against whom in the 41th of the said Queens raigne, this lord | Henry exhibited his 810 bill in Chancery, thereby to stay his fuite at comon lawe, upon a counterbond hee had to fave himself harmless from a bond of this lords entred into to M. Edward Deveroux for one hundred pound hee had borrowed of him: wherein Green was never damnified nor fued, nor the originall bond, at the time of his proceffe fued out, forfeited: which unneighourly courfe of Greenes, drewe on shortly after other fuits and questions between this lord and him touching Tythes Comons wayes and divers parcells of land intermingled in each others faid manors of Callowdon and Wiken: fome of which differences brought forth also Inditements at Coventry Seffions; And after followed peace by another agreement and exchange of other lands, one with the other in the 43th of Elizabeth. And afterwards againe in the 8th of king James brake out new fuites at lawe, and crofs bills in Chancery; In

Carta in castro de Berkeley dat. 1. Sept. 17. Eliz:

Hiff. 41. Eliz. in

Carta, 20. October 43. Eliz. in castro de Berkeley. Canc: Hill. 8. Jac:

which

Carta: 21. Julij 10. Jac: in castro de Berkeley. which I was a Comiffioner for this lord, ryding purpofely from my house in Gloucestershire to Coventry for execution thereof; And these also tooke ending by arbitrement in the tenth of king James. 1612. At what time by mediation of the Comiffioners an other exchange of divers parcells of lands and tithes was had between them, in either of their said Manors of Callowdon and Wiken; In penning whereof more then ordinary curiosity was used on both parts, as by the same will appeare.

Pasch: 43. Eliz: rot. 2084. in com banco.

In the 43th of Elizabeth this lord was plt against

Hunt def! in an1

Hill: 43 Eliz: rot. 250. in banco reg.

In the same yeare James Atwood an underbaily to this lord was plt against William Millard in an1

Triñ: 43. Eliz: rot: 46. in banco.

In the fame yeare this lord Henry was plt in an action of det upon a bond of one hundred pounds against William Davis his | Baily of Berkeley hundred, whose course was to receive all that was levyable upon his extracts, if not more, but to accompt for little; wherein this lord recovered upon a nihil dicit.

Mich: 44. et. 45. Eliz: rot. 32. in banco regis.

In the 45th of Queen Elizabeth, upon a diftress taken by Henry Shipward baily to this lord of his manor of Melton Mowbray, for a releese of ten pound due by Thomas Mackworth for his manor of Epingham in the county of Rutland, holden of this lord as of his manor of Melton Mowbray by two knights sees, where-of George his father dyed seized in see, Hee thought to have helped himself by the lawe, for that hee the said Thomas was for other lands holden by knights service in Capite in ward to Queen Elizabeth after the death of his said sather; And therefore conceived the lawe to bee That hee was not to pay releese to any other lord at his sull age, after his livery sued: And soe demurred upon the plea of Henry Shipward, which upon argument both at barre and bench was adjudged against Mackworth; And was the first expresse Judgment in the lawe in that point as was then affirmed, whereof Many Students then present in Court have since had the number roll.

In the 44th of Queen Elizabeth, James Hervey an Underkeeper to this lord 44 Eliz: in banco in Newpark, did with a forker out of his cross bowe in the night time, cut the throat of one William Olive then with Richard Haynes and others passing through his parke; whose intentions were, (as after appeared,) first to steale fish out of putts and weeles at Seaverne, And in their returne to Steale Deere in Whitcliffe parke: Harvey by a notable plott closely carried was at the next assizes at Glouc., on a fodaine indited of Murder: And imediatly thereupon, (the purfuants knowing him to bee in the Sessions Hall,) was called by proclamation upon the inditement againe and againe; And the Judges being informed of his being there caused that call to bee redoubled: Hervy by chance being by mee, And I by more chance then there by him, charged him to kneel down and shade himself under my cloke, (being not leffe in Stature then in Courage a Coward,) and not to speak a word or else hee would with all help to the contrary bee hanged: The calls ended, away I fent him instantly out of Glouc, as fast as hee could ride: forthwith that inditement was removed, And hee the next Terme at the kings bench barre, discharged from his offence, which was held by the Court not to bee foe much as a breach of the peace: The Coroners inquest taken the 8th of August in the 43th of Elizabeth found the death of Olive to bee by Harvey, the 6th of that month, per infortunium; And this 812 plot was practiced against him the lent assifes after.

Stat: de malefactoribus in parcitt 21. E. 1.

In the fecond of king James, William Thorpe leffee to Thomas Chamberlyn was plt against George Jerrat and others defts in an action of Ejectione firmæ for an acre of land in Mountforrell in the County of Leicester; upon not guilty pleaded, and evidence by the def! that the fame was parcell of this lords manor of Mountforrell, the Jury found for the deft, and foe this lord enjoyeth it to this day.

Pasch: 3. Jac: rot. 911. coni pleas Brownloe. Mich. 2. Jac: in banco. inter ptes verdict: rot. Hill. 3. Jac. in coi banco. Pasch: 5. Jac: in banco.

The same year a fine of five pound was imposed upon one Edward Ithell of Pasch: 2. Jac: in Slimbridge for a contempt committed by him in the leet held at Berkeley, for which this lord brought his action of debt: Ithell confesseth his offence gave sattisfaction, And foe ceased that suite.

banco regis.

In the third of king James, this lord Henry brought his Writ of ravishment Paschi. 3. Jac: in de gard¹ against Robert Hill Clarke, for taking away the body of John son and heire of Godfrey Goldesborrowe late Bishop of Glouc., who dyed seized of the manor or

banco rot: 745.

¹ Ravishment de gard was a Writ that lay for the guardian for Knight's-fervice, or in Socage, against a person who took from him the body of his ward. By Statute 12, Charles II. c. 24, this writ is taken away as to lands held by Knight fervice, &c., but not where there is guardian in Socage, or appointed by will. [ED.]

farme of Goffington in the parifh of Slimbridge, holden of him as of his manor of Berkeley by knights fervice: Not guilty was pleaded, And upon a tryall at Glouc. Affifes the Jury found for this lord, And gave damages to . 400. marks, And Judgment was after entred accordingly.

Hill: 3. Jac: rot: 171. in banco regis Trin: 4. Jac: the writ filed.

And afterwards, this lord brought an accon against William Clutterbooke tenant to the faid farme for the meane rates, wherein hee recovered also; And upon a writ to inquire of damages had threescore pound given him by the jury.

Hill: 3. Jac: rot. 172. in banco regis Pasch. 4. Jac. the writ to inquire of damages.

The fame year this lord Henry brought his Accon of the cafe against one Bendall for infringing his liberty of Berkeley hundred and arresting one Caswell at Berkeley, wherein hee recovered his costs and damages: In the pleadings whereof are persectly laid down the grant of king Edward the third, in the 4th of his raigne, of returns brevium, to Thomas lord Berkeley the third of that name, and his heires; And how afterwards hee entailed the same to himself and the heires males of his body, with all the meane discents after to this lord Henry; which may bee of frequent uses in the like cases, I having purposly omitted many others of the like nature.

Pafch: 3. Jac: rot: in banco regis.

The fame year Henry Shipward, Baily of Melton, distrained the Goods of Thomas Grococke of Estwell in the County of Leicester, supposing the tenure of that manor to bee of this lord as of his manor of Melton by knights service: After iffue joyned upon the tenure, St. Edward Brabazon owner of the said Manor of Estwell sled for succour into the Dutchy court, and there exhibited his bill against this lord and Shipward for stay of the suite, suggesting the tenure to bee of the king as of the Dutchy of Lancaster, by the sourch part of a knights see; which the defunction and suggesting in Hillary Terme after, an Injunction was awarded to stay the suite at lawe, and soe hath rested.

Hill: 3. Jac:

Triñ: 4. Jac: in banco regis.

In the 4th of king James, John Driver this lords Baily of Tetbury was plt against William Tamer deft, for carrying away without the lords leave the dounge or soile out of the wast ground called the Cheeping, (the golgotha of that markett Town,) which Driver under the prerogative of his office would appropriate to himself, wherein Driver had composition from the deft.

Trin: 11. Jac: rot. Comon pleas. Bolton att. pro quer. In the 11th of king James this lord was pl: against John Huntley, a man of wit but void of honesty, his lops coppyhold tenant in Bevington, for killing a brace

of

of Bucks in Whitcliffe Parke, near the pale whereof Huntley dwelt; who after hee had before this lord and other Justices of the peace with incredible impudency forfworne the fact, And with bafe and upbraiding termes infulted over those underkeepers who first drew him into suspition; whereof they complayning to a Sollicitor of this lords, and hee taking it to heart, found means by Huntleys fervants that then were, (for great guifts are like Gods,) to difcover not only who fetched the bucks out of the park to Huntleys house, but to whom hee gave seaven quarters of them, and by whom fent: Which they upon examination acknowledging, And Huntly confronted, Huntly for answere and excuse faid to the Sollicitor, That it was held a rule and noe offence with deereftealers to forfwear the fact and out brave the keepers, as hee formerly had done; But the plt death and Huntleys also not longe after happening, took off a great part of that punishment which | other- 814 wife most deservedly had been inflicted upon soe ungratious a man.

In the fourth of king James this lord exhibited his bill in Chancery against William Dunning and five others, concerning his liberties of fishing in the river of Seaverne within his hundred of Berkeley: which in the end of ffebruary in the 7th of the king were decreed for him: In this fuite is contained a full declaration of all the liberties and jurifdictions which the lord George now claimeth in Seaverne, which is like to bee of great use to his posterity: And more then one other fuite which was in the 34th of king Henry the 8th, between Richard Williams ats Cromwell pl! And Richard Byriat and others defts, I have not mett withall, touching these liberties of fishing, whereof in the foresaid suite good use was made.

Mich: 4. Jac. 1606. in Canc:

Cur Augm. 34. H. 8. et in castro de Berkeley.

In the same year Willim Chamberlyn brought an Action of Ejectione firmæ against George Jerrat of Mountforrell for two acres of land there; the evidence of the def! was That it was the inheritance of this lord Henry, parcell of his manor of Mountforrell; And of the pl: That it was parcell of the land of the feoffees of that Town, called the Town land; wherein the pl! after evidence became nonfuite; And hath quietly been enjoyed ever fince as the inheritance of this lord, more land standing upon the same title.

Hill: 4 Jac. rot. 1907. com pleas. Mich. 4. Jac . rot. Com pleas.

And for fetling divers cheife rents in Mountforrell amounting to 24.5 4.5 claymed by this lord Henry and denied by divers the inhabitants there, This lord in the 8th of king James exhibited his bill in Chancery against Nicholas Fowler John Hood and Thomas Monke, wherein hee prevailed, and fet his faid rents afoot, now paid accordingly: In which, other wrongs offered to this lord in that Town were also contained and certified.

Mich: 8: Jac: in Cancell.

Anno. 4. Jac:

Crown office. 5.
Jac:

In the fame fowrth year of king James, the grand-jury at Coventry Seffions indicted this lord Henry for not repairing the way in Callowdon lane between Ashmore gate and Wiken lane: The inditement was removed and avoided; A work that ought to bee done by the County or the parish of S! Michaells and not by the particular charges of the owner of Callowdon manor.

Hill. 4. Jac: Starchamber.

This yeare also this lord exhibited a bill in Starchamber against Thomas Mainston John Cerney John West and divers others, | a compact nest of decrestealers, for hunting and killing his deere in Michaelwood chace; for which their purses after smarted, And bonds with sureties taken of them and above twenty others, (whom they peached,) to bee afterwards true to all his Lops games; By the dissolution of which knot of Decrestealers his games rested more quiet then in fifty years before they had done.

Pasch: 6. Jac: rot. 1559. in cõi banco: or 1159.

against Thomas Bowfor, brother and heire of Anthony, who dyed seised of divers lands and tenements within the Manor of Hame, parcell of the manor and lands called Serjeants lands: The issue was whether the said Thomas Bowfer was within the age of one and twenty years at the death of his brother or not: The plt sinding afterwards that hee was a weeke above one and twenty at his brothers death, who dyed beyond seas, proceeded noe surther, though hee had taken out his writ of Nisi prius for tryall thereof.

Com. Pleas Pasch: 6. Jac. rot. 1141. Sussex in cõi banco.

lib: Ward: fol: 16. in castro de Berkeley. In the faid fixth of king James this lord brought his Writ of ravishmt of ward against Agnes Payne widowe, for keeping from him her fon Thomas Payne from the death of Thomas his father, for that hee dyed feized of the Scite of the manor of Southmundam called Bowley ffarme, and of . 120. acres of land thereto belonging in the parish of Pagham in the County of Suffex, holden of this lord as of his manor of Bosham by knights fervice, wherein hee recovered great damages, as by the record appeareth.

Pafch: 8. Jac. rot. 1752. comon pleas Waller.

The Inhabitants of fframpton upon Seaverne clayming comon of pasture for their sheep upon Slimbridge old warth, encouraged John Savacre the vicar there to put in his sheep also: which Richard Byford an Attorney, noe less factious in Slimbridge then the minister contentious, impounded as a Comoner; And not only brought him but many others of the faid Inhabitants upon colours of Surcharges, to compositions, Taking of some ten shillings, of some 305, of some 315, and of some

fome others more, to the value of ten pound in the year; whereby for three or four years whilft this courfe lasted they were reconed Byfords tributaries.

An action of Accompt was by this lord brought against Cyprian Wood one of the Groomes of his first wives chamber, supposeing hee had remaining in his hands one hundred pounds, received from her a fewe daies before her death: wherein after pleadings, Auditors | were affigned by the Court, before whom hee accompted, and 816 paid what was found by them to remaine uniffued in her life time: A fuite the rather profecuted upon advertisement given to this lord that two trunks of his finest Linnens were by him, (as an instrument to a gentlewoman in that house,) to have been conveyed away by night; The truth whereof was That the trunks being to bee ferryed over the mott at Callowdon in one of the brew house coolers, the bunhole in the midft fell open, and foe the ferry boat being heavy laden began to finke ere it was two yards from the shore; whereof this lord had early notice by such as lay in waite to have intercepted them, And foe faved his linnens and other things therein, but never discover'd that his intelligence came from a Sollicitor of his, one of the watchmen in that dark night.

Trin: 38. Eliz: in banco.

Upon the death of Thomas Tomson rector of the Church of Sutton iuxta-Bonyngton in the County of Nottingham, Christ church Colledge in Cambridge who pretended title thereto presented Edward Barwell as their Clerke, in the 21th of Queen Elizabeth; And this lord Henry prefented John Savage, who being refufed by the ordinary this lord brought his Quare impedit and recovered; upon which recovery the colledge brought a Writ of Error, wherein the former recovery and Judgment was affirmed, and this lords Clerke established, still the Incumbent there; Hereof I have more largely written in another booke usefull to this family, in a tract of the Manor and Barony of Segrave by it felf.

Trin: 22. Eliz: rot. 976. in banco

Hill: 30. Eliz: rot. 484. in banco regis.

anon the death of Richard Smyth Rector of the church of Howby in the County of Leicester, S. George Villers of Brokesby presented thereto John Bishop; And this lord Henry prefented Willm Read, in the 22th of Elizabeth; who being refused, this lord brought his Quare impedit and recovered, And Read this lords Clerke established, who ever fince hath been incumbent there; In the longe pleadings whereof, the difcents as well of this family as of the lord Mowbraies, And the ptition of the Mowbraies lands between the family of Berkeley and the family of the Howards, are foe erroniously laid down and pleaded on both parts, that each party might thereupon have trounced the other, | Howbeit ignorance being alike 817 comon

Pasch: 22. Eliz: in banco.

Trin: 23. Eliz: in banco.

comon to the Counfell and Sollicitors of both fides, neither party was able to reprove or take advantage of the others errors or mistakes, And soe a double falshood had by ignorance the passage of a double truth. Of this Advowson I have more largely written in my other booke lastly mentioned.

And thus endeth this longe title of this lords lawe fuites, of . 85. pages; the most toilfome of all my labors, yet pleasing in the finishing, because likely to bee of much use to this noble family in this and ages to come.

his Sales of Land.

Daving ended the longe title of lawe fuites, I now returne to a shorter but worse, the sale of lands; too soone begun and too longe continued.

carta: 16. ffebr: 3. Eliz: 1

In the third yeare of Queen Elizabeth in confideration of 893^{1]}: 19⁵ 4^d, this lord fold his manors of Kenet and Kentford in the counties of Cambridge and Suffolke, with the Advowfon of Kenet, to S⁵ William Peter and his heires; And covenants them to bee of the yearly value of . 37^{1]}: 5⁵ 4^d. And that noe reversion was in the Crown; whereupon that trouble and expence arose which I formerly have mentioned amongst the lawe suits of this lord; And these were | those lands that reverted to this lord for default of issue male of the body of M⁵ Willoughby according to the entaile of William Marques Berkeley, And whereof hee had sued livery but in June before as formerly hath been said.

fol: 806. 818 Revert. Nov. ye 26. 2. Eliz: Liberac: 16. Junij.

carta: 20. ffebr: 5. Eliz:

2. Eliz:

In the fifth year of Queen Elizabeth in confideration of 2050¹! this lord fold the manor of Hovingham in the county of Yorke to S! Thomas Gerrard and his heires, the mansion house of his grandfather the lord Thomas, as in his life appeareth.

carta 30. Oct : 6. Eliz : In the fixth yeare of Queen Elizabeth in confideration of . 200! this lord fold all his meffuages lands and tenements in the hamletts or parishes of Brokenburrow and Almsbury in the county of Gloucester, accounted the fourth part of that manor, to John Hollister Thomas Harper and Margaret Wade, and their heires.

carta: 26. Maij. 7. Eliz:

In the feaventh year of Queen Elizabeth in confideration of . 600^{ll}, this lord fold the leafe of Yate in the county of Glouc! to S! Nicholas Poynz, wherein hee had forty two years to come, the ancient habitation of his father grandfather and great unkle, and where they had bestowed great charges in building, as in their lives hath been delivered.

In the same yeare in consideration of 1000! this lord sold the Manor and Advowson of Maningsord Breouse in the county of Wilts, to Edward Nicholas and his heires.

carta: 8. ffebr: 7. Eliz:

In the eighth of Elizabeth in confideration of—300^{li} this lord fold a rent of—14^{li} p Anñ referved for equallity of ptition out of the manor of Bromley in Surrey, and out of Lea Gateburton and Schothurne in the county of Lincolne, in division of Breouses lands, to Thomas Duke of Norfolke his wifes brother and his heires.

carta: 28. October 8. Eliz:

In the nynth of Elizabeth in confideration of 450^h this lord fold the manor of Afpele in the county of Warrwicke | to Charles Raynesford Efquire, and his heires.

carta: 14. Nov. 9. Eliz: 819

In the Tenth of Elizabeth in confideration of 304¹¹. 105 this lord fold the manor of Cotes with the members of Prestwold and Houghton, and all his lands in Wimeswold Thurmaston and Burton on the olds, in the County of Leicester, and in Stanford in the County of Nottingham, to Henry Skipwith Esq. and his heires.

carta, 25. Aprill 10. Eliz:

In the eleventh of Elizabeth in confideration of 2220^{li} this lord fold the manors of Rostlaston Coton and Linton in the County of Derby, And all his lands in Greisly, Caldwell, Durandsthorpe, Lollington and Walton upon Trent in the counties of Derby and Leicester, to S. William Greisly and his heires.

Carta. 10. Decem. 11. Eliz:

In the 14th of Elizabeth in confideration of . 3200th this lord fold the manor of Weston near Baldocke in the County of Hartford, to George Burgoyne and his heires, excepting a cheife rent of five pound p Ann going out of Broughtons lands in the County of Bedford the inheritance of St. Henry Cheney knight; of which cheife rent I have before written amongst this lords lawe suites.

Carta. 28 Nov^r. 14. Eliz:

fol: '798.

In the fame 14th of Elizabeth in confideration of 336th 7⁵ 1th hee fold the manor of Thurlaston and all his lands in Dunchurch in the County of Warrwick, to Alice the widowe of S^t Thomas Leigh knight late Alderman of London, And covenants the same to bee 6th 14⁵ 6th ob. p Anñ of old rents.

Carta: 6. Decem^r 14. Eliz:

In the of Elizabeth in confideration of 800! hee fold the manor of Carta fflekenhoe in the faid County of Warrwick to M. Broughton and his heires.

In the 15th of Elizabeth in confideration of 84th 14th hee fold to Thomas Walton and Michael his fon and theire heires, two meffuages and three yard land and half in Thurneby in the county of Leicester.

Carta. 4: Nov. 15. Eliz:

Carta. 4. Nov. 15. Eliz: 820 In the fame 15th of Elizabeth in consideration of 24th 4th hee fold to Robert Read and his heires, a messuage and certaine lands which hee held in Thurnby aforesaid.

Carta. 6. Nov:

In the fame 15th of Elizabeth in confideration of—160th hee fold all his lands Tenements and hereditaments in Welby ats Oleby in the county of Leicester to William Digby and his heires; whereby through the ignorance of his officers the tenure of Welby it felf, being by knights fervice of the manor of Melton Mowbray, was released, which was not intended to passe.

Carta: 1. ffebr. 16. Eliz:

In the 16th of Elizabeth, in confideration of 420th, hee fold the Manor of Thorpe Sachevill and Twyford in the County of Leicester, to Thomas Cave Esq. and his heires.

Carta: 30. Apr. 16. Eliz:

In the fame 16th year of Elizabeth, in confideration of 500li, hee fold the manor of Witherly in the County of Leicester, to Michael Ludford and his heires.

Carta: 3 Sept 17. Eliz: In the 17th of Elizabeth, in confideration of—720th, hee fold the manors or hamletts of Kington parva Brockhamton and Combroke, with all the lands hee held in Kington magna, in the county of Warrwicke, to William Burton and his heires, except the wood there called Kingfwood.

Carta: 3. Sepî 17. Eliz: In the fame 17th of Elizabeth, in confideration of—520th, hee fold to Francis Aylworth and his heires the manor of Kington magna in the County of Warrwicke.

Carta: 28. Julij 17. Eliz: In the fame 17th of Elizabeth, in confideration of 40th, hee fold a meffuage and three closes adjoyning in Thornbury in the county of Glouc., to John Davis and his heires.

Carta: 21. Maij. 18. Eliz: In the 18th of Elizabeth, in confideration of—300th, hee fold the wood called Kingfwood in Kington in Warwickshire, (excepted in William Burtons conveyance,) to Andrew Ognell of Badesly Clinton and his heires.

Carta. 7. Julij 20. Eliz:

Julij
In the 20th of Elizabeth, in confideration of—37th 6s 8th, hee fold three houses
in Thornbury, (then in lease to John Tayer at 7s rent for divers years to come,) to
John Hilpe and his heires, who was the great grandchild of that Richard Hilpe
present with William | lord Berkeley and his two brethren at the death of the
Viscount

Vifcount Lifle, flaine at Nibley Greene, and against whom Margaret his widow brought her appeale, as before is declared in the life of the faid lord William.

fol: 548.

In the 22th of Elizabeth, in confideration of 1700th, hee fold the Manor of Elmington and all his lands in Henbury in the County of Glouc., to Thomas Wilmare and his heires: Which manor and lands this lord but the Terme before had drawn from Edward Berkeley of Bradley and Elizabeth his wife, to whom in recompence, hee gave forty pounds p Ann for theire lives: And which this lord in the first of Elizabeth had conveyed, (for better strengthening of his grandfathers entaile before remembred,) to the faid Edw. and the heires males of his body, the remainder to Maurice his brother and the heires males of his body, The remainder to Frances their mother for life, wife to Richard Danvers, the remainder to his own right heires.

Carta: 8. m'cij 22. Eliz: fine Hill: 22. Eliz:

The same year in consideration of 1601; hee fold all his lands in Stichall in the Carta: 4. Nov: county of Warrwicke and in the County of the Citie of Coventry to Arthur Gregory and his heires; And thefe formerly were fold to Richard Turner, and after repurchased and sold as aforesaid; And were esteemed as a member or Hamlett of Callowdon Manor.

22. Eliz:

In the 27th of Elizabeth, in confideration of 2560th, this lord fold the manor Castle and lordship of Bretby and all his lands in Repington and other Hamlets there in the County of Derby, to Edmond Scarlinge and Lawrence Wright and their heires, perfons trufted by the lord Stanhope, whose now it is; Of the parke whereof this lord in the eleventh of Elizabeth had given a leafe for 21 years to his fervant Thomas Duport, which was excepted in this fale.

Carta, 22. Apr. 27. Eliz:

In the 29th of Elizabeth in consideration of 2500li this lord fold the manor of Dalby Chawcombe, and all his lands in Ardeburrowe South croxton and Kirkby belers, to S! John Burrow knight and his heires. |

Carta: 14. Aug: 29. Eliz:

In the fame 29th of Elizabeth, in confideration of 3200th, this lord fold the 822 manor of Sileby and all his lands in Thurneby in the County of Leicester to George Shirley Esquire and his heires; who in the same year had maryed his daughter ffrances Berkeley, As after in the title of this lords iffues followeth.

Carta: 20. Octob: 29. Eliz:

In the 42th of Elizabeth in confideration of ten thousand pounds all paid in hand, this lord fold to St John Spencer Alderman of London and his heires, The

Carta: 18. m'cii

manor

manor of Coldoverton (3000!) with the Advowson thereof in the County of Leicester,

Carta: 7 Maij 42. Eliz:

Comp: cum Oth: Nicholson: 1609. 7. Jac. Regis.

Triñ: and Mich: terme. 7. Jac. in

cõi banco

Carta: 12. Maij 44. Eliz:

And the manors of ffenystanton (3000!) and Hilton, And of Auconbury (4000!) and Weston in the County of Huntington; And in regard that 300011 the price of Coldoverton, came wholly to his fon S. Thomas Berkeley, It was by Deed concluded between them That the fix hundred pound Annuity agreed upon at his marriage should thenceforth bee but-53318; Howbeit the 400011 received by this lord for the price of Auconbury and Weston slept not soe quietly in his purse, but that (through the generall warranty hee gave to S: John Spencer) hee departed with—400! thereof befides charges to kinge James upon a composition for a close of-480. acres, parcell thereof, called great fartfeild and other lands, wherto his Matie made title as parcell of his fforrest of Sapley and Weybridge in the faid County, And fometime affarted thereout: And the faid S! John Spencer for his better affurance did afterwards bring against this lord and his fon, two writts of Warrantia chartæ.

In the 44th of Elizabeth, in confideration of 1320th, hee fold the Manor of Daglingworth in the County of Gloucester to Sir Henry Poole and his heires; And this money coming also to his fon S. Thomas Berkeley, (for payment of whose debts hee joyned in fale thereof,) It was agreed That Thirty three pounds and eight shillings of his Anuity should bee abated, And the same thenceforth to bee but five hundred pounds by the yeare.

Carta, 16. Septem? 9. Jacobi.

In the ninth of king James, in confideration of 2225 h, hee fold to Phillip Langley Efg! and Mary his mother and their heires the manor of Mangotsfeild in the County of Glouc.; To which grant S. Thomas Berkeley and the lady Elizabeth his wife were also parties.

823 Carta. 20. Nov. 8. Jac :

In the 8th of king James, in confideration of 800th, hee fold to Thomas Yate and his heires the manor of Erlingham in the county of Glouc., which was part of that land hee had by composition the year before from the lord Viscount Lisle.

In the fame year also for fatisfaction of that fum of money which hee paid to the faid Vifcount Lifle, and for difcharge of his own former debts, hee raifed-11831 by the fale of twelve tenements in Wotton, Nibley, and Cam, in ffee farme, which hee fold to Walter Ofborne, William Ven, John Staunton, Arnold Oldifworth, Thomas Perry, Thomas Adams, Robert Dawe, Rob! Smyth, Thomas Trotman, William Marten, John Wilkins, and Edward Trotman jun!; In all which this lord referved

referved the former old rents Heriots fuite of Court and all other fervices before paid or done.

And at the same time for the same causes hee sold certaine outlands in Horton Kingscote and Minchinhampton to Arthur Came, William Shipton, and Edward Barneseild, for which hee had six hundred pounds.

As for the lands in Calais, they were lost when that Town was in the time of Queen Mary taken by the ffrench. And the lands in Thorpe and Kingston in the County of Nottingham hee gave to Thomas Read his bayly of Segrave; which were after swallowed up by the great manor of the Earle of Shrewesbury, wherein they were.

chased of M: Beconsale in the 13th year of Eliz. the little poor manor of Canonbury, of the value of—5h 11th 8d p Anñ., out also of which is issuing to the Crown an yearly tenth of 2h 4d; sometime parcell of the possessions of the oft menconed Monastery of St Augustines by Bristoll, of the foundation of the lord Robert the first, late Thomas Sackviles lord Buckhurst; which is all the land heretofore given to any monastery or other religious use which this family hath had since the first suppression of Monasteries or | other religious houses; Whereby this noble family feems plenarily absolved from that black observation of divers modern historiographers and divines, who write to have observed many great families, purchasers of church lands, to melt to nothing; And wish that the residue might bee observed in times to come, whether they also consume not by riot or improvidence.

824 Heyward in vita E. 6. fol: 155. et div'si alij.

none at all, no not in their own manors; whereby none of the sharpe pens of divines censuring those as sacrilegious persons that receive tythes or any other thing that hath heretosore been set apart and consecrated to Gods service; making it sin and sacriledge to take or keep them from Gods Ministers, doe at all smutt or point at this samily: Neither did the minority of this lord Henry, (although then a Baron,) permit him to bee any of those parliament men in the 27. 31. and 38. H. 8. or in. 1. E. 6., (all those times under source years,) that suppressed religious houses and Chanteries; cryed down in print by Armies of divines in these daies, to have done like wicked Judges, who banished the theeves but took the stolen goods unto themselves.

Let was, upon a title pretended to this wholl manor of Canonbury by the Crown, a new patent enforced to bee procured in the end of Queen Elizabeth, whereby this lord welnigh made a new purchase thereof, in the name of John Denis and others.

825

Dis Buildings.

Warrant under feale in Berkeley Caftle.

362

The 27th of March in the tenth year of Queen Elizabeth, Anno 1568, this lord from Callowdon directed his warrant to his fervant Henry Ligon to new build a Lodge in that part of Michaelwood upon the hill where now it standeth, called the park hill; for that the old is the former place and one other in another place of that chace were grown into utter ruin and decay, (faith the warrant,); which was done, and paid for by William Lawrence his then Receivor who likewise had a warrant to issue out the money.

About the 22th of Elizabeth was the porters lodge, the buildings towards the great poole on the northwest part, of Callowdon house, with the brewing house, the stables, and many other out houses both within and without the mot, built of new; And the roofs of divers of the houses of those old castle buildings taken down and soe far altered that the whole house might bee said to have been moulded and made new; But for the banquetting house on the northside of the said poole, it was the polite work of the lady Elizabeth wise of S. Thomas Berkeley in the sortieth and one and sortieth years of Queen Elizabeth, And the retired Cell of her soules Soliloquies to God her creator.

Annis. 35. et. 39. Eliz: At other times this lord built all the new timber buildings at new park lodge with some of the out houses, whereto his grandchild the lord George hath lately given a fair addition; And put also the lodge in Whitelisse parke into that comlines it now rejoyceth in.

Anno. 29. Eliz:

This lord also made of new the stone bridge leading into Berkeley castle, which before was a draw bridge of timber; And set | up those saire stone pillers and buttresses, whereby the Keepe and great kitchen seems supported.

Others of like condition at Yate Mangottsfeild and other places hee repaired, which being now fold away I pass over, and come to the title of this lords recreations and delights, wherein hee tooke too great a delight.

Dis recreations and delights.

Dow this lord entred upon his pleasures, or rather his pleasures upon him, so foone as his youthfull years were capable of delights, it hath already been related in the title next before his law fuits.

The hours may feeme too many which this lord fpent in his best ages at bowles tenis Cockpit Shufgrote cards and dice, especially when hee liked the company; And I will, without blemish to his honor, tell his posterity, That his longe and flender lady-like-hand knew a dye as well and how to handle it as any of his ranke and time: Infomuch as once about twenty years agone at Callowdon, playing at the Irish game at tables with Francis Stafford one of the yeomen of his great chamber, for three pence a game, And having the game in fuch affurance That almes-ace would have carried all his table men, hee turned his face to my felf and others then standing by, and merily faid, will you fee mee loofe this game by throwing leffe then Almes-ace? And fo hee did indeed, by casting one dye upon the other in the corner of the tables, and the ace peepe upwards, on the other dye; whereat when wee wondred, hee faid that hee had not done the like, (though often affayed,) of many years before. But his cheife delights wherein hee spent near 827 three parts of the yeare, were, to his great charges, in hunting the hare fox and deere, red and fallow, not wanting choice of as good hunting horses as yearly hee could buy at faires in the North; And in hawking both at river and at land: 2010 as his hounds were held inferior to no mans, (through the great choice of whelps which with much care hee yearly bred of his choicest braches, and his continuall huntings,) foe were his hawks of feverall forts; which if hee fent not a man to fetch from beyond feas, as three or fower times I remember hee did, yet had hee the choice as foone as they were brought over into England, keeping a man lodging in London, in fome years a month or more, to bee fure of his choice at their first landing; espetially for his haggard falcons for the river, wherein hee had two that fell in one after the other, and lasted twelve or more years, the one called stella, and the other kate, that were famous with all great faulconers in many counties, and prized at excessive rates, esteemed for high and round flying, free stooping, and all other good conditions, inferior to none in Christendome; whom my felf in my younger years waiting upon his fon Thomas, then not twelve years old, at Binly Brooke, have in the height of their pitch, loft the fight of; in a cleer evening: 2010 for huntsmen and falkeners, noe man could bee better served than this lord; Of whom I may not omit the naming of Tooly and Guy Good, men finguler in their professions, And (as may bee faid) borne and bred for the delights of princes and their

their peeres: But being in a title whereto my felf was neither born nor bred nor ever much delighted, and loth to borrow words for adorning of these his sports out of the books of those who have extolled these recreations, I will conclude a world of matter which mine eye and ear could speake hereof with the old verse, Omne tulit punctum qui miscuit vtile dulci,

Hee of all others is the noblest wight, That intermixeth profit with delight.

And I remember that in the 39th of Queen Elizabeth, after the | death of his wife and before his fecond mariage, at the first coming of John Creswell his Steward of houshold, giving him authority of displacing whomsoever hee found in his house disorderly, hee by speciall words exempted his Cookes Huntesmen and saulkeners; which intimated to the observation of all his family then present his inbred inclination to his sports, and to hospitallity, which was generally applauded.

His Hospitallity.

10 hat houshold port this noble lord for his first twenty years after full age, that

is till the beheadding of his brother in lawe the Duke of Norfolke in the 13th of Queen, Elizabeth, had kept, hath before appeared; About which time the tide began to turne with this family, And their full fea ebbed; Espetially when the power of Robert Dudley Earle of Leicester, often before mentioned, under his Court greatnes and Queen Elizabeths title, and the fale of eight or more manors by that time fold away, had drayned foe great a portion of their possessions: from which time, upon this lords returne from fojourning with S. Thomas Ruffell at Stransham, the check roll of his fervants was shortened forty persons at the least, and many un-ufefull people pared of; Howbeit the faile this family still bore for the next twelve years or near thereabouts, feemed full, and the gale faire; And his hospitallity much renowned in all the neighbourhoods of his abodes; But then about the 26th of Elizabeth, upon the fecond recovery of Arlingham with the other manors and lands contained in the fecond information, formerly also mentioned, And the further fales of feven or eight other manors that had in that time been done away, upon this lords returning from fojourning with St John | Savage of Baraper, the former checkroll of his houshold fervants was againe further shortened twenty persons at the least, and a second paringe of other unusefull drones: Howbeit, removing from Baraper to the white ffryars in Coventry, And my felf at that time first becoming a member of that houshold, I well remember the number then was about three fcore and ten of all forts; In which condicon it continued till within

within a year or two before his wife the lady Katharine dyed, and the mariage of his eldest fon to the daughter and heire of George lord Hunsdon, as after followeth: And thence forth till his death in the Eleventh of king James, whether hee lived with his fecond wife at her house in Barbican in London, or at Callowdon (as most hee did,) it was very honorable and praife worthy though short of the former greatnes: And I write what more then . 200 . times I have observed, That noe monies went foe cheerfully out of the purfe of this noble lord as those which were delivered to the Steward, Clarke of the Kitching, Purveyor or Cator, for the provision of his family: And in what honorable fashion this lords family flourished at Callowdon till the day of his death and fome weekes after is not unknown to my dedicatees, at their breaking up of that family and their departure, the mother and fon for London, And the lady her daughter with S! Robert Coke her husband for Coventry; And for the regulating of this family let these standing orders ensuing fpeak for all, composed by M. George Savage then Archdeacon of the County of Glouc. and Mr. Cheney, fometimes Stewards of houshold, Mr. Payne the old ladies gentleman usher, and two or three others of this lords officers, And by both lord and lady approved of, as followeth, vizt,

I. The gentleman usher to bee in the dininge chamber in summer by seven Gent. usher and and in winter by eight of the clocke, or fooner if strangers bee there, and to fee every thing therein fet in order, according to the feafon of the year: That himfelf bee not only at fervice, but doe fee the rest of the gentlemen to bee there also to heare fervice, when and foe often as any shall bee either in the great Chamber or Chapple.

Gentlemen:

- 2. That noe gentleman come into the great chamber without his cloake or 830 livery coate; And when there are strangers, to bee all or most part in the dining chamber after dinner and fupper, to shew themselves and doe such service as cause shall require.
- 3. That noe gentleman bee abfent at dinner or supper times without speciall lycence, and then not to break their time appointed for their returne.
- 4. The faid gentleman-usher to fee all strangers of worth and that shall bee admitted the great Chamber well entertained for the hon! of the house, and that they want nothing necessary at their Chambers; And when any gentleman of quality shall come, that hee and the rest of the gentlemen bee ready to bring him into the great Chamber, and when fuch a one goeth away to bring him to his horfe.

5. That

- 5. That noe gentleman (the gentleman usher excepted) shall come into any of the Offices besides the buttry or cellar, in absence of the gentleman-usher, to give entertainment to strangers.
- 6. The gentlemen to come to the dreffer at the first call of the usher, and there to behave themselves decently without noise or uncivil behaviour.
- 7. When the lord himselfe rideth abroad, the gentleman usher to see the gentlemen to ride before, two and two, decently without any lewd speech or other rudenesse.
- 8. If the Usher of the hall, hearing great noise at Dinner or supper times, shall bid make lesse noise, noe gentman to seeme to scotle or jest at him, but orderly to use moderate speach for the better example of others.

Yeomen.

- 9. All the Yeomen to bee ready in the Hall before the time of fervice, and to goe up with the Yeoman usher to prayers, and none to bee absent without special licence or other earnest imployment.
- 10. Noe Yeoman to lye out any night, but to bee in their lodgeings by 9. of the clock at night.
- 831 other offices, except they shall have buisines there by | their lords imployment, nor to give any ill language to any Officer that shall reasonably tell them thereof; And each disorderly person therein upon proofe made by the officer before the steward of houshold, to loose his service, or undergoe other punishment.
 - 12. All the Yeomen to come at the first call to the dresser, and there to behave themselves civilly, and without noise and rudenes, but to carry themselves as in duty becometh that service.
 - 13. The Yeoman usher, yeoman of the great chamber, and usher of the hall, to bee directed by the gentleman usher how they shall use their offices, by whose authority they are to bee commanded touching their orderly services.
- Porter. 14. The Porter to let in noe strangers but by the appointment of the Steward of houshold, except gentlemen or men of good fort.

15. The

15. The yeomen of the dininge chamber daily to strew the rushes: to take out Yeomen of the all fpotts as shall tappen in the carpetts, chaires, or stooles; to dust the cushions; In the winter to have fire in the chimney, and in the fommer flowers in the windows: either both or one of the yeomen to bee there continually waiting, to remove stooles, snuffe the lights, and to light gentlemen strangers to their chambers, when they shall goe from thence to bed; And that they suffer noe doggs to come into the dyneing chamber.

dyning chamber.

16. No yeomen to bee absent at ferving up of liveries in gentlemen strangers chambers, if any strangers bee there.

Serving up of Liveryes.

17. When the lady shall ride abroad, the yeoman usher to discharge his duty in caufing the yeomen appointed to ride to keep togeather, without tarrying behind their company and fcattering abrode; And when they come through any Town, the yeoman usher to place them by two and two orderly.

Riding abroad.

18. Noe yeoman upon leave obtained to ride abroad to break the day appointed for his returne, without fome speciall and manifest cause thereof.

Keeping of daies.

19. Such yeomen as shall bee appointed by the gentleman usher to waite in the dyninge chamber, when my lady fitteth abroad, I shall with due reverence and 832 diligent attendance doe fuch fervice as they shall bee appointed by the gentleman Keeping of daies. usher in each respect.

Other orders there were, particularly reflecting upon this lords wife, here omitted, little desiring to meddle in the matter of woemens greatnes.1

Dis rewards to servants.

I will not come too neare the heeles of this title, nor draw a needleffe envy from the fons and furvivors of fuch whom the bounty of this lord Henry raifed and rewarded in the first ten years after his full age and restitution to his Barony of Berkeley, what times the least deserving of twenty or more then in relation to this family in the feverall Counties of Glouc., Somfet, Leicester, Darby, Huntington and Suffex, had their barren feilds watered from this lords bounty, fome for years, others for lives, with the value of 601 801 1001 1501 2001 and 3001 a peece by the

vear

¹ Certain Orders for the regulation of the Household, found at Candover Hall, were in 1601 given by this Lord's fecond wife.—See Appendix to this Life. [ED.]

year and more, above the rents referved upon fuch leafes, fome of which determined not till within three years now past; the most of them rather bred to drink sport and play, then for merit or imployments; Neither grew this lords bounty much dryer to fundry others in the riper part of his life, As the living may witness, and the Annuities left issuing out of his lands at his death doth testifie, And as in his last will and the Office found after his death hereafter mentioned is specifyed: Only of my felf I will write in particular, that the faire aspect of this lord for 833 almost thirty years | before hee dyed, and also of the lady Katharine his first wife and of their fon and granchild the now lord George, with the lady dowager the grandchilds mother, have by a liberall influence shoured by former and later raines more bounties upon mee then I have either means or daies remaining to deferve, otherwife then by this humble and thankfull acknowledgment: Into which bountifull catalogue conferred on my felf, let mee also bundle up the noble curtefy of this lords vifiting mee at Gloucester, in my dangerous sicknes of six weeks continuance in August and September, 1608. Anno, 6th Regis Jacobi, what time I lost the use of reason and all mens hope of recovery; And by a gratefull memoriall acknowledge the unicornes horne Befaar stone and exquisite Jellyes, often by him fent unto mee, whereby my daies feeme repryved to this prefent; And I defire this humble digreffion may reach also by like thankfulnes to the aforenamed lady Dowager, mother of my lord George, acknowledgeing her like noble curtefy of travelling many miles to Wotton Underedge 12. years after, to vifite mee in another ficknes, which report had declared likely to bee the closeing of my pilgrimage. By the memoriall of which memorable curtefies, my defires have inlarged my travailes about these relations.

His Almes and devotions.

The former titles of hospitallity and of rewards to fervants, challenge this of this lords Almes and devotions in the next place.

As touching this lords Almes to the poore, it was three daies in the weeke wherein the poore of 4.5. and fix country | parishes and villages next adjoyning to Callowdon were releived, with each of them a messe of wholsome pottage with a peece of beosse or mutton therein, halfe a cheate loase, and a kan of beere; besides the private Almes that daily went out of his purse, never without eight or ten shillings

¹ The fecond fort of wheaten bread, ranking next to manchet. There were two kinds of Cheat-bread, the best or fine Cheat, and the coarse Cheat, ravelled bread. The second fort used in the Halles of the Nobility Gentrie onelie.—(Halliwell.) [Ed.]

shillings in fingle money, of 2d 3d and groates, And besides his Maundy each thursday before Easter day, wherein many poore men and women were clothed by the liberallity of this lord and his first wife, whilst they lived: And besides twenty marks or twenty pound or more, which thrice each yeare against the feasts of Christmas, Easter, and Whitsontide was fent by this lord to two or three of the cheifest inhabitants of those villages, and of Gosford street at Coventry, to bee distributed amongst their poore according to their discretions; All which to bee true, besides mine own knowledge, the living and graves of the dead that relished this his pious Almes and charity, doe testifie with mee.

And for his publike frequenting of fervice and fermons, and for his private devotions in his chamber, I have many and many times feen and observed him affoone as hee was out of bed and clothed, to bee upon his knees in his bedchamber, calling upon that God for mercy and forgivnes to whom his foule is now finging alleluia for the mercy and pardon it hath received; And many and many times hath this right hand of mine that thus transmitteth this passage to his posterity, laid his cushion and brought his prayer books, and againe taken away the same: And often and againe have these feet of mine attended at his chamber doore for accesse whilst thus piously hee hath been in his Soliloquies with God: This I tell his children, and let them tell their children, and their children another generation, That this was the pious practice of this their Ancestor; who out of the servency of these his devotions still feemes speaking to his grandchild and heire, as king David in his 3 Chron. 26. vers. 6 old age a few dayes before his death did to Solomon his fon; And thou George my fon, know thou the God of thy father, and ferve him with a perfect heart and with a | willing mind: for the lord fearcheth all hearts and understandeth all the 835 imaginations of the thoughts: if thou feeke him hee will bee found of thee; but if thou forfake him hee will cast thee off for ever.

Toel 1 vers 3.

Dis Missellanies, or various passages, not reduceable under any of the former titles.

1. In the yeare 1593. the Inhabitants of Howby in the county of Leicester, by their petition in writing, complayned to this lord Henry against Sir George Villers knight for a great inclosure by him unjustly made of their Cow pasture and of a great part of their arrable lands and Comon feilds, wherein hee had also inclosed part of this lords land, and part also of the gleabe land of the Rectory of Howby whereof this lord was patron: Hereupon my felf was fent to enter and dig down part of the ditch and quick fet, which I did in feverall places: Sir George

came thereupon to this lord at Callowdon, And promifed foe fair to recompence each party greived, that further proceeding was not, untill another petition or remonstrance came under the hands of most of the faid inhabitants especially of those holding of M. Brokesby, that they were fatisfied by exchanges and otherwise; Howbeit sith noe writing touching that conclusion was amongst them, nor yet is, It is not unlike but in time to come some prejudice to this lords posterity and to those Inhabitants may grow thereby; the cause why this memoriall is here set down.

- 2. In the year 1597, one Edmond O-nele, who pretended himself to bee a Romish Bishop of Ireland, was apprehended at Nuneaton not farre from Callowdon where this lord then lived, as a forraigne spye or intelligencer; One Edward Pynne then a schoolmaster in Nuneaton, publiquely before two Justices of the peace affirmed That O-neale should in private request him to goe to this lord Berkeley in his name, and bid him come and help him, hee then going towards the comon gaole: which brought this lord some trouble and danger: but in the end hee was discharged by the privy Counsell, And Pynne the Schoolmaster laid open to bee a lewd and sactious knave.
- 3. The greatest part of this lords abiding after his mothers death, happening in the fixth year of Queen Elizabeth, was at Callowdon till his own death in the eleaventh of king James; from whence once in two or three years hee used in July to come to Berkeley, not comonly by one way, lodging in his journeys at the houses of gentlemen his freinds and acquaintances, As at Claredon, Milcote, Clifford, Sainbury, Shirborne, Saperton, Lackhampton, Cassies Compton, Gloucester, Ellmore, strongester, Lasseborrow. Downamny, and some others, by bending his journeys sometimes on the one hand and sometimes on the other. It was an innate disposition in him to avoid lodging at Comon Innes; In his last daies Journey to Berkeley I have often attended, when I have observed him met by the way and accompanied with 300, 400, and 500, horse of his kindred freinds and tenants ere hee came to Berkeley town, though he usually set forth from Callowdon with seldome above sourteen or sixteen; which confluence of trayne, how it daily doth and more is like to degenerate, let his posterity observe and declare to their generacons.
- 4. Aing James the 14th of August in the first of his raigne, Anno 1603, made this lord Henry Lievtenant of the County of Glouc.; whose deputies were, Strichard

Richard Berkeley knight and William Dutton of Shirborne Efqt, authorized from him by his feverall writings of deputation under his hand and feale.

In the 26th of May in the 7th yeare of his raigne, the faid king James by his other fres patents of new granted to this lord the faid Office of Leivtenancy within the faid County and within the Citie of Gloucester, more amply then at first: Both which remaine in Berkeley Castle under the great seale of England.

5. Conthing all passages in that office and authority of Leiv- | tenancy his 837 Sollicitor for his better dispatches kept certaine books, wherin all tres from the 4 libri in Castro king the privy Confell or any others and his answers were entred; and also how each particular gentleman and other inhabitants of that County, and in the County of the Citie of Glouc., aswell of the Clergy and Laity, were charged with armes, foote, or horse; And of what age Stature and abillity each one in that county was of, were likewife particularly expressed, with such other remembrances as feemed incident to that honorable office; And also what foldiers were during his leivtenancy fent into Ireland, and how furnished and at what rates and how raised; wherein to ye honor of his memory I will tell his posterity, That in fending of one hundred foldiers in the fixth of king James for Ireland, hee observed that some were pressed out of malice and displeasure, and for other unapproveable ends; whereupon calling all the foldiers togeather to Glouc, then accompanied with one hundred gentlemen at least of the county, hee openly published before them all, That if hee might understand of any that had given money to stay, hee should stay, for hee would not have any to goe and loofe his money alfoe; And if any there could prove himself to bee pressed by Constable or other for malice or displeasure, or for other private ends, hee should not goe; By which means hee having difcovered many of both kinds, hee caufed restitution of the money taken to bee made to a peny, but fent that foldier that gave it; And released divers of fuch as appeared to bee maliciously pressed, saying, (then in sadnes without dissembling,) That none of what quality foever should make his authority an instrument of quittance or revenge: And laftly, as each of those foldiers was called by name and deliver'd to their conductor, hee caused my self to put 12d the peice into the hand of every foldier out of his own purse; which course drew upon him a world of good words praifes and prayers from each one prefent: And I also remember that at that instant of departure, one of the soldiers openly greived and wept at his going, which

de Berkeley.1

¹ This interefting Volume is now in the possession of Reginald Cholmondeley, of Condover Hall, Co. Salop, Efq., Smyth's lineal difcendant.—See Pedigree, Vol. I. Preface. [Ed.]

all the other 99 observing, they fell upon him with opprobious words, of Coward, Cotquene, milksopp, dishwash, and the like, and with one unanimous request befought this lord That so base a Coward might not bee of their bond; whereupon, having been disrobed of his Armes, hee was with much reproach | sent home, and another put into his place: for which supplies, if occasions so required, this lord had to that instant kept three or sower in store.

6. The Maior of Wotton hath usually a Mace of filver borne before him by the Serjeant of that burrowe, with the Armes of the lord of that Town on the lower end thereof; which were the lord Lisles, And so had from the time of Henry the fixth continued till the first of Queen Elizabeth, when that old Mace was sold, and a new made with the Armes of this lord engraven that year upon it: which againe in the 15th year of that Queens raigne, upon the losse of that burrowe town was defaced, And a new Mace made with the Armes of the then Earles of Warr and Leic! engraven thereupon, which continued till the 8th year of king James; And then was that mace againe excluded, and a new bought, (much longer then any of the rest,) with the Armes of this lord Henry engraven thereupon. To which last alteration my advice was guided by the president of the sisteenth of Elizabeth formerly mentioned; what time also the prudent officers of those two Earles drew into their hands each lease and Copy formerly made in any of those manors, then recovered against him, whereto the name of Berkeley was, to extirpe the rather the memoriall of that name: Howbeit that divine providence that often turneth the

fol: 782.

amongst the law fuits of this lord.

Carta in castro de Berkeley. 7. Charles Howard Earle of Nottingham, high Admirall of England, by his patent dated the 14th of November, 1603, in the first year of king James, constituted this lord Henry his vice Admirall upon the river of Seavern throughout the county of Glouc.; which hee enjoyed till his death. Whose Steward my felf was therein.

actions of men to other ends then they were intended, hath of late years brought all the fame into Berkeley castle in great files and bundles, to the perpetuating of that name whereof they intended noe memoriall, as in part is before touched

8. In May - 1609. in the 7th year of king James this lord caused a view to bee taken of all manner of trees growing upon any of | his tenants lands holden of him, by Indenture or by Copy, in the counties of Glouc. and Somset, and upon what ground

1 A man who busies himself with women's affairs. [Ed.]

Lib[e]r vocaï le Woodbooke in castro de Berkeley. ground, with an estimate of their value; And what trees had been cut by any tenant within three years before, and how they had been imployed; which providence begot a faire book shortly after written by Willim Archard one of my Clarks, and prevented many of those wasts that tenants ordinarily do comitt, and lords neglect to punish.

9. If box afcertaine this noble lords posterity that I spent a month and more, Monies raised. in tumbling over all fuch bookes of Officers and Ministers accompts as might informe mee and I them, what the totall fum was of all moneys which came to this lords hands, and were raifed in rents, fines, heriots, fales of Coppice woods, and of timber, and in the fales of the lands hee made, in the benevolences of his tenants thrice given him, and lones (never repayed,) And in the Aydes hee had from his freeholders, monies paid for Confirmation of Customs of Bosham, Auconbury and ffenystanton manors, And for such wardships, releefes, and other casualties as happened and came to his Coffers and were put into accompt, from the first of Queen Mary to his death in the eleventh of king James, the space of threescore years; And that the totall thereof cometh to two hundred and fixty thousand and five hundred pounds: And withall, that I am confident (out of the industry of my labors therein) that I have not erred two thousand pounds: Telling also his posterity out of mine own knowledge, for thirty years before hee dyed, That whatfoever money this lord received or after iffued out, it was exactly fet down in writing, And at his generall Audit at the years end cast into the Accompt of his receivor generall: And that for fuch ready monies not otherwife iffued but delivered to himfelfe, which was the half of his yearly revenue at the leaft, That hee not only kept with himself a booke of the receipt thereof, and from whose hands it came, and of what nature it was, but also how each peny thereof was paid out by himself againe, whether deliver'd to the Steward of the houshold, purveyor, Clarke of the Kitchen or Cator, or otherwife iffued, for which they againe accompted: Only what thereof hee would should bee concealed, hee entred (as being put into his purse;) Some of these books and accompts are in Berkeley Castle, but more of them came after his death, (much against | my desire,) to the hands of his two executors, S. William 840 Cooke and S: Thomas Effcourt; with whose executors the same still remaine as I conceive: The ufe and application whereof I leave to his grandchild and heire and

fol: [885]

10. I map not omit the mentioning of this lords fynes recoveries and other Fines&recoveries conveyances for the establishment of his own lands, because the ready finding thereof

his posterity, as under that title after followeth.

thereof in one bundle togeather cannot but bee very ufefull to his posterity, whereat I only ayme.

exempl: in castro de Berkeley. Michas rec in scacio cum rem thes: 9. Eliz: rot. 169.

As how in Trinity terme in the first year of Queen Elizabeth this lord leavyed a fine fur conusans de droit of the manor of Simondsall, to Thomas stransham and William Porter, by the names of the man! of Symondsall, And of 1200 acres of land, 100. acres of meadow, 500. acres of pasture, and of 200. acres of wood, with the appurtents, in Symondsall and Wotton underedge; which was for confirmation of a lease for three score years made to S! Thomas Parry of Symondsall sarme, in revercon of one other then in being for divers years to come.

See fol: 743.

Licent. dat: 16: Apr: 7: Eliz: Pafch: rec: 8. Eliz: rot. 73. cum rem. thesaur in scacio. Michmas terme in the 7th and 8th of Elizabeth this lord levyed a fine to William Porter and Savage of his manors of Slimbridge, Hurst, Came, Cowley, and Sages: And granted by an Indenture dated the 20th of May in the same yeare, an Anuity of sorty pound p Anñ, out of those manors to Edward Berkeley of Bradley and Elizabeth his wife for their lives, in recompence of their surrender of the custody of Hawpark, which with the herbage at ten pound rent this lord had sormerly given unto them; The licence of which sine cost this lord—82li 15s.06d.

Triñ: 13. Eliz:
rot: 1055. in
banco.
Ind: irrot. in Canĉ
15. Eliz:
et. 16. Eliz: ps 36.
claus: rot:
michas: 15. Eliz:
rot: 1960. in banco.

In Trinity Terme in the 13th of Elizabeth this lord fuffered Comon recoveries of the Castle and hundred of Berkeley, and of the mants of Berkeley, Alkington, Ham, Hinton, Wotton underedge ats Wotton Serjeant, and of Wotton ats Wotton sforren, and Erlingham: And in Michimas terme in the 15th of Elizabeth of the manors of Daglingworth, Tetbury, Bitton, and Hannam: The uses whereof by severall Indentures were to himself in taile with remainders to his daughters, (his fon Thomas not then born, nor hoped for.)

Hill: 37. Eliz: rot.
106. in fc²cio.
Triñ rec: 38. Eliz:
rot: 123. cm rem
thefaur in fc²cio.
Pardon 6. Junij
36. Eliz: in Canc.

In the 22th of Elizabeth a fine fur conufans de droit was leavyed (inter alia) by Robert Earle of Leicester to Sir John Huband knight, John Dudley and John Nuthall Esq., of the Castle and manor of Kellingworth and divers other lands in the County of Warr, and in other counties, And of the moitie of the manors of Wotton underedge and Simondsall, And of the moitie of the Burrow and forren of Wotton with their rights members and appurtenants in Wotton, Nibley, Cromhall, or elsewhere in the County of Gloucester.

Hill: 37: Eliz: rot: 92: cm rem thesaur in scacio.

In Trinity Terme in the 34th of Elizabeth a fine was leavyed of the moitie of the manors of Wotton and Symondfall by S. Christopher Blount and the lady

Lettice

Lettice his wife, Countes of Leicester, to Edward Barker and John Wakeman Efgrs, of the estate for life of the said Lettice of the moitie of the manors of Wotton underedge and Symondfall, and of the Burrow and Hundred of Wotton, and of 300. messuages, 200. cottages, 6. mills, 6. dovehouses, 200. gardens, 200. orchards, 1000. acres of land, 400. acres of meadow, 400. acres of pasture, 800 acres of wood, and of 1000, acres of furres and heath, with their appurtenants in Sinwell, Combe, Wortley, Nibley, Serncliffe, Cromhall, Horton, and Baies in Horton, Wotton underedge, Simondfall and Wotton, And of the moitie of the advowfon of the church of Wotton.

In the 30th of Elizabeth, a fine was leavyed by Anne Countes of Warrwick Trin: 39. Eliz: to her fervants Vincent and Vaughan, of three messuages, three mills, and 330. thesaur in scacio. acres of land, in Berkeley, Cam, Alkington, Wike, Newport, Stinchecomb, and Dursley; which in trinity Terme after was pleaded in the Exchequer to bee for the confirmation of two leafes made by her to Arnold Oldifworth and Richard Danford, of the two meffuages of Corrietts in Cam, and of Holts in Alkington.

rot: 91. cm rem.

In Michmas Terme in the 44th and 45th of Elizabeth, A fine fur conusance de droit was levyed by Thomas Stephens and John Hunt to Thomas Gaddesden and Eustace Grubb, of the manor of Sages, Rowles Court and new leyes, by the names of eight meffuages, three cottages, three tofts, two dovehouses, nine gardens, ten Orchards, 300. acres of land, 100. acres of meadow, 200. acres of pasture, fix acres of wood, and twenty shillings rent, in Slimbridge, Kingston, Cam, Gossington, Hurst, Berkeley and Hinton.

Hilt: 45. Eliz: rot in scacio. Michas. 44. Eliz: in banco: rot: 10. Licent: dat. 1. Sept. 44. Eliz: irrotulat, in terme hillar postea in ſcªcio

In Hill: terme in the 7th of king James Robert Sidney knight, viscount Lisle, and Barbara his wife, and William their fon and heire, (fince dead without iffue,) and this lord Henry and Thomas his fon and heire, levyed a fine fur conufans de droit to William Dutton Efq! and John Smyth, of the manors of Wotton, als Wotton underedge, ats Wotton fforren, Symondfall, Came, Hinton, Cowley, Erlingham, Slimbridge, Hurst and Sages, And of the Burrow of Wotton, and of two water mills, 800. acres of land, 500 acres of meadow, 1000. acres of pasture, 200. acres of wood, 500 acres of furres and heath, 1011: rent, views of frankpledge, goods and chattells of felons, and of fugitives and outlawed perfons, deodands, free warren, faires, marketts, and wrecks of Sea, and piscaries, with their appurtenants in Wotton ats Wotton underedge, ats Wotton fforren, Simondfall, Erlingham, Slimbridge, Sages, Hurst, Gossington, Cam, Cambridge, Holts, Berkeley, Hinton, Alkington, Wike.

842 Hill: 7. Jac: Recovery: Pasch: 8. Jac: rot. 57. Licence to alien I Sept: 7. Jac:

Wike, Stichcomb, Stancombe, Nybley ats Northnybley, Serncliffe, Uley, Dursley, Combe, Wortley, Huntingford, Sinwell, Bradley, Kingscote, Cromhall, Horton, Horwood, and Baies with their appurtients in the County of Glouc.; And the next Terme after a recovery of the premises.

Inq: 11: Jac
post mort
Henrici dni
Berkeley in Canc.
Licence to alien,
dat. 1. Julij. 10.
Jac. in Canc:
Trin: Terme: 11.
Jac: in se²cio cm
rem thes:
all alienations are
pleaded and
discharged.

James levyed a fine fur conusans de droit to Thomas Spencer Esq! and Thomas Ligon, To the use of this lord Henry and his heires, of the manors of Wotton als Wotton underedge als Wotton Forren, Simondfall, Cam, Hinton, Cowley, Slimbridge, Hurst and Sages with the appurtenants; And of the burrow of Wotton, and of the other p!ticulers as in the fine to them formerly mentioned is expressed; many of which, (besides the originals which are in Berkeley castle,) are also found in the offices of Sir Thomas Berkeley and of this lord Henry after their deaths in . 9. and 11° Jacobi Regis.

Hiff: 10. Jac: in Sc²čio čm rem thefaur: rot. In the 10th of king James was put into a plea into the Exchequer for avoiding a charge upon Oakley park, Wotton, Hackmill, &c., as Seymors lands exchanged with king Edward the fixth, which to know, is like to bee of use.

Sojournings 843 Reither may I omit the divers fojournings of this lord at the houses of his kinsmen and freinds, whereby hee both eased his purse and tooke | a cleanly occation as a freind to shake of such impudents as hanged overlonge and unmannerly upon his table and stable, as to rid his house of wastfull and disorderly fervants; and such as were not conformable to his tenets in religion, whom the popish inclination of an ancient gentlewoman many years attendant on his wise, and extraordinarily savored by her, had drawn into his samily; not otherwise without an houshold storme to have been soe calmly put of. The first in the time of Queen Mary this lord and his wise sojourned with the old Duke of Norsolke till hee dyed, at Keninghall in Norsolke; And after his death for the last year of Queen Mary and somewhat before, with the Countes of Surrey his wives mother at Rysing in Norsolke aforesaid.

In the 11th and 12th years of Queen Elizabeth this lord with his wife and family fojourned with S! Thomas Ruffell at Stransham. In the 26th and 27th of Elizabeth this lord with his wife and family sojourned with his cozen germaine St. John Savage at Baraper in Hampshire; And in the 41th and 42th of Elizabeth with M! sfeilding at Newnham.

Lastly,

Lastly, for most part of the fourth, fifth, fixth, and feventh years of king James, hee fojourned with Mr. Peito at the white fryars in Coventry; and at Stoke, a mile from Callowdon; at which times hee was maryed to his last wife.

Some other short removes this lord had with other of his freinds, here omitted, but not for above half a years continuance at a time: one of which was occationed upon a letter which in the later daies of Queen Elizabeth hee received from that reverend prelate Doctor Whitguift Archbishop of Canterbury, gravely advising him to take notice of the dispositions of his fervants and his wives waiting woemen in matter of their conformity in religion; And how comely and honorable it would bee to fee himfelf and his wife attended upon at fervice and fermons by his wholl family, praying his lordship to take from him the occation of a second admonition, which hee by the means aforefaid fairly did: which tre this lord once showed mee.

12. Maurice lord Berkeley the fixth of that name did in the 7th of king Henry the 8th give the Rectory of Kegworth to Christ Colledge in Cambridge, now worth 250 P. Anñ; In which grant it was agreed, That as often as the church should become void the Colledge | should within one month name two able Clerkes of their 844 Colledge to the faid lord, and his heires, by writing under their comon feale; which lord should within fix days after by his writing appoint one of them two to have the faid benifice: Hawford the Incumbent dies in the 25th of Elizabeth, And the Colledge raifed a question whether their two Clerks should come personally or not, And thereupon fent their nomination to this lord in writing, neither of whom hee would make choice of without fight of their persons: At last this difference coming to the determination of Gawdy and Ailyffe the two Judges of that circuite, they determined, That as often as the faid Church of Kegworth should bee void, the Colledge should fend with their writing of nominacon the fd two Clerkes personally to this lord and his heires, being in England, and not in ward; which I remember was in the 4th of king James foe done, when Barwell, yet there living, obtained the

13. This lord about the 16th of Queen Elizabeth advising with Jeffry Ithell his Auditor and two others his ancient officers touching his houshold affaires, was by Ithell amongst other Counsells advised to be attended with none of his kindred, if hee could avoid them; for, quoth hee, experience tells, that fuch will doe little, and expect much, and think a great reward too short, tho' the merit of their service bee none at all; which speech coming to bee divulged amongst the servants in the house.

Kegworth Advowson.

nomination from this lord.

house, malice forthwth added, That Ithell also advised this lord never to keep fervant above two yeares, for afterwards their diligence would abate and they bee ever begging; words hee spake not: But being from hand to hand delivered and beleived by credulous fervants, Ithell ever after had each officer of house and stable against him and his horses, when ever hee came for thirty years after; Which I here remember as a double caution for after Counsellors to private lords, To keep more secret their advises, And to overlooke the company before they speake freely.

845 Wages and Liveries 14. The standing yearly wages of this lord to his houshold | fervants were ordinarily five marks to a gentleman, sower marks to a yeoman, and sourty shillings to a groome, with a tawny coate for summer and a white frize coat for winter lyned with crimson tasaty; which I note for difference between times so lately past and these I write in, and which this samily is surther like to see in it self: And thereby with more caution to regulate their revenues: and yet sewe Peeres of this lords time were ferved with better qualifyed gentlemen and yeomen then I have known this lord to bee; which I might the better note, for that I was his steward of houshold from the death of his first wife till my marriage, and the coming of M. John Creswell who succeeded mee.

Worthy Parke Red Deere

15. Queen Elizabeth in her progresse time in the sisteenth of her raign came to Berkeley Castle, what time this lord Henry had a stately game of red deere in the park adjoyning called the Worthy, whereof Henry Ligon was keeper; during which time of her being there, fuch flaughter was made, as-27. flagges were flaine in the Toiles in one day, and many others in that and the next stollen and havoked: whereof when this lord Henry, then at Callowdon, was advertised, having much set his delight upon that game, hee fodainly and passionatly in discontent disparked that ground: But in fewe monthes after, hee had a fecret freindly advertizem! from the Court, That the Queen was informed how the fame was foe difparked by him in repyning at her coming to his house, (for indeed it was not in her Jests,) and at the good fport shee had in that parke; Advising this lord to carry a wary watch over his words and actions, least that, that Earle (meaning Leicester) that had contrary to her fet Jests drawn her to this Castle, and purposely had caused that slaughter of his deere, might have a further plott against his head and that Castle, whereto hee had taken noe fmall liking, and affirmed to have good title thereto, And was not farre from his manor of Wotton, lately recovered against him: whereof when this lord Henry many years after told mee, I remembred him of the story of Thomas Burdets white bucke in his park of Arrow in Warrwickshire, which hee greatly efteemed,

esteemed, killed by king Edward the fourth in the 18th yeare of his raigne; upon the first hear- | ing whereof M. Burdet in discontent wished the bucks head and 846 horns in the belly of him that moved the king to kill it; and how that upon the misconstruction of those words hee was accused of treason, attainted and beheaded; whereto this lord, more perfect in the ftory then my felf, replyed; Like foddaine passions made little difference between our words and wishes; but that Burdet had been a great freind and Counfellor to the Duke of Clarence the kings brother, when between them there was bitter enmity, which to revenge, the king (faid this lord) made these words but his colour to take off Burdets head.

16. About the 23th of Queen Elizabeth, the lady Katharine wife to this lord, Bourne the Wizard by ill advice, wrote a fecret tre to one old Bourne, then dwelling in the forrest of Arden in Warrwickshire, who (though falsly) was with many reputed a conjurer, witch, or foreteller of events, and of the periods of Princes lives; fending the fame by John Bott her fervant, with direction to fee her tre burned, and Bournes answer to bee returned in writing. Bott ignorant of the contents most dishonestly opened the fre, and kept it to himself, delivering the substance thereof to Bourne by word of mouth, with the reward fent to him; what answer Bot brought back (a lye noe doubt) or what hee changed, or added thereto I know not: But this I know that a fewe years after, Bot was cast out of service, and by this lord Henry called to accompt about his receipts and difbursments in the new buildings adjoyning to Callowdon house, and of the gate house and other outhouses whereof hee had the overlight; And touching his purveyance of Beoves and muttons, which hee for many years had made for this lords house: Bot, not able as it feemed to cleare his reconings, caufed this lady by a gentlewoman ever near and deare unto her, and who had urged and perhaps wrote that tre, to understand that unles shee would take him off from those accompts, hee would reveale her fre written to that wizard Bourne where neither her lady nor her felf should answer it. The lady and her gentle- | woman supposing that Bourne had both received and burned the tre, 847 defired of Bot to fee it, not feeming to remember the contents thereof: But Bot, not intending to trust either of their hands therewth, offered for satisfaction to shewe the same to Mr. Anne Try, another Ancient waiting gentlewoman, and in good favour also with her lady, and cozen to the other, but could badly read; which being accepted, Bot freindly invited into his chamber a younge man under 18. years of age, and lately become a fervant to the ladies fon by Botts meanes, at whose fathers house hee had often lodged as hee travelled to faires and marketts in those parts; and obtained of him fecretly to copy out that fre, in a like Romane hand, not imparting

parting to him more then barely to copy it out; But that younge man fufpecting fomewhat then and getting a little more inckling forthwith after, having observed where Bot laid up the originall fre, fecretly got into Botts chamber found the fre and forthwith burned it indeed; M. Try made relation of the contents, which being well enough remembred, the lady made Bots peace with her husband; But when it appeared that hee had not the originall fre to deliver up, as hee had vowed to do, the whole builines was disavowed and Bot threatned with punishment as the author of foe great a fcandall; yet at last hee was discharged, and all couched under silence; The copy also was burned, it never being further known either who wrote it or what became of the original fre. The profitable use that may bee gathered herehence shall appear under the proper title.

dangers escaped

17. This Lord Henry had three great deliverances from iminent death, as in his middle age hee would often comfortably remember; The first whereof was in Kingfwood chace neare Briftoll, (where himfelf under Queen Elizabeth was ranger,) as hee was gallopping upon a full fpeed through the fearne and brakes there to have rated the forehead of his hounds then in chafe after a wronge bucke. fecond was not farre from his manor of Callowdon in Warrwicksh! then also in a fwift gallop after his hounds hunting the hare. At both which times, the gelding 848 hee rode on, called Brimsley, (than which, I never knew a better,) being within less then his length first of an old Colepit unfilled up, hid from sight by those brakes, fudainly (in an inftant as it were) upon the glimpfe thereof threw himfelf flat upon his fide: As likewise the second time the same gelding did, upon the like glimpse of a deepe pit of water like a well, kept also from fight by like fearne and weeds; no other way in mans reafon (as himfelf would fay,) being for his prefervation then the geldings foe casting down himself, without hurt at either time to his rider; neither of those pits being by this lord discerned till hee was tumbling on the ground: The third was neare Holborne bridge in the parish of S! Andrewes in London, what time his Coach horses in a furious course down Holborne hill, having cast off the Coachman, had run the coach and themselves besides that bridge into a desparate downfall, (as the passage at that time was,) if Laughan his Irish footman, (a man of extraordinary strength and footmanship,) had not by as swift a course and strength overborne the foremost horses against the coine end of a wall, which at that time flood neare the faid bridge: Whereunto may bee added a fourth preservation, not much inferior to the former, not 4 months before his death, which fee in fol: 872 the title of his iffue. This Laughan is that footman which 40 years past, upon the ficknes of the lady Katharine this lords wife, carried a tre from Callowdon to old

40

Doctor

Doctor ffryer a physicion then dwelling in little Brittaine in London, and returned with a glass bottle in his hand compounded by the Doctor for recovery of her health, (a journey of 148, miles performed by him in less then 42 houres,) notwithstanding his stay of one night at the physition and Apothecaries houses, which noe one horse could have soe well and safely performed; for which the lady shortly after gave him a new fuite of Clothes.

- 18. Such was the humanity of this lord, That in times of Christmas and other festivalls when his neighbour Townships were invited and feasted in his hall, hee would in the midst of their dinner rise from his own, and going to each of their tables in his hall, cheerfully bid them welcome: And his further order was, | having 849 guests of honor of remarkeable ranke that filled his own table, to feat himself at the lower end; And when fuch guests filled but half his bord, and a meaner degree the rest of his table, then to seat himself the last of the first rank and the first of the latter, which commonly was about the midft of his longe table neare the falt; This I tell his posterity, the better to know the practice of that time, and the posture of this their noble ancestor beloved by all good men.
- 19. This Lord having M. Lapworth his accustomed phisitian, (father of Doctor Lapworth of Oxford that now is,) at his house, (himself keeping his chamber,) commanded his Steward of houshold to bee carefull of his entertainment; faying, that hee would not have his physitian for his health sake, his sollicitor for his estates fake, nor his chaplin for his foules fake, to bee unregarded: which not well relishing with his chollericke Steward, because himself was not ranked in that Cattalogue, hee used ever after to welcome them, as persons priviledged from his lords displeasure, but their horses with noe better provender.

His Wives.

This lords mother having bought the wardship of the body of this lord her fon of Mich: rec: 14. Thomas Earle of Suffex, to whom Henry the 8th had granted the same as hath been faid and already written, provided for his wife Katharine, third daughter of Henry Howarde Earle of Surrey and of ffrances his wife daughter of John Vere Earle of Oxford; which Henry was beheaded at tower hill (in the life-time of Thomas Duke of Norfolk his father, then also prisoner in y. Tower,) the 19th of January, 1547. in the 38th of Henry the 8th, but nyne daies before the death of that king.

Eliz: rot: 72. in ſc²čio. fol: [720]

This Lady Katharine (then of the age of fixteen) hee married at Kenynghall 850 in Norfolke in September in the fecond year of Queen Mary; And (as I have been Anno: 1554. informed,

informed, by the bed fide of the faid noble Duke her grandfather, who gave her in marriage as hee lay in bed, then grown weake with age and ficknes; who having been toffed to and fro between the reciprocall ebbs and flowes of variable fortunes, not longe after finished his race of mortality in the same place.

Act in Berkeley castle under the great Seale.

This Lady Katharine was, at the parliament in the first year of Queen Elizabeth, by an unprinted act restored in bloud, occasioned by the attainder of her said father.

Act: parl: 13. Eliz: in Canc:

The portion which shee brought in marriage was not great, neither had shee any Joynture assured to her before the 13th of Elizabeth; At what time by act of parliament were settled upon her for her life in lieu of Dower, the manors of Segrave, Sileby, Mountsorrell, Melton Mowbray, Dalby Chawcomb, Coldoverton, Witherley, and the hundred of Goscote in the County of Leicester; And the manors of Auconbury, Weston, Fenystanton, and Hilton in the County of Huntington; And the manors of Bosham, Thorney, and ffuntington in the County of Sussex; And the manor of Callowdon in the County of the Citie of Coventry; And the manors of Kington magna, stlekenhoe, and Thurlaston in the County of Warr; And the manor of Bretby in the County of Derby; And the manors of Bitton and Hannam, Mangottesseild, Daglingworth, Tetbury, and newparke, in the county of Glouc.; And the manor and hundred of Portbury in the County of Somerset; Which Joynture was two years after enlarged with the manors of Ham, Arlingham, and some others.

Carta: 8. Nov: 15. Eliz: irrot in Canc. 15. et. 16. Eliz: 36 ps. claus: rolls.

At which time this lord having only three daughters, estated the inheritance of his whole lands to discend upon them for defalt of iffue male of his own body, under which vaile hee wrought that inlargement as after more perticularly is mentioned.

fpringe and autumne of her life, but a little inclin- ing towards an high colour; her haire fomwhat yellowish; of pace the most stately and upright all times of her age that ever I beheld; of stomacke great and haughty, no way diminishing the greatnes of her birth and marriage by omission of any ceremony, at diet or publike prayers; whose book I have usually observed presented to her with the lowest curtesses that might bee, and on the knees of her gentlewoman: of great expence and bounty beyond the means of continuance, of speech passing Eloquent and ready; whom in many years I could never observe to misplace or seem to recall one mistaken.

taken, misplaced or mispronounced word or fillable; And as ready and fignificant under her pen; forty of whose letters at least at severall times I have received; her invention as quick as her first thoughts, And her words as ready as her invention; Skillfull in the french, but perfect in the Italian tongue, wherein shee most defired her daughters to bee instructed; At the lute shee played admirably, and in her private chamber would often finge thereto, to the ravishment of the hearers; we'h (to her knowledge) were feldom more then one or two of her gentlewomen; Howbeit I have known divers of her fervants fecretly hearkening under her windows and at her chamber doore; whom her husband hath fomtimes there found, and privately flayed amongst them; of which number three or fower times my felf hath been one.

And the more to verify what is written of this lady Katharine, I will infert verbatim one of her fres written to my felf during the treaty of the marriage about her only fon, which her posterity shall find cast by mee into their evidence house in Berkeley castle. John Smyth, I have received your fre, but doe not think good to shew it to my lord least hee should leave his suits in law wherof I have foe good hope to a dangerous event, with an imagination that out of his own Judgment hee could conclude a profitable end upon the overture now made: These imaginations you know have not produced the best effects: If the motion for my fons marriage proceed, I doe then beleive the politicke lady will bee glad to come to an end; yet An: Co: of War: doe I fear her proffer rather proceeds of policy then from fincere meaning: I have observed that when shee sees any thing bending to our good, then shee proffers an agreement, and yet proceeds in lawe with all extremity.

Write weekly by the carier what is done with S. George Carey; I beleive 852 fhee hath heard fomwhat of that motion about our children, which makes this fained proffer of reference, but in any wife goe on with fuch circumfpection in our law fuites that shee may take noe advantage, and then leave the successe to God. I am very desirous to know what S! George Carey intendeth to doe, not that I would have him know that I doe earnestly seek his resolution, for such forwardnes in mee will make him the more sparing in his offers: I doe affect the motion with that difcretion, that I wish it as well for my lords comodity as my fons, but to the last I have the greatest regard.

My lord now writes to buy a fuite of apparell for my fon, wherein I would have good regard used, to bee of the fashion, fightly, fit for a young man, and of a good

a good shewe; not too costly, not too meane, rather costly then too meane; I hope it shall bee used for some cause of comfort.

I have fent you here enclosed—10s to buy Ciceroes sentences, bound faire and of a good print; bee carefull of the rest of my books, and sollow my lords suits with diligent endeavours.

I hope M! Chamberlaine will use the matter according to my last speech with him, that my lord shall not bee sent for to come to London: If hee doe, his expences will bee great and his causes rather hindred then surthered, not only law causes, but the motion for my fon; hee is plodding upon many changes of devises, not of the best, which I seek to remove what I may; some of them, if they should bee put in practice, would dash all proceedings; being here with mee I can perswade somewhat, but at London younge crafty Courtiers will lay baites which will bee swallowed with danger; the safest way is to keep him from London, soe tell him. Callowdon this present sunday in haste. May. 1595.

And in another of her tres to mee a few weeks after, hath thus; Whosoever intends to match with my fon shall only deale with my lord and mee: Meanes of motioning of marriages there must bee, and that hath been M! Chamberlyn from S! John Spencer, And now the wholl proceeding shall bee by my lord and mee, and S! George Carey; hee is my kinsman whom I love, and | ever have found freindly; ffor conclusion, if all offers bee performed, with direct dealing, upon their motion, to my lord and mee, by some sufficient freind on their side, my good will shall appear in all reasonable fort, being not to my lords prejudice, and the parties likeing upon sight: Let my answer bee delivered according to the contents of my tre without either adding or diminishing, my intent is honorable and plaine.

In the first twenty years after her marriage shee was given to all manner of delights beseeming her birth and calling, as before hath been touched; But after the beheading of the Duke of Norsolke her brother, and the frownes which State government had cast upon the rest, and others of her dearest kindred, with the harsh recoveries (or rather wrestings) of her husbands possessions, as hath been declared, (then grown towards thirty eight or forty years,) shee retired her felf into her chamber and private walks; which each saire day in garden, park, and other solytaries, for her sett houres, shee constantly observed: not permitting either her gentleman usher, gentlewoman, or any other of her house to come nearer

to

to her then their appointed distance; When the wether permitted not abroad, shee observed the same order in her great Chamber or gallary.

In her elder years shee gave her felf to the study of natural philosophy and Aftronomy. And (the better to continue her knowledge in the latin tongue) in reading over her grammer rules hath three or fower times called mee to explaine fomething therein, that she feemed not fully to apprehend; And in Hillary Terme Aº 37. Eliz. I bought for her a globe, Blagraves mathematicall Jewell, a quadrate, Compass, Rule, and other instruments, wherein shee much delighted her felf till her death.

I remember about three years before her death, one of her fingers in the two foremost joynts put her to much paine, which caused her to fend for an excellent Chirurgeon from Coventry, who told her plainly, That either it must bee cut of by the palme of the hand, or elfe be launced all alonge to the bare bone; which latter though farre more painfull shee made choice of; At the time appointed her Surgeon defired her to fit, and that some of her strongest | servants might hold her, for the 854 paine would bee extreame: To whom shee replyed, spare not you in performing your part, and leave the rest to mee: Shee held out her hand, hee did his office, shee never blenched or so much as seemed to take notice of the paine; At which Romanlike magnanimity and fortitude of mind, the Surgeon feemed incredibly to wonder, as often after hee told my felf and others.

Being in the 16th of Elizabeth the mother of three daughters, and almost without hope of more children, especially of a son, which shee for continuance of her house and husbands name much defired, extreamly greiving that the male line of this ancient family should end in her default, as shee accounted it, Shee acquainted M. Francis Aylworth therewith, then of Kington magna in Warwickshire, a little old werish man, but an excellent well read and practiced Chirurgeon and physitian, And for many years a gentleman living in her house; hee gave her hope of Conception, yea of a fon, if shee and her lord would for a few months bee ruled by him; This in a private conference between them three was agreed upon and promifed to bee observed.

> Children are given to men It's God that giveth them.

Shee conceived and within one yeare after this communication brought forth a fon called Thomas, father of the lord George of whom I am next to write, to her un**fpeakable**

fpeakable comfort, but never conceived after; what time M: Aylworth told mee this story about ten years after at Callowdon, (which I have at second hand heard also that this lord hath privately told some others,) hee added, That some month or thereabouts before her time of delivery, shee sent for him and kept him with her, And hee, (out of what observation I know not) being consident shee went with a son, offered to wage with her ten pound to thirty pound, that soe it was; Shee accepted the offer, (most willing noe doubt to loose had the wager been thirty hundred;) Assoone as shee was delivered and understood it was a son, the first word shee spake was, carry Aylworth his thirty | pound, which purposely shee had laid ready in gold in her Chamber: This being the eleventh of July, Anno, 1575. Shee also prevailed with her husband to sell him the said manor of Kington magna in September sollowing, for 52015 which hee then held in lease for years, formerly by mee mentioned amongst this lords sale of his lands.

855
Anno: 17. Eliz:
fol: 820.

ffor the awing of her family, (I fay not regulating the expence according to the revenue,) and the education of youth, shee had noe com-peere, which I could much inlarge by many perticulers: I will only mention one inftance, That as my felf, in the 26th of Elizabeth (then about feventeen,) croffed the upper part of the gallery at the ffryars in Coventry where shee then dwelt, and walked, having a covered dish in my hands with her sons breakfast, wherewith I was hastening, and thereby prefented her, (then at the farther end,) wth a running legge or curtefy, as loth too longe to stay upon that duty, shee called mee back to her, and to make, ere I departed, one hundred leggs (foe to call them) at the leaft, And when I had done well and miffed the like in my next affay, I was then to begin againe; And fuch was her great noblenes to mee therein, (then a boy of noe defert lately came from a Country Schoole, and but newly entred into her fervice,) That to shew mee the better how, shee lifted up all her garments to the calf of her legg that I might the better observe the grace of drawing back the foot and bowing of the knee: At this time the anticke and apish gestures since used in salutations, nor the sfrench garbes of cringing, were not arrived nor expected in England: But which is worfe, your humble fervant in fubfcriptions of tres, hath fince that time almost driven your loving freind, quite out of England.

It cannot bee faid That any apparant vice was in this lady, But it may bee faid of a wife as of money, they are as they are used, helpers or hurters; money is a good servant but a bad master: And sure it is that shee much coveted to rule her husbands affaires at home and abroad, And to bee informed of the particular passages

of each of them, which fomtimes brought forth harflnes at home, and turning off of fuch fervants as fhee observed refractory to her intentions therein: As farre as was possible, shee had in her middle and elder years a desire to bee informed from the grooms of her husbands bedchamber and otherwise, of his speeches, dispatches, 856 and purpofes; few fines or Incombes from his tenants were raifed, and never any land fold, but shee had a fixt, 8th, or tenth thereout, unknown to him, so strictly held fhee obliged to her the fervants and Officers imployed under her husband. (I write mine own knowledge, for many of her last years,) And received the usage of former times from my fellow Comiffioners imployed in that kind many years before my observations; by us all difliked, but by none of us to bee helped. Most just it is, that all Toll should come into the right Tolldish: For the most part it salleth out That where wives will rule all they marre all, words I lately heard from wife lords in the Starchamber in the cases of the lady Lake, the Countesse of Suffolke, and fome others: These verses are ancient;

> Concerning wives, take this an certaine rule That if at first, you let them have the rule Your felf with them at last shall bear no rule Except you let them evermore to rule.

for many of her first years after marriage, shee was allowed from her husbands purse and his Receivors what shee spent and called for, but that proved more burthenfome then her husbands revenues could beare: After shee undertooke to amend much that was amifs, and became his Receivor generall, to whom all officers forraine and domestick made their Accompts, But that proving more unprofitable, foone blafted: Laftly shee had . 3001! by the yeare for her apparell and chamber expences, which allowance continued till her death.

After this lady had feen her fon, and two daughters maryed, growing by degrees into a kind of Dropfey or watery timpany, shee departed this life the 7th of Aprill in the 38th of Elizabeth, Anno, 1596. at Callowdon aforefaid, then of the age Anno: 1596. of ffifty eight years or thereabouts, And was buryed on Afcention day following, then the twentieth of May in Saint Michaills Church in Coventry with the greatest flate and | honor that for many years before had been feen in that Citie, or in those 857 parts of the kingdome, The manner whereof by direction of this lord Henry for his private fatisfaction (mourning all that time at Callowdon in his private chamber) I put into writing, A labour the more readily undergone, as the last fervice I could perform to the memory of her, who had to my younge years and education, both in

her

her house, at Oxford, and in the middle Temple continued my benefactrix by the pension of Ten pound per Ann: which here I present Verbatim, out of my rough draught as I delivered it fairer written to this lord Henry, the third day after the funerall, viz!:

A Declaration of the funerall of the lady Katharine Berkeley, as it was performed on Thursday the 20th of May, 1596. being Ascention day.

for Corps having continued at Callowdon in the Chamber where fhee dyed, honored with all accustomed Ceremonies as well by night as by day, from wednesday the 7th of Aprill before, on well day shee dyed, until the second evening before the funerall, when the Cossin with her whole body inclosed was privately by persons of good quality conveyed by night to Coventry to the house of Sampson Hopkins in the end of Earles Street; where honored with like ceremonies, it continued until the funerall houre, which was in manner following.

The wholl traine being, as travellers from Callowdon and other places, affembled by ten of the clock in the forenoon, were by Garter king at Armes and Chefter herauld, fet in order and directed thus to proceed from the faid house to the Church of S! Michaell, in this manner.

first went fix of your principall yeomen called the conductors of the traine, in longe black clokes, with black flaves in their hands, directed to conduct the traine all the length of that street, to the Barre yates, and thence to crosse cheeping, and foe through the north fide of Trinity churchyard, to the great west doore of 858 St Michaells church: Both fides of which paffage neare a quarter of a mile longe, was impaled by many thousands of people affembled to behold the honor thereof; Next after those fix conductors, in mourning gownes and Holland kercheefes, came 70 poore weomen; Then came thirty gentlemens fervants in black coats, Then followed the fervants of gentlemen and Efquires in black clokes; Next them the fervants of knights in black clokes also; Then came your Lops yeomen, And after them your gentlemen (all two by two) with fome of the lady Stranges gentlemen interplaced with them, yours being 74. whereof my felf went as one of her fecretaries; Then the officers of your houshold, as Clark of the kitchen, gentlemen of the horse, Auditor, and Steward, in their gowns and hoods, your Steward bearing a white rod in his hand: Next behind the Steward came M! Henry Beamont bearing the great banner of honnor; After him followed the Esquires and cheese gentlemen of the Country, as M! Clement ffisher, M! William Cotton, M! Elmes, M! ffulke Butteris,

young

young M! Beamont, &c. Then came your Lops Chaplins, And after them, and next before the Coffin, went Chefter herald affifted by M! Walter Denis as a necessary marshall to the better direction of the traine. The Coffin was borne by eight of your cheife gentlemen and yeomen, and supported by sower other gentlemen of most note; viz! M! Edward Deveroux, S! John Spencer, S! Thomas Leigh, and M! George Shirley your son in law.

Neere to the fower corners whereof, went fower Efq^{rs} vizt, Mt Robert Spencer fon and heire of the faid St John, Mt Bafell ffeilding of Newnham, Mt Samuell Marrowe, and Mt William Norwood, each of them bearing a Baneroll, with her Armes and your Lops quartered.

Next behind the Coffin came M. Richard White as her gentleman usher, with a small white rod in his hand, accompanied with the gentleman usher of the lady Strange, both of them bareheaded, between whom went Garter in his kingly Coate of Armes.

Next after them came the lady Strange, eldeft daughter to the late Earle of Borby, and for this day principall mourneresse, in her gown, mantle, trayne, hood, and tippet of blacke, and in her parys head, tippet, wimple, vaile, and barbe of fine lawne; on whose right hand went your son S! Thomas Berkeley, and on her lest hand your brother in law S! George Carey, supporting her by the Armes, called the two principall assistants, who were apparelled in their gowns, hoods and tippetts of finest black: Then came Mrs Audeley Denis bearing the trayne of the principall mourneresse, apparelled as an Esquiresse in her gowne and lyned hood of black, with a pleated kercheese and barbe of lawne.

Then came M^{rs} Elizabeth Berkeley your daughter in lawe, and the lady Carey, fide by fide, apparelled as Baronesses, and in all points futable to the principall Mourneresse, save that their traines were tucked up and not borne.

Then followed in femblable order M¹⁵ Deveroux and lady Leigh, apparelled as knights wives, in their black gownes, hoods, and tippetts, and in their round parys heads, boungrace, and barbes of fine lawnes.

In answerable order, next came M^{rs} Beomont and M^{rs} Spencer apparelled as knights wives like the former; which feaven were called the feaven principall mourneresses and estates of the suneralls.

Next

Next after whom in like correspondency, two by two, came fower Esquiresses, viz', Mr. ffeilding, Mr. ffisher, and her daughter, and Mr. Dilkes, apparelled as the trainbearer, save that they wanted hoods.

Then followed your late ladys gentlemen, the principall mournereffes two gentlewomen, knights and Efquires wives gentleweomen, all like apparelled in black gownes, kercheefes, and barbes of lawn, to the number of fourteen; And next after these came eight Chambermaids, servants to the estates and ladies aforesaid, in gowns and kercheifs of lawne only, All which were furnished at the only charges of your Liship.

After all these and last of all came M: Maior of Coventry, the Sherriffs, Aldermen and Comons in great number, & great proporcon.

In this order passed this traine with slow steps and frequent pauses to the church aforesaid, In the first Isle whereof stood the foresaid 70. poore weomen paling the passage on either side, through whom passed the whole action up to the east end of the church, where the pulpit was purposly placed, and also the hearse.

The 7. principall mournereffes were placed by M. Garter king at Armes within the inward raile of the hearfe with their faces towards the fame; And the rest of the Gentlemen, ministers to the funerall, were placed in the utter railes about two yards distant from the Pall of the Cossin; All others in seats adjoyning.

The company thus placed, And the pfalme ended, (which had received the corfe at the entrance into the Church,) your Chaplyn Edward Cowper afcended the pulpit, And towards the end of his learned fermon tooke a fit occation to fpeak of her learned and virtuous life, (a lady never known to diffemble or heard to fwere, which fpeech (modeftly carryed,) fealed also with the knowledge of many hundreds there prefent,) wrought fuch effect, That feldom hath been beheld a more forrowfull affembly at a fubjects funerall, nor teares more droping down.

The fermon ended another pfalme was begun, during which all fuch mourners as before are faid to weare heads of lawne, togeather with the two affiftants, walked in procession wife about the hearse: In which procession the waiting gentlewomen and chamber maids were severed from the rest, and aptly seated on one side the Isle extending to the offertory, where they continued till all ceremonies were ended:

But

But all the rest by their circuler walk were seated in their former places; which done, the offertory began, first by the principall mourneresse, and after by the other fix each conducted by M. Garter. Then were the banners offered up by fuch as formerly I have noted to beare them; which finished, M. Berkeley your eldest fon, was by M. Garter led to the offertory and there by him invested with the honor of his deceased mother, by delivery and acceptance of the banners and | other ceremonies; which done, and hee folemly conducted back to his former place, Then were next brought before the herfe the two principall officers of houshold, the steward and gentleman usher, who after many obeyfances and humble reverences, brake their rods, commending them to the custody of the corps and herse: which ceremony ended, the whole company arose, And in the order they came returned to M! Hopkins house aforesaid, and thence to Callowdon, where your Lop for them and many hundreds more had foe plentifully provided, That the excesse herein appeared, when with fuch dishes as for the most part passed untouched at former tables, more then one thousand poore people were plentifully fed the same afternoone: And thus have you performed that part of your late fre to her brother the lord Henry Howard, That as her life was honorable, foe you intended her funerall should bee. Finis. Thus the paper I delivered to this lord.

Per body was after interred in a vault in the northeast corner of that Church neare the drapers Chappell there; And I think it hardly possible to have all things better performed then were at this funerall, and after at the feast, wherein noe error was by any observed to bee committed, soe carefull were the fervants of this lord in their severall offices and charge comitted to them; who also for more comlines had attired themselves, the gentlemen in black fattin suites and black silk stockings with gold chaynes folded in black scarses, And the yeomen in silk rashes, grograns, and taffetyes, of black colours.

Reliquit nomen, narrantur laudes. God graunt us all fuch race to runne, To end in Christ, as shee hath done.

Dis

¹ Rash, a kind of inferior filk.

² Grograin, a coarfe kind of filk taffety usually stiffened with gum.

³ Sir Gilbert Dethick, who at this time held the Office of Garter King of Arms, and Marshalled the procession, has left in his "Funerals of Nobility," (1584—1603, Vol. II., pp. 528, 531, MS. in Heralds' College,) an account of this Funeral, for Notes from which we are indebted to the courtesy of S. I. Tucker, Esq., Somerset Herald. The description agrees, except slightly in the number of persons present, with that

His second wife.

862 Dig fecond wife was Jane daughter of S. Michaell Stanhope | and widow of Sir Roger Townsend, whom before hee had two years continued widower hee maryed at S. Giles Church without Creplegate in London, the Ninth of March in the fortieth of Elizabeth A. 1597, then aged about 64, who survived him, And after dyed at her house in Barbican on Satterday the third of January in the 15th of king James, 1617, in as ripe an age, loaden with many honorable and well reported daies.

Carta in castro de Berkeley dat. 8. marcij: 40. Eliz: **Downbeit**, fuch was not alwaies the accord, but for this lords not performance of fuch Covenants as hee had entred into the day before his marriage, to the lord

Thomas

of Smyth in the text, but it gives an account of fome of the charges on fuch occasions, which may be read with interest. The following is the Bill of the Heraldic Painter:—

The Painters Bylle for the funeralle of the	Righte Ho	norable	the	Ladye	Berl	kley	
Item for a great banner of Armes		-	-	-	2 1	0	0
Item for iiijor Bannerowles at xxvjs viij the p	pece -	-	-	-	5	6	8
Item for iiijor Dozen penfcles at xs the dozen	n	-	-	-	2	0	0
Item for iiijor Watertables wih fupporters and	d Creste	-	-	-	2	0	0
Item for iiijor Comptement Escutcheons one	paste bord	e -	-	-	1	0	0
Item for vj Scrowles wih words one paste bor	rde	-	-	-	0 1	8	0
Item for one dozen of great buckram Escuto	cheons -	-	-	-	I	4	0
Item for one Dozen and a halfe of fmalle bu	ickram Esc	utcheor	S	-	0 1	8	0
Item for v. Dozen of pap Escutcheons on m	neatale -	-	-	-	5	0	0
Item for v. Dozen of pap Efcutcheons in Cu	ullers -	-	-	-	4 1	0	0
*Item the Irons and black stones			-	**	[0	3	4]
			Som	is	25li :	TOS	_
	70 1		00111	15	= 3		=
m 1: (01 - 11-1 d - 011- t	Robert 1	ноокег					
To which must be added the following—					x li		
M: G[arter] fee		-	-	-			
Gown and Liveries		-	-	•	xli	:::	e.
Transportañ		-	-	-	vij.	VIIJ	•
Dettes and Charges							
, To Chester [James Thomas, Esq. was Chester	er Herald a	t this ti	me]	-			viijd
Gown and lyveries	er Herald a	t this ti -	me]		iiij ^{li}	xvis	viijd
Gown and lyveries	er Herald a	t this ti - -	me] - -	-		xvis	viijd
Gown and lyveries Transportañ	- •	at this ti - - -	me] - -	-	ilij ^{li} iij ^{li}	xvis xivs	viijd
Gown and lyveries	- •	t this ti	me]		iiij ^{li}	xvis xivs	viijd
Gown and lyveries Transportañ	- •	t this ti	me]	-	ilij ^{li} iij ^{li}	xvis xivs	viijd
Gown and lyveries	- •	t this ti	me]		ilij ^{li} iij ^{li}	xvis xivs	viijd

^{*} The amounts of these items are not filled in. In the first case 35 4d is required to make the total correct.

Thomas Howard, (after Earle of Suffolke,) and to her brother Sir Michaell Stanhope and others, which hee was charged in many tres and refcripts to have broken; They at her request and pressure, extended his lands in Gloucestershire upon a Statute of ten thousand pounds given by this lord for performance of those covenants, As by the Inquisition thereof taken at Berkeley the 15th of January in the 42th of Elizabeth appeareth; Whereupon shortly after followed such an agreement, as occationed the fale of all the manors and lands which this lord had in the County of Huntington, to Sir John Spencer an Alderman of London, as before is written.

Rescripts. 1500. et at annis.

29anp learned men have longe fince cenfured this amorous humour or dotage in old men. And Ovid in this disticke,

Seneca Plutarch Comes purtilcar Ovidius Naso.

Militat in teneris annis amor, hofpes amænus, Est in canitie ridiculosa venus. In young men love is pleafant to behold, But t'is rediculous, in one that's old.

And divers Canonifts doe hold, That an old man cannot lawfully bee marryed, for Portius institut; fay they, The end of marriage is only twofold, for procreation of Children, and avoidance of fornication; And that if but one of these two ends bee only aymed at, the marriage is not good.

Secinus cons:

And S! Ambrofe in his comentary upon S! Luke, And S! | Augustine, fay That fuch a mariage without hope of Children, non matrimonium fed concubium dici debet, is not to bee called an holy wedlock, or mariage, but a copulation or coming togeather; But I write the words of others, my felf being farre from cenfuring this fol: 217: honorable couple: Howbeit, neither of those two ends could bee in this marriage, nor the third, Of mutuall fociety help and comfort; ffor as they never bedded togeather that any of their attendants could observe, whereby they might have become one flesh; foe were themselves and their families for most part as farre afunder as Barbican in London, and Callowdon by Coventry: neither medled hee more with her lands or goods, or ought elfe that was hers, then with her.

863 Ambrofe. Augustine. Burtons descr: of Leicrshire

Dis Issue.

By the lady Katharine this lord Henry had iffue, Thomas, Mary, and ffrances, of whom it followeth; And also fferdinando, born at Yate in the second year of Queen Elizabeth and was buryed in the Chancell of that church about two years

after: Katharine there also borne about two year after her brother, who also dyed young: And Jane born about the 8th of Elizabeth at Callowdon, and dyed in the 16th of Elizabeth and is buryed at Sowe Church by Callowdon; whose untimely death, (If I have been truly informed,) was occationed by miseating part of a rosted apple prepared with Arsnicke for the poysoning of rats; An accident with great fecresy concealed from the parents.

Thomas.

Chomas eldest fon of this lord Henry is of right to bee numbred in the honorable Catalogue of his forefathers, And justly in these Collections to bee one of the one and twenty in their | generations, hee being the maine bridge by which the Castle, honor, and Barony of Berkeley, is conveyed to the lord George his son and his succession; Neither doth his death in the life of his father, prejudice the number; whom for distinctions sake I will call, Thomas the short liver.

fol: 854.

Fre was born at Callowdon the 11th of July in the 17th of Queen Elizabeth, 1575. as formerly it hath been written; at what time Queen Elizabeth was at Kenilworth Castle the house of the oft named Robert Dudley then Earle of Leicester, six miles thence, whereby shee by Anne Countes of Warrwick her deputy, became his godmother: The most part of his education was at Callowdon under the indulgent instruction of his mother and her waiting gentlewomen, whom in nine years they had only taught to spell and meanly read a little English: Then was hee provided of the said Edward Cowper from Trinity Colledge in Oxford, to bee his Schoolmaster, who after made his mothers sunerall sermon; what time this lord being with his samily newly returned from sojourning with old St. John Savage his cozen germaine at Baraper in Hampshire, continuing at the stryars in Coventry, which for three years hee had taken by lease of one John Hales Esq..

Anno: 26. Eliz: 1584.

this place the 10th of November, Anno, 1584, a fewe daies after M. Cowper, my felf then feventeen years of age, happily came from the ffreefchoole of Derby to attend to Sir Thomas Berkeley in his chamber; what time also came William Ligon (formerly mentioned amongst the issues of the lord Maurice the fifth,) for the fame intent, with hopes also that one of us might benefit the other at our books: Here wee all continued for two years more as fervants and schollers with him; At which place as hee (with some others) played togeather in the paved cloisters, by a small slipp of his foot hee fell and brake his channell bone soe notwithstanding

borne out by him, That the cause of his sicknes was not perceived, till it so drew his

head and neck awry that it was discernable all his life after.

ffrom

ffrom hence this lord his father removed with his family to his own house at 865 Callowdon; from thence hee with his tutor, Willim Ligon, and my felf went to Magdalen Colledge in Oxford in ffebruary, Anno 1589, in the 32th year of Elizabeth where after three years, leaving them, I removed to study the Comon laws in the Middle Temple in London; After my departure from Oxford, a dangerous ficknes befell him in the nature of a burning feaver, (as also did a quartan ague his Tutor,) from the dreggs whereof his future days were never cleared: Being from Oxford returned to Callowdon, and coming from thence to London with this lord his father in Michaelmas Terme, Anno, 1595. fuch affection (upon motion formerly made) grewe between him (then lodging with his father at Thomas Johnsons house in fleet ftreet,) and Elizabeth Carey only child of St George Carey, then knight marshall and governour of the Isle of wight, then living at his house in the black ffryars, That on Thursday the 19th of ffebruary following, Anno 1595, in the said 38th of Elizabeth, they were maryed togeather: The articles of agreement concerning weh marriage were drawn and fealed the fame morning, whereof I shall formwhat afterwards write; And on Thursday the 29th of July following dyed the lord Henry Hunsdon father of the said S! George, whose authority and greatnes in the Comonwealth know by his stile, which in dedications was in these words; To the Rt Honble Henry Carey, of the most honorable order of the Garter knight, Baron of Hunsdon, lord governour of her Maties Town of Berwicke, lord Warden of the East and middle marches of England against Scotland, Captaine of Norham Castle, Captaine of her highnes gentlemen pentioners, Justice of Eyer of all her Maties Forrests, Parkes and Chaces on this fide Trent, Lord Chamberlaine of her Maties houshold, and one of her highnes most honorable privy counsell: And for his approved fidelity, wifdom, valour, and circumfpection, (the words of the patent under the proper hand of Queen Elizabeth,) was on the 29th of July in the 30th of her raigne, Anno, 1588. made Lievtenant, principall Captaine and governour of and over the Queens Army then affembled for defence of her royall person, against that fearfull Invalion of the Spaniard, with as ample power as the State and necessity of that prdict. time required, or could by termes of lawe bee given; And the 11th of May in the 36th of the faid Queen was made Leivtenant of the Counties of Norfolk and Suffolke; Then whom a more loyall fubject to his Prince lived not in his daies; To whom hee was cozen germaine, As being fon of William Carey and of the lady Mary his wife, fecond fifter and co-heire to Anne Bullen, fecond wife to king Henry the 8th mother of the faid Queen Elizabeth: And they the faid Mary and Anne were daughters and coheires of Thomas Bullen Earle of Ormond and of Wiltshire, and of the lady Mary his wife daughter of Thomas Howard Duke of Norfolke:

Anno: 37. et. 38.

Articl: dat. 10: ffeb: 38. Eliz: Conveiance: dat. 6. Maij: 39. Eliz:

carta in castro de Berkeley.

Carta in Cast:

which

which Thomas Bullen was fon and heire of Margaret one of the two daughters and coheirs of Thomas Butler Earle of Ormond,

> This happy lord, still loyall to the Crown, Hath left an heire, heire to his renown.

1597.

For the faid S. George Carey, now by the death of his father become Baron of Anno: 39. Eliz: Hunsdon, was the 17th of Aprill following sworn of the privy Counsell and made lord Chamberlaine of the Queens houshold, And on S! Georges day after, knight of the most honorable order of the Garter, which (with other eminencies of honor and authority) hee enjoyed till the 8th of September in the first of king James, Anno, 1603, when hee left this life, And lyeth most honorably buryed in the midst of St John Baptist Chapple in Westmr, a place of buriall for the family of the Careys; A lord of fuch perfection of perfon and infide, that I cannot parralell his character; I would render him the right of honor hee deferved, but for robbing his daughter of that memoriall shee oweth to the life of soe learned and prudent a father.

His motto was Comme ie trouve

> The faid Elizabeth was born the 24th of May in the 18th of Queen Elizabeth, Anno 1576, who was godmother to her, as before shee is faid to bee to her husband.

The fruits of the marriage appeared by the birth of Theophila their daughter, born at the faid black fryars house on faturday half an hour after fix in the morn-867 ing, the 11th of December, 42 | weeks and 2 daies next after their mariage, Anno 1596, And was christened the 30th of the same month; To whom also the said Queen was godmother, And Robert Deveroux Earle of Effex was godfather; from which Stock issued also George now lord Berkeley born the 7th of October, 1601. in the 43th of Elizabeth, As after more fully followeth.

The portion which the faid Elizabeth brought in money, was 10001, and of land near to the value of 1000 p Ann, in Tunbridge and Hadlow in Kent, which was eftated upon her and her heirs after the death of her father and mother, besides what shee might further expect from either of them, as being their only child and heire; In returne whereof, this lord Berkeley then covenanted to convey, (which in the next year he performed,) those manors and lands hereafter mentioned in the last title of his life, whereto the Termes, yeares, and number rolls following, will guide his posterity to such parts of those assurances as are inrolled, or of record; vizt, The licence to alien is dated the 2 Aprill . 39. Eliz: enrolled in the Chancery that yeare; And also inrolled in the Exchequer in Trinity. 16. Jac: ex pte Rem

Thefaur:

Thefaur: And the bargaine & fale made to Sir John Spencer and Arthur Mills is dated 20 Aprill 30. Eliz: inrolled in Chancery alfo.

The Recovery of Callowdon is; Terme Pasche 39. Elizabeth, Rot: 105.

The Recovery of the honor Castle and Barony of Berkeley and of all the Gloucestershire lands, is Terme Pasche 39 Eliz: also. Rot: 113.

The Recovery of Portbury and Porteshead is eod anno et Terme Rot. 105.

The Recovery of Leicestershire lands is eod anno et terme. rot. 104.

The Recovery of Suffex lands is eod anno et terme . rot. 104.

Upon the death of Queen Eliz: this Thomas went into Scotland to carry king James newes of being proclaimed king, whom his wife with other honorable ladies shortly after followed; And at the Coronation of king James this Thomas was created knight | of the Bath: And for the Parliament begun the fame year 868 was chosen one of the knights for Gloucestershire, wherein hee ferved.

Truth of ftory tells this family, That this noble knight S. Thomas was profufe in expence beyond his ordinary means: for support of which exceffe, hee fold (without confent of this lord his father) the remainders in the manor of Upton S! Leonards by Glouc. to S. Arthur Ligon for-1100 And in the three parks of Portbury manor with ffluellins farme adjoyning, to S. Edward Gorges for-14001 And in Upton farme by Tetbury to M. John Berkeley for-3301. And had alfo-43201. raifed upon the fales of Coldoverton and Daglingworth, wherein his father joyned in the Conveyances, as formerly is mentioned amongst his Sales; And some other fol: 822. moneys were raifed by him upon demifes in Tetbury, Hame, Melton, Bitton, Binley, Sowe and Wiken: which when all those monies fufficed not, (that amounted to-74001,) his wife also in May in the fourth of king James gave free way to the fale carta: dat. 26. Maij of his revertion in Tundridge and Hadlowe, for which shee and her husband received of S! John Kenedy-8450!! The greatest part whereof fufficed not for clearing of debts: So that it is truly transmitted to their posterity, That in the first fourteen years after their marriage, (Accompting the composition monies received of the lord Rich and some others for Bullens title, which the faid lady pretended as heire to Queen Elizabeth on the mothers fide,) they fpent each year more then-1500! above that Anuity of-600! proportioned unto them upon their mariage to have fufficed for their parents lives. And I well remember, that the faid lady Elizabeth Berkeley having, in a private accompt of her own hand writing, fet down how and to whom and for what causes-69551 75 of the foresaid-84501 was paid

Anno: 4: Jac.

away

away and gone, Shee fubscribed under that accompt privately to her felf these very words; Of which I hope in God the like will never bee again; whereof I the rather took notice, To the end I might often there to the better say, Amen. Amen.

It

- ¹ It was probably these circumstances which led to the following agreement for the retrenchment of expenses, a copy of which we found at Condover Hall:
- Articles agreed upon between Sir Thomas Barkly knight, and the lady Elizabeth, his wife, and John Smyth gent. the 16th day of December 1609 Annoque Septimo Regis Jacobi, touching the expenses and government of his houshold at the lodge in Newparke in the county of Gloucester.
- 1.—Imprimis, it is agreed that the faid family shall not exceed the number of 18 persons over and beside the faid Sir Thomas Barkly and his lady and their children.
- 2.—Item, the faid Sir Thomas Barkely promifeth hereby to deliver every year to the faid John Smyth towards the charges of the faid house the sum of ccccli, by two equal payments to be made within one month after the several seasts of the Anunciation of our lady and of St. Michael tharchangel, save that £65 of the first payment is now to be delivered to the said John Smith, which at this present remaineth in the hands of the Right honorable the lord Barkely, being the money of the said Sir Thomas.
- 3.—Item, the faid lady Elizabeth and John Smyth hereby promife to maintain and keep the faid family in that eftate degree and calling, that flandeth with the reputation of a knight and his lady, being both of them descended of honourable parents, with all manner of necessaries for houskeeping in bread, beer, wine, acates,* fire wood, hay, litter and oats.
- 4.—Item, the faid Sir Thomas promifeth not to keep in his stable at one time together above the number of four horses, geldings and mares.
- 5.—Item, the faid Sir Thomas promifeth on the word of a true gent, that after one or two admonitions and no amendment he will not keep in his faid family any drunkard, swearer, incontinent or any other disorderly person, but will give credit to the information of the said John Smyth touching the same.
- 6.—Item, it is agreed that the faid lady and John Smyth shall not be charged with reparations of the said house or stable, nor with finding any linens, brass, pewter, implements or furniture of houshold, but that the same is to be at the charges of the said Sir Thomas or the said Lo: Barkely.
- 7.—Item, it is agreed that this agreement shall stand during the life of the said Lord Barkely unless the said Sir Thomas shall give three months warning for the dissolution of his family.
- 8.—Item, it is agreed that the faid lady and John Smith shall keep all the year long six couple of hounds for the said Sir Thomas' delight and recreation with the huntsmen.

Signed by T. BARKLY, ELIZA BARKELY and JOHN SMYTHE.

* Provisions purchased.

I, and all choice that plenty can fend in;
Bread, wine, acates, fowl, feather, fish, or fin.—Sad Shepherd, I. 3.

[ED.]

It may not bee denyed, That this noble knight was inconstant | and too 869 fodaine in his determinations: In the years, 1600, 1608 and, 1610, hee thrice posted into ffrance, to Paris, Roan, Orleance, and over the Alpes, visiting Rome, Naples, Venice, and many other the cheifest Cities of those States and Kingdomes; And in their returnes, Bruffells and many principall Towns in the united provinces; from the last of which voyages, (much shortened by the tres of his wife fent after him by William Ligon before named, whom for that fervice shee did reward with an Anuity of ten pound p Ann,) hee returned not a year before his death; whom also hee himself had formerly rewarded with a lease for one and twenty years of Appleridge grounds in Berkeley parish, by fine in revercon of the estate for life held by his unckle Walter Denys; which fine foe levyed without Lycence, longe after brought trouble and expence in the Exchequer, the tenure thereof being by knights fervice in Capite.

Willm Ligon. pat. dat: 24. Apr: 1611.

fine: 43. Eliz: to Norwood. Licence 3. ps. origin 44. Eliz: rot. 155. čm rem thefaur.

And having with much weaknes paffed over the later part of Summer after his faid returne, at Berkeley Castle with this lord his father, (from whence for change of air and hope of better health it vouchfafed him to remove to my house at Nibley, three miles of,) hee returned with his wife and father in the end of September to Callowdon; where hee yeilded to nature the 22th of November following, in the 9th of king James Anno 1611, then of the age of thirty fix years fower monthes and eleaven daies; And was buried in the northeast corner of S! Michaells Church in Coventry, within the fame Iron grate wherein his mother lyeth: whose tombe (beautifully erected by his forrowfull widow) hath this infcription: Here lyeth expecting a Joyfull refurrection the body of S. Thomas Berkeley, knt, only fon of the R! Honble Henry lord Berkeley and of the lady Katharine his wife fifter of Thomas Howard Duke of Norfolke; who by Elizabeth his wife fole daughter and heir of the right honorable George lord Hunfdon, lord Chamberlaine to our late Soveraigne lady Queen Elizabeth, left iffue George and Theophila the only children of fix whom death had spared to attend their fathers funeralls and to bee the comfort of their mother; | to whose perpetuall memory shee hath erected this her husbands monument: In which also lyeth the body of Henry the youngest of their children; The faid S. Thomas Berkeley deceafed the 22th of November, Anno, 1611, ætatis suæ, 37°. And the said Henry his son deceased the 4th of March following. Soe the Tombe.

born after his fathers death.

Anno. 9. Jac:

The manner of whofe death read out of an Almanack of that year, written with the proper hand of the faid lady his wife, in these words; This 22th day of November November between one and two in the afternoon, it pleased God to take my deare husband from mee, by a most gentle and milde death without groane or struglinge, to encourage all the lookers on of Gods great mercy towards him, who like a lambe left this troublesome world to enjoy perfect rest in God, I trust. Jesu rest his soule. Thus the Lady.

Somitifiat more remaineth of the life of the noble knight, which I leave to the relation of his lady (ftill his widow) whereof to informe her fon, if shee foe please: The way hee walked in to mee seems somehat soule, which because I will not wade through I will leap over and soe avoid: Only adding, That after his death a secret paper of his own hand writing was sound in his Cabinet, amongst other private remembrances, wherein his nativity by a grand Impostor beyond seas seemed curiously and exactly calculated, in quality of a journall of each years accidents and successes which should befall him, with an assured promise of a longe life and an happy old age; whereon though hee too much relyed, yet underneath the same paper himself had written these very words; But although these planets doe promise good fortune, as ministers that doe demonstrate the glory of God, and are altogeather over ruled by him, and have noe influence or vertue without him; To his power and mercy I only comit my fels, assuring that hee never faileth those that put their trust in him; To whom bee given all honor glory and praise for ever, Amen. Thus the writing, which I copyed out verbatim.

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His foule afpiringe to an higher fphere,
Is glad that it did reape noe comfort here.
Conditione pares, mortales nafcimur omnes,
Nos rapit et fatum, conditione pares;
Conditione pares, quamvis non vivimus omnes,
Nafcimur et morimur, conditione pares.

Theophila.

The education of the faid Theophila was both in Court and Country under the fole direction of her mother: Towards whom (with those that have the means truly to observe) is drawn an admiration of her vertues and perfections. A lady whose hourly life adds a dayly lustre to the noble families from whence shee is extracted: It the maryage of the lady Elizabeth to the Prince Palsgrave shee had the honor to bee one of her Bridemaids.

Anno. 1613.

On Thursday the 12th of August in the 11th of king James in the forenoone, shee was at Berkeley Church marryed to S! Robert Coke knight son and heire of S! Edward

S. Edward Coke then cheife Justice of the comon pleas, and of Bridget his wife daughter and coheire of John Paston Esq., son of Robert Coke and Winisred his wife, daughter and Coheir of William Knightley, fon of Robert Coke and of Anne his wife, daughter of Thomas Woodhoufe, fon of Thomas Coke and of Alice his wife, fifter and Coheire of Thomas ffolchard, fon of John Coke fon of Robert, fon of John Coke who lived in the time of king Henry the fifth. In the treaty of which marriage I had the honor of imployment between Callowdon and London, (where the parents and freinds of both parties interressed then remained,) in divers Journeys for fower months before, (especially under her mothers directions,) with equall trust of all parties: some passages wherein might not unprofitably bee derived to posterity, fave that all the personages themselves, (this lord excepted,) with the matter negotiated, yet live the most affured memorialls to themselves. But how contenting on this lord Berkeleys part this mariage of his grandchild was, by this may bee collected, | That when Henry Briggs his chaplin demaunded in the time of mariage, who giveth this woman to bee maryed to this man, Hee coming out of his feat in the Church, (where hee fate with S. Edward Coke,) taking her by the hand, That doe I, quoth hee, with all my heart: By which fweet addition of the words (with all my heart) hee not only declared the contentment of his own, but drew tears of joy from the eies of the Bridegroomes father, to both which mine eares and eyes were witnesses.

And the lord Coke the fame day after dinner retiring into his chamber, forthwith brought forth these latin verses by him then made, alludeing to the maryage and the day, being S! Clares day,

Clara dies Claræ, virgo quâ clara marita est Clara priùs virgo, clarior vxor erit.

And alluding to the planets of that day,

Ecce hodie coeunt cælestia sidera, phæbi Pulchri cum pulchra virgine ludit amor.

And againe alluding to their names,

Clara dies Claræ, conjunxit pignora chara.
Clarum Theophila et nomen et omen habet,
Et prolem numerosam (clare Roberte) precatur,
Sanguis uturque tibi, et magna caterva virum.

A day still honored with a festivall memoriall wherever the Bride and Bridegroome hap to bee: A wedlock blessed with such a mutuall Sympathy and sweetnes, that they seem to live one in the other. Other the like songs of joy and contentment proceeded

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proceeded from that learned physition Doctor Edward Lapworth, and other schollers then prefent; which if I had preferved, aswell as the catalogue of the 24 names of gentlemen of honor and Armes then prefent, and delivered by mee upon the request of the faid cheife Justice, they had herein also appeared.

and the lord Coke riding in one Coach togeather, the fame was by the violent

a good distance on the ground: Out of which when they were taken, And confideration had of the great danger their lives had escaped without hurt, It moved one of them prefently to fay, and the 24th of the fame month to write from stoke in Buckinghamshire with comfort, That hee never heard That out of foe great danger

there iffued foe little harme, efpetially to perfons fo farre stepped in yeares.

Neither feemeth it a digreffion to remember, That as this lord brought his noble guests on their way towards Cirencester about a week after the mariage, hee

fol: 848.

873 course and sury of the sower | Coach horses overthrown and dragged by their sorce

Berkeley.

Mary, eldest daughter of this lord was born at London, whither her mother was brought in a litter from Yate the fecond of October in the 5th of Queen Mary, with her midwife fetched from Chedder in Som fet shire, whose reward, for her fervice in that perill of childbirth was-6° 8d at her departure; And christened the 19th of November following in the faid 5th of Queen Mary, to whom Queen Mary was godmother: And this Mary was after maryed at the white ffryars in Coventry the 14th of ffebruary (being St Valentines day) in the 27th of Queen Elizabeth, Anno 1584, to John Zouch Esquire, (after knight,) then fon and heire apparant of St John Zouch of Codnor castle in Derby shire, who dyed shortly after; hee then of the age of twenty and shee almost thirty: whereby out of an youthfull appetite hee afterwards discontentedly objected that hee was ignorantly married to his mother.

Her portion was—2500! in money, befides—500! for her apparrell, and jewells for the ornament of her person.

Her joynture after his death was at her marriage agreed to have been 500 p Ann, but the error of those of Counsell therein, much lessened the same. A marriage whereat no finging was of I-opean, nor epithalamians to Juno the goddeffe of marriage, for it was only bleffed in the birth of their two children John and Anne, which were in fewe years born unto them.

It was not fower years after marriage before unkindnes arose between them; And when (most causlessly) shee had been repudiated by him, hee in the 33th of Elizabeth

Lie in castro de

Mary. Comp: hospicij in castro de Berekely.

Elizabeth granted her an Anuity of 2001 p annum for her prefent maintenance, which being not more malevolently yeilded | unto then worfe paid, many fuits arose 874 against him by this lord Henry and her freinds put in trust therein; who also extended his lands upon a Statute given and forfeited by him, And after obtained a Decree in Chancery for better payment of the 2001! Anuity.

Hill: 33. Eliz:

Reither found the lady Elleanor Zouch his mother much better favor from this her fon, as the fuits between them in Chancery and other Courts, whereto shee was enforced for her Joynture, doe declare; And in the end having prodigally confumed his patrimony, felt the heavy waight of want, and dyed in the 8th year of king James, leaving iffue the faid John and Anne; which Anne after dyed without iffue: And the faid John (now knight) of Codnor Castle aforesaid, which hee by suite recovered after his fathers death, maried Isable daughter of Patrick Lowe of Denby in the faid County Efg! by whom hee hath iffue, John, Katharine, Ifable, and Elizabeth, Anno, 1624.

Frances, youngest daughter of this lord Henry was borne at Yate in the third year of Queen Elizabeth, And from thence brought in a litter to Callowdon in June in the 7th yeare of the faid Queen, And there married to George Shirley of Astwell in the County of Northton Efqr, (after Baronet) the 22th day of ffebruary in the 29th of Eliz: 1586.

Frances. Comp: Willi Lawrence 7. Eliz: in castro de Berkeley. The licence dated 12. ffebr: 1586. for their marriage.

Her portion was-2500!. And in apparrell and Jewells as her elder fifters: of the provisions made for Joynture of the wife, and for children, I need not write, fave that each of their daughters was by the bond of M! Shirley to have-1500! a peece.

I have feldom known a more true wedlocke nor more tender love in marriage then was between them, nor an husband more truly forrowfull for his wifes loffe then hee for hers: whose eies I have seen in his elder years (many times after her death) to stand with tears as hee hath talked of her with my felf; Shee was a gentlewoman as really allied to vertue and devotion as lived in her time: Hee after married Dorothy daughter of S. Thomas Wroughton knight and widdow of S! Henry Vinton of ffarington in Berkshire, between whom was not always foe fweet an agreement.

By the faid ffrancis hee had iffue Henry Shirley now Baronet, Sir Thomas, and Mary.

1. Sir

- 875 1. Sir Henry hath married Dorothy fecond daughter of Robert late Earle of Effex, by whom hee hath iffue Charles and Leta.
 - 2. Sir Thomas Shirley knight of Botulph bridge in the County of Huntington hath married Mary fecond daughter of Thomas Harper Efqt, by whom hee hath iffue, Henry, George, John, and Mary; The incouragement of which Sir Thomas to these relations, I thankfully acknowledge.
 - 3. Mary fifter of the faid S! Henry and S! Thomas, is lately dead without iffue.

Dis Scales.

In the time of Queen Mary and for twelve years after, this lord fealed with Mowbrayes lion rampant without crest or supporters, circumscribed, Sir Henrie lord of Berkeley, somwhat more then an inch diameter.

And in the ninth of Queen Elizabeth and for fix years after, with the faid lion circumferibed with this motto, deus me respicit, of like diameter.

And in the 15th of Elizabeth and after, with the like lion of the same diameter, but circumscribed virtute non vi. Howbeit his more ancient word is, dieu soit avec nous. And that of Mowbray, Sola virtus invicta.

And also in the 40th of Elizabeth used another like seale of the lion without any motto at all, of like bignes: Soe that in his seales of Armes hee seemed wholly to rellish of the wife and her family.

vetus manuscript.

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And whereas in old verses of the bearings of divers noble families; there is given to this, (Berkeleij vigor,) from thence it may feem came the words, (virtute non vi.) Behold the figures of the former Seales;



His death and place of buriall.

After the death of Sir Thomas this lords only fon, in those two years hee furvived him, his care most feemed to bee for his two grandchildren, George and Theophila;

Theophila; whom their father dying intestate and in debt had left soe much neglected, That his wife as Administratrix, paid for the acquitall of his memory divers great fums more then his perfonall estate amounted unto.

for the obtaining of the wardship of George, (the prime arch and hope of his verba vit volunt. house,) this lord presently upon his sons death, by speedy tres, put the Earle of Northton his brother in law, lord privy feale; fuggesting as truth by straining proved, That for his body his faid grandchild would forthwith bee in ward to the king, And for his lands after his own death: Upon confultacon hereof with his daughter in lawe the lady Elizabeth, (when these tres were to bee dispatched,) two things were with them in Ayme and hope; the one, that foe powerfull a privy Counfellor would without competition of any other Courtier, (espetially having the first notice,) obtaine the wardship from all others, And would afterwards cast the wards education upon the tender care of her the mother; which, to the comfort of this lord Henry, proved true. The other, That the faid Earle having neither wife nor child, And this infant the grandchild and heire of his dearest fister, hee would in likelihood not only bestow his wardship and mariage portion freely upon him, (whether hee lived or not lived till his full age or mariage,) but also a greater bounty: Neither was it in this conference (whereat my felf was prefent) unremembred, That the lady Katharine the infants grandmother had for twenty fix years and more before her death given to him an annuall exhibition of 501 p ann, when left, flipped from the allowance shee received of her husband; And therefore might probably expect the Inning of their hopes, if not by way of repayment, yet of a conscious retribution; which also the Earles from his house at charing Crosse (then in building) fodainly and | frankly feemed to affure; But how performed, it 877 after appeareth, foe that that first care was taken off and turned into comfort.

As touching Mistris Theophila, the other Arch of this lords house, this lord in December after that wardship of M. George obtained, (and almost a year before his own death,) having in July before taken back into his own name his ffee simple lands, and increased his faid daughter in laws joynture, made his Will; And thereby bequathed towards her mariage portion. 30001 to bee levied out of his fee fimple Carta: 20 Julij lands: But her mariage with Sir Robert Coke following in Aug! after, as hath been declared, his further care for her was likewife comfortably taken off, And a greater portion by Articles enterchangeably fealed agreed upon to bee paid in land, with the great liking of her mother; which after cost the manor of Portbury in the County of Somerfet, worth—80001: And thereupon a few daies after that mariage

rr: Jac:

at Berkeley Castle, he took his former will (as it was in parchment under his hand and feale) in my prefence to one Ambrose Cowper, directing wherein to have it altered at his coming to Callowdon, with whom by that means it remained at the time of his own death in November following: To which effect also, my felf was not only moved by him, but defired afterwards by tre in Michaelmas Terme following to return that way from London, where I then was, about the perfecting the affurances on all parts according to the faid Articles, which were agreed upon and ingroffed: And the writ of dedimus potestatem sued out, whereby this lord was to have acknowledged a fine before Judge Warberton in his way homewards through Coventry, in the end of that Terme; And the two thousand pounds which the lord Coke was also to have paid to this lord for Portbury, told out, all or the most part which by George Lord Berkeley was after remitted.

Dowbcit death prevented whatfoever was intended, for this lord having at dinner on fryday the 12th of November, taken liking to the tast of small custards then ferved to his table, hee willed that fome of them should bee reserved for his fupper: whereupon feeding, furfeited, fo that the fame not well digefting, hee grew distempered in the night following, sicknes by degrees increasing upon him till that 878 day fortnight after the 26th of that month: In the evening | before in his private prayers hee cryed, come, come, lord Jhefus, which hee often doubled till the morning; And when his weak breath caused the words (lord Jhesus) to bee unfounded, Then only was heard, come, come, And after when the letter (C) became fomwhat too harsh, hee was heard to fay, Tome, tome, the letter (T) being more fost and eafy of found; And foe without any plunge motion or stirre of body, at five of the clock in the morning the faid 26th of November 1613, in the 11th year of king James, rendred back his fpirit to him that gave it, his chaplin Henry Briggs (a learned divine) then on his knees in prayer by him: And thus having the comfortable memory of a well led life, hee beheld death without dread, and the grave without fear, And imbraced both as necessary guides to endles glory: And in this fort did this pious peere, in this navigation of his life, lett fall his fatall anchor that never can bee wayed up againe.

It pleafed the lady Elizabeth Berkeley by her tres to preffe my coming to Callowdon, where I attended her the third day after this lords death; whereupon fres were forthwith directed to S! George Shirley, S! William Coke, and S! Thomas Estcourt, named for his executors, of whom S! George refused to intermeddle: The others promifed their repaire thither, but before their arrivall (in regard of their protraction)

protraction) the faid lady Berkeley with the lord George her fon, were with their family departed for London, And S. Robert Coke with his lady for Coventry, where fome years after they remained, as is before touched. The Executors S. William Coke and St Thomas Effcourt having after their coming informed themfelves of the perfonall estate of this lord, entred into the execution of the will, and fattisfyed all debts and demands in those parts ere they departed thence: And having in fitting manner provided a Coach and all things necessary for conduction of the Corps to Berkeley Castle according to his will, the 21th of December set forward with it, attended with a fair troope of his and their own fervants, to Warwicke; thence the next day to Campden, thence the next day to Tetbury, thence on Christmas even to Berkeley Castle; | in the Chappell whereof it remained till 879 a air Tombe (after fome months) was fet up in his own Chapple and place of buriall, adjoyning to the Chancell of the faid Church, (his wholl body and bowells laid thereunder,) with this infcription.

Dere lieth the body of Sir Henry Berkeley knight lord Berkeley, Mowbray, Segrave, and Breoufe, lord Leivtenant of the County of Glouc., who departed this life the 26th day of November in the year of our lord God, 1613. being the day Anno: 11: Jac: that hee accomplished the age of flowerscore years: Hee first maryed Katharine, fifter to Thomas Howard, Duke of Norfolke, by whom hee had iffue, Thomas, Mary, and ffrances; Thomas being a knight of the Bath maryed Elizabeth only daughter and heir of Sir George Carey knight lord Hunfdon, Mary the eldest daughter was maryed to St John Zouch knight, And ffrances the fecond daughter was maryed to Sir George Shirley Baronet: Hee feconly maryed Jane the widowe of Sir Roger Townfend knight, yet living, by whom hee had noe iffue. - Thus the Tombe.

Of which monument it may rightly bee faid—Sic oculos, fic ille manus, fic ora ferebat: The refemblances of both Henry and Katharine are to life: 21nd hee whofe coming was to find the loft sheep, to bind up the broken hearted, to call finners to repentance and by it unto falvation, fave and have mercy upon them, mercifull in their lives to many.

Dee fate lord from the first to the last of his life just 79 years, not 80 as his Epitaph hath. A misinformation of those that waited in his sicknes, Telling his Executors how hee oft told them, That if hee lived till fryday the 26th of that November hee should bee just 80 years old.

of

Dee had a longe life with an happy death, the most pretious guist of Heaven, which all the gold the fun hath made and shall make, will never bee able to buy.

21 mile before the body of this lord came to Tetbury, it was met by 150, at the least of the better fort of his old Tenants, out of Berkeley hundred (without any notice given) out of the desire they had to | condole over the Coffin, the losse of foe noble a lord; And surely I never saw the eyes of Tenants (usually otherwise affected) more really mourning: Which number in the next daies journey to Berkeley, much increased: who, being by my felf, in the name of his executors, called up into the great chamber in the Castle of Berkeley (which his Coffin out of the Coach was first brought) to refresh themselves with wine and the like, I saw. 100. pair of Eyes at least pouring out (before that Coffin) such passionate and forrowfull tears, as if their spirits should have followed those teares: which to behold (with the remembrance of my youths education, and the daily savours I had from him, testified also by his legacy of his silver watch as a testimony of the good and saithfull service I had done unto him, they are his own words in his will) drew a floud from my self: This being their generall testimony, That they had lost the best landlord that England had, whose like might not after bee by them expected.

It is basenes to flatter his memory, but I truly tell his grandchild and posterity, honeste vixit, neminem læsit, suum cuique tribuit; Hee lived an honest man, without hurt to any, rendring to each man what was their right: none in his time was found more ready to render justice to all alike.

Of a found conftitution, his hearing good, his eyes not more dimme then in his youth: Reading much, yet never used specially or other help: hee knew not what the gout, stone, Ache, or other greifs incident to age did meane: In the course of his wholl life none could bee more temparate, spare of speech, better conceiving then expressing; Nothing beholding to his youths education, as himself would complaine: enclining to pitty: ready to releive: exceeding apt to forgive, and to bee reconciled: And being reconciled, would imbrace them without scruple or remnant

¹ In the margin of the manufcript is the following note in the handwriting of Lady Elizabeth Germain, dau. of Charles Earl of Berkeley, and wife of Sir John Germain, of Drayton Co. Northampton, Bart:— "Exceedingly degenerated for we are all but a low Race now." [Ed.]

of gall; his face was the frontifpice of his mind, hee knew not how to diffemble a thought: ffor frank well ordered | and continuall hospitallity, hee equalled, if not 88x outwent, all others in the parts where hee lived: In a word, Noe man (that ever I could hear, hee, living or dead,) could fay That hee ever descryed in him any notorious vice: Only, it may truly bee said, that hee was too great a lover of law, knowing it noe better: And that hee did not alwaies soe lend one eare to the accuser, as that hee kept the other for the accused.

Gratior est virtus veniens a corpore pulchro. Vertue is more lovely much more acceptable, Proceeding from a personage amyable.

God grant thy grandchild fuch a race may run, As thou throughout thy life haft nobly done.

His lands whereof hee dped seized.

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The lands hee left unto his heire, (whereof only little Canonbury fcarce worth y: naming was purchased by him) were these,

The Castle burrow hundred and manor of Berkeley.

The manor of Hame,

The manor of Appleridge,

The manor of Alkington,

The manor of Hinton,

The manor of Hurst,

The manor of Slimbridge,

The manor of Sages,

The manor of Came,

The manor of Cowley,

The manor of Wotton,

The manor of Wotton fforren,

The manor of Symondfall,

The manor of Canonbury,

The burrow and manor of Tetbury,

The manor of Bitton & Hannam

The manor and Hundred of Portbury
The manor of Porteshead,

In the County of Glouc.

In the County of Som fet.

The

The manor of Callowdon,

The man't of Me[I]ton Mowbray
The manor of Segrave,
The manor of Mountforrell,
The manor of Gofcote

The manor of Bofham,
The manor of Thorney,
The manor of Buckfold, |

In the County of Leicester

In the County of Suffex.

The Advowsons of the Churches of Segrave, Howby, Sutton Bonington, with St Anns, Kegworth, and Tetbury Vicaridge, as in his life are mentioned.

Inquisitio post mortem Thome Berkeley. 10. Jac. Inqu: post mortem Henrici dni Berkeley 119 Jacobi. Of all which a dying feized by Inquisition was sound in the County of Glouc, in January following his death: As also one other Inquisition had been in the said County almost two years before, after the death of S! Thomas his son and heire, wherein the sorementioned conveyances and anuities are specified: And for the foresaid manors of Tetbury, Bitton, and Hannam, in the county of Glouc., And the manors lands and Advowsons in the Counties of the Citie of Coventry and Warrwick, Leicester, and Suffex, I have at large written of each of them, And how, and when they first came into this family, with each antiquity to them belonging, in a book by it self finished with this history, which may bee of use to this family.

The Application and use of his life.

The use.

George, clothed (by this lords death) with honor of twenty former generations: Hee had much, fpent much, yet left enough to continue the like honorable port, if regulated after that method which hee observed in the later half of his life; whereby hee knew to a peny what quarterly hee was to receive, And for what the same came in, And how it was againe iffued out; And was able at the end of each year in the closing of his Audit to say, That such and such summer and expences might have been avoyded by providence, but being past hee would amend it in the year following: If like providence bee not hereafter found in his heire, that portion which now discendeth will bee found shortened in the next generation: which, my wish is, may in time bee feriously thought upon.

2. Againe,

- 2. Againe, this family from the example of this lords first wife, may learne 884. That nothing is more necessary in the person of a master of a samily, according as his estate and greatnes shall bee, then Majesty: which, (having moderation and judgment how to order it,) is then of excellent beauty and use. And herein let every master remember Esops sable of the frogs, how contemptibly they esteemed their heavy and blockish king. And that, nimia samiliaritæs parit contemptum; The masters awe is often the levell of his servants life and manners.
- 3. Againe, this lord having in the length of his longe life often outspent his purse, betooke himself to sojournings with his kinsmen and freinds, (as before is fol:842 mentioned,) the better thereby to bring the unruly tide of his former overslowings into a more orderly channell, and to shake of at once togeather such needless and disorderly attendants, old Captaines, old Courtiers, unusefull Schollers and companions, as could not otherwise soe fairly bee put aside: whereby (as himself hath said) hee saved a good portion of his land, and ridd his house of some persons dangerous to have been kept, and different from him in religion, drawn thither by such as had over great a power in his samily; A phisicke by which his father and grandsather had cured their estates, And may againe bee of use to his grandchild in his riper years, for whose sake this his Ancestors modle is here shaped unto him.
- 4. Againe, from the fojournings of this lord his posterity may take example how to preferve peace within doores, espetially if they bee matched to wives of high flying spirits, or difficult to please; And how to put off such servants as they find apt to softer that humor, And how to shake from their tables and stables such as make themselves menyall servants without invitements, and have noe modesty in their abodes; Of which kind I have known the number numerous in this samily; Also how to ease expences and save the sale of a manor, when such drones and other excesse had drawn on a debt that grew clamorous; Also how to spare towards the mariage portion of a daughter or a younger son and the like: And somtime under the colour of pleasure or ease, to retire to an house of less capacity and expence: But ever with this resolution, to hold constantly the first intentions; And not to exceed the determined proportion of yearly spendings: wherein this noble lord would acknowledge, That in some of his Sojournings hee had departed from his first projects, and strayed from those pathes which himself had chalked out to have walked in.
- 5. Againe, from the comon recoveries, fynes, and feoffments of this lord, fol: 840. 841. formerly mentioned, his posterity may understand of what estate they stand seized

in

in all their lands and Baronies: and how by operation of law, by reason of those fynes and conveyances, they may bring titles or questions pretended against any part of their possessions to a speedy ending and repose; which may bee of profitable use in their generations to come.

fol: 845.

6. **Againt**, from the observation of the story of Queen Elizabeths coming to Berkeley Castle and the destruction of this lords red deere, before mentioned, his posterity may the better avoid those Court-traps and toiles wherein this lord Henry by an over hasty expression of his discontent for a few deer, had almost been intrapped, as his deere were in the Toyle, pitched more truly for him then for them; And often to remember the depth of that danger whereinto their valiant Ancestor the lord Maurice the third did by discontent plunge himself and his posterity, had not the favourable hand of heaven miraculously redeemed them, As in the lives of himself and his heir hath been declared, And to beware thereafter.

01:285

fol: 838. 839.

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[7.] Maine, (as my further testimony of the regularity of the later part of this lords life,) I tell his posterity, That for the last thirty years or more of his life, soe exactly were kept the books of his receipts and payments, aswell forraigne as domefticall, of what kind foever, made either by himfelf, Steward of houfhold, Sollicitor, Receivor, or others, And foe orderly cast up and methodiz'd at his Audit in the end of each year; That before those books were, | after his death, taken away by his Executors, or otherwife cast aside, It was easy for any man but a little acquainted therewith to have taken upon him the accompt of his wholl revenues, certaine or cafuall, raifed in that time; And foe my felfe, (though I had nothing to doe therewth) offered to his Executors to have done when they took these books into their confideration, about twenty daies after his death; which they foe much approved, that they held them fit prefidents for themselves and posterity: But on the other fide, the first part of this lords life hath declared how irregular his first houskeeping and the management of his revenues were; Too many fervants commanders in his family, few under obedience: his monies passing yearly into the hands of many, and iffued out by more: few were called to accompt, and more unable to have accompted: Of this Aguish sicknes that soon shaked his estate, my felf have heard his elder years complaine: I wish his grandchild and posterity may not relapfe, least they bee constrained to redeem the like error, with the sale of much land as this lord was. Fælix quem faciunt aliena pericula cautum; Happy is that fon that, observing his fathers ill footing, fasteneth his stepps on a surer ground.

8. Againe,

8. Maine, from the dangerous paffage of this lords wife and John Bott, fol: 846. 847. formerly menconed, let all the difcendants of this noble family bee admonished, not to commit fecrets of fuch confequence to unfaithfull fervants, nor to bee beholding to any living man, (if possible they may chuse,) for their reputation, state, or life; ffor the waies of mans heart are unfordable and past finding out.

- 9. Againe, ffrom the daily practice of this lord Henry, his posterity hath a vertuous president not to let their Anger remaine when the cause is removed; And to distinguish betwixt him that offendeth of infirmity or against his will, And him who offendeth malitiously or of fet purpose.
- 10. Araine, Let mee note to this lords posterity that the life of this their Ancestor was a meere medley, and like a picture wth fundry faces; from his birth (born a peere) to one and twenty, | none found more happy or hopefull, courted for 887 mariage by many of the greatest; ffrom 21. to 38. in the 13th of Queen Elizabeths raigne, (what time his brother in law and fast freind Thomas duke of Norfolk lost his head,) his alliance and freinds in Court and Country foe flowred that adverfity could not bee feared: from thence for 39. years togeather with him, finis unius mali gradus erat futuri, foe toffed in perpetuall stormes and law fuits, That with difficulty in Court and Country hee bore up faile; after which time, in the 7th of king James, 4 years before his death, hee entred a quiet harbour; and after those 4. years, peace in the 79th of his age, anchored in those joyes that never shall have ending; To which, oh bleffed God, bring all his difcendants.

11. Againe, in reading over the life of this lord, his posterity cannot but observe his fufferings and losses by two indulgently following the wills and Counfells: of his mother and first wife; Against whom I will not (as to him) further fay then of old hath been faid, Non est bis in bello peccare, hee that in warre errs twice is without excufe or pardon; As hee did more then twice; Nor as to them in the application further sharpen my pen then to tell his posterity, That when Eve went about to expound the text shee mistooke the text and hurt her husband: And that English wives challenge more liberty and enclyne to more foveraignty then those of other nations: That female counfells are to bee fuspected, as proceeding from an unproper sphear: Vnicuiq in sua arte credentum est, nemini extra; what advice can an huntiman give in matters of mulick? And that prodegy of witt whose ex- Sir Walt: Raleigh cellencies have conquered both example and imitation, hath told his fon That wives were ordained to continue the generation of men; To obey, not to rule their affaires: That they are like marchants in a common wealth, the greatest good or the

the worst of evills that can happen to a man; And to ballence them and their Counsells thereaster.

888 mentioned. 730.

- Anne, mother of this lord Henry, labouring to have avoided | the leafes of poore tenants for the enriching of her fon and enlarging her own livelihood, hath verified the comon proverbe, That covetousnes never brought home clear gaines: ffor, such her covetous intent opened the gap which otherwise had been closed, whereat Queen Elizabeth by the prosecution of Leicesters Earle entred, and laid wast half the ancient vineyard of this lord, the dolefull relation whereof hath taken up a great part of his life; And that of all infelicities ordained to hurt the estates of great men, none is greater then to bee soe encountred in marriage, as the wife to conceive her self wifer in her husbands affaires then himself or his Counsell.
- 13. Againe, by the paffages of Goodman and Nuthall, tending to the extinguishment of this lords memoriall; A glass is set before the eies of this family, to see how man may plot and purpose, but God alone disposeth as himself pleaseth: And how the Authors of that expurgatory counsell have thereby made that name which they would have rooted out more durable and conspicuous, when their own is forgotten in the place. Of all mens purposes God is the disposer, In whose high Counsell wee see it was ordained that his then dejected family, should againe by weak means stand and rise, notwithstanding the powerfull plots to ruin it; And those to fall whose steemed to bee rooted in adamant; And accordingly, let this samily acknowledge That soundations of Eternity laid by mortall men in this transitory world, are but like the towers of Babell, either shaken from heaven or made vaine ere the frame is raised to the height, And to turne their waies thereaster.
- 14. Againe, from the two recoveries of Wotton and other manors, unconscionably by packing and practice wrested from this lord, this samily may now experimentally see that to bee true which the courses of all times past (duely observed) have verified; That those who have left but little with honest dealing, God hath blessed the same exceedingly; whereas those that have left great matters ill gotten insteed of a blessing have left a curse and a snare behind them, punctually sound true between the parties to those recoveries in the persons that pursued them.
- 15. Againe, from the ill requitall of Gerard Try after hee had ferved the turn of this lord and of the lady Anne his mother and guardian, to their great advantage

 To have his own land at Binley wrested from him by that greatnes, may warn fervants

fervants not to transgresse the bounds of truth in hope of favour or reward, as hee did: And masters not to gaine by wronge, least it fly away before the third generation as that land hath done: And it verifies also what wee read of old, That many love the Treason but hate the Traytor.

16. Mgaine. This noble family may observe, That noe one vertue hath more gloriously comended the life of the lord Thomas the fifth to posterity, then the deafe eare and flow beleife, hee accustomably lent to fuch persons as presented him with fecret accusations against his more eminent servants; Hee wisely considering, that factions were in all families; That malice and envy are oftnest darted against best deservers; And that each accuser hath his private ends covered under his accufations; and therefore that ever memorable lord would never receive complaint till hee had both parties face to face, whereby as hee avoided his own trouble and disquiet, soe hee kept the hearts of his more eminent servants, (whereof greater use was to bee made,) faster tyed to his fervices; Which wife and just course if this lord Henry had observed from that his grandfathers example, hee had not caused two of his ableft fervants to have left him, when hee could not well have spared them; Nor have caused a Steward of houshold who succeeded one of those to have articled with him not to take to beleife any accufacon against him till hee were confronted by his accuser; Nor had hee turned off in times of need a most able lawyer and Sollicitor upon a fecret información whispered against them, to have delivered two deeds to his adverfaries, when their feverall oaths in chancery not only denyed the fact, but the freedom of their hearts from fuch thoughts: Deeds only mislayed for the time and after found amongst this lords evidences. The speech of the Earle of Dorfet, lord Treasurer, in the Starrechamber, about the 4th of King James, was by all prefent generally applauded, That if accufation became condemnación | with- 800 out examination, the king would foone have a thin court, and I my felf (quoth hee) not left mee one able fervant; Adding withall, That hee that judgeth between two before hee hath heard both parties is an unjust judge though hee judge justly. And by making a wife use to themselves, to choose with Mary in the Gosple that better Luke: 10. 42. part which will sticke by them, and have an honorable memoriall with their posterity.

Cheyney. Bucknam. Cresw:

Ch: Yelv:

17. Againe (that I may not omit any observation tending to the behoofe of this noble family; The life of the lord Thomas the third hath shewed what an excellent fervant that lord had all the daies of his life of Thomas Bradston, who a longe while to the losse of his own fortunes supported his masters; And when the errors of his mafters youth, (which Bradfton could not prevent,) had overthrown them both, Bradston in the time of his masters imprisonment made first his own

Tho: Bradston,

peace

peace with his mafters enemies, And after by his prudence and valour fo inwardly twifted himfelf into their good opinions, That hee fet his mafter on foot againe, and ere longe, wrought the downfall of those that formerly had been the cause of his masters fall and his; and got to boote the honble dignities first of a Banneret and after of a Baron, and an estate answerable for suport of those hons as hath been shewed.

The like excellent fervant was Thomas Try, for fourty years in four difcents of this family under the lord Maurice the fifth the Marques Berkeleys brother, and under the lord Maurice his fon, and under the lord Thomas the fifth his brother and heire, and the lord Thomas his fon, by whose spetiall industry a great part of those possessions which the Marques Berkeley had vastly confumed, were againe regained to this family, the principall means it then had to maintaine it felf, As in their severall lives hath been related. And for his reward obtained to bee in Comission of the peace as hath been shewed.

The like excellent fervant was Thomas Duport, for 35 years under this lord Henry, by whose wise conduct and special sollicitation this samily was in the time of Queen Mary enriched with the rever-|ter of their Barony of Berkeley; And had by his prudent Counsells further wrought a durable happines in his masters family had not the sic volo of his masters mother, and after of his mistres his masters wise, (woemen too powerfull for the successe of good counsells,) turned his found advices to his masters losses and dishonor; The greife whereof caused Duport to withdraw from Counsell and service; Hee attained also to bee in comission of the peace, as hath been shewed. What other servants of remarkeable meritt this samily hath bred, or found usefull, let the pen of others render them their deservings.

Though the rule in husbandry bee true, That the master of a Country family must fomtimes carry himself pleasant and courteous to his slocke, and not command them any thing in his chollar, (for boisterous and rough handling will with such vulgar husbandmen prevaile as little as with stiffe necked Jades,) And that if hee speak not somtimes familiarly unto them, laugh and jest somtimes with them, or give them occation thereto, or suffer them somtimes to laugh and bee merry amongst themselves, hee will too often find his works either not done or ill done: Yet Masters in great and honorable familyes attended with servants of better quality and of a more gentile education and imployment, may in their deportment retaine a more awfull greatnes besitting their estates, remembring, That as with ill

bred

bred natures, too much familiarity may breed contempt, foe on the contrary, with the better fort of their houshold, a chearfull word and countenance begetts a contrary effect; And, doubtles works more strongly then double wages; verifyed in thefe three worthies, Bradston, Try, and Duport, who feverally posfessing their masters extraordinary usage and respect at home and abroad, thereby doubled their endeavours of doing answerable fervices; An able man, is longe in breeding, to gain him by a fair word, is noe costly purchase; Soe of able fervants.

I defire the end of this application to bee understood, rather to continue in this family the memory of these three excellent servants, longe since in dust, to the raifing up of others like them; than to instruct the now lord thereof how or in what garbe or posture to carry himself toward | his houshold fervants, in their different 892 degrees of places and imployments; And to make fuch use as best may [a]dvance his honorable ends and affaires.

18. finally, and for the last of all the applycations and uses mentioned in the three volumes of this Berkeleian history, drawn from the observation of the lives of thefe twenty lords, reflecting upon the piety, vertue, vice, brotherly love or hatred, frugallity, prodigallity, difcontent, adversity, prosperity, pride, humility, affability, industry, liberty, flattery, anger, impatience, moderation, passion, goods well or ill gotten, domineering of wives, and weomen, pride in fervants, ingratitude, covetoufnes, valour, cowardice, diligence and negligence in fervants and follicitors, ill education of children, with other like, observed and applyed by mee in the course of the story of this ancient and thrice honorable family, as I have for 550. years traced the waies wherein they feverally walked, for the better levelling of the life of the present lord George; I conclude for all, and in an humble and lowly manner fay to him, as the spirit of the most high by the pen of king Solomon, in the last of Ecclles: 12. v. 1. his booke of Ecclefiastes, counselled and said to his eldest fon, and in him, to all others; Remember (Oh George) thy creator in the daies of this thy youth, fear God and keep his commandments, for this is the wholl duty of man; ffor God will bring every of thy works into Judgment, whether it bee good or whether it bee evill; And to put my most honored lord in mind of this heavenly Counfell, (which if followed will make him happy,) is the greatest requitall I can make to him, his father and mother, grandfather and grandmother, for all the benefits which for many years they have conferred upon mee and mine.

Finis.

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APPENDIX .

It may be well to append to the Orders cited in the text, certain other Orders for the regulation of the Household given by Jane the second wife of this Lord found at Condover Hall.

August, 1601.—Orders fet down by my lady to be observed by the gentlemen in every respect the which directions shall remain in the gentleman ushers hands to thende that none of them shall for their excuse plead ignorance upon the breach of these appointed orders by forgetting any of them but to cute of [cut off?] that inconvenience I do here appoint that every one of the gentlemen may at any time resort to the gentleman usher and such as can read may here see from time to time what those orders bee whereby they may be the better instructed of their duties and orders appointed to be observed by them.

DIRECTIONS FOR THE GENTLEMEN.

The gentleman usher to see my gentlemen in houshold to live in decent order to be diligent and reverent in their services to my lo: and me to obey all other good orders set down by me in the yeomans book without any breach or contempt of any of them whereby both you shall greatly content my lo: and me with your obedience and well behaviour and tractableness and besides be an occasion to procure the meaner fort of my servants in calling to amend their faults by your good examples; and though I do refer you for the most of them to those orders already set down for brevity yet I thought it not good to pass over without directing some orders unto you as the chiefest to be observed.

To come every morning into the dining chamber and withdrawing chamber to see there of the winter feafon at eight o'clock and in the fummer at feven o'clock. If strangers be there then at more early hours and to fee that the yeomen of those chambers do keep fires there in the winter and order well and dress up everything in those chambers according to my former directions fet down. And if you find any lack in them to see those faults presently amended whereby this place shall be kept orderly to the contentment of my lo: and me, and besides shall be in decent order at all times for the entertaining of strangers, likewise in the summer time to see the chimneys trimmed with green boughs and the windows with herbs and sweet flowers and the chamber strowed with green rushes.

To ATTEND AT SERVICE TIME.

The gentleman usher all the service days appointed to come up daily with the residue of my gentlemen to hear the service said before my lo: and me, and to come up somewhat before the Yomen and after service he and rest of the gentlemen to remain in the dining chamber and not to go down with the yomen, which is most disorderly; for as the hall is a fit place for the yomen so is the dining room most convenient for the gentlemen to make their most abode in.

FOR WEARING

Further when any strangers be here, though but one in number, if they be of that calling that FOR WEARING LIVERY COATS they do come into the dining chamber, then my pleafure is that the gentleman usher and all TIME. the rest of gentlemen shall presently put on their livery coats for the first night and all the next day following, unless it be funday or holiday, then to put on their cloaks but the next day that is a working day to wear their livery coats then after how long fo ever any strangers do tarry unless new strangers do come before the old be gone, then again to wear their livery coats the first and the next day after their coming, and all the time after they may with my liking wear their cloaks, fo the former appointed times be observed; and from henceforth neither my gentleman usher nor the rest of my gentlemen to depart either with their winter liveries or their fummer liveries till new coats be given them; and I do further appoint that neither my gentleman usher nor any other of my gentlemen shall at any time when my lo; or I ride abroad during the time of our being in journey, wear any other upper garment either cloak or other wife, but only his livery coat; and when their liveries be first given, though no strangers be here, yet to wear them two days together unless it happen to be one holiday or funday, at what time they do wear their livery coats to keep them on all day without using to wear any other garment for that time.

Not to come into the dining chamber my gentleman usher nor any other of my gentlemen shall come into the dining chamber nor sit at play with my lo: and me in his girken or doublett but either in his livery coat or in his cloak, and I do license from hence forth the gentleman usher and residue of my gentlemen though no strangers be here to come into the dining room at any time when my lord and I am at play there at any kind of game.

To ATTEND IN THE GREAT And when strangers be here then my pleasure is that they both after dinner and supper and at other times, both the gentleman usher and the rest of my gentlemen shall keep most in the dining chamber to make show of themselves both for the honor of my lo: and me and to be ready to do such fervice as shall be commanded them.

My LA: WALKING ABROAD. Further when I shall walk any way out of the park as into the fields, as more or any of my outward grounds, then would I have the gentleman usher and the rest of my gentlemen be in a readiness to wait upon me.

IN THE PARK.

Further when I do walk in the park then I do license the gentlemen either to walke, bowl, shoot or use any other pastime or a where I walk in this order. If I do walk in the high walk then they may be in the lower walk; if I do walk in the lower walk then they may be in the upper walk. I do not set down this as an express commandment that I would have them be there only; I do licence them to be there or to be absent as they shall think good.

And at any time when I am in the great garden myfelf, I do for the time of my being there, as well as when no ftrangers be here as when any be here, licence the gentleman usher and the rest of my gentlemen to come into the garden and there either to bowl or remain there as long time or short as they will; or to come in or not to come in as they are disposed, for I do not set this down as an express commandment I would have them to be there at such times as I walk there, but rather do give them leave without my missike to come in where they will during the time of my abode there or to be absent as they shall think good.

DILIGENT

DILIGENT ATTENDANCE
DINNER AND SUPPER

And during the time my lo: and I am at dinner and supper and do sit abroad, my pleasure is
that the gentleman usher and the rest of my gentlemen shall with due reverence and great
diligence wholly give their attendance to wait upon us, and none for those times to go to rest themselves
in other places or to be absent, but to wait diligently and not to go to any bye places to eat meat in
corners, nor to take or give away any meat but by the gentleman usher's sufferance and licence, but to
give good attendance till they go altogether to take our devercion, and therein All to behave themselves
civily like gentlemen without making any great noise or using any other uncivil orders, to use no playing
fence nor disorderly pastimes in the hall which causeth great disorder and gives cause of offence by the

Not to break days having leave to go forth.

great noise that comes by that means.

At what time that either the gentleman usher or any other of my gentlemen craves leave either to see their friends or to dispatch earnest business, none of them in any wise but upon great occasion and apparent cause to break the day appointed for their return, and besides not to go unless they do obtain leave of myself.

FOR GREAT PLAY.

Further my pleasure is that neither the gentleman usher nor none of the rest of my gentlemen shall use great play neither at dice, tables, nor cards; for excess of gaming impoverisheth your estate and causeth many disorders and contentions to be amongst fellows; but instead of these games to exercise yourselves in all manner of activity, as bowling, and chiefly exercise of your long bow wherein I take great delight.

ENTERTAINING OF STRANGERS

The gentleman usher to see all strangers well entertained for my lo: honor and mine; every man according to his calling liking and estimation that is to be made of him; to see those that are of credit to be duly served with livery; none to have any in my house under the degree of an esquire of an hundred pounds a year of an inheritance at the least; your office being gentleman usher is not either yet any other of my gentleman to be at the serving of any liveries under the degree of a baron; gentlemens liveries to be served only with yomen, unless it be a knight's son and heir or a gentleman of hundred mark lands of inheritance. An earl's son or baron's son then one gentleman to go with his livery and to place the bread drink and plate upon the cupboard in his chamber.

ENTERTAINMENT IN STRANGERS CHAMBERS

The gentleman usher to give good entertainment to all gentlemen; to see them want nothing in their chambers; to see them have their breakfast in due time or anything else that they lack or their servants that is sit to offer to strangers for their better entertainment and when any gentleman of calling comes to the house he and the rest of my gentlemen to be ready to bring them into the dining chamber; and when they go away the gentleman usher and the rest of my gentlemen to bring them to their horses.

ENDEAVOUR OF GOOD ORDERS

And as for observing of all other good orders, with the eschewing of any breach to the contrary, my pleasure is that the gentleman usher and the residue of my gentlemen should endeavour themselves to the uttermost they may to live orderly, the which good orders though they be at large set down in the yomen's orders at the end of the book, yet I think good to make a brief rehersal of them here.

Hours for Drinking

The gentleman usher and the rest of my gentlemen to keep due hours for drinking, for the morning at eight o'clock, at night at eight o'clock, and to come to drinking two and two together.

ORDERLY

ORDERLY RIDING ABROAD \ When my lo: and I do ride abroad the gentleman usher to see the gentlemen ride afore two and two together orderly without using any undecentness as in loud speech or rude sports one with another.

MODERATE SPEECH IN

My pleasure is that when the usher of the hall, hearing great noise at dinner or supper time, shall bid make less noise, no gentleman to seem to scoff or rail at him, but orderly to use moderate speech for the better example of others.

FOR THE DUE OBSERVING SET Further my pleasure is that both to contribute my lo: and me to make more services the more acceptable to us who doth so greatly mislike those disorders, and also to give good manners to your fellows of meaner calling, that even as you all tender my favour, the gentleman usher and all the rest of my gentlemen to frame yourselves to the obeying of these reasonable orders set down by my lord and mee.

To keep private the My pleasure is that none of my gentlemen only the gentleman usher excepted, shall come into any of the offices, as Buttry, pantry, cellar, brew house, backhouse, kitchen, scullery, larders, neither yet into the landry or dye house nor in those two last rehearsed nor the gentleman usher to come into them; neither yet he nor any of the rest of my gentlemen to use any carousing in any house to make one another drunk, or to press any stranger to carouse; to frequent no alehouse; not to use great swearing nor any other unhonest kind of life, but to behave themselves orderly and civily like gentlemen.

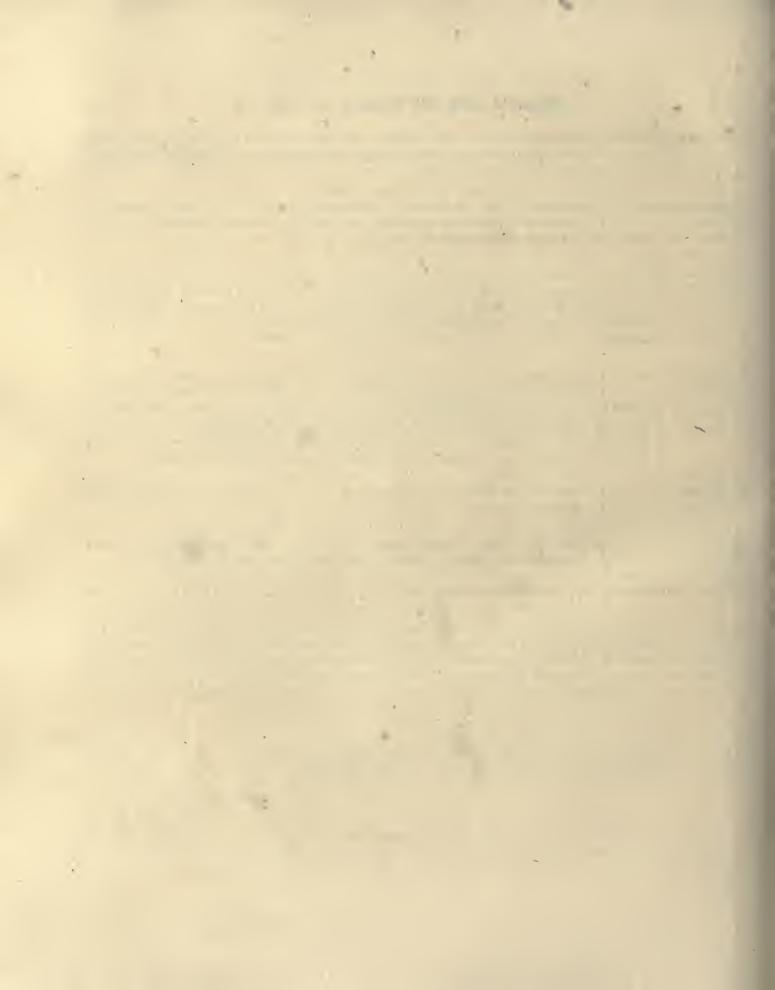
QUARRELLING

No gentleman to fall out or quarrel one with another but to live lovingly together, without fighting or contention.

FOR BEING NOT A NIGHT Neither the gentleman usher nor none of the rest of my waiting gentlemen to ly out a nights but to come into their own lodgings, appointed for them by nine o'clock at night.

Tending at the dresser The gentlemen to come at the first call of the usher to the dresser, and there to use themselves decently without loud noise or any rude behaviour and with all duty to endeavour yourselves to obey and observe them without any breach of any of them so near as you can possible, and all you my waiting gentlemen to be obedient to my gentleman usher to do what you shall be commanded by him touching the decent and good ordering of yourselves and doing diligent and dutiful service to my lo: and me; and because you shall well know all these orders are set down by myself, hoping you will the more willingly with obedience frame yourselves and service according to these directions, I have in the end set to my hand and therefore do expect these orders shall be the . .

In the margin of the last page is written:—"found at Cranford, June, 1635." And at the top of the same page an old hand has written:—"Lo: Berkley's orders."



The Life of George the First

Part of the life of George lord Berkeley the first of that name, stiled in writings Sir George Berkeley knight, lord Berkeley, Mowbray, Segrave, and Breouse; And may bee called George the traveller, or George the linguist.

Contemporary with king James, and king Charles from 1613. till

Part of whose life I will deliver under these 5 titles; vizt.

- 1.—In his abstracts from his Ancestors: fol: [895]
- 2.—¶n his parentage and discents. fol: [897]
- 3.—In his birth and education fol: [899]
- 4.—In his law fuits arifen in his minority. fol: [907]
- 5.—The Conclusion of the author. fol: [917]

n this Lord George is compleat the third Septenary number from Harding the Dane, the first of his English race: what men the two former septenary lords, Thomas the second and William the Marques, the best and the worst, were in their generations, their lives have declared.

In this lord George are more quadrately compleat, the odd numbers of threes and Seavens.

Though the bulke whereto this third volume is growne admits noe repetition, yet breifly let the abstract of this family bee observed, first In threes, in numero ternario.

3. Maurice the last of the first three, by his maryage established this Barony, And setled so fure a peace to his family as continues durable to this day.

6. Maurice

- 6. Maurice the last of the fecond three, by his siding in the Barons warrs in the time of king Henry the third, cast himself and his wife into that indigency That if the said king her unckle had not bestowed on her lands in Kent, shee had begged for want of bread, for soe are the words of that Record of the kings guist.
 - 9. Thomas the last of the third three, by his ever memorable industry doubled his revenue; And to his entaile to the heires males are the last eight lords of this lyne b[e]holding for their honor and barony.
 - 12. James the last of the fourth three; his sun set before the rising: hee lived not to see the honor of his Ancestors: born to honor but had it not.
 - 15. Maurice the last of the fifth three; hee had honor by discent, but noe land withall: Insteed of land his brothers malice discended upon him: His suits in lawe were more then the acres of ground lest him by his last Ancestor the Marques.
 - 18. Thomas the last of the fixth three; for shortnes of hon! hee standeth fingle: his baronage faw but one winter folstice.
 - 21. This lord George, the last of the seaventh three; Hee is the center of threes and seavens, in whom the whole circumference is closed; Lord raise up his spheare in summa ange, in height above his Ancestors.

Pow observe the abstract of this family in Seavens, in numero septenario.

- 7. Thomas the last of the first feaven, like the active king (Edward the first) in whose daies hee flourished, was a lord compleatly fitted tam Marti quam Mercurio, the greatest scholler, souldier and husband of All his Ancestors.
- 897
 14. William the last of the fecond feaven, was the most ambitious man that ever lived in his generations; Hee wasted and gave away fower baronyes and half a Dukedome; And lest nothing in effect to his heire but a tongue to complaine.
 - 21. This lord George the last of the third seaven; speak of him when I am dust and hee at rest; numbers are not the causes of transmutations of families: Lord enoble his character above his Ancestors; I leave him in his minority between hope and sear, And returne to declare him first in his parentage next in his life and actions.

Dis Parentage and discents.

This lord George by Harding his first Ancestor is a Dane of regall parentage. A Dane.

By Eve wife of Robert the first, and by the wholl discents of Breouse and A Norman. Mowbray, a most honorable Norman.

Dy Alice wife of Maurice the first, and by the wholl lyne of Segrave whereof A Saxon. hee is heire, an English Saxon.

By Elizabeth mother of James the first, heire to the ancient families of Reis, Bloet, and Pichard; And by Margaret wife of Thomas the third, (difcended of the A Welshman. Princes of Brittaine and Wales,) And by Anne Morgan wife to his great grand- A Brittaine. father Henry lord Hunfdon, is a Brittaine or Welfhman, whereby hee is priveledged to weare a Leeke on S: Davids day the first of March.

23p Isable wife of Maurice the second, and by Isable wife of James the first, A ffrenchman. one of the Coheirs of Thomas de Brotherton eldest son of king Edward the first by Margaret his fecond wife daughter of Phillip le Bel king of ffrance, A ffrenchman, And of the royall bloud of England and ffrance: As Alfo difcending from Edmond fecond | fon to king Henry the third, father of Henry of Monmouth Earle of 898 Lancaster, Leicester, and Darby, great grandsather of the said Isable.

Of the roiall

By Margaret wife of Thomas the third, daughter of Roger Mortimer first A Spanniard. Earle of March, fon of Edmond Mortimer lord of Wigmore and of Margaret Powell: 316. ffendles his wife daughter of William de ffendles, a Spanniard; Cozen to Queen Elleanor first wife of king Edward the first.

By the faid lady Isable wife to James the first, discended from fferdinando Marques of Saluce of the house of Saxony in Germany by Alison his daughter A Germaine. wife to Richard ffitz Alan lord of Clun and Ofwaldestry; A Germaine.

By Eve wife of William de Breousa lord of Brecknock and Gower, shifth daughter and one of the Coheirs of Isable daughter and heire of Richard Strongbowe Earle of Penbroke and of Eve his wife daughter and heire of Dermot-mac-murrough fon of Patrick king of Leinster, (from whom hee in three wayes discended) An Irishman; whereby hee is priviledged to weare a red crosse on S! Patricks day the 17th of March.

An Irishman. Howe: fol: 152. Vincent: fol: 411. Yorke. fol: Powell. fol: 313.

words

And justly by right of discent this lord George quartereth these twenty coats, very remarkeable in their generations; viz!, Berkeley, Bloett, Brotherton, Mowbray, Breouse, Segrave, Chancombe, Bello campo, Longspey, Albeny, stiz Allan, Blundevill, Warren, Plantagenet, Marishall, Strongbow, Murchas, Mead, Read, and Stanhope; As formerly in these relations hath appeared, and how they are come into his bearings.

Grant Lord That in his course of age hee may grace this his parentage by his virtues, as his parentage graceth him; And to know That proper virtue joyned with this nobility of birth is enobled with a double honour: And now to his life.

His birth and education.

899

This lord George was born at Lowlayton five miles from London, on Wednefday the 7th of October in the 43th year of Queen Elizabeth, Anno 1601, between the hours of ten and eleaven in the forenoone, And was christened on munday the 26th of the same month; his grandfather George lord Hunsdon and Charles Howard Earle of Nottingham being his godfathers, And the lady Jane second wife to his grandfather Henry lord Berkeley, his godmother; And was afterwards created knight of the Bath at the Creation of Charles Prince of Wales, after the death of Prince Henry his elder brother.

It fared with the father and mother of this lord George during their joynt lives, as with younger brethren (though heires to two noble families) who having Anuities for their maintenance, and noe houses wherein to settle themselves, must sojourn with freinds or hire where they may for money; So consequently it fell out with this lord, a part of themselves and the hope of both their posterities, who (having been nursed at Envile) moved with them according to their motion, to London, to Claredon, to Newpark, and lastly to Callowdon, where and at Coventry, till the dissipacion of his grandfathers family a month after his death, hee remained a scholler under Doctor Philemon Holland; And from thence to London with his mother, as hath been said; where between her houses of Redcrosse street, Mylend, Durdens, and Cransord, hee continued under the instruction and example of M: Henry Ashwood, his sober and vertuous tutor, till hee was sitted for Oxford.

Novem: 1613. Anno: 11. Jac. In memorial of whose vertue and progresse in learning, then but twelve years old and one month, I will borrow leave to transmit to posterity a Lie of his own writing, which hee from Coventry schoole fent to my self then in London in these

words; Accepi a te domine Smythe, chronicon Johannis Speedi cum chartis chorographicis in duobus tomis; opus fanè, ut videtur, egregium dignum lectu, jucundumo, aspectu; et quod maius est, perlegi epistolam ad me tuam, plenam judicij et gravis confilij, quæ ut inditia veri amoris tui, magni | estimo; Chronicon quidem 900 diligentèr legam, et apud me fervabo, cartifque oculos meos pafcam; confilium vero tuum, deo volente, fequar; pro utrifq gratias tibi ago, daboq operam posthac, et te redamare, et tibi pro viribus gratiam referre; vale, Coventria. 9 Novembr. 1613.

Tui amantissimus

Georgius Berkeley.

Of whom it may bee truly faid, That hee is born generous and capable of vertue; but wifdom is not gotten without paine; folly may bee bought and findeth many Chapmen, but true honor noblenes and wisdom that makes great and happy, are the fruits of wife companions and the counfells of the dead; Hatefull may his memory bee that by his evill company corrupteth these seeds, for honor and reputation in fuch a one as this young lord is like to prove, is fo delicate a thing as a fmall exceffe may blemish it, and acts of indiscretion may ruin it; It is a spirit that goes and returnes not againe.

The 26th of which November in which hee wrote that tre, his grandfather Henry lord Berkeley dyed, as hath in his life been faid; And in December following, the lady Elizabeth with this noble gent her fon, then lord, came to London, where shee found the grant of the wardship of his body and marriage passed by the faid Earle of Northton, both under the feale of the Court of Wards, and of the great feale, And direction given for finding the office after the death of the faid lord Henry: which being returned into the petty bagge in Hillary Terme following, the faid Earle, whilft hee endeavoured the paffing of a leafe of the faid lord Henries lands, (whereto the king was now, not before, entituled,) dyed the 15th of June following, Anno, 1614. in the 12th year of king James, at Northton house by Charinge croffe; whereby the faid lady apprehending the advantage, prefently entred into that affaire, as by right of his Mats instructions devolved upon her; And the 13th of July following got the leafe under feale; And at the fame time compounded with the Counfell | of the Court of Wards for the Cafualties of Copy-hold ffynes, Advowfons, Copice woods, heryotts, and other perquifites which might arife out of the kings part of her fons lands during his minority, (which were excepted in her faid leafe,) And obtained a Decree for the better establishment of that agreement; All which by her perfonall travell were the fooner and better effected.

1. grant 26 ffeb: 10. Jac: regis. 2. grant. 16. Junij II Jac: 11. Jac.

Anno. 12. Jac.

Decret in Cur: Wardo[rum]

This

1613. 1614 11 et 12 Jacobi.

This done, it was the prudent observation of this lady That in the five last difcents her fons family had not received into it the warmth of any other influence, fave what their Ancestors left to shine upon them, and themselves by a temperate motion had preferved and held upon their paternall pole; And thereupon, studious how to enlarge his fpheare, in ffebruary and March before the faid Earle of Northtons death, by the speciall means of the lady Jane the widow of this lords grandfather, a marriage was concluded upon, (wth the faid Earles confent,) between this lord and Elizabeth the fecond daughter and coheire of Sir Michaell Stanhope knight, brother of the faid lady Jane, A prudent gent of an honorable discent and family; Between whom and this lords mother, the paralell was foe equal without giving or taking or opening at either end, That by Indentures dated the thirtieth of March in the 12th of king James in confideration of the maryage intended between the faid parties, hee fetled upon them a great part of his inheritance in the Counties of Suffolk and Middlesex, then (as hee delivered his priculer) rented at . 150311. p Ann; giving further hope of the faire and uniforme house in S! Johns Street near Clarkenwell, where hee then dwelt, And which two years after hee performed and fetled upon his faid daughter; Neither was the hope unprobable, but that the faid Elizabeth might enjoy a coperciners part of the poffessions of Sir Willm Reade of Ofterly knight, whose only child (then living) her mother was, which then also were estimated by him at-300011. p Ann: And which upon the death of Sir William, the 11th of August in the 19th of King James. 1621. came home to that hope.

902

According to which agreement, on Thursday in Easter | weeke following, the 13th of Aprill in the 12th of king James, 1614. this lord George maryed her the said Elizabeth in presence of both their parents in the church of great St Bartholomewe in London, He then of the age of thirteen years and six months, And shee the said Elizabeth of the age of nine years, upon St Thomas day the 21th of December then last past; her elder sister the lady Jane having about one year before at the same church been marryed to Henry Viscount sitz Water, son and heire apparant to Robert Ratclisse Earle of Sussex, with as great a portion of his possessions settled upon her; And having in these two honorable samilies settled his posterity, His next thoughts was reslected upon his own mortallity; And accordingly not longe after, erecting his Tombe at Sudburne in Sussolke where hee intended to bee buried, hee engraved thereupon these words, vizt,

Memoria justorum in manu dei est.

Sir Michaell Stanhope knight in the County of Nottingham left five fons, Thomas Stanhope knight of the fame county; Edward Stanhope knight of the County of

Yorke

Yorke, and one of the Counfell there established; John Stanhope knight, lord Stanhope of Harrington, of the priory Counsell to Queen Elizabth and king James, Vice-chamberlaine to them both, and Treaforer to them both; Edward Stanhope knight doctor of the civill lawe; Michaell Stanhope knight, lord of this Manor, who mindfull of his mortality, while hee lived, erected this monument,

> Beere resteth in assured hope to rise in Christ, S. Michaell Stanhope knight, who ferved at the feet of Queen Elizabeth of most happy and famous memory in her privy Chamber, twenty years, And of our Soveraigne king James in the fame place the rest of his daies; who marved Anne daughter to Sir William Reade of Ofterly in the County of Middlesex knight, by whom he had | iffue two daughters; Jane maryed to Henry 903 Viscount fitz Walter, fon and heire apparant to the Earle of Sussex; And Elizabeth maryed to George lord Berkeley, Mowbray, Segrave, and Breouse, of Berkeley Castle in the County of Glouc, this George being the 21th Baron by discent.

All honor, glory, praife, and thanks, bee unto thee O glorious Trinity. Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners, whereof I am cheefe. I Tim: 1. 15.

Thou hast redeemed mee O lord God of truth. Psa: 31. 5. I desire to be dissolved and to bee with Christ. Phil. 1. 23.

Death is to mee advantage. Phil. 1. 21.

I will take the cup of falvation and call upon the name of the lord. Pfal: 116. 13.

He that glorieth, let him glory in the lord. I Cor. 1. 31. Faith. hope. charity. on three of the pillers.

This his monument was finished two years and more before his death, whereby it may appeare, (if neither his will nor ought elfe were,) what opinion hee held of Mr. Bridget, whom his faid wife (whose daies longe after lasted not) brought into the world

¹ Mr. Bridget Countess of Desmond whom St M: Stanhope never did own & was brought up in a Cottage, but after his death came in as Heiress to S. Michaell Stanhope upon George Lord Berkeleys Hitting his Steward a Box of the Ear, he told him it should cost him dear, & carried Mr Bridget to the Duke of Buckingham who married her to a near relation of his & went to Law with the Ld Berkeley whose wives fister shee was proved.

See Ante p. 408, n.]

² It was thought S. M: Poisoned his wife Imediatly after her lyeing in. [These notes, from the margin of the Manuscript, are in the handwriting of Lady Elizabeth Germain.—ED.

fynes. 22. R. 2. m: 15. fin. 2. H. 4. m: 34. pat. 7. H. 4. ps. 1. claus: 1. H. 5. dorfo. Ing: 46. E. 3. post mort. Johis Stanhope. 904 world fower years before the erecting of this Tombe; He dyed the 18th of December in the 19th of King James. 1621. his father in Law Sir Willim Read being dead the 11th of August before.

In honour of which lady Elizabeths difcent, I will (out of my mean collections) add, That her faid grandfather Sir Michaell Stanhope, beheaded in the Sixth of king Edward the Sixth, was the fon of S! Edward Stanhope, fon of Thomas Stanhope, fon of S. John Stanhope knight, who dyed in 9th of king Henry the 7th, I fon of Richard Stanhope who dyed in the life of his father, fon of S. Richard Stanhope knight, who dyed in the 14th of king Henry the fixth, fon of John Stanhope Efq., who dyed in the 46th of king Edward the third, fon of Richard Stanhope knight, fon of Richard Stanhope, who poffeffed ample poffeffions in the North parts of England in the time of king Edward the first.

vita: E. 6. p Johem Heyward fol. 82. et at.

In which pedegree I omitt the name and place of Anne Stanhope wife to Edward Seymore Duke of Somerset, protector of the Realme and of king Edward the fixth; The rather for that in the best histories of these present daies, shee is published to bee a woman for many imperfections intollerable, for pride monstrous, exceedingly both fubtill and violent in accomplishing her ends, for which shee fpurned over all respects both of conscience and shame, &c. And brought to satall destinies both her husband and his brother, and some of her own kindred. But how defervedly marked with that character, I know not.

dated: 14. Junij 12. Jac: 1614.

The foresaid Henry Earle of Northton in his will (made the day before his death) hath these words; I will, That my executors for such interest as I have, shall affigne over the Wardship of the lord Berkeley to Sir Richard Spenser and M: Thomas Spenfer his great uncles, To the use of the said lord Berkeley, Hee paying 1500! for the fame to mine executors, being neer about the charge I have been at concerning the faid wardship; And of his faid will made his three fervants, John Griffith, William Bynge, and Robert Cole, Executors; who demaund the 15001 of the lady Berkeley and of Sir Michaell Stanhope; And for nonpayment bring against them a Writ of Ravishment of ward, upon the Statute of Westin the second: The fute proceedeth, the case is drawn, and deliberatly advised upon with Counsell by the defendants in their own persons; The writ appeareth to bee mistaken by the 905 Executors, brought by them as Executors to the faid Earle, | whereas they had the fame by the Earles Deed inrolled in Chancery two days before his death, the end and loffe of a years fuite; A new originall was ready to bee purchased by the Executors; The cafe with the circumstances contained ten poynts, most of which

Westm. 2: ca. 35

were

were doubtfull: propositions are made for peace, and propounded; the offer imbraced; The agreement was That (besides 3001 in hand) 12001 more should bee paid at three daies: Security is given, the ravishment is released, the payments are made accordingly, And the 25th of November in the 14th year of king James, a deed is fealed to the faid lady and Sir Michaell Stanhope by John Griffith alone, whereunto the Earles of Suffolk and Worcester and the lord William Howard, (three of the Earle of Northtons overfeers,) were witnesses; The other two Executors refusing, who were regnum inter fe divifum, at much variance by mutual fuits in Chancery, but to Griffith the lords overfeers adhered.

Carta in castro de Berkeley.

Though I covet brevity, and know that truth is not to bee followed too near the heeles, whereby I will omit the tres and answers that passed between this lady and the lords, overfeers to the Earles will, who would have laid the wholl burthen on Sir Michill if thereto her vertuous disposition would have affented; Yet shall the Earles gratitude appear to bee fomwhat leffe to this lord George then the merits of his grandmother deserved, (which mine own often imployments between them can witness,) adding withall the fugred fres we hee often wrote to this lady Elizabeth in affurance thereof; And his estimate of his fisters memory, delivered oft to mee under this valuation. That whilft shee lived shee was to him the dearest of all Gods creatures; his ambition only being, (fuch were his words,) to requite her bounties to himself in the sweetest image of her self: A few lynes of one of which, (written to the faid lady Elizabeth 11. weeks after the death of her husband,) read in these his words, vizt,

dated. 14. ffebr: 1611.

It is not strange to mee (most noble lady) that you bestow the favour which I find by your token upon your true freind and ally, whom you have already bound by curtesies before this time: But yet I am forry you have fent a token of greater value, then I | would willingly receive from a lady that by her vertues deserves 906 rather to command my fortunes: Your life hath been of proofe, your actions most worthy of respective imitation, And your kind and tender love to all your late husbands freinds and Allyes, foe farr above the custome and manner of ladies, matched in like degrees, as wee had all great reason to esteem you as a pretious ornament to that honorable house in which you were bestowed, and a comfort to us all that are record¹⁵ of your meritt in the life, and your mindfulnes after the death, of him with whom you lived foe longe with honor.

A jewell of great

2. Touching the care of your hopefull fons education, (worthy lady) though it shall bee needlesse to repeat what I have written to my brother Berkeley, yet I will add, add, That fo long as I live, your care your counsell and desires shall bee regarded as mine own, in any thing that concerns him in any way; And when I dye, my will shall testify both what I think of your vertue, and in this case what I owe to your affection. During mine own time, I confesse the height of my ambition is, to expresse by care of this sweet child in what accompt I held the grandmother, that for her vertues and rare parts, besides her love to my felf, deserves to bee recorded in a gratefull memory; for nothing shall bee neglected that may tend to the persection of her son in all degrees, that both living and dead was most deare unto mee. Since it is yo. Laps desire that I should retaine this token of your favour, I will obey your will, but with this promise, to deserve it to your liking or to send it back againe with an obligation of thanks. Comand ever as much as any that liveth.

febr. 14. 1611.

Your affectionate uncle and conftantly devoted freind: Northton.

Galte also a fewe words more drawn from two paragraphs of another tre 907 written by the said Earle the sifth of sfebruary, | Anno, 1613. after the death of 5 ffebr: 1613. this lords grandfather, vizt,

have done from your La? at fundry times, if I were not refolved to requite them in the right time, which if I doe not, believe that I have offended against you, that are foe near both by allyance and bloud, as to this day I never did to any other by ingratitude. In the mean time resting ready to acknowledge to your La? by any service and means, the noble favours, besides that constant and kind affection I have received from your noblenes, I ever rest—Your La? affectionate uncle and true freind to serve you

Northampton.

Anno: 1615. 13. Jac: This family having observed what I wrote of the Manor of Bosham in the life of Maurice the fifth, is further to bee informed, That this lady Elizabeth desirous to see that part of her joynture, in the vacation between the two termes of Easter and Trinity, a year and an half after it accrued unto her, accompanied with this lord her son, made thither her first journey, whom my self attended: At a Court then holden at the Manor house by Nicholas Holborne her steward, the wednesday in Whitson week, shee her self declared to her tenants then assembled the motives of her journey and of holding that Court, To see and know them, and to make her son known amongst them, whose the inheritance was; Holding it sitting, (for continu-

ance

ance of mutuall right and accord,) That aswell by sight of each of their Coppies as by their further pfentment, (fith part of their Copihold lands were heriotable, part not, and held by one and the fame copies,) that fuch a diffinction might by their felves now bee made As neither heryot or other fervice might bee hereafter denyed when due, nor her Steward exact that through ignorance which was not justly payable, with other like words full of fweetnes towards them; Answere was made by many, but principally by John Exton an Alderman of the Citie of Chichester, (many of whose citizens by reason of the adjacency of that manor to their Citie are Copyholders,) denying her power | either to call a Court at that time, or that themselves 908 owed any fervice thereat, with much other matter to that peremptory effect; After time for further deliberation given, till her return from the Isle of Thorney, the Tenants returned with Counfell, upon a fecond and third meeting, (the former affronts wifely by her diffembled,) promifes were made for fome poore kind of conformity, but in the end after daies againe and againe given by her Steward, till Michaelmas and Hillary Courts following, altogeather unperformed; whereby

Patientia fæpe læfa, vertitur in furorem.

Patience often wounded, is converted into fury.

Shee in the end of that Hillary Terme in the 14th of king James, exhibited a bill in Chancery against the said John Exton and twenty or more of the cheifest of those Copyholders, wherein nine points were afterwards by two Decrees upon that bill ordered against them; vizt, The fynes of their Copyhold lands called boordlands 1. declared to bee arbitrable at her will; Old works of villenage (for 120. years last 2. neglected) reduced to a yearly rent of 7411: where nothing formerly was paid. Leafes by them pretended to bee lawfully made for one thousand years and upwards, reduced to 21, or under, and for a fyne, and by licence; Themselves declared to bee 4. Copyholders, not freeholders in Ancient demesne in hault tenure, as they mainly 5. infifted upon to have been; And their Indenture of confirmation of their customs 6. made by Henry lord Berkeley in the 7th year of Queen Elizabeth, (which they for 7. the Canonicalnes thereof called Bosham bible,) declared void, and damned, with other like, as the Decrees doe shew, And at this instant themselves in contempt and likely the next Terme to bee acquainted with the ffleet for their contempts; The fear whereof drives them in much humility to fue for peace in a farre different note from the first tune of the said John Exton and others at their first appearance upon fubpeanaes, then proudly affuring | her Lap That if they were constrayned to spend but five shillings shee should not bee excused for five hundred pounds: But the case did in two years much alter; shee prevailed above her own expectation, They now avow before her to have spent-9001 in the suite, willing her La? soe an end may

Triñ. 16. Jac:

Thefe decrees were afterwards vacated by another 909

decree dated 17 Octob.in 18 Jacobi and the tenants restored to the former claimes bee and customes, &c.

bee, to propose her own conditions, which not sourteen daies past shee hath done, by their payment of—1960! to redeem their folly, whereof they accepted; This suite ariseing from so unnecessary a provocation through the peevish refractarynes of proud tenants, hath made them sabula vulgi, a byword to all their neighbors, and president to posterity; wherein though it pleased her and her brother in lawe Sir Michaell Stanhope, (who much incited this suite,) to leave it wholly unto mee, I can challenge noe more therein then that her good fortune hath brought it and all the like to like successes.

- I. In the time of which Bosham suite, shee was enforced unto three others in the Court of Wards: The first against John Osborne of Bosham for wrongfully detaining certaine of her demession that Manor as assignee to John Shelly, a bannished recusant, Lessee for his life by the demise of Henry lord Berkeley in the time of Queen Mary; who lost his terme and shee quietly now enjoys it; wherein part of the question was whether the lessee or the assignee of his lessee for life should prove the life or death of the tenant for life.
- 2. The fecond against Richard Byford of Slimbridge for his often infringements of her liberty of Berkeley hundred, the successe of which suite with his punishment more largely followeth.
- 3. The third against Sara Tilladam, who claymed her widows estate in a Copyhold meffuage in Bevington in the Manor of Hame, after the death of Thomas Tilladam her husband, according to the custome of that manor; which was denyed to her, in regard hee being much weakened by longe fickness and taken in Execution for debt upon a Capias ad fatisfaciend, at Berkeley on a Satturday at two in the afternoon, And being that night conveyed to the house of one of q10 the Undersheriffes men in Gloucester, was the next morning there | maryed to her; And that shee being a servant in the house of James Atwood an Inholder in Berkeley (where hee was taken) followed him to Glouc., and foe the next morning by maryage became his wife; And being within two hours after mariage comitted to the goale, their dyed of his old infirmity within three weeks after, leaving her both maid and widow, as was supposed; who hereupon claiming her widows estate whilft shee should live sole and chast, was by an Injunction out of the Court of Wards removed out of her possession; for that by noe reasonable intendment such a bed could have a free bench, neither was fraud and Practice to advantage any Tenant against the true ends of mariage.

Hill. 15. Jac. 1617.

In

In the 18th year of the faid king, this lady at her only charges obtained from Carta. 25. Julij his Matie a large grant of liberties in the name of this lord her fon in all his hundred of Berkeley, and in his burrough and manor of Tetbury, And in his manor and hundred of Portbury; Which liberties were thefe, vizt, A viewe of ffranke pledge and whatfoever thereto belongeth; And all felons goods of what kind foever, whether felons of themselves or otherwise; wayved goods, Estrayes, Treasure trove, Deodands; year, day, and waste; estrepments2; goods of fugitives and of convict, Attainted, outlawed, and of wayved persons, before what Judge soever, or in what Court wherefoever fuch goods shall come to bee forfeited, And all iffues and amerciaments lost or forfeited within the faid hundred; And all whale fishes, Sturgeons, and all other great and royall ffishes, in whatsoever free fishings within the river of Seavern; And all fuch faires and marketts as have been accustomed, Togeather with a Court of Pipowders, with all Stalls, pickages, waights, fines, Amerciaments, Tolls, liberties, and free customes, to fuch faires and markets belonging; And also free Warren in all his demesne lands within the faid hundred, and in all other places where his Ancestors have used to have free warren, with divers others the like; And in Tetbury, a view of frank pledge within that burrow In Tetbury. and manor, and whatfoever thereto belong-leth, and all marketts and faires there 911 heretofore held and kept, with all Tolls, stalls, pickages, waights, fynes, and amerciaments, to them belonging, or there used; And all waived goods, estrayes and deodands, And all goods of felons, fugitives, felons of themselves, And whatsoever other liberties any of his Ancestors have there had or used, with others more, as by the faid grant more at large appeareth. The purchase whereof with the successe of the Bosham suite before mentioned, draweth near to her late purchase of the sweet and well feated manor of Cranford in the County of Middlefex, which with the Cranford price of-70001, fhee hath this present Easter Terme. 1618. in the 16th of king James, purchased in see simple of the sower Coheires of Sir Robert Aston; having also strengthened her estate therein by a new tres patents from his Matie, Not only preferving her fons poffessions during his minority from all diminution with some increase of his rents, but inriching the wholl with more regall liberties then were attained unto by any of his former Ancestors; not speaking of the great advancement which this lord her fon wth his posterity is assured to receive by his mariage, obtained by her care and prudence; And this is that charter of liberties wherto I related in the life of the lord Thomas the fecond under his title, of law fuits. Reither fol: [226] may

1616. 14. Jac : in Castro de Berkel: v'e fol: In Berkeley hundred and in Portbury.

¹ Forfaken. [ED.]

² Waste made by tenants for life to the prejudice of him in reversion, whether by cutting trees, &c., or by deterioration of the land by continual cropping without manure or other unfair husbandry.

may I omit, that in August and September last, 1617. in the 15th of king James, shee was present with this lord her son at all the Courts of his Manors in the Counties of Glouc. and Somersett, and at their severall Leets and Courts of Pleas, perusing the perticular estates of each tenant in each manor, holding by lease or by Copy, comparing all the perticular pth of each demise with her own booke to that purpose before hand prepared, noting therein with her own hand, the lives in being, and the rents and other profits reserved upon each estate; wherein shee sate sometimes sowerteen houres without departure from her seate, drawing out those labours at some Manors till near midnight, my self then Steward and attending her in that service: presi-|dents not more rare in a lady of her birth, then noble incitements to her son, present also most of those daies and hours with her.

Were all wives fuch, this age would happy bee, But happier that, of our posterity.

Bill exhibited in Hillar terme. 15 Jacobi. At which time many complaints being presented unto her touching the daily infringes of the liberty of Berkeley by one Richard Bisord of Slimbridge, an atturney at lawe, with the wrongs and oppressions thereby thrown upon his neighbors, shee exhibited a bill in the Court of Wards against him, whereupon after desence by him made, and witnesses examined: hee was heavily censured, fined, and awarded to pay greater costs then his ability at that time might beare; howbeit, by his submission, acknowledgment of his offences in writing, and by appealing to her mercy, hee sound greater savor then either his offences deserved, or his guiltines expected, in remission of the heaviest part of the Decree and sentence of the said Court.

Anno: 15. Jacobi

from which Charter of liberties in Berkeley hundred, shee in the last year (amongst fome others) reaped these fruits in the Manors and lands of other men; One Cullen an Inholder in Dursley by stabbing of himself with his own knife, becoming thereby, selo de se, his goods escheated, which shee had.

2. A fervant to John Hollister working at his water mill in Wike near Berkeley coveting with a feather in his hand to oyle the coggs, was by their fwift motion caught and drawn in by the Arme, and ground almost to peeces, whereby Hollister made composition for the deodand, coggs, wheele, and upper millstone; for quicquid movet ad mortem deodandum est: which the lord of the fee of this mill, a magistrate of Bristoll, armed with a double power of the Charters of that Citie, and with the authority of the generall Eleemoziner to his Matie, would have wrested from her, but could not.

3. The

3. The like deodand of wayne and fix oxen happening about | the fame time 913 at Nimpesfeild, a manor of M. John Bridgemans, as it was entring into his gates with wood, when the owner perished under the wheele of the wayne. 2110 lastly 4. in this prefent month of May 1618, in the 16th of king James, one Thomas Caston a tiler in taking down an old farm house of Robert Webbs in Cromhall Ligon, the old inheritance of the Dornyes, found hidden between the tiling and feiling over an old oven, fower and thirty peeces of gold of the coine of king Henry the fixth as the infcription shewed, then of 13. 4d, the peece; which hee with others coveting to conceale, A bill was by her exhibited against fower of them into the Court of Wards, making her title to that treasure trove under the said Charter of king James; But they feeking peace, found it, And upon receipt of an accompt of the wholl, shee honorably gave back a part, rewarded fome others, retaining the refidue to her felf. which composition, (sith finding of gold is held good fortune,) I end these relations, the day this lord George began his first Journey to Oxford, whither hee came on Thursday, before Whitsunday the 21th of May in the 16th year of the raigne of king James, Anno, 1618: where in Christ Church Colledge, I leave him to his booke, under a difcreet tutor, attended with honest fervants, carefull of his health and honor; himfelf full of ingenuity, quick of apprehenfion, and fweet of nature; of a loving affection towards his wife, almost three years younger then himfelf, And shee in a like Sympathy towards him, vertuously bred under a prudent father at St John Jherusalem in the parish of Clarkenwell by London; In fyliall obedience towards his mother, fincerely affecting with brotherly love his vertuous fifter; These feeds promise a fertile increase; how fruitfull the harvest will prove, God Almighty qui omnia novit et fuaviter difponit, hee only knowes; The living, and not my dust, will tell hereafter when the cropp is inned into the barne; Possessed at this time of his ancient castle of Berkeley, and of more then one thousand marks of old rents about the fame, which have inseparably accompanied his ancient and honorable | family in all these former twenty generations, through the various 914 motions of 550. years: A miracle and bleffing which the God of heaven and earth hath not by the visible testimonies of his mercy, bestowed upon any other family of like ranke and honour, in generations never attainted, that the records of this kingdoe declare.

May. 16 Jac. 1618.

See my booke of tenures: fol: 252. Nº 338.

Dis noble mother I leave at her new purchase at Cranford, 12 miles from London, amongst her thousands of books, havinge from the Counsells of those

I Cranford the Country House my Brother James Earl of Berkeley most delights in to weh he has made large Additions.—Marginal note in the MS. made by Lady Elizabeth Germain. [ED.]

dead, brought wifdom and happines to her widdowhood, according to the rithmicall difficke,

If that thou wilt true counfell have, Of dead old men doe thou it crave.

Eccles: ca: 7. v. 27. 28.

And the vertuous lady Theophila his fifter with S. Robert Coke her husband, at their house near Kingston¹ upon Thames; Of which mother and daughter, I tell their generations to come, That I have found what king Salomon by his own acknowledgment could never find, two good women, And I know (by knowing them from their youths upwards) it lies not in envies power to reprove this passage; And in this I confesse fortunes liberality to my self, That the vertuous memory of these two good ladyes will bee somewhat longer by these my labors continued in the generations to come.

I'le pray their name and honor n'ere expire, But in a melting firmament of fire.

With this addition of comfort to them both, That the one hath a fon the other a brother in one person, who having now continued two years in Oxford, is entirely well reported of and beloved throughout the body of that University, and promising for life and learning as hopefully as the University remembreth any of his ranke, in any age before; which in my vifits of his Lop in termly travells that way, I have often, again and againe, heard and observed, and here professe for truth: And that even now ready for travell beyond feas, if forraigne vices corrupt not the exq15 cellency of these hopes, or discontent upon returne, hee is likely in ripenes of daies to parrallell, if not outfirip the best of his forefathers, which God grant. Howbeit I may not, in the clasping up hereof, without a staine of ingratitude leave the memory of the faid lady Berkeley uncommended to posterity; That when I had to the fixth of king James to the utmost of my endeavors, in behalf of the lord Henry Berkeley, purfued for divers years fundry lawe fuits against the lord Viscount Lisle, and gained upon him, as appears in the title of his lawe futes: His wily agents, not without his privity, observing that the lease I dwelt upon in Nibley, (then the greatest part of my estate,) might bee avoided, secretly contracted for the Revertion, before I had any other inckling, then from a private whifpering, that I should shortly either bee taken from those fuits, or seeke a new habitation: But getting knowledge of the plot whilft the writings were in drawing, I countermined by my landlady, a powerfull

fol:[753] and after.

¹ I believe that House near Kingston was Durdens nearer Epsome weh her Husband lest in his will to my Grandsather George Earl of Berkeley weh was sold to the Duke of Argyle & by him sold to La Guilsord. Marginal note in the MS. made by Lady Elizabeth Germain. [Ed.]

full woman with her husband, And gayning a little upon time, I posted the knowledge thereof to this lady Berkeley, and to her husband, and to the lord Henry his father, desiring their directions what course to stirre in that storme, which must either beat mee from their service, or cast mee lower under hatches, then I hoped ever to have fallen: What I received from the father and son, a part of the ladies tre hereaster telleth, But from the lady her self, I had two such tres in two daies; which remaining as the choicest peeces amongst my evidences, are never to bee forgotten in my generations; In one of which are these words; And I protest unsainedly if you try any other freind you have in England, besides my self, in this buisines, (sith the father and son are noe more sensible,) I will take greater exception to you then ever I meant to have done. The event was, I prevailed by my landlady (the night Crowe) and, to the dishonesty of my landlord her husband, got the purchase my self, being thereto solely and sodainly enabled by the said lady, whereby my sooting hath ever since stood the firmer, and my port the quieter, to record the passage to the honor of her memory.

ancient family, To the honor of the now lord George and his vertuous fifter, to the memory of their noble grandfather and grandmother, And to his lordships prudent mother, the widowe of my master; And these are those that lived in lumbis Hardingi, that were in the bowells of Hardinge, when, with William Duke of Normandy called the Conqueror, hee first entred England, whereby these wholl relations are but the story of themselves in him, And of him in them: Their Ancestors from him are my circumference, they my center, where all my lynes and labours meete Joyne and end.

The conclusion of the Author.

917

Sinterely I doe avow before the face of this noble family, That in the volumes of this their ftory I have dealt clearly without hope or feare; I have not belyed the dust of the dead, nor flattered the face of the living; I have represented things truly, I have not adorned, inlarged, or hyperbolized the matter in a lyne or word; my free genius is at endlesse enmity with such basenes; flatterers I hold to bee the basest of slaves; I have comended nothing to posterity, but what I have sound of record, or taken from venerable manuscripts or the sealed Deeds of men, save that in a sewe of the last yeares I have given beleise in a sewe sallies to the last lord Henry lately dead, And to the eyes and ears of my self, assurances to mee above exception;

exception; And I know it lies not in the power of envy or malice to reproach mee of falshood or flattery without injustice.

In fuch places as I feeme to depart from the comon chronicles of the kingdome, in matter, names, dayes, months or years, it is wherein fome of them depart from others, and all of them from matter of record, which I have followed as the Authentike Judge of truth, whereof my marginalls are my witnesses, in which kindes I have amended them in many places; Ablit jactantia verbo.

Though I know that this and other like noble families have been in divers ages ferved with many worthy men and minds, yet none have ventured on the history of their lords or mafters lives; whereby for ought I have observed, I am the first and alone that hitherto have run this courfe of a genealogike history of any patrimoniall family.

> Then goe my booke, and ferve without difgrace, Till better come, and then fee thou give place.

Regist: seod:

I have taken into hand year after yeare most of the Records in the Tower of Q18 London, between the first and last whereof some parts of each of 34 years were spent; And what records and books I have turned over in the offices belonging to the kings bench, Rolls chapple, Chancery, Comon pleas, Exchequer, Treafory, pipe and pell offices, and other places there, let my marginall vouchers, and my books of the lord Berkeleys tenures declare; what remaines to bee further done, (as many eares of the best graines must need have escaped the reapers hand in so great an harvest,) my wish is, this noble family may fend forth another to perfect what my life prooves too short to finish; My travells also and other imployments at home and abroad, whereof each part of my life hath flood in need, have bereft mee of most of that time which otherwife I had given to this hiftory: Also nine other books of mine prefented to this family, have been as theeves in stealing much time from this; But why may not my grave expect That this lord George in his maturity of years should, as Cæfar did, write his own Comentaries? And as Octavius the Emperor did, the hiftory of his own life, as Suetonius reports? And as king Cirus is recorded to have transmitted to his sonne the memoriall of his own diurnall actions? And what now remaines of Cæfar foe famous as his Comentaries? And what of Cicero as his books of offices written to his fon? which for this lord, or fome other branch of this noble family, to performe, would testifie their ability for the present, and perpetuate their memory to posterity; Such a story gaines strength and gets authority by time, And the more antient it waxeth the more excellent is the estimation; It advanceth their prayses in the Assemblies of their generations, and becomes a living president for suture posterities;

Whereas our Oxford books but only Rules doe give, The examples of our fathers teach us how to live.

And let this noble family bee affured that their own true history in their own meridian, erected upon the frame of example and caution, will bee more forcible then a thousand fictions, spending their readings upon impossibilities and views of Castles in the aire.

Let it not discourage to understand, that I have spent a wholl week togeather 919 in a fearch, and returned without the gleaning of a note to enlarge a line herein; nor the application of that of the poet,

Apparent rari nantes in gurgite vasto.

The old Atcheivements and actions of private men, appeare but now and then floating in the great gulfe of time.

Industry will double what I have but begun; To the laborious, God is

always propitious: And this family can never think their own history, (the story of it felf,) too voluminous, which in this prerogative will triumph over all histories; That where others give life and light to the World, this beckens and holds up the finger to this family alone; Others, from others; This family from the Acts and examples of its own Ancestors, ever fince time hath left any thing in certainty; whereby they behold their own lyne tryumphing over time, which nothing but eternity hath triumphed over; making those of them that now live, as if they had lived then; and them to represent their dead acts upon the stage of their present view and judgment, As how they flourished, how they stumbled or fell, how vertue and piety made them profperous, how vice and discontent deformed them; which thereby will bee delivered unto them out of the depth and darknes of the earth: And, fith the fons of noble parents are bound by a kind of necessity not to degenerate from the vertue of their Ancestors, let it ever comfort the inlargers of this family to know, That nothing can bee more acceptable to a noble and heroicke family then to read it felf; And its felf to bee the substance of its own reading; And that their eye cannot bee cast thereon but their Ancestors feem present and represented unto them, And themselves the glasse that represents them to themselves, as in their proper

fpheare: If they bee vertuous, it will incite them to goe on in nobler undertakings; If otherwife, they will fear the pen, and to avoid reproach with their fucceeding

generations,

Virgill: Æniad Lib. 1.

generations, (knowing that books have an immortality above their vices,) will change 920 their course, and | not endure to bee held a bastard branch degenerated from the flocke of fo honorable forefathers; But howfoever the event bee, thou (whofoever thou art) hast done the part of an honest man, And thy rewarder is in thy bosome. And further to incite to foe noble an undertaking let this family rest affured, That a maffe of materialls both legall and historicall reflecting upon this Berkeleian race, lye hid in manufcripts and in the records of the kingdome, kept in the Tower of London, Exchequer, Pipe Office, Chapple of the Rolls, in the paper chamber of State affairs at Whitehall, in the Journalls of Parliaments, And in the registers of the Bishops of Worcester and divers other old Bishoppricks; And in numberles manuscripts preserved in the publick and private libraryes of the Universities, Colledges and Halls of Oxford and Cambridge; And also in the libraryes and Chapiter houses of many Cathedrall Churches; And with the old Societies and Companyes of the Citie of London, and other ancient Cities and Burrow townes; And in the private studyes of many excellent men, as S: Edward Coke, S: Robert Cotton, S. John Burrowe, M. John Selden, and divers other; Into fome of which places, though I have but pryed, and others fcarce faluted afar of, yet I confesse to have drawn the better half of these relations out of some of those honorable and fpatious feilds, where still remaine many fragrant and faire flowers sweetly resenting upon the perticuler acts and imployments of this noble family; And my grave shall bless that foot that walketh after them, And that hand that picks them up and bundles them with thefe.

and confidered of their fecret walkes for 550. years; And after my 40. years fweeping of each corner of their habitations, And all my tumblings and toffings of historyes and records, printed and manuscripts, and prying | into the Courts of Judicature, I avow, (my witnes is in heaven,) That I have not at all observed soe good a race, of twenty discents, not any one of them in that length of time, and of times troubles, having been Attainted. And it is probable, That it hath been one of the preservations of this durable samily in all their generations, neither to have been often clouded with the frownes of their princes, nor to have sate too neare to their immoderate savors; but to have had the warmth of the Court in a moderate distance, not in too neare nor scorching an aspect or reslexe.

In handling of this Berkeleian history I have not been able to stand upon termes of learning, (though hee writes eloquently that writes honestly;) I am too privy

privy to mine own ignorance; I know well, quam mihi fit curta fupellex, how my Schoole studyes, but shrubbs and brambles at the best, have been overlonge discontinued; And now before the clasping up hereof, fower and thirty years a professed plowman, having all that time eaten much of my bread from the labours of mine own hands; And that being but a dwarfe in my best stature, I was to creepe upon the shoulders of taller men for the furniture of this story, And with Zacheus to climb other mens trees to fee my wayes the better: And in a word, I willingly with the comicall poet fay That I have herein dealt by way of close pilfering; A only have had the happines to gather things togeather that were fcattered into many corners of this kingdome, and into fome parts of forraigne nations to bring those atcheivements to light that longe had lyen in darknes; And to preferve in one body for the after ages of this family what would have been loft in parts, and could not well have lasted half this age: This historp thus gathered is now become a portion of the lawfull inheritance and birthright of your noble family; To whom not to prefent it, is a with-holding your right; You not to accept it, how raggedly foever clothed, is to reject a portion of your ancient possessions: | for by the providence of 922 the Almighty, the wholl is fallen to your lotts as the right heires and inheritors of them.

An Apostrophe.

Peither in all this hiftory am I otherwife than as your Ancestors Amanuesis; I write as they did; I am but as the scribe of their Deeds and fayings; I am not guided by my felf but by their works and words: It rests that you the now lord George propose to your felf in maturity of years the upright steps of those your Ancestors wherein they honorably walked; than which nothing doth or can more incite you to their vertue and frugallity: You have of them many admirable peeres and couples for your prefidents, excellent examples of eminent vertues; At them to poynt fufficeth; Robert the first, Thomas the second, Thomas the third, Maurice the fifth, Thomas the fifth, &c. their harvest is plentifull and by you to bee Inned; your flesh and bloud is made of theires; Compare you these and other your Ancestors past with your felf present, times ancient with moderne, wherein your own genius or noble difposition will receive best sattisfaction: They as fathers by preceding had the happines to bee your patterns; you by fucceeding these samplers have the advantage of imitating their vertues, and of adding to their honor; The usuall praife of good kings in the Scriptures phrafe, is That they walked in the waies of their fathers; better prefidents of good fathers you canot have; The first fruits being fo holy, the after-lumpe, unless you degenerate, canot be foure: The pomegranate is not more full of kernells then they were in vertuous actions and Almsdeeds;

now aged, 16. years 5. months. May. 1618.

And

Anno. 1618.

And domesticall examples in patronimycall families have with all worthy men ever moved more then forraigne: And as all noble minds doe endeavour to imitate the worthy Deeds of their famous Ancestors, foe do fuch by all meanes industriate themselves to avoid that which in their predecessors was judged worthy of blame. And finally I doe faithfully tell you my most honoured lord, That towards the later q23 dayes of your noble grand- father, I related to him upon occation of the composition for Wotton and other Manors, then made with the lord Lisle, many of the most remarkeable paffages of these his Ancestors since Harding the Dane; which hee feemed exceedingly to delight in, And willed mee, That I would declare as much to his fon Thomas, the better to know his forefathers; And when hee was dead, (wee fallen upon the like fubject) that noble lord once or twice in the next two years after, (before himfelf flept with his forefathers,) willed mee, (And his will thus doubled was to mee more then a treble commandment,) if I lived till the riper years of his grandchild George, (those were his words,) That I would inform him of the fame, which I willingly then promifed to doe, And have now performed beyond that promife: Howbeit I never Intimated to him, (though I then and divers years before intended it,) my purpose of writing their lives, as now by the favour of God I have done; weh here I end, with this request to you, and to your noble family, (I fpeak to none other,) That if any of you shall observe any slip of pen, number, marginall, or other fmall miftake, (which I hope, at the most, are few, if any,) That yee would reforme them favourably, And fairly fay, as often I have herein faid of others, It was the Scriveners fault, And that no man can depart from the condition of erring: And that men and the works of men are not born perfect and with beards upon their chins; That our best parts are full of errors, And man is the child of dust and father of error: ffigures or notes in my pocket-paper-books curfarily taken in my fearches, may bee miftaken, or my clarks erre in often tranfcribing, both in paper and parchment; And to have reviewed my paynes in both would have exceeded the paynes I reviewed, which the fmall remains of my withered age, and the monthly affairs of a turmoyled life, would have denyed at my entrance; But if I have erred in matter, (as I hope I have not,) I yet have a 924 happines which fome | want, authority for those errors; Witnes the margents of my books.

The God of all mercy and goodnes who hath been gracious to this Family throughout all their generations, shoure down his blessings in greater abundance upon you my hopeful lord, your noble mother, and fifter, and your posterities unto the end of all eternity: In honour of whose memories, and as a manifest of my thankfulnes

thankfulnes to yee and your honorable family, for the education of my youth and the many favours wee have conferred upon mee, And in fatisfaction of part of that obligation which I owe by particular duty to each of your vertues, I have undergone these collections, (the labours of my youth and age,) not esteeming with my felf any travells or expence therein otherwife valuable then that they have iffued from humble endeavours, neither in further degree to bee meritorious then as yee by your benigne acceptance shall value them; towards whom my gray hairs and decaying age shall more glory to bee always found an honest and humble servant, then I shall to comand absolutely in any other calling: With my begging of the All-good, and Allmighty God, That that hand of heaven which happily hath given you three to this family may protect and sheild yee in your goings out and comeings in: And that his mercy may bee evermore nearer unto yee, then yee to any dangers; The God of goodness perpetuate your happiness and grant you length and prosperity of daies here, peace at the time of your passage out of this world, And an happy refurrection to eternall life; The which that it may bee let all that read hereon and love your family fay, as I pray, Amen, Amen, Amen. |

The request of this Pistory.

Read over first, then judge, condemn not thou before, With judgement just reject, or else imbrace my lore.

Mine author is the first, and last, as I suppose, That ever did assay, these lives for to disclose.

If ought miftaken bee, and feem to thee unfound, With pen I pray amend, and not with tongue confound.

H. A. to the Author.

Now with the filke worme thou hast work't thee int' thy Tombe
As having done thy duty in thy roome,
Thy task is past, And all thy labouring toile is gone,
And now it rests for them that read hereon.
That when thy paynes for Berkeleis name they see,
Thy love with like, they should requite to thee.
But if malignant bee, the tongue of any groome,
Thy grave tells them, this work doth scorne their doome.

The

925

926

The same P. A. to the Author.

This first of works framed by thy painfull hand,
A monument of thy deserts shall stand,
Which neither time nor malice shall desace,
Outlasting life, and to thy name a grace.
What forty years both farr and wide hath sought,
Thy toilsome soot into this hive hath brought:
In spite of those that shall thy paines contemne,
Who Berkeley loves, will honour thee, and them:
ffor why still shall this of thy Chronicle bee read,
It brings back time that's past, and gives life to their dead.
And now, what needeth Berkeley more, t'inlarge their name,
This work itself doth Chronicle their living same.

The same P. A. to the Author thus.

These volumes are a glasse to see, how thou thy mind hast bent,
Thy body toyld, thy time bestow'd, and many a pound hast spent,
In sleeples nights, in restles days, in places farre and neere,
In searching this, in finding that, in labors here and there.
Preferring still the Berkeleis good, neglecting still thine own,
And art content that they should reape, the seed we thou hast sown.

And when detraction shall forgotten bee, This will continue to eternize thee.

The end of the third and last volume containing the lives of the seaven last Ancestors of the ancient and honorable family of the Berkeleis, including the lord George that now liveth; wherein 127. years are taken up, viz! from the 7th year of king Henry the 7th Anno, 1491, till the 17th year of the raigne of king James, of England, &c. Anno 1618.

Finis.

The record on folio 925 and what is above, except the last paragraph, are not in the presentation copy in Berkeley Castle, but that copy contains the following explanations of the Marginal references.—
[Ed.]

The Authorities breefly quoted in the margents of this history, are 927 thus opened and explayned, viz!

Rot. pip. 3. H. 2. understand the great pipe roll in the pipe office in the Exchequer of the third year of king Henry the fecond. And so of ye rest.¹

Pfita in banco Mich. 17. H. 3. rot. 1. understand the record in the comon place in Michmas Terme in the 17th year of king Henry the third, the first roll: And so of the rest.

Fin: in banco. 5. E. 2. understand, a syne leavyed in that Court the 5th year of king Edward the second: And soe of the rest.

Rot: cart. 7. Johis. nº 80. m. 9. understand, the Roll in the Tower called the Charter roll in the 7^{th} year of king John, at the 80th number as it is figured, and the ninth skyn or parchment roll; And soe of the rest.¹

Ptita Affis: coram Abbe de Evesh: 5. H. 3. in banco. understand the pleas or suits before the Abbot of Evesham and his fellow Justices Itinerant, in the fifth year of king Henry the third, in the Court of Comon pleas. And so of the rest.

Esch: 20. H. 6. n° 30. understand, an Inquisition or office found after the death of that man, in the 20th yeare of Henry the sixth, the 30th Skyn in that bundle; And soe of others; which if it bee before the first year of king Richard the third, then it is in the Tower; if after that year, then it is in the Chapple of the Rolls in Chancery Lane.

Aug: cartul: Idest, A great old book of old Charters and Deeds therein anciently written in Berkeley Castle.²

Rob: de Ricart: Idest, An ancient parchment manuscript book written in the time of king Edward the fourth, in the Custody of y. Townclarke of the Citie of Bristoll for the time being.3

By, cart: pat: fin: claus: 4. E. 3. m. 2. nº 3. or Rot. cart., Rot. pat., Rot. fin., Rot. claus:—understand, the Charter roll, Patent roll, fyne roll, or Roll of the fynes, and

- All these Ancient Records have been collected and are now deposited in the Public Record Office. [Ed.]
- ² The Bristol and Gloucestershire Archæological Society propose to print this Manuscript in continuation of Smyth's Manuscripts. [Ed.]
- This Volume was Edited by Miss Lucy Toulmin Smith, and printed for the Camden Society in 1872.

 [Ed.]

and the rolls called close rolls, in the Tower or Rolls chapple in those years, in the 2th membrana or skin of p[ch]ment, And yth number, as the same rolls are marked, And in the 4th year of Edwd the 3d; And soe of all the like, wherewith each margent almost hath many: And if it hath | pars. 1. or pars. 2. or pars. 3. Then conceive soe many of that kind of Rolls to bee of that yeare.

Hill: rec: or Hill: fin, or originall: 4. E. 3. rot. 7. in Sccio. understand, the records of Hillary Terme in the 4th year of king Edward the third, the 7th roll, in the Excheq! in the office of the lord Treasurers remembrancer, called Osbornes office; And so of the roll called the syne roll, or Rot. siniū and Originalls in the same place. The like of all others of that kind, whereof very many are in the margents.

Liber feodt. milt. in Sccio.—Is an ancient book of knights fees in the Excheq! wth the kings remembrancer, called ffanshawes office; And so of lib: rel: to bee a book of Releeves in Osbornes office aforesaid.

Ad quod damnū. 2. E. 4. nº 112. — understand, an Inquisicon taken by the Escheator upon a Writ called Ad quod damnum, comonly when lands were to bee alyened in Mortmayne, in the second year of king Edward the second, and in the 112. Skyn in the bundle. And so of many of the like.

Pardon, or Rot. pardon. 2. E. 4. m. 5. — understand the pardon roll of that year, whereby the king granted pardons to his subjects in that yeare, entred in the 5th membrane or pehment roll, as they stand numbred in the roll.

Liber M. S. — understand a manuscript or written booke with that man, or in that place, never printed: And soe of the like.

Ant. Cartæ. B. Are the rolls in the Tower called Antiquæ cartæ, distinguished by the tres of the Alphabet.¹

Rot. Normañ. Rot. Scotiæ: Rot. vascoñ: Rot. sfrank: Rot. Romæ: Are called the forren rolls in the Tower, And containe the buisines of y kings of England in Normandy, Scotland, Gascoine, and Gwien, sfrance, and in the Court of Rome with the Pope or his Cardinalls.¹

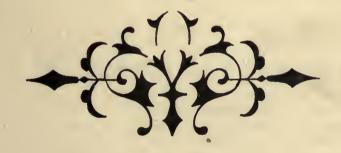
Plita

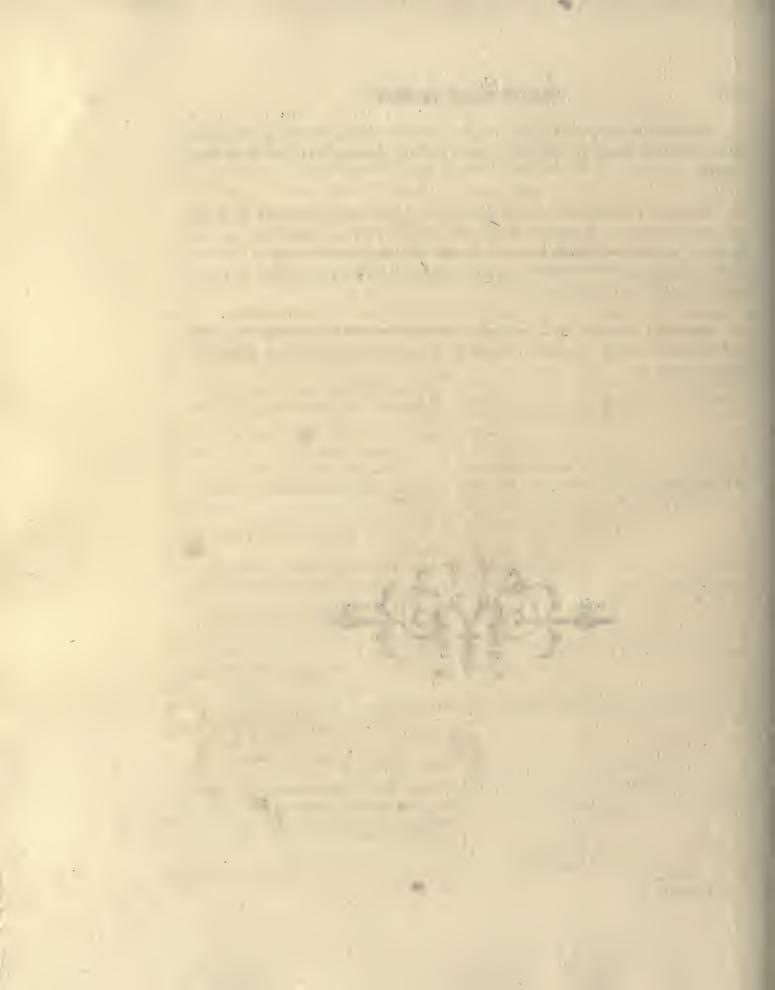
¹ All these Records are now deposited in the Public Record Office. [Ed.]

Ptita coram rege, or in banco regis. — understand, the records in the Court called the kings bench, of the year, Terme, and roll there noted: And so of other Courts.

Comp: de Ham:, Comp: Rec:, Comp: Gard:, and Cart in castro de Berkeley, and the like;—Are Accompts of the Reeves of manors, Receiv of the lord Berkeley, and of the Wardrobe there, Deeds and the like remaining in Berkeley Castle of those years in the Evidence house there, wth the keys whereof I have been entrusted more then forty years.

The rest I conceive need no explanación, by a reader of understandinge any whit acquainted with Records. If not let him believe well of that which hee apprehendeth not.





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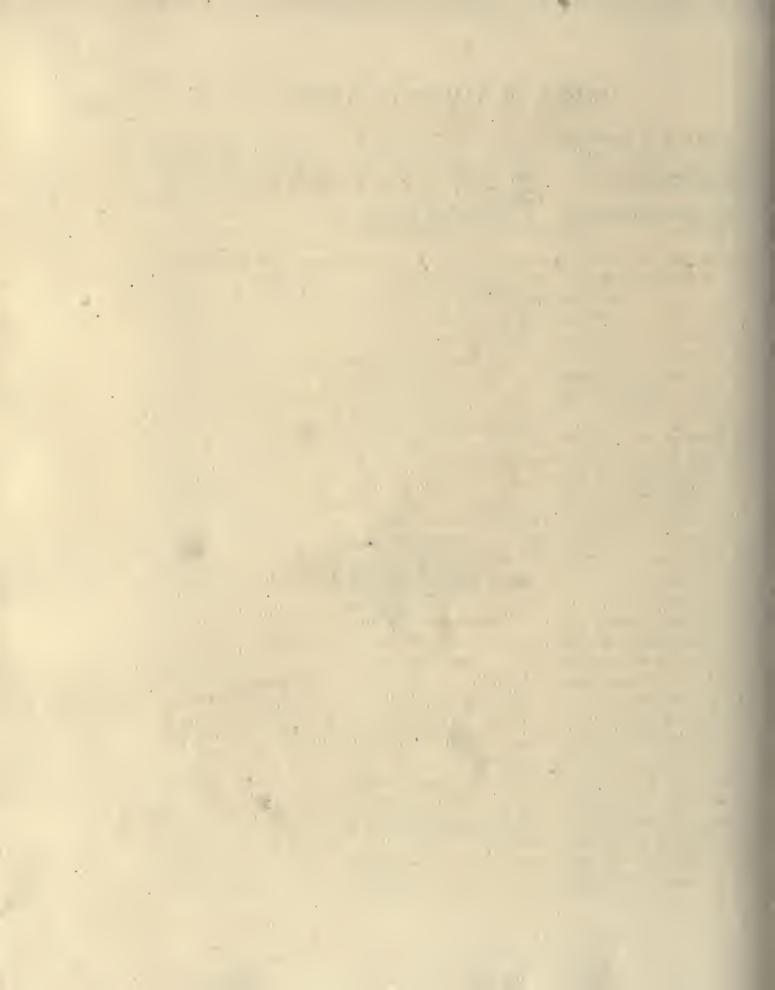
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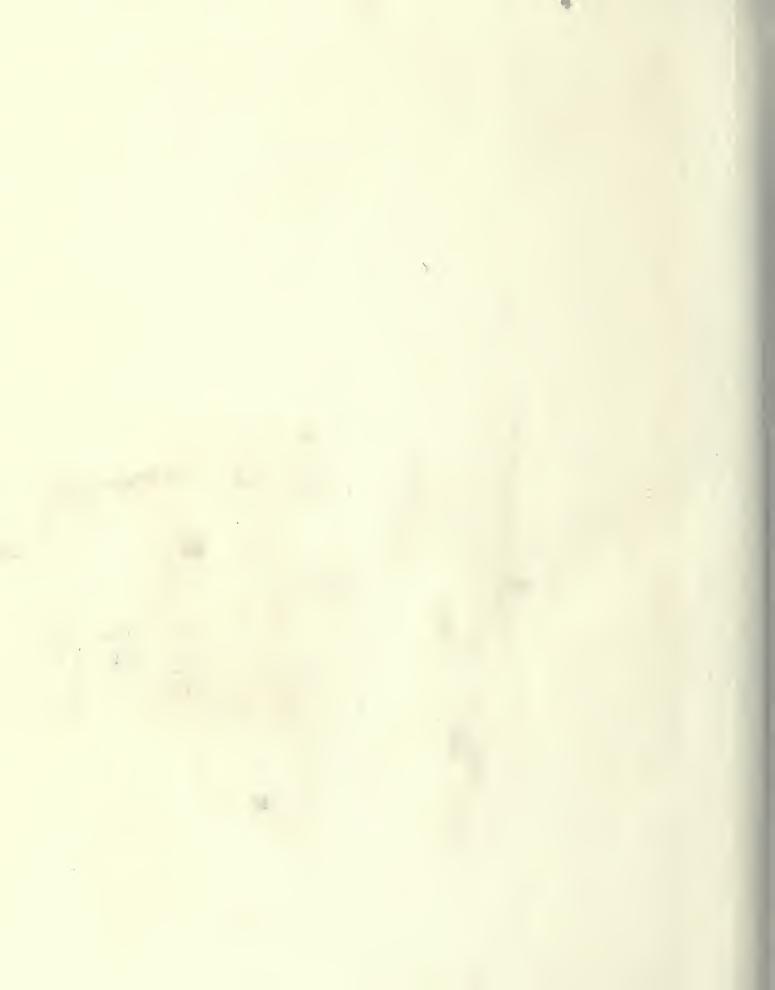
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